

Dynamic Programming

- **Ad hoc**

- UVA 825 - Walking on the Safe Side
- UVA 986 - How Many?
- TIMUS 1017 - Staircases
- TIMUS 1018 - Binary Apple Tree
- UVA 1231 - ACORN
- UVA 1239 - Greatest K-Palindrome Substring
- TIMUS 1658 - Sum of Digits
- UVA 10444 - Multi-peg Towers of Hanoi
- UVA 11375 - Matches
- UVA 11703 - $\sqrt{\log \sin}$

- **Edit Distance**

- UVA 1207 - AGTC
- UVA 10739 - String to Palindrome

- **Integer partition**

- UVA 907 - Winterim Backpacking Trip

- **Josephus Problem**

- UVA 10015 - Joseph's Cousin

- **Knapsack**

- **Binary Knapsack**
 - UVA 10930 - A-Sequence
 - UVA 11658 - Best Coalitions
- **Counting Knapsack**
 - UVA 1213 - Sum of Different Primes
- **Infinite Items Knapsack**
 - UVA 1158 - CubesSquared

- **Longest Common Subsequence**

- UVA 10066 - The Twin Towers
- UVA 10192 - Vacation
- UVA 10723 - Cyborg Genes
- UVA 11151 - Longest Palindrome
- UVA 12147 - DNA Sequences

- **Longest Common Substring**

- UVA 1223 - Editor

- **Longest Increasing Subsequence**

- UVA 473 - Raucous Rockers
- UVA 10051 - Tower of Cubes
- UVA 10154 - Weights and Measures
- UVA 10635 - Prince and Princess
- UVA 11003 - Boxes

- **Matrix Multiplication**

- UVA 10003 - Cutting Sticks
- UVA 10891 - Game of Sum

- **Maximum Sum Contiguous Subsequence**

- UVA 10684 - The Jackpot
- UVA 11059 - Maximum Product

- **Maximum Sum Sub-rectangle**

- UVA 10827 - Maximum sum on a torus

- **Minimax**

- UVA 12484 - Cards
- **Optimal Search Tree**
 - UVA 10304 - Optimal Binary Search Tree

Graphs

- **2-SAT**
 - UVA 10319 - Manhattan
 - UVA 11294 - Wedding
- **Bipartite Matching**
 - UVA 11159 - Factors and Multiples
 - UVA 12159 - Gun Fight
 - **Konig Theorem**
 - UVA 11419 - SAM I AM
 - UVA 12168 - Cat vs. Dog
- **DFS**
 - UVA 273 - Jack Straws
 - UVA 1197 - The Suspects
 - UVA 1216 - The Bug Sensor Problem
 - UVA 1220 - Party at Hali-Bula
 - UVA 10113 - Exchange Rates
 - UVA 10243 - Fire! Fire! Fire!
 - UVA 10259 - Hippiity Hopscotch
 - UVA 12186 - Another Crisis
- **Finding Articulation Points**
 - UVA 315 - Network
 - UVA 10199 - Tourist Guide
- **Finding Bridges**
 - UVA 610 - Street Directions
 - UVA 796 - Critical Links
 - UVA 12363 - Hedge Mazes
- **Flood Fill**
 - UVA 11110 - Equidivisions
 - UVA 11518 - Dominos 2
- **Job Scheduling**
 - UVA 1205 - Color a Tree
- **Markov Chain**
 - UVA 12487 - Midnight Cowboy
- **Maximum Flow**
 - **Ford-Fulkerson**
 - UVA 820 - Internet Bandwidth
 - UVA 10092 - The Problem with the Problem Setter
 - UVA 10480 - Sabotage
 - UVA 10511 - Councillings
 - **Min Cost**
 - **Cycle Canceling**
 - UVA 10594 - Data Flow
 - UVA 10746 - Crime Wave - The Sequel
- **Minimum Spanning Tree**
 - **Kruskal**
 - UVA 1265 - Tour Belt
 - UVA 10462 - Is There A Second Way Left?
 - UVA 11857 - Driving Range

- **Prim**
 - UVA 908 - Re-connecting Computer Sites
 - UVA 1208 - Oreon
 - UVA 1235 - Anti Brute Force Lock
 - **Priority Queue**
 - UVA 1174 - IP-TV
 - UVA 1234 - RACING
 - UVA 10397 - Connect the Campus
 - UVA 11631 - Dark roads
 - UVA 11733 - Airports
 - UVA 11747 - Heavy Cycle Edges
- **Shortest Path**
 - **Bellman Ford**
 - UVA 10557 - XZZY
 - **BFS**
 - UVA 298 - Race Tracks
 - UVA 314 - Robot
 - UVA 321 - The New Villa
 - UVA 627 - The Net
 - UVA 652 - Eight
 - UVA 1251 - Repeated Substitution with Sed
 - UVA 10044 - Erdos Number
 - UVA 12101 - Prime Path
 - UVA 12135 - Switch Bulbs
 - UVA 12160 - Unlock the Lock
 - **Dijkstra**
 - UVA 929 - Number Maze
 - UVA 1247 - Interstar Transport
 - UVA 10389 - Subway
 - UVA 10986 - Sending email
 - UVA 11280 - Flying to Fredericton
 - UVA 11833 - Route Change
 - UVA 12144 - Almost Shortest Path
 - **Floyd-Warshall**
 - UVA 1056 - Degrees of Separation
 - UVA 1233 - USHER
 - UVA 10278 - Fire Station
 - UVA 10724 - Road Construction
 - UVA 10793 - The Orc Attack
 - UVA 12179 - Randomly-priced Tickets
- **Strongly Connected Components**
 - UVA 1229 - Sub-Dictionary
 - UVA 11709 - Trust Groups
 - UVA 11838 - Come and Go
- **Topological Sorting**
 - UVA 1263 - Mines
 - UVA 11686 - Pick up Sticks
 - UVA 11770 - Lighting Away
- **Tree Isomorphism**
 - UVA 12489 - Combating cancer

Math

- **Big Integer**
 - UVA 424 - Integer Inquiry
- **Extended Euclid**
 - UVA 10090 - Marbles
 - UVA 10104 - Euclid Problem
- **GCD**
 - UVA 12184 - Transcribed Books

- **Geometry**
 - TIMUS 1020 - Rope
 - UVA 12194 - Isosceles Triangles
 - UVA 12300 - Smallest Regular Polygon
 - **3D Line Detection**
 - TIMUS 1422 - Fireflies
 - **Convex Hull**
 - UVA 109 - SCUD Busters
 - **Monotone Chain**
 - UVA 361 - Cops and Robbers
 - UVA 811 - The Fortified Forest
 - TIMUS 1185 - Wall
 - UVA 10065 - Useless Tile Packers
 - UVA 10652 - Board Wrapping
 - UVA 11096 - Nails
 - **Enclosing Circle**
 - TIMUS 1185 - Wall
 - TIMUS 1332 - Genie Bomber
 - **Great-Circle Distance**
 - TIMUS 1030 - Titanic
 - UVA 10316 - Airline Hub
 - **Mirror**
 - TIMUS 1258 - Pool
 - **Point Sort**
 - UVA 11626 - Convex Hull
 - **Point to Line**
 - UVA 12483 - Toboggan of Marbles
 - **Segment Rotation**
 - TIMUS 1373 - Pictura ex Machina
 - **Segments Angle**
 - TIMUS 1578 - Mammoth Hunt
 - **Square Distance**
 - TIMUS 1111 - Squares
- **Prime Factorization**
 - UVA 12137 - Puzzles of Triangles
 - **Euler's Totient**
 - UVA 12493 - Stars
- **Probability**
 - UVA 11762 - Race to 1
- **Sieve**
 - UVA 1246 - Find Terrorists

Misc

- **Ad hoc**
 - UVA 136 - Ugly Numbers
 - UVA 160 - Factors and Factorials
 - UVA 458 - The Decoder
 - UVA 494 - Kindergarten Counting Game
 - UVA 573 - The Snail

- UVA 579 - ClockHands
- UVA 579 - ClockHands
- UVA 591 - Box of Bricks
- UVA 10018 - Reverse and Add
- UVA 10035 - Primary Arithmetic
- UVA 10189 - Minesweeper
- UVA 10300 - Ecological Premium
- UVA 10694 - f91
- UVA 10783 - Odd Sum
- UVA 11494 - Queen
- UVA 11597 - Spanning Subtree
- UVA 12148 - Electricity
- UVA 12155 - ASCII Diamondi
- UVA 12195 - Jingle Composing
- UVA 12196 - Klingon Levels
- UVA 12482 - Short Story Competition
- UVA 12485 - Perfect Choir
- UVA 12488 - Start Grid
- UVA 12490 - Integral
- UVA 12492 - Rubik Cycle
- **Binary Manipulation**
 - UVA 11532 - Simple Adjacency Maximization
- **Binary Search**
 - UVA 1215 - String Cutting
 - UVA 12190 - Electric Bill
 - UVA 12192 - Grapevine
 - UVA 12486 - Space Elevator
- **Fenwick Tree**
 - UVA 11423 - Cache Simulator
 - UVA 11525 - Permutation
 - UVA 11610 - Reverse Prime
 - UVA 12086 - Potentiometers
 - UVA 12365 - Jupiter Attacks!
 - **2D**
 - SPOJ NKMOBILE - IOI01 Mobiles
- **Greed**
 - UVA 12172 - Matchsticks
- **Linked List**
 - UVA 245 - Uncompress
- **Permutation Cycle**
 - UVA 1016 - Silly Sort
 - UVA 12103 - Leonardo's Notebook
- **Priority queue**
 - UVA 1203 - Argus
- **Segment Tree**
 - UVA 1232 - SKYLINE
 - **2D**
 - UVA 11297 - Census
 - **Lazy Propagation**
 - UVA 11402 - Ahoy, Pirates!
 - SPOJ BR HOMEM - Homem, Elefante e Rato
 - **Range Maximum Query**
 - UVA 11235 - Frequent Values
- **Sort**
 - UVA 11157 - Dynamic Frog
 - UVA 12189 - Dinner Hall
- **STL map**

- UVA 119 - Greedy Gift Givers
- UVA 902 - Password Search
- UVA 10420 - List of Conquests
- UVA 11629 - Ballot evaluation
- UVA 12491 - Words
- **String Matching**
 - **KMP**
 - UVA 10298 - Power Strings
 - **2D**
 - UVA 422 - Word-Search Wonder
 - **Suffix-Prefix**
 - UVA 11475 - Extend to Palindrome
 - UVA 11576 - Scrolling Sign
 - **Suffix Array**
 - **Circular**
 - UVA 719 - Glass Beads
 - **Longest Common Prefix**
 - UVA 760 - DNA Sequencing
 - UVA 11512 - GATTACA
 - UVA 12361 - File Retrieval
 - **Trie**
 - UVA 11590 - Prefix Lookup
 - UVA 12506 - Shortest Names
- **String parsing**
 - UVA 1200 - A DP Problem
- **Union-Find**
 - UVA 10158 - War
 - UVA 11503 - Virtual Friends
 - UVA 11966 - Galactic Bonding

uva/109.cpp

```

1  //109
2  //SCUD Busters
3  //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Point {
11     int x, y;
12
13     Point() {}
14     Point(int x, int y) : x(x), y(y) {}
15
16     bool left(Point& a, Point& b) {
17         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x) < 0;
18     }
19
20     static bool lesserX(Point& p1, Point& p2) {
21         return p1.x < p2.x;
22     }
23
24     bool operator ==(const Point& p) const {
25         return this->x == p.x && this->y == p.y;
26     }
27 };
28
29 double area(Point* A, int a) {
30     double area = 0;
31     for(int i=0; i<a; i++) {
32         int j = (i+1)%a;
33         area += (A[i].x + A[j].x) * (A[i].y - A[j].y);
34     }
35     return area / 2;
36 }
37
38 int convexHull(Point* P, int n, Point* S) {
39     int m=0;
40     S[m++] = *min_element(P, P+n, Point::lesserX);
41     while(true) {
42         Point cand = S[m-1];
43         for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
44             if (cand==S[m-1] or P[j].left(S[m-1], cand))
45                 cand = P[j];
46
47         if (cand == S[0]) break;
48         S[m++] = cand;
49     }
50     return m;
51 }
52
53 //assumes convex polygon, ordered clockwise
54 //convex hull output is just that
55 bool checkInside(Point* P, int n, Point v) {
56     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
57         if (v.left(P[i-1], P[i%n]))
58             return false;
59
60     return true;
61 }
62
63
64 Point P[30][250], S[30][250];
65 int N[30], M[30];
66 bool V[30];
67
68 int main() {
69     int n, k=0;
70     while(cin >> n, n!=-1) {
71         N[k] = n;
72         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
73             int x,y; cin >> x >> y;
74             P[k][i] = Point(x,y);
75         }
76
77         M[k] = convexHull(P[k], n, S[k]);
78     }

```

```

79 |
80 |         k++;
81 |     }
82 |
83 |     int x, y;
84 |     while(cin >> x >> y) {
85 |         for(int i=0; i<k; i++)
86 |             if (checkInside(S[i], M[i], Point(x,y)))
87 |                 V[i] = true;
88 |     }
89 |
90 |     double total = 0;
91 |     for(int i=0; i<k; i++)
92 |         if (V[i])
93 |             total += area(S[i], M[i]);
94 |
95 |     cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << total << endl;
96 | }

```

uva/119.cpp

```

1 | //119
2 | //Greedy Gift Givers
3 | //Misc;STL map
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <map>
6 | #include <vector>
7 | #include <string>
8 | using namespace std;
9 |
10 | map<string, int> M;
11 | vector<string> V;
12 |
13 | int main() {
14 |     int n, t=0;
15 |     while(cin >> n) {
16 |         M.clear(); V.clear();
17 |         if (t++) cout << endl;
18 |
19 |         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
20 |             string s;
21 |             cin >> s;
22 |             M[s] = 0;
23 |             V.push_back(s);
24 |         }
25 |
26 |         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
27 |             string a; int g, m;
28 |             cin >> a >> g >> m;
29 |             if (!m) continue;
30 |             g /= m;
31 |
32 |             for(int j=0; j<m; j++) {
33 |                 string b;
34 |                 cin >> b;
35 |                 M[b] += g;
36 |                 M[a] -= g;
37 |             }
38 |         }
39 |
40 |         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
41 |             cout << V[i] << " " << M[V[i]] << endl;
42 |     }
43 | }
44 |

```

uva/136.cpp

```

1 | //136
2 | //Ugly Numbers
3 | //Misc;Ad hoc
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <queue>
6 | #define ull unsigned long long
7 | using namespace std;
8 |
9 | struct Number {
10 |     ull n, p;
11 |     Number(ull n, ull p) : n(n), p(p) {}

```



```

12     inline const bool operator < (const Number& that) const {
13         return n > that.n;
14     }
15 };
16
17 priority_queue<Number> Q;
18 int main() {
19     Q.push(Number(1,1));
20     for(int i=1; i<1500; i++) {
21         Number last = Q.top(); Q.pop();
22         if (last.p <= 2) Q.push(Number(last.n*2, 2));
23         if (last.p <= 3) Q.push(Number(last.n*3, 3));
24         if (last.p <= 5) Q.push(Number(last.n*5, 5));
25     }
26
27     cout << "The 1500'th ugly number is " << Q.top().n << "." << endl;
28
29     return 0;
30 }

```

uva/160.cpp

```

1  //160
2  //Factors and Factorials
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  using namespace std;
7
8  int W[] = { 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97 }, wn = 24;
9  int T[101][25];
10
11 int main() {
12     for(int i=2; i<=100; i++) {
13         int p = i;
14         for(int j=0; j<wn; j++)
15             T[i][j] = T[i-1][j];
16
17         for(int j=0; j<wn && p>1; j++) {
18             while(p%W[j]==0) {
19                 p/=W[j];
20                 T[i][j]++;
21             }
22         }
23     }
24
25     int n;
26     while(cin >> n, n) {
27         cout << setw(3) << right << n << "! = ";
28         int count = 0;
29         for(int i=0; i<wn; i++) {
30             if (T[n][i] == 0) break;
31             if (++count > 15) {
32                 count = 1;
33                 cout << endl << "      ";
34             }
35             cout << setw(3) << right << T[n][i];
36         }
37         cout << endl;
38     }
39
40     return 0;
41 }

```

uva/245.cpp

```

1  //245
2  //Uncompress
3  //Misc;Linked List
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <sstream>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <climits>
8  #include <cstring>
9  #include <cstdio>
10 #include <list>
11 #define MAX 1000
12 using namespace std;
13

```

```

14 list<string> W;
15 stringstream sin;
16 int curnum=0;
17 bool word=false, number=false;
18
19 void finishWord() {
20     W.push_back(sin.str());
21     sin.str("");
22     word = false;
23 }
24
25 void finishNumber() {
26     list<string>::iterator it = W.end();
27     while(curnum-->0)
28         it--;
29
30     cout << *it;
31     W.push_back(*it);
32     W.erase(it);
33
34     curnum = 0;
35     number = false;
36 }
37
38 int main() {
39     string s;
40
41     while(getline(cin, s), s!="") {
42         for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++) {
43             char c = s[i];
44             if (c >= 'a' && c <= 'z' || c >= 'A' && c <= 'Z') {
45                 sin << c;
46                 word = true;
47             } else if (word) finishWord();
48
49             if (c >= '0' && c <= '9') {
50                 curnum *= 10; curnum += c - '0';
51                 number = true;
52             } else if (number) finishNumber();
53
54             if (!number)
55                 cout << c;
56         }
57         if (word) finishWord();
58         if (number) finishNumber();
59
60         cout << endl;
61     }
62 }

```

uva/273.cpp

```

1 //273
2 //Jack Straws
3 //Graphs;DFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #define MAX 100002
7 using namespace std;
8
9 static bool segment(int xi, int yi, int xj, int yj,
10                     int xk, int yk) {
11     return (xi <= xk || xj <= xk) && (xk <= xi || xk <= xj) &&
12            (yi <= yk || yj <= yk) && (yk <= yi || yk <= yj);
13 }
14
15 static char direction(int xi, int yi, int xj, int yj,
16                       int xk, int yk) {
17     int a = (xk - xi) * (yj - yi);
18     int b = (xj - xi) * (yk - yi);
19     return a < b ? -1 : a > b ? 1 : 0;
20 }
21
22 bool intersect(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, int x3, int y3, int x4, int y4) {
23     char d1 = direction(x3, y3, x4, y4, x1, y1);
24     char d2 = direction(x3, y3, x4, y4, x2, y2);
25     char d3 = direction(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3);
26     char d4 = direction(x1, y1, x2, y2, x4, y4);
27     return (((d1 > 0 && d2 < 0) || (d1 < 0 && d2 > 0)) &&
28            ((d3 > 0 && d4 < 0) || (d3 < 0 && d4 > 0))) ||
29            (d1 == 0 && segment(x3, y3, x4, y4, x1, y1)) ||

```

```

30         (d2 == 0 && segment(x3, y3, x4, y4, x2, y2)) ||
31         (d3 == 0 && segment(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3)) ||
32         (d4 == 0 && segment(x1, y1, x2, y2, x4, y4));
33     }
34
35     int G[20][20], V[20], A[20], B[20], C[20], D[20], n;
36
37     int dfs(int v, int comp) {
38         V[v] = comp;
39         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
40             if (!V[i] && G[v][i])
41                 dfs(i, comp);
42     }
43
44     int main() {
45         int t; cin >> t; t=0;
46         while(cin >> n) {
47             memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
48             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
49             for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
50                 cin >> A[i] >> B[i] >> C[i] >> D[i];
51                 for(int j=1; j<=i; j++)
52                     G[i][j] = G[j][i] = intersect(A[i], B[i], C[i], D[i], A[j], B[j], C[j], D[j]);
53             }
54
55             int compn = 0;
56             for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
57                 if (!V[i])
58                     dfs(i, ++compn);
59
60             if (t++) cout << endl;
61             int a, b;
62             while(cin >> a >> b, a|b) {
63                 cout << (V[a] == V[b]?"CONNECTED":"NOT CONNECTED") << endl;
64             }
65         }
66         return 0;
67     }

```

uva/298.cpp

```

1 //298
2 //Race Tracks
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <queue>
7 #define MAX 30
8 using namespace std;
9
10 bool V[MAX][MAX][7][7];
11 int X, Y;
12
13 struct Step {
14     int x, y, a, b, v;
15     Step() {}
16     Step(int x, int y, int a, int b, int v) : x(x), y(y), a(a), b(b), v(v) {}
17
18     bool valid() {
19         return x>=0 && x<X && y>=0 && y<Y && a >= -3 && a <= 3 && b >= -3 && b <= 3 && !V[x][y][a+3][b+3];
20     }
21
22     void mark() {
23         V[x][y][a+3][b+3] = true;
24     }
25
26     Step go(int mx, int my) {
27         return Step(x+a+mx, y+b+my, a+mx, b+my, v+1);
28     }
29 };
30
31 int main() {
32     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
33     while(cin >> X >> Y) {
34         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
35         int x1, y1, x2, y2;
36         cin >> x1 >> y1 >> x2 >> y2;
37
38         int p, px1, px2, py1, py2;
39         cin >> p;
40         while(p--) {

```

```

41     cin >> px1 >> px2 >> py1 >> py2;
42     for(int i=px1; i<=px2; i++)
43         for(int j=py1; j<=py2; j++)
44             for(int ai=0; ai<=6; ai++)
45                 for(int bi=0; bi<=6; bi++)
46                     V[i][j][ai][bi] = true;
47     }
48
49     bool found = false;
50     queue<Step> Q;
51     Q.push(Step(x1, y1, 0, 0, 0));
52
53     while(!Q.empty()) {
54         Step it = Q.front(); Q.pop();
55         if (!it.valid()) continue;
56         it.mark();
57
58         if (it.x == x2 && it.y == y2) {
59             cout << "Optimal solution takes " << it.v << " hops." << endl;
60             found = true;
61             break;
62         }
63
64         for(int ai=-1; ai<=1; ai++)
65             for(int bi=-1; bi<=1; bi++)
66                 Q.push(it.go(ai, bi));
67     }
68     if (!found) cout << "No solution." << endl;
69 }
70 }

```

uva/314.cpp

```

1  //314
2  //Robot
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #include <climits>
10 #include <vector>
11 #define MAX 70
12 using namespace std;
13
14 int G[MAX][MAX], n, m, sx, sy, tx, ty;
15 bool V[MAX][MAX][4];
16 string dir;
17
18 struct Step {
19     int x, y, d, v, p;
20     Step() {}
21     Step(int x, int y, int d, int v, int p) : x(x), y(y), d(d), v(v), p(p) {}
22     Step left(int pp) {
23         return Step(x, y, (d+3)%4, v+1, pp);
24     }
25     Step right(int pp) {
26         return Step(x, y, (d+1)%4, v+1, pp);
27     }
28     bool canGo(int i) {
29         return (d==0 && x-i>=1 && !G[x-i][y]) ||
30                (d==1 && y+i<m-1 && !G[x][y+i]) ||
31                (d==2 && x+i<n-1 && !G[x+i][y]) ||
32                (d==3 && y-i>=1 && !G[x][y-i]);
33     }
34     Step go(int pp, int i) {
35         if (d==0) return Step(x-i, y, d, v+1, pp);
36         if (d==1) return Step(x, y+i, d, v+1, pp);
37         if (d==2) return Step(x+i, y, d, v+1, pp);
38         if (d==3) return Step(x, y-i, d, v+1, pp);
39     }
40 };
41
42
43 int main() {
44     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
45         vector<Step> Q;
46
47         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
48         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));

```

```

49
50     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
51         for (int j=0;j<m;j++)
52             cin >> G[i][j];
53
54     n++; m++;
55     for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
56         for (int j=m-1;j>=0;j--)
57             if (G[i][j])
58                 G[i+1][j] = G[i][j+1] = G[i+1][j+1] = 1;
59
60     cin >> sx >> sy >> tx >> ty >> dir;
61     if (dir=="north") Q.push_back(Step(sx, sy, 0, 0, -1));
62     if (dir=="east") Q.push_back(Step(sx, sy, 1, 0, -1));
63     if (dir=="south") Q.push_back(Step(sx, sy, 2, 0, -1));
64     if (dir=="west") Q.push_back(Step(sx, sy, 3, 0, -1));
65
66     int ptr = 0;
67     while(ptr < Q.size()) {
68         Step it = Q[ptr];
69         if (it.x == tx && it.y == ty) {
70             cout << it.v << endl;
71             break;
72         }
73
74         if (V[it.x][it.y][it.d]) { ptr++; continue; }
75         V[it.x][it.y][it.d] = true;
76
77         Q.push_back(it.left(ptr));
78         Q.push_back(it.right(ptr));
79         for (int i=1; i<=3 && it.canGo(i); i++)
80             Q.push_back(it.go(ptr, i));
81
82         ptr++;
83     }
84     if (ptr == Q.size()) cout << -1 << endl;
85 }
86 }

```

uva/315.cpp

```

1  //315
2  //Network
3  //Graphs;Finding Articulation Points
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <sstream>
8  #define MAX 101
9  using namespace std;
10 int G[MAX][MAX], V[MAX], L[MAX], P[MAX], n, gpe;
11
12 void dfs(int u, int v) {
13     V[v] = L[v] = ++gpe;
14     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
15         if(G[v][i]) {
16             if(!V[i]){
17                 dfs(v, i);
18                 L[v] = min(L[v], L[i]);
19                 if(L[i] >= V[v]) P[v]++;
20             } else if(i != u) {
21                 L[v] = min(L[v], V[i]);
22             }
23         }
24     }
25 }
26
27 int main() {
28     while(cin >> n, n) {
29         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
30         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
31         memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
32         memset(P, 0, sizeof(P));
33         gpe = 0;
34
35         int a, b; string s;
36         while(getline(cin, s), s != "0") {
37             stringstream sin(s);
38             sin >> a;
39             while(sin >> b) {
40                 G[a][b] = G[b][a] = 1;

```

```

41         }
42     }
43     dfs(1, 1); P[1]--;
44     int cnt = 0;
45     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
46         if (P[i]) cnt++;
47
48     cout << cnt << endl;
49 }
50 }

```

uva/321.cpp

```

1 //321
2 //The New Villa
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <climits>
7 #include <vector>
8 #define MAX 15
9 using namespace std;
10
11
12
13 int G[MAX][MAX], C[MAX][MAX], n, m1, m2;
14 bool V[MAX][1200];
15 string dir;
16 struct Step {
17     int x, s, v, p;
18     int type, room;
19     Step() {}
20     Step(int x, int s, int v, int p) : x(x), s(s), v(v), p(p) {}
21     Step(int x, int s, int v, int p, int type, int room) : type(type), room(room), x(x), s(s), v(v), p(p) {}
22
23     Step change(int pp, int i) {
24         return Step(x, s ^ (1<<i), v+1, pp, (s & (1<<i))?2:1, i);
25     }
26     Step move(int pp, int i) {
27         return Step(i, s, v+1, pp, 3, i);
28     }
29 };
30
31 vector<Step> Q;
32
33 void print(Step step) {
34     if (step.p == -1) return;
35     print(Q[step.p]);
36     if (step.type == 1)
37         cout << "- Switch on light in room " << step.room+1 << "." << endl;
38     if (step.type == 2)
39         cout << "- Switch off light in room " << step.room+1 << "." << endl;
40     if (step.type == 3)
41         cout << "- Move to room " << step.room+1 << "." << endl;
42 }
43
44
45
46 int main() {
47     int tt=0;
48     while(cin >> n >> m1 >> m2, n|m1|m2) {
49         Q = vector<Step>();
50
51         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
52         memset(C, 0, sizeof(C));
53         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
54
55         int a, b;
56         for(int i=0;i<m1; i++) {
57             cin >> a >> b;
58             a--; b--;
59             G[a][b] = G[b][a] = 1;
60         }
61         for(int i=0;i<m2; i++) {
62             cin >> a >> b;
63             a--;b--;
64             C[a][b] = 1;
65         }
66
67         Q.push_back(Step(0, 1, 0, -1));
68

```

```

69     int ptr = 0;
70     cout << "Villa #" << ++tt << endl;
71     while(ptr < Q.size()) {
72         Step it = Q[ptr];
73         if (it.x == n-1 && it.s == (1<<(n-1))) {
74             cout << "The problem can be solved in " << it.v << " steps:" << endl;
75             print(it);
76             break;
77         }
78
79         if (V[it.x][it.s]) { ptr++; continue; }
80         V[it.x][it.s] = true;
81
82         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
83             if (G[it.x][i] && (it.s & (1<<i))) Q.push_back(it.move(ptr, i));
84             if (C[it.x][i] && it.x != i) Q.push_back(it.change(ptr, i));
85         }
86
87         ptr++;
88     }
89     if (ptr == Q.size()) cout << "The problem cannot be solved." << endl;
90     cout << endl;
91 }
92 }

```

uva/361.cpp

```

1 //361
2 //Cops and Robbers
3 //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull;Monotone Chain
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <iomanip>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 struct Point {
11     int x, y;
12
13     Point() {}
14     Point(int x, int y) : x(x), y(y) {}
15
16     int product(Point a, Point b) {
17         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x);
18     }
19
20     bool left(Point a, Point b) {
21         return product(a, b) < 0;
22     }
23
24     bool operator <(const Point& p) const {
25         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
26         return this->y < p.y;
27     }
28
29     bool operator ==(const Point& p) const {
30         return this->x == p.x and this->y == p.y;
31     }
32
33     bool insideSegment(Point a, Point b) {
34         return product(a, b) == 0 && min(a,b) < *this && *this < max(a,b);
35     }
36 };
37
38 int convexHull(Point* P, int n, Point* S) {
39     sort(P, P+n);
40
41     int m=0;
42     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
43         while(m >= 2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
44         S[m++] = P[i];
45     }
46     m--;
47
48     for(int i=n-1, k=m; i >= 0; i--) {
49         while(m >= k+2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
50         S[m++] = P[i];
51     }
52     m--;
53
54     return m;

```

```

55 }
56
57 bool checkInside(Point* P, int n, Point v) {
58     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
59         int j = (i+1)%n;
60         if (v == P[i] || v.insideSegment(P[i], P[j]))
61             return true;
62     }
63
64     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
65         int j = (i+1)%n;
66         if (!v.left(P[i], P[j]))
67             return false;
68     }
69
70     return true;
71 }
72
73
74 Point C[250], R[250], CS[250], RS[250];
75
76 int main() {
77     int c, r, o, tt=1;
78     while(cin >> c >> r >> o, c|r|o) {
79         for(int i=0; i<c; i++)
80             cin >> C[i].x >> C[i].y;
81
82         for(int i=0; i<r; i++)
83             cin >> R[i].x >> R[i].y;
84
85         int cs = convexHull(C, c, CS);
86         int rs = convexHull(R, r, RS);
87
88         /*for(int i=0; i<cs; i++) {
89             cout << " " << CS[i].x << " " << CS[i].y << endl;
90         }*/
91
92         cout << "Data set " << tt++ << ":" << endl;
93         for(int i=0; i<o; i++) {
94             Point p; cin >> p.x >> p.y;
95             cout << "      Citizen at (" << p.x << ", " << p.y << ") is ";
96             if (checkInside(CS, cs, p) && cs > 2)
97                 cout << "safe." << endl;
98             else if (checkInside(RS, rs, p) && rs > 2)
99                 cout << "robbed." << endl;
100             else
101                 cout << "neither." << endl;
102         }
103         cout << endl;
104     }
105 }
106

```

uva/422.cpp

```

1  //422
2  //Word-Search Wonder
3  //Misc;String Matching;KMP;2D
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 105
8  using namespace std;
9
10 char C[MAX][MAX];
11 int F[MAX];
12 int n;
13
14 void kmp_init(string& P) {
15     F[0] = 0; F[1] = 0;
16     int i = 1, j = 0;
17     while(i<P.size()) {
18         if (P[i] == P[j])
19             F[++i] = ++j;
20         else if (j == 0)
21             F[++i] = 0;
22         else
23             j = F[j];
24     }
25 }
26

```



```

27 bool kmp(string& P, int x, int y, int mx, int my) {
28     kmp_init(P);
29     int j = 0, m = P.size();
30
31     while(x >= 0 && x < n && y >= 0 && y < n) {
32         while(j < m) {
33             if (P[j] == C[x][y]) {
34                 x+=mx; y+=my; j++;
35             } else break;
36         }
37         if (j == m) {
38             cout << x-m*mx+1 << "," << y-m*my+1 << " " << x+1-mx << "," << y+1-my << endl;
39             return true;
40         }
41         else if (j == 0) { x+=mx; y+=my; };
42         j = F[j];
43     }
44     return false;
45 }
46
47 int main() {
48     cin >> n;
49     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
50         for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
51             cin >> C[i][j];
52
53     string P;
54     while(cin >> P, P!="0") {
55         bool result = false;
56         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
57             result = result || kmp(P, i, 0, 0, 1);
58             result = result || kmp(P, i, n-1, 0, -1);
59             result = result || kmp(P, 0, i, 1, 0);
60             result = result || kmp(P, n-1, i, -1, 0);
61
62             result = result || kmp(P, 0, i, 1, 1);
63             result = result || kmp(P, i, n-1, -1, -1);
64             result = result || kmp(P, i, 0, 1, 1);
65             result = result || kmp(P, n-1, i, -1, -1);
66
67             result = result || kmp(P, 0, i, -1, 1);
68             result = result || kmp(P, i, 0, 1, -1);
69             result = result || kmp(P, i, n-1, 1, -1);
70             result = result || kmp(P, n-1, i, -1, 1);
71         }
72
73         if (!result)
74             cout << "Not found" << endl;
75     }
76 }

```

uva/424.cpp

```

1 //424
2 //Integer Inquiry
3 //Math;Big Integer
4 #define MAX 110
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <string>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int T[MAX];
10 int n=0;
11
12 void add(string& s) {
13     int c=0;
14     int m = s.size();
15     for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
16         int a = s[m-i-1]-'0';
17         T[i] += a+c;
18         c = T[i]/10;
19         T[i] %= 10;
20     }
21     n = max(n, m);
22     while (c) {
23         T[m] += c;
24         c = T[m]/10;
25         T[m] %= 10;
26         n = max(n, ++m);
27     }
28 }

```

```

29 }
30
31 int main() {
32     string s;
33     while(cin >> s, s!="0")
34         add(s);
35
36     for(int i=n-1; i>=0; i--)
37         cout << T[i];
38     cout << endl;
39 }

```

uva/458.cpp

```

1 //458
2 //The Decoder
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 using namespace std;
7
8 int main() {
9     for(string s; cin>>s;) {
10         for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++)
11             s[i]-=7;
12         cout << s << endl;
13     }
14 }

```

uva/473.cpp

```

1 //473
2 //Raucous Rockers
3 //Dynamic Programming;Longest Increasing Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #define MAX 10005
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int S[MAX], T[MAX];
12 char skip;
13 int main() {
14     int n,t,m,cases;
15     cin >> cases;
16     while(cases--) {
17         cin >> n >> t >> m;
18         memset(T, 0x3F, sizeof(T));
19
20         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
21             cin >> S[i];
22             if (i<n) cin >> skip;
23         }
24
25         int k=0;
26         T[0] = 0;
27
28         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) {
29             for(int j=k; j>=0; j--) {
30                 int add = 0;
31                 if ((T[j]%t)+S[i] > t) add = t-T[j]%t;
32                 if (T[j]+S[i]+add <= T[j+1]) {
33                     T[j+1] = T[j]+S[i]+add;
34                     k=max(k, j+1);
35                 }
36             }
37         }
38
39         int answer = 0;
40         for(int i=0; i<=k && T[i] <= m*t; i++)
41             answer = i;
42
43         cout << answer << endl;
44         if (cases) cout << endl;
45     }
46
47     return 0;
48 }

```

uva/494.cpp

```

1 //494
2 //Kindergarten Counting Game
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 using namespace std;
7
8 int main() {
9     string s;
10    while(getline(cin, s)) {
11        bool inside = false;
12        int words = 0;
13        for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++) {
14            if (s[i] >= 'a' && s[i] <= 'z' || s[i] >= 'A' && s[i] <= 'Z') {
15                inside = true;
16            } else if (inside) {
17                inside = false;
18                words++;
19            }
20        }
21        if (inside) words++;
22        cout << words << endl;
23    }
24 }
25

```

uva/573.cpp

```

1 //573
2 //The Snail
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 int main() {
8     int h,u,d,f;
9     while(cin >> h >> u >> d >> f, h|u|d|f) {
10        double current = 0, speed=u;
11
12        for (int i=1;;i++) {
13            current += speed;
14            speed = max(0.0, speed-f/100.0*u);
15            if (current > h) {
16                cout << "success on day " << i << endl;
17                break;
18            }
19            current -= d;
20            if (current < 0) {
21                cout << "failure on day " << i << endl;
22                break;
23            }
24        }
25    }
26
27    return 0;
28 }

```

uva/579.cpp

```

1 //579
2 //ClockHands
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include <cmath>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int main() {
10    int x, y; char c;
11    while(cin >> x >> c >> y, x|y) {
12        double a = x*30+(y/2.0);
13        double b = y*6.0;
14        double r = abs(a-b);
15        if (r > 180.0)
16            r = 360.0-r;

```

```

17 |
18 |         cout << fixed << setprecision(3) << r << endl;
19 |
20 |     }
21 |
22 | }
```

uva/591.cpp

```

1  //591
2  //Box of Bricks
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <cmath>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int T[100];
10
11 int main() {
12     int n, t=0;
13     while(cin >> n, n) {
14         int s=0;
15         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
16             cin >> T[i];
17             s += T[i];
18         }
19         s/=n;
20
21         int r=0;
22         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
23             r+=abs(T[i]-s);
24         }
25         cout << "Set #" << ++t << endl;
26         cout << "The minimum number of moves is " << r/2 << "." << endl;
27         cout << endl;
28     }
29 }
```

uva/610.cpp

```

1  //610
2  //Street Directions
3  //Graphs;Finding Bridges
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <algorithm>
7  #define MAX 1001
8  using namespace std;
9  int G[MAX][MAX], V[MAX], L[MAX], n, m, gpe;
10
11 void dfs(int u, int v) {
12     V[v] = L[v] = ++gpe;
13     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
14         if(G[v][i]) {
15             if(!V[i]){
16                 dfs(v, i);
17                 L[v] = min(L[v], L[i]);
18                 if(L[i] <= V[v]) {
19                     G[i][v] = 0;
20                 }
21             } else if(i != u) {
22                 L[v] = min(L[v], V[i]);
23                 G[i][v] = 0;
24             }
25         }
26     }
27 }
28
29 int main() {
30     int tt = 0;
31     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
32         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
33         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
34         memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
35         gpe = 0;
36
37         cout << ++tt << endl << endl;
38     }
```

```

39     for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
40         int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
41         G[a][b] = G[b][a] = 1;
42     }
43
44     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
45         if (!V[i])
46             dfs(i, i);
47
48     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
49         for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
50             if (G[i][j])
51                 cout << i << " " << j << endl;
52
53     cout << "#" << endl;
54 }
55 }

```

uva/627.cpp

```

1  //627
2  //The Net
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #define MAX 400
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int G[MAX][MAX], n, m;
12 bool V[MAX];
13
14
15 struct Step {
16     int x, v, p;
17     Step() {}
18     Step(int x, int v, int p) : x(x), v(v), p(p) {}
19 };
20
21 vector<Step> Q;
22
23 void print(Step step, bool first) {
24     if (step.p != -1) print(Q[step.p], false);
25     cout << step.x << (first?" ":" ");
26 }
27
28 int main() {
29     while(cin >> n) {
30         cout << "-----" << endl;
31         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
32
33         int a, b;
34         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
35             cin >> a;
36             while(cin.get()!='\n') {
37                 if (cin.peek() == '\n') break;
38                 cin >> b;
39                 G[a][b] = true;
40             }
41         }
42
43         cin >> m;
44         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
45             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
46             cin >> a >> b;
47             Q = vector<Step>();
48             Q.push_back(Step(a, 0, -1));
49
50             int ptr = 0;
51             while(ptr < Q.size()) {
52                 Step it = Q[ptr];
53                 if (it.x == b) {
54                     print(it, true);
55                     cout << endl;
56                     break;
57                 }
58
59                 if (V[it.x]) { ptr++; continue; }
60                 V[it.x] = true;
61

```

```

62         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
63             if (G[it.x][i]) Q.push_back(Step(i,it.v+1,ptr));
64
65         ptr++;
66     }
67     if (ptr == Q.size()) cout << "connection impossible" << endl;
68 }
69 }
70 }

```

uva/652.cpp

```

1  //652
2  //Eight
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <map>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <sstream>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Item {
11     int p, x;
12     string v;
13     char m;
14
15     Item() { }
16     Item(int p, string v, int x, char m) : p(p), v(v), x(x), m(m) { }
17 };
18
19 map<string, int> M;
20 Item Q[400000];
21 int qq=0;
22
23 void add(int p, string v, int i, int j, char m) {
24     if (not (i%3 == j%3 ^ i/3 == j/3) || j<0 || j>=9) return;
25     swap(v[i], v[j]);
26     if (M.find(v) != M.end()) return;
27     Q[M[v]=qq++] = Item(p, v, j, m);
28 }
29
30 int main() {
31     Q[M["123456780"]=qq++] = Item(-1, "123456780", 8, 'z');
32
33     for(int i=0; i<qq; i++) {
34         Item p = Q[i];
35
36         add(i, p.v, p.x, p.x-1, 'r');
37         add(i, p.v, p.x, p.x+1, 'l');
38         add(i, p.v, p.x, p.x-3, 'd');
39         add(i, p.v, p.x, p.x+3, 'u');
40     }
41
42
43     int tt; cin >> tt;
44     while(tt--) {
45         stringstream ss;
46         for(int i=0; i<9; i++) {
47             string s; cin >> s;
48             if (s=="x") s="0";
49             ss << s;
50         }
51
52         string s = ss.str();
53         if (M.find(s) == M.end()) {
54             cout << "unsolvable" << endl;
55         } else {
56             Item item = Q[M[s]];
57
58             while(item.p != -1) {
59                 cout << item.m;
60                 item = Q[item.p];
61             }
62             cout << endl;
63         }
64         if (tt) cout << endl;
65     }
66 }

```

uva/719.cpp

```

1 //719
2 //Glass Beads
3 //Misc;String Matching;Suffix Array;Circular
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <string>
8 #include <cmath>
9 #define MAX 10050
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int RA[MAX], tempRA[MAX];
13 int SA[MAX], tempSA[MAX];
14 int C[MAX];
15
16 void suffix_sort(int n, int k) {
17     memset(C, 0, sizeof C);
18
19     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
20         C[RA[(i + k)%n]]++;
21
22     int sum = 0;
23     for (int i = 0; i < max(256, n); i++) {
24         int t = C[i];
25         C[i] = sum;
26         sum += t;
27     }
28
29     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
30         tempSA[C[RA[(SA[i] + k)%n]]++] = SA[i];
31
32     memcpy(SA, tempSA, n*sizeof(int));
33 }
34
35 void suffix_array(string &s) {
36     int n = s.size();
37
38     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
39         RA[i] = s[i];
40
41     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
42         SA[i] = i;
43
44     for (int k = 1; k < n; k *= 2) {
45         suffix_sort(n, k);
46         suffix_sort(n, 0);
47
48         int r = tempRA[SA[0]] = 0;
49         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
50             int s1 = SA[i], s2 = SA[i-1];
51             bool equal = true;
52             equal &= RA[s1] == RA[s2];
53             equal &= RA[(s1+k)%n] == RA[(s2+k)%n];
54
55             tempRA[SA[i]] = equal ? r : ++r;
56         }
57
58         memcpy(RA, tempRA, n*sizeof(int));
59     }
60 }
61
62 int main() {
63     int tt; cin >> tt;
64     while(tt--) {
65         string s; cin >> s;
66         suffix_array(s);
67         cout << SA[0]+1 << endl;
68     }
69 }

```

uva/760.cpp

```

1 //760
2 //DNA Sequencing
3 //Misc;String Matching;Suffix Array;Longest Common Prefix
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>

```

```

6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #define MAX 10050
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int RA[MAX], tempRA[MAX];
13 int SA[MAX], tempSA[MAX];
14 int C[MAX];
15 int Phi[MAX], PLCP[MAX], LCP[MAX];
16
17 void suffix_sort(int n, int k) {
18     memset(C, 0, sizeof C);
19
20     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
21         C[i + k < n ? RA[i + k] : 0]++;
22
23     int sum = 0;
24     for (int i = 0; i < max(256, n); i++) {
25         int t = C[i];
26         C[i] = sum;
27         sum += t;
28     }
29
30     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
31         tempSA[C[SA[i] + k < n ? RA[SA[i] + k] : 0]++] = SA[i];
32
33     memcpy(SA, tempSA, n*sizeof(int));
34 }
35
36 void suffix_array(string &s) {
37     int n = s.size();
38
39     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
40         RA[i] = s[i] - 1;
41
42     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
43         SA[i] = i;
44
45     for (int k = 1; k < n; k *= 2) {
46         suffix_sort(n, k);
47         suffix_sort(n, 0);
48
49         int r = tempRA[SA[0]] = 0;
50         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
51             int s1 = SA[i], s2 = SA[i-1];
52             bool equal = true;
53             equal &= RA[s1] == RA[s2];
54             equal &= RA[s1+k] == RA[s2+k];
55
56             tempRA[SA[i]] = equal ? r : ++r;
57         }
58
59         memcpy(RA, tempRA, n*sizeof(int));
60     }
61 }
62
63 void lcp(string &s) {
64     int n = s.size();
65
66     Phi[SA[0]] = -1;
67     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
68         Phi[SA[i]] = SA[i-1];
69
70     int L = 0;
71     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
72         if (Phi[i] == -1) {
73             PLCP[i] = 0;
74             continue;
75         }
76         while (s[i + L] == s[Phi[i] + L])
77             L++;
78
79         PLCP[i] = L;
80         L = max(L-1, 0);
81     }
82
83     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
84         LCP[i] = PLCP[SA[i]];
85 }
86
87 int main() {

```



```

88     string a, b, s;
89     int tt = 0;
90     while(getline(cin, a) && getline(cin, b)) {
91         if (tt++) cout << endl;
92         getline(cin, s);
93         s = a+"\1"+b+"\2";
94         suffix_array(s);
95         lcp(s);
96
97         int maxx = 0;
98         for(int i=1; i<s.size(); i++) {
99             bool left = SA[i-1]+LCP[i] <= a.size();
100             bool right = SA[i]+LCP[i] <= a.size();
101
102             if (LCP[i] && (left^right)) {
103                 maxx = max(maxx, LCP[i]);
104             }
105         }
106
107         if (maxx == 0) {
108             cout << "No common sequence." << endl;
109             continue;
110         }
111
112         string last = "some invalid string";
113         for(int i=1; i<s.size(); i++) {
114             bool left = SA[i-1]+LCP[i] <= a.size();
115             bool right = SA[i]+LCP[i] <= a.size();
116             string sub = s.substr(SA[i], maxx);
117
118             if (LCP[i]==maxx && (left^right) && last != sub) {
119                 cout << sub << endl;
120                 last = sub;
121             }
122         }
123     }
124 }

```

uva/796.cpp

```

1 //796
2 //Critical Links
3 //Graphs;Finding Bridges
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <sstream>
8 #include <vector>
9 #include <algorithm>
10 #define MAX 101
11 using namespace std;
12 int G[MAX][MAX], V[MAX], L[MAX], n, gpe;
13
14 struct Ponte {
15     int a, b;
16     Ponte() { }
17     Ponte(int a, int b) : a(min(a, b)), b(max(a, b)) {}
18 };
19 bool comp(const Ponte& a, const Ponte& b) { return a.a < b.a || (a.a==b.a && a.b < b.b); }
20 vector<Ponte> P;
21
22 void dfs(int u, int v) {
23     V[v] = L[v] = ++gpe;
24     for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
25         if(G[v][i]) {
26             if(!V[i]){
27                 dfs(v, i);
28                 L[v] = min(L[v], L[i]);
29                 if(L[i] > V[v]) P.push_back(Ponte(v, i));
30             } else if(i != u) {
31                 L[v] = min(L[v], V[i]);
32             }
33         }
34     }
35 }
36
37 int main() {
38     while(cin >> n) {
39         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
40         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
41         memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));

```

```

42     P.clear();
43     gpe = 0;
44
45     int a, an, b; char skip;
46     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
47         cin >> a >> skip >> an >> skip;
48         while(an--) {
49             cin >> b; G[b][a] = G[a][b] = 1;
50         }
51     }
52
53     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
54         if (!V[i])
55             dfs(i, i);
56
57     cout << P.size() << " critical links" << endl;
58     sort(P.begin(), P.end(), comp);
59
60     for(int i=0; i<P.size(); i++) {
61         cout << P[i].a << " - " << P[i].b << endl;
62     }
63     cout << endl;
64 }
65 }

```

uva/811.cpp

```

1  //811
2  //The Fortified Forest
3  //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull;Monotone Chain
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  #define EP 1e-6
9  using namespace std;
10
11 struct Tree {
12     int x, y, v, l;
13
14     int product(Tree a, Tree b) {
15         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x);
16     }
17
18     bool left(Tree a, Tree b) {
19         return product(a, b) < 0;
20     }
21
22     double dist(Tree b) {
23         return sqrt(pow(x-b.x, 2.0) + pow(y-b.y, 2.0));
24     }
25
26     bool operator <(const Tree& p) const {
27         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
28         return this->y < p.y;
29     }
30
31     bool operator ==(const Tree& p) const {
32         return this->x == p.x and this->y == p.y;
33     }
34 };
35
36 int convexHull(Tree* P, int n, Tree* S) {
37     sort(P, P+n);
38
39     int m=0;
40     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
41         while(m >= 2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
42         S[m++] = P[i];
43     }
44     m--;
45
46     for(int i=n-1, k=m; i >= 0; i--) {
47         while(m >= k+2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
48         S[m++] = P[i];
49     }
50     m--;
51
52     return m;
53 }
54

```

```

55
56 Tree P[20], T[20], S[20];
57
58 int main() {
59     int n, tt=0;
60     while(cin >> n, n) {
61         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
62             cin >> P[i].x >> P[i].y >> P[i].v >> P[i].l;
63         }
64         int mini = 0, minv = 1<<30, minc = 1<<30;
65         double mine = 0.0;
66
67         for(int i=0; i<(1<<n); i++) {
68             int value = 0, length = 0, count=0, ts=0;
69             for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
70                 if (i & 1<<j) {
71                     value += P[j].v;
72                     length += P[j].l;
73                     count++;
74                 } else {
75                     T[ts++] = P[j];
76                 }
77             }
78             if (value > minv) continue;
79             int s = convexHull(T, ts, S);
80
81             double perimeter = 0;
82             for(int j=0; j<s; j++)
83                 perimeter += S[j].dist(S[(j+1)%n]);
84
85             if (length > perimeter-EP && (value < minv || value == minv && count < minc)) {
86                 mini = i;
87                 minc = count;
88                 minv = value;
89                 mine = length - perimeter;
90             }
91         }
92
93         if (tt) cout << endl;
94         cout << "Forest " << ++tt << endl;
95         cout << "Cut these trees:";
96         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
97             if (mini & 1<<i)
98                 cout << " " << i+1;
99         cout << endl;
100         cout << "Extra wood: " << fixed << setprecision(2) << mine << endl;
101     }
102 }
103 }

```

uva/820.cpp

```

1 //820
2 //Internet Bandwidth
3 //Graphs;Maximum Flow;Ford-Fulkerson
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <string>
8 #include <climits>
9 #include <cmath>
10 #define MAX 1006
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int G[MAX][MAX], n;
14 int F[MAX][MAX];
15 bool V[MAX];
16
17 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
18     V[s] = true;
19
20     if (s==t) return minn;
21
22     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
23         int capacity = G[s][i]-F[s][i];
24         if (!V[i] && G[s][i]-F[s][i] > 0) {
25             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, capacity))) {
26                 F[s][i] += sent;
27                 F[i][s] -= sent;
28                 return sent;
29             }

```

```

30     }
31 }
32
33     return 0;
34 }
35
36 int main() {
37     int tt=0;
38     while(cin >> n, n) {
39         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
40         memset(F, 0, sizeof(F));
41         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
42
43         tt++;
44         int s, t, c;
45         cin >> s >> t >> c;
46         for(int i=0; i<c; i++) {
47             int a, b, f;
48             cin >> a >> b >> f;
49             G[a][b] = G[b][a] += f;
50         }
51
52         int total = 0;
53         while(int sent = send(s, t, INT_MAX)) {
54             total += sent;
55             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
56         }
57
58         cout << "Network " << tt << endl;
59         cout << "The bandwidth is " << total << "." << endl;
60         cout << endl;
61     }
62
63
64
65 }

```

uva/825.cpp

```

1  //825
2  //Walking on the Safe Side
3  //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <sstream>
7  #include <cstring>
8  #define MAX 250
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 int B[MAX][MAX];
13
14 int main() {
15     int t; cin >> t;
16     for(int tt=1; tt<=t; tt++) {
17         int r, c; cin >> r >> c;
18
19         string s;
20         getline(cin, s);
21         for(int i=0; i<r; i++) {
22             getline(cin, s);
23             stringstream sin(s);
24
25             int a, b; sin >> a;
26             while(sin >> b) {
27                 B[a-1][b-1] = tt;
28             }
29         }
30
31         for(int i=0; i<r; i++) {
32             for(int j=0; j<c; j++) {
33                 int s = (i==0 && j==0 ? 1 : 0);
34                 if (i>0) s+= T[i-1][j];
35                 if (j>0) s+= T[i][j-1];
36                 T[i][j] = (B[i][j] != tt ? s : 0);
37             }
38         }
39
40         if (tt>1) cout << endl;
41         cout << T[r-1][c-1] << endl;
42     }

```

43 | }

uva/902.cpp

```

1 //902
2 //Password Search
3 //Misc;STL map
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <map>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 map<string, int> T;
10
11 int main() {
12     int n; string s;
13     while(cin >> n >> s) {
14         T.clear();
15
16         int maxx=0, maxv=0;
17         for(int i=0; i<=s.size()-n; i++){
18             int v = ++T[s.substr(i, n)];
19             if (v > maxv) {
20                 maxv = v;
21                 maxx = i;
22             }
23         }
24         cout << s.substr(maxx, n) << endl;
25     }
26 }

```

uva/907.cpp

```

1 //907
2 //Winterim Backpacking Trip
3 //Dynamic Programming;Integer partition
4 #define MAX 602
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <climits>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 int T[MAX][MAX], S[MAX], n, k;
11
12 int main() {
13     while(cin >> n >> k) {
14         n++; k++;
15         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
16
17         S[0] = 0;
18         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
19             cin >> S[i];
20         }
21
22         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
23             T[i][1] = T[i-1][1]+S[i];
24
25         for(int i=1; i<=k; i++)
26             T[1][i] = S[1];
27
28         for(int i=2; i<=n; i++) {
29             for(int j=2; j<=k; j++) {
30                 T[i][j] = INT_MAX;
31                 for(int x=1; x<=i; x++)
32                     T[i][j] = min(T[i][j], max(T[x][j-1], T[i][1] - T[x][1]));
33             }
34         }
35
36         cout << T[n][k] << endl;
37     }
38 }

```

uva/908.cpp

```

1 //908
2 //Re-connecting Computer Sites
3 //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim

```

```

4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 200010
11
12 struct Road {
13     int v, c;
14     Road(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
15     bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c > that.c; }
16 };
17
18 using namespace std;
19
20 vector<Road> G[MAX];
21
22 int main() {
23     int n, k, m, t=0;
24     while(cin >> n) {
25         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
26
27         int before = 0;
28         for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {
29             int a, b, c;
30             cin >> a >> b >> c;
31             G[a].push_back(Road(b, c));
32             G[b].push_back(Road(a, c));
33             before += c;
34         }
35
36         int total=0;
37         cin >> k;
38         for(int i=0; i<k; i++) {
39             int a, b, c;
40             cin >> a >> b >> c;
41
42             int maxx = 0, maxv, side, counter;
43             for(int j=0; j<G[a].size(); j++)
44                 if (G[a][j].c > maxx) {
45                     maxx = G[a][j].c;
46                     maxv = j;
47                     side= a; counter = b;
48                 }
49
50             for(int j=0; j<G[b].size(); j++)
51                 if (G[b][j].c > maxx) {
52                     maxx = G[b][j].c;
53                     maxv = j;
54                     side= b; counter = a;
55                 }
56
57             if (maxx <= c) continue;
58             total = maxx-c;
59             G[side][maxv].v = counter;
60             G[side][maxv].c = c;
61         }
62
63         cin >> m;
64         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
65             int a, b, c;
66             cin >> a >> b >> c;
67         }
68
69         if (t++) cout << endl;
70         cout << before << endl << before-total << endl;
71     }
72     return 0;
73 }

```

uva/929.cpp

```

1  //929
2  //Number Maze
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <queue>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  #define MAX 1001

```

```

9   using namespace std;
10
11   struct Edge {
12       int x, y, c;
13       Edge(int x, int y, int c) : x(x), y(y), c(c) {};
14       inline bool operator <(const Edge& a) const {
15           return c > a.c;
16       }
17   };
18
19   int G[MAX][MAX], V[MAX][MAX];
20   int n, m;
21   priority_queue<Edge> Q;
22
23   void try_q(int x, int y, int c) {
24       if (x <= 0 || x > n || y <= 0 || y > m || c+G[x][y] >= V[x][y]) return;
25       Q.push(Edge(x, y, c+G[x][y]));
26   }
27
28
29   int main() {
30       int T; cin >> T;
31       for(int tt=1; tt<=T; tt++) {
32           memset(V, 0x7f, sizeof(V));
33           Q = priority_queue<Edge>();
34
35           cin >> n >> m;
36           for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
37               for(int j=1; j<=m; j++)
38                   cin >> G[i][j];
39
40           Q.push(Edge(1, 1, G[1][1]));
41
42           while(!Q.empty()) {
43               Edge e = Q.top(); Q.pop();
44               if (V[e.x][e.y] <= e.c) continue;
45
46               V[e.x][e.y] = e.c;
47
48               if (e.x == n && e.y == m) break;
49
50               try_q(e.x-1, e.y, e.c);
51               try_q(e.x+1, e.y, e.c);
52               try_q(e.x, e.y-1, e.c);
53               try_q(e.x, e.y+1, e.c);
54           }
55           cout << V[n][m] << endl;
56       }
57   }
58 }

```

uva/986.cpp

```

1   //986
2   //How Many?
3   //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4   #include <iostream>
5   #include <cstring>
6   using namespace std;
7
8   int T[50][50][50][2];
9
10  int main() {
11      int n, r, h;
12
13      while(cin >> n >> r >> h) {
14          memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
15          T[0][0][0][0] = 1;
16
17          for(int i=1; i<=2*n; i++) {
18              for(int j=0; j<=2*n; j++) {
19                  for(int k=0; k<=2*n; k++) {
20                      if (j<2*n) {
21                          T[i][j][k][0] += T[i-1][j+1][k][0];
22
23                          if (j+1==h && k>0)
24                              T[i][j][k][0] += T[i-1][j+1][k-1][1];
25                          else if (j+1!=h)
26                              T[i][j][k][0] += T[i-1][j+1][k][1];
27                      }
28                  }
29              }
30          }
31      }
32  }

```

```

29         if (j>0) {
30             T[i][j][k][1] += T[i-1][j-1][k][0] + T[i-1][j-1][k][1];
31         }
32     }
33 }
34 }
35 }
36
37 cout << T[n*2][0][r][0] << endl;
38
39 }
40 }

```

uva/1016.cpp

```

1  //1016
2  //Silly Sort
3  //Misc;Permutation Cycle
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <algorithm>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 2000
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int T[MAX], Q[MAX], M[MAX];
11 bool V[MAX];
12
13 int main() {
14     int n, t=0;
15     while(cin >> n, n) {
16         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
17
18         int minn=1<<30;
19         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
20             cin >> T[i];
21             minn = min(minn, T[i]);
22         }
23
24         memcpy(Q, T, sizeof(T));
25         sort(Q, Q+n);
26         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
27             M[Q[i]] = i;
28         }
29
30         int answer = 0;
31         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
32             if (V[i]) continue;
33
34             int cycle = 0, minc=1<<30, sumc=0;
35             for(int j=i; !V[j]; j=M[T[j]]) {
36                 V[j] = true;
37                 sumc += T[j];
38                 minc = min(minc, T[j]);
39                 cycle++;
40             }
41
42             answer += min(sumc + (cycle-2)*minc, sumc + minc + minn * (cycle+1));
43         }
44
45         cout << "Case " << ++t << ": " << answer << endl << endl;
46     }
47 }

```

uva/1056.cpp

```

1  //1056
2  //Degrees of Separation
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Floyd-Warshall
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <map>
8  #include <cassert>
9  #define MAX 51
10
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int G[MAX][MAX];
14 int n, m;

```



```

15 map<string, int> M;
16
17 int person(string& s) {
18     if (M.find(s) != M.end())
19         return M[s];
20     else
21         return M[s]=M.size();
22 }
23
24
25 int main() {
26     int t=0;
27     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
28         memset(G, 0x1f, sizeof(G));
29         M.clear();
30
31         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
32             string p, q;
33             cin >> p >> q;
34             int a = person(p), b=person(q);
35             G[a][b] = G[b][a] = 1;
36         }
37         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) G[i][i] = 0;
38
39         assert(M.size() <= n);
40
41         for(int k=1; k<=n; k++)
42             for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
43                 for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
44                     G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
45
46         int maxx = 0;
47         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
48             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
49                 maxx = max(maxx, G[i][j]);
50
51         cout << "Network " << ++t << ": ";
52
53         if (maxx <= n)
54             cout << maxx << endl;
55         else
56             cout << "DISCONNECTED" << endl;
57
58         cout << endl;
59
60     }
61     return 0;
62 }
63

```

uva/1158.cpp

```

1  //1158
2  //CubesSquared
3  //Dynamic Programming;Knapsack;Infinite Items Knapsack
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <vector>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int K[400001];
10 vector<int> W;
11
12 int main() {
13
14     for(int i=1; i*i*i<=400000; i++)
15         W.push_back(i*i*i);
16
17     for(int a=1, i=1; a<=400000; i++, a+=i*i)
18         W.push_back(a);
19
20     memset(K, 0x3f, sizeof(K));
21     K[0] = 0;
22     for(int i=0; i<W.size(); i++)
23         for(int j=W[i]; j<=400000; j++)
24             K[j] = min(K[j], K[j-W[i]]+1);
25
26     int n;
27     while(cin >> n, n!=-1)
28         cout << K[n] << endl;
29

```

```

30 |     return 0;
31 | }

```

uva/1174.cpp

```

1  //1174
2  //IP-TV
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim;Priority Queue
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <vector>
9  #include <algorithm>
10 #include <queue>
11 #include <map>
12 #define MAX 200010
13
14 using namespace std;
15
16 struct Road {
17     int v, c;
18     Road(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
19     inline bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c > that.c; }
20 };
21
22 vector<Road> G[MAX];
23 priority_queue<Road> Q;
24 int n, m;
25 bool V[MAX];
26 map<string, int> M;
27
28 int city(string& s) {
29     if (M.find(s) != M.end())
30         return M[s];
31     else
32         return M[s]=M.size();
33 }
34
35
36 int main() {
37     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
38
39     while(cin >> n >> m) {
40         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
41         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
42         M.clear();
43         Q = priority_queue<Road>();
44
45         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
46             string p, q; int a, b, c;
47             cin >> p >> q >> c;
48             a = city(p); b=city(q);
49             G[a].push_back(Road(b, c));
50             G[b].push_back(Road(a, c));
51         }
52
53         int total = 0, totalc=0;
54
55         Q.push(Road(1, 0));
56
57         while(totalc < n) {
58             Road item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
59             if (V[item.v]) continue;
60
61             V[item.v] = true;
62             total += item.c;
63             totalc++;
64
65             for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++)
66                 if (!V[G[item.v][j].v])
67                     Q.push(G[item.v][j]);
68         }
69
70         if (t++) cout << endl;
71         cout << total << endl;
72     }
73     return 0;
74 }

```

uva/1197.cpp

```

1 //1197
2 //The Suspects
3 //Graphs;DFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <climits>
7 #include <vector>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 vector<int> G[501], P[30001];
11 bool VG[501], VP[30001];
12 int n, m;
13
14 int dfs(int v) {
15     int sum = 1;
16     VP[v] = true;
17
18     for(int i=0; i<P[v].size(); i++) {
19         int g = P[v][i];
20         if (VG[g]) continue;
21         VG[g] = true;
22
23         for(int j=0; j<G[g].size(); j++) {
24             int u = G[g][j];
25             if (VP[u]) continue;
26             sum += dfs(u);
27         }
28     }
29
30     return sum;
31 }
32
33 int main() {
34     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
35         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
36         memset(P, 0, sizeof(P));
37         memset(VG, 0, sizeof(VG));
38         memset(VP, 0, sizeof(VP));
39
40         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
41             int k; cin >> k;
42             while(k--) {
43                 int a; cin >> a;
44                 G[i].push_back(a);
45                 P[a].push_back(i);
46             }
47         }
48
49         cout << dfs(0) << endl;
50     }
51     return 0;
52 }

```

uva/1200.cpp

```

1 //1200
2 //A DP Problem
3 //Misc;String parsing
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cmath>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int getSign(string& s, int &i) {
10     if (s[i] == '+') { i++; return 1; }
11     if (s[i] == '-') { i++; return -1; }
12     return 1;
13 }
14
15 int getNumber(string& s, int& i, bool& got) {
16     int result = 0;
17     while(s[i] >='0' && s[i] <= '9') {
18         result = result*10 + (s[i]-'0');
19         i++;
20         got = true;
21     }
22     return result;

```

```

23 }
24
25 bool getX(string& s, int& i) {
26     return i<s.size() && s[i] == 'x' && ++i;
27 }
28
29 bool willChange(string& s, int& i) {
30     return i<s.size() && s[i] == '=' && ++i;
31 }
32
33
34 int main()
35 {
36     int t;
37     string s;
38     cin >> t;
39
40     while(cin >> s) {
41         int i=0, A=0, B=0, masterSign = 1;
42         while(i<s.size()) {
43             int sign = getSign(s, i);
44             bool got = false;
45             int number = getNumber(s, i, got);
46             bool isX = getX(s, i);
47             if (isX && !got) number = 1;
48             // cout << masterSign << " " << sign << " " << number << " " << isX << endl;
49
50             if (isX)
51                 B += -1*masterSign*sign*number;
52             else
53                 A += masterSign*sign*number;
54             if (willChange(s, i)) masterSign *= -1;
55         }
56         if (A==0 && B==0) {
57             cout << "IDENTITY" << endl;
58         } else if (B==0) {
59             cout << "IMPOSSIBLE" << endl;
60         } else {
61             cout << (int)floor(((double)A/B))<< endl;
62         }
63     }
64 }
65
66     return 0;
67 }

```

uva/1203.cpp

```

1 //1203
2 //Argus
3 //Misc;Priority queue
4 #include<cstdio>
5 #include<iostream>
6 #include<queue>
7 #include<string>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 #define SZ 3200
11
12 struct Item{
13     int p, q, b;
14
15     Item() {}
16     Item(int q, int p) : p(p), q(q), b(p) {}
17     Item(int q, int p, int b) : p(p), q(q), b(b) {}
18
19     inline bool operator < (const Item &d) const{
20         if(this->p==d.p) return d.q<this->q;
21         return this->p>d.p;
22     }
23
24     Item next() {
25         return Item(q, p+b, b);
26     }
27
28 };
29
30 priority_queue<Item> Q;
31 int q, p;
32
33 int main(void) {

```

```

34     string s;
35     int q, p, k;
36
37     while(cin >> s, s!="#") {
38         cin >> q >> p;
39         Q.push(Item(q, p));
40     }
41
42     cin >> k;
43     for(int i=0; i<k; ++i) {
44         Item item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
45         cout << item.q << endl;
46         Q.push(item.next());
47     }
48
49     return 0;
50 }

```

uva/1205.cpp

```

1  //1205
2  //Color a Tree
3  //Graphs;Job Scheduling
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <vector>
6  #include <set>
7  #define MAX 1008
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Cost {
11     int a, b, t, v;
12     Cost() { }
13     Cost(int a, int b, int t, int v) : a(a), b(b), t(t), v(v) {}
14
15     inline bool operator <(const Cost &c) const {
16         int cra = a*c.t, crb = c.a*t;
17         if (cra!=crb) return cra>crb;
18         return v<c.v;
19     }
20 };
21
22 int P[MAX], M[MAX];
23 set<Cost> S;
24 Cost C[MAX];
25
26 int findParent(int v) {
27     if (M[v] == v) return v;
28     return M[v] = findParent(M[v]);
29 }
30
31 int main() {
32     int n, r;
33     while(cin >> n >> r, n|r) {
34         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
35             int a; cin >> a;
36
37             P[i] = 0;
38             M[i] = i;
39             C[i] = *S.insert(Cost(a, a, 1, i)).first;
40         }
41
42         for(int i=1; i<=n-1; i++) {
43             int u, v; cin >> u >> v;
44             P[v] = u;
45         }
46
47         int total = 0, time = 0;
48         while(!S.empty()) {
49             Cost c = *S.begin();
50             int pid = findParent(P[c.v]);
51             if (pid == 0) {
52                 total += time * c.a + c.b;
53                 time += c.t;
54                 S.erase(c);
55                 M[c.v] = 0;
56             } else {
57                 Cost d = *S.find(C[pid]);
58                 Cost e(c.a + d.a, c.b + d.b + c.a * d.t, c.t + d.t, d.v);
59
60                 S.erase(c);
61                 S.erase(d);

```

```

62         S.insert(e);
63
64         M[c.v] = d.v;
65         C[e.v] = e;
66     }
67 }
68 cout << total << endl;
69
70 }
71 }

```

uva/1207.cpp

```

1  //1207
2  //AGTC
3  //Dynamic Programming;Edit Distance
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #define MAX 1005
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 string P, Q;
13
14
15 int main() {
16     int p, q;
17     while(cin >> p >> P >> q >> Q) {
18         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) { T[i][0] = i; }
19         for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) { T[0][i] = i; }
20
21         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
22             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
23                 if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1])
24                     T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1];
25                 else
26                     T[i][j] = min(min(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]), T[i-1][j-1])+1;
27             }
28         }
29         cout << T[p][q] << endl;
30     }
31     return 0;
32 }
33
34 }

```

uva/1208.cpp

```

1  //1208
2  //Oreon
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #define MAX 501
10
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int G[MAX][MAX], n;
14 bool V[MAX];
15 int D[MAX], DO[MAX];
16
17 struct Item {
18     int p, a, b;
19     Item(){}
20     Item(int p, int a, int b) : p(p), a(min(a,b)), b(max(a,b)) {}
21 };
22
23 bool comp(const Item& a, const Item& b) {
24     if (a.p != b.p) return a.p < b.p;
25     if (a.a != b.a) return a.a < b.a;
26     if (a.b != b.b) return a.b < b.b;
27     return false;
28 }
29

```

```

30 vector<Item> R;
31
32 int updateD(int i) {
33     D[i] = 0;
34     for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
35         if (G[i][j] && G[i][j] < D[j]) {
36             D[j] = G[i][j];
37             DO[j] = i;
38         }
39     }
40 }
41
42 int main() {
43     int t; char skip;
44     cin >> t;
45     t = 0;
46     while(cin >> n) {
47         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
48         memset(D, 0x3F, sizeof(D));
49         R.clear();
50
51         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
52             for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
53                 cin >> G[i][j];
54                 if (j+1<n) cin >> skip;
55             }
56         }
57
58         int total = 0;
59
60         V[0] = true;
61         updateD(0);
62
63         for(int k=1; k<n; k++) {
64             int minn=INT_MAX, minv;
65             for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
66                 if (!V[i] && D[i] < minn) {
67                     minn = D[i];
68                     minv = i;
69                 }
70             }
71             R.push_back(Item(minn, DO[minv], minv));
72             V[minv] = true;
73             updateD(minv);
74             total += minn;
75         }
76
77         sort(R.begin(), R.end(), comp);
78         cout << "Case " << ++t << ":" << endl;
79         for(int i=0; i<R.size(); i++) {
80             cout << (char)(R[i].a+'A') << "-" << (char)(R[i].b+'A') << " " << R[i].p << endl;
81         }
82     }
83     return 0;
84 }

```

uva/1213.cpp

```

1 //1213
2 //Sum of Different Primes
3 //Dynamic Programming;Knapsack;Counting Knapsack
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <cstring>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 long K[20][1300];
10 bool P[1300];
11 vector<int> W();
12
13 int main() {
14     int n, k;
15
16     memset(P, true, sizeof(P));
17     P[0] = P[1] = false;
18     for(int i=2; i<1300; i++) {
19         if (P[i]) {
20             W.push_back(i);
21             for(int j=i*i; j<1300; j+=i)
22                 P[j] = false;
23         }
24     }
25 }

```

```

24     }
25
26     K[0][0] = 1;
27     for(int i=0; i<W.size(); i++)
28         for(int p=19; p>0; p--)
29             for(int j = W[i]; j<1300; j++)
30                 K[p][j]+=K[p-1][j-W[i]];
31
32     while(cin >> n >> k, n|k)
33         cout << K[k][n] << endl;
34 }

```

uva/1215.cpp

```

1  //1215
2  //String Cutting
3  //Misc;Binary Search
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <set>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int T[10001][26];
10 int C[1001];
11 set<int> K;
12
13 int main() {
14     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
15     int k; string s;
16     while(cin >> k) {
17         K.clear();
18         for(int i=0; i<k; i++)
19             cin >> C[i];
20
21         cin >> s;
22         for(int i=1; i<=s.size(); i++)
23             for(int j=0; j<26; j++)
24                 T[i][j] = T[i-1][j] + (s[i-1] == j+'a');
25
26
27         K.insert(0);
28         K.insert(s.size());
29
30         int total = 0;
31         for(int i=0; i<k; i++) {
32             int mid = C[i];
33             set<int>::iterator it = K.lower_bound(mid);
34             int hi = *it; it--;
35             int lo = *it;
36
37             for(int j=0; j<26; j++) {
38                 int sidea = T[mid][j]-T[lo][j];
39                 int sideb = T[hi][j]-T[mid][j];
40
41                 if (sidea>0 ^ sideb>0) total++;
42             }
43             K.insert(mid);
44         }
45         cout << total << endl;
46     }
47 }

```

uva/1216.cpp

```

1  //1216
2  //The Bug Sensor Problem
3  //Graphs;DFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <cmath>
7  #define MAX 1000
8  using namespace std;
9
10 double G[MAX][MAX];
11 int X[MAX], Y[MAX], n, k;
12 int V[MAX];
13
14 void dfs(int v, int comp, int max) {
15     V[v] = comp;

```



```

16     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
17         if (!V[i] && G[v][i] <= max)
18             dfs(i, comp, max);
19     }
20 }
21
22 int main() {
23     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
24     while(cin >> k) {
25         n=0;
26
27         double maxd=0;
28         while(cin >> X[n], X[n]!=-1) {
29             cin >> Y[n];
30             for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
31                 G[i][n] = G[n][i] = sqrt(pow(X[n]-X[i], 2.0)+pow(Y[n]-Y[i], 2.0));
32                 maxd = max(maxd, G[i][n]);
33             }
34             n++;
35         }
36
37         int begin=0, end=(int)ceil(maxd);
38         int best, last = -1;
39         while(begin <= end) {
40             int mid = (begin+end)/2;
41             if (mid == last) break;
42
43             int comp=0;
44             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
45             for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
46                 if (!V[i])
47                     dfs(i, ++comp, mid);
48
49             last = mid;
50             if (comp > k)
51                 begin = mid;
52             else {
53                 if (comp == k) best = mid;
54                 end = mid;
55             }
56         }
57
58         cout << best << endl;
59     }
60 }

```

uva/1220.cpp

```

1  //1220
2  //Party at Hali-Bula
3  //Graphs;DFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <map>
7  #include <cstring>
8  #include <vector>
9  #define MAX 205
10 using namespace std;
11
12 map<string, int> E;
13 int emp(string& s) {
14     if (E.find(s) != E.end())
15         return E[s];
16     else
17         return E[s] = E.size()-1;
18 }
19
20 bool L[MAX], L2[MAX];
21 vector<int> G[MAX];
22 int n;
23
24 int dfs(int v) {
25     int acum = 0, illu = 0;
26     for(int i=0; i<G[v].size(); i++) {
27         acum += dfs(G[v][i]);
28         if (L[G[v][i]]) illu++;
29     }
30     if (G[v].size() > 0 && illu < G[v].size())
31         L[v] = true;
32     return acum + L[v];
33 }

```

```

34
35 int main()
36 {
37     while(cin >> n, n) {
38         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
39         memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
40         E.clear();
41         string a, b;
42         cin >> a;
43         emp(a);
44         for(int i=1; i<n; i++) {
45             cin >> a >> b;
46             G[emp(b)].push_back(emp(a));
47         }
48
49         int total = dfs(0);
50
51         memcpy(L2, L, sizeof(L));
52         bool unique = true;
53         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
54             if (!L2[i]) {
55                 memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
56                 L[i] = true;
57                 if (dfs(0) == total) {
58                     unique = false;
59                     break;
60                 }
61             }
62         }
63
64         cout << n-total << " " << (unique?"Yes":"No") << endl;
65     }
66     return 0;
67 }

```

uva/1223.cpp

```

1 //1223
2 //Editor
3 //Dynamic Programming; Longest Common Substring
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #define MAX 5001
8 using namespace std;
9
10 int T[MAX][MAX];
11
12 int main() {
13     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
14     string s;
15     while(cin >> s) {
16         int sz = s.size();
17         int maxx = 0;
18         for(int i=1; i<=sz; i++) {
19             for(int j=1; j<=sz; j++) {
20                 if (s[i-1] == s[j-1] && i!=j)
21                     maxx = max(maxx, T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1]+1);
22                 else
23                     T[i][j] = 0;
24             }
25         }
26
27         cout << maxx << endl;
28     }
29
30     return 0;
31 }

```

uva/1229.cpp

```

1 //1229
2 //Sub-Dictionary
3 //Graphs; Strongly Connected Components
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <map>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #include <sstream>

```

```

9  #include <set>
10 #include <algorithm>
11 #define MAX 101
12 using namespace std;
13
14 map<string, int> P;
15 int word(const string& p) {
16     if (P.find(p) != P.end())
17         return P[p];
18     else
19         return P[p] = P.size();
20 }
21
22 int O[MAX], npv, CO[MAX], GR[MAX];
23 string W[MAX];
24 bool G[MAX][MAX], V[MAX];
25 int n;
26 set<int> words;
27 set<string> answer;
28
29 void DFS(int v){
30     V[v] = true;
31     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
32         if (G[v][i] && !V[i])
33             DFS(i);
34     O[npv++] = v;
35 }
36
37 int DFSt(int v, int comp){
38     int acum = 1;
39     V[v] = true; CO[v] = comp;
40     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
41         if (G[i][v] && !V[i])
42             acum += DFSt(i, comp);
43     return acum;
44 }
45
46 void DFSf(int v){
47     V[v] = true;
48     answer.insert(W[v]);
49     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
50         if (G[v][i] && !V[i])
51             DFSf(i);
52 }
53
54 int main() {
55     string s, p, q;
56     while(cin >> n, n) {
57         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
58         memset(CO, 0, sizeof(CO));
59         memset(GR, 0, sizeof(GR));
60         P.clear();
61         words.clear();
62         answer.clear();
63         getline(cin, p);
64
65         for(int i=0;i<n; i++) {
66             getline(cin, s);
67             stringstream sin(s);
68             sin >> p;
69             while(sin >> q) {
70                 G[word(p)][word(q)] = true;
71                 GR[word(p)]++;
72             }
73             W[word(p)] = p;
74         }
75
76         npv = 1;
77         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
78         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
79
80         for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
81             if(!V[i]) DFS(i);
82
83         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
84
85         int comp = 0;
86         for(int i = n; i > 0; i--) {
87             if(!V[O[i]]) {
88                 comp++;
89                 if (DFSt(O[i], comp) > 1 || GR[O[i]] == 0) {
90                     for(int j=1;j<=n;j++) {

```

```

91         if (CO[j] == comp) {
92             words.insert(j);
93         }
94     }
95 }
96 }
97 }
98
99 memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
100 for(set<int>::iterator it=words.begin(); it!=words.end(); it++) {
101     DFSf(*it);
102 }
103
104 cout << answer.size() << endl;
105 for(set<string>::iterator it=answer.begin(); it!=answer.end(); it++)
106     cout << (it!=answer.begin()?" ":"") << *it;
107 cout << endl;
108 }
109
110 return 0;
111 }

```

uva/1231.cpp

```

1  //1231
2  //ACORN
3  //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 2001
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int S[MAX][MAX], T[MAX][MAX], M[MAX];
11 char skip;
12 int main() {
13     int cases; cin >> cases;
14     while(cases--) {
15         memset(S, 0, sizeof(S));
16         memset(M, 0, sizeof(M));
17         int t, h, f;
18         cin >> t >> h >> f;
19
20         for(int i=0; i<t; i++) {
21             int k, a; cin >> k;
22             while(k--) {
23                 cin >> a;
24                 S[a][i]++;
25             }
26         }
27
28         for(int i=h; i>=0; i--) {
29             for(int j=0; j<t; j++) {
30                 int move = i+f<=h ? M[i+f] : 0;
31                 int stay = i+1<=h ? T[i+1][j] : 0;
32                 T[i][j] = max(move, stay) + S[i][j];
33                 M[i] = max(M[i], T[i][j]);
34             }
35         }
36
37         cout << M[0] << endl;
38     }
39
40     return 0;
41 }

```

uva/1232.cpp

```

1  //1232
2  //SKYLINE
3  //Misc;Segment Tree
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <set>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  struct Node {
10     int a, b, h;
11     bool leaf;

```

```

12     Node() {}
13     Node(int a, int b, int h, bool leaf=true) : a(a), b(b), h(h), leaf(leaf) {}
14 };
15
16 Node H[5000005];
17 inline int left(int i) { return 2*i; }
18 inline int right(int i) { return 2*i+1; }
19
20 inline void cut(int v, int x) {
21     H[left(v)] = Node(H[v].a, x, H[v].h);
22     H[right(v)] = Node(x, H[v].b, H[v].h);
23     H[v].leaf = false;
24 }
25
26 int dfs(int v, int a, int b, int h) {
27     a = max(a, H[v].a);
28     b = min(b, H[v].b);
29     if (b<=a) return 0;
30
31     if (!H[v].leaf)
32         return dfs(left(v), a, b, h) + dfs(right(v), a, b, h);
33
34     if (H[v].h > h) return 0;
35     if (H[v].a < a) return cut(v, a), dfs(v, a, b, h);
36     if (b < H[v].b) return cut(v, b), dfs(v, a, b, h);
37
38     H[v].h = h;
39     return b-a;
40 }
41
42 int main() {
43     int n, t; cin >> t; t=0;
44     while(cin >> n, n) {
45         H[1] = Node(0, 100000, 0);
46
47         int sum = 0;
48         while(n--) {
49             int a, b, h;
50             cin >> a >> b >> h;
51             sum += dfs(1, a, b, h);
52         }
53         cout << sum << endl;
54     }
55 }
56

```

uva/1233.cpp

```

1  //1233
2  //USHER
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Floyd-Warshall
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <map>
8  #include <cassert>
9  #define MAX 501
10
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int P[MAX];
14 int G[MAX][MAX];
15 int n, m;
16
17 int main() {
18     int tt; cin >> tt;
19     while(tt--) {
20         int b, p, q; cin >> b >> p >> q;
21         for(int i=0; i<q; i++)
22             cin >> P[i];
23
24         memset(G, 0x1f, sizeof(G));
25
26         G[0][0] = 0;
27         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
28             int k; cin >> k;
29             G[i][i] = 0;
30             for(int j=0; j<k; j++) {
31                 int x, y; cin >> x >> y;
32                 G[i][y] = min(G[i][y], x);
33             }
34         }
35     }
36 }

```

```

34     }
35
36     for(int k=0; k<=p; k++)
37         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++)
38             for(int j=0; j<=p; j++)
39                 G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
40
41     int minn = 1<<30;
42     for(int i=0; i<q; i++) {
43         minn = min(minn, G[P[i]][0]);
44     }
45
46     int current = 0;
47     int answer = 0;
48     while(true) {
49         if ((current += minn) >= b) break;
50         current--;
51         answer++;
52     }
53
54     cout << answer << endl;
55 }
56 return 0;
57 }

```

uva/1234.cpp

```

1  //1234
2  //RACING
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim;Priority Queue
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 10005
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Road {
15     int v, c;
16     Road(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c < that.c; }
18 };
19
20 vector<Road> G[MAX];
21 int CStart[MAX], CCount[MAX], nc;
22 priority_queue<Road> Q;
23 vector<int> R;
24 int n, m;
25 bool V[MAX];
26
27 int dfs(int v) {
28     V[v] = true;
29     int acum = 1;
30     for(int i=0; i<G[v].size(); i++)
31         if (!V[G[v][i].v])
32             acum += dfs(G[v][i].v);
33     return acum;
34 }
35
36 int main() {
37     int t; cin >> t;
38     while(cin >> n >> m, t--) {
39         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
40         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
41         nc = 0;
42         R.clear();
43
44         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
45             int a, b, c;
46             cin >> a >> b >> c;
47             G[a].push_back(Road(b, c));
48             G[b].push_back(Road(a, c));
49         }
50
51         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
52             if (!V[i]) {
53                 CStart[nc]=i;
54                 CCount[nc]=dfs(i);

```

```

55         nc++;
56     }
57 }
58
59 int result=0;
60 for(int i=0; i<nc; i++) {
61     int totalc=0;
62     Q.push(Road(CStart[i], 0));
63     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
64
65     while(totalc < CCount[i]) {
66         Road item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
67         if (V[item.v]) { result+=item.c; continue; }
68
69         V[item.v] = true;
70         totalc++;
71
72         for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++)
73             if (!V[G[item.v][j].v])
74                 Q.push(G[item.v][j]);
75     }
76     while(!Q.empty()) {
77         result += Q.top().c;
78         Q.pop();
79     }
80 }
81 cout << result << endl;
82 }
83 return 0;
84 }

```

uva/1235.cpp

```

1  //1235
2  //Anti Brute Force Lock
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #define MAX 501
8
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int abs(int a) {
12     return a>0?a:-a;
13 }
14
15 int d(int a, int b) {
16     int result = 0;
17     for(int i=0; i<4; i++) {
18         int aa=a%10, bb=b%10;
19         result += min(abs(aa-bb), 10-abs(aa-bb));
20         a/=10; b/=10;
21     }
22     return result;
23 }
24
25 int K[MAX], G[MAX][MAX], n;
26 bool V[MAX];
27 int D[MAX];
28
29 int updateD(int i) {
30     D[i] = 0;
31     for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
32         if (G[i][j]) D[j] = min(D[j], G[i][j]);
33     }
34 }
35
36 int main()
37 {
38     int t;
39     cin >> t;
40     while(cin >> n) {
41         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
42         memset(D, 0x3F, sizeof(D));
43
44         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
45             cin >> K[i];
46
47         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
48             for(int j=i+1; j<n; j++)

```

```

49         G[i][j] = G[j][i] = d(K[i],K[j]);
50
51     int total=INT_MAX;
52     for(int i=0;i<n;i++) total = min(total, d(0, K[i]));
53
54     V[0] = true;
55     updateD(0);
56
57     for(int k=1; k<n; k++) {
58         int minn=INT_MAX, minv;
59         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
60             if (!V[i] && D[i] < minn) {
61                 minn = D[i];
62                 minv = i;
63             }
64         }
65         V[minv] = true;
66         updateD(minv);
67         total += minn;
68     }
69
70     cout << total << endl;
71 }
72 return 0;
73 }

```

uva/1239.cpp

```

1  //1239
2  //Greatest K-Palindrome Substring
3  //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #define MAX 1005
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12
13 int main() {
14     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
15     string P;
16     int k;
17     while(cin >> P >> k) {
18         int p = P.size();
19
20         int maxx=0;
21         for(int i=p; i>=1; i--) {
22             for(int j=i; j<=p; j++) {
23                 T[i][j] = T[i+1][j-1] + (P[i-1] == P[j-1] ? 0 : 1);
24
25                 if (T[i][j] <= k)
26                     maxx = max(maxx, j-i+1);
27             }
28         }
29
30         cout << maxx << endl;
31     }
32
33     return 0;
34 }

```

uva/1246.cpp

```

1  //1246
2  //Find Terrorists
3  //Math;Sieve
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <vector>
6  #include <cstring>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  bool P[100];
10 int T[10000001];
11 vector<int> W;
12
13 long long real_mod(long long a, long long b) {
14     long long c = a%b;

```



```

15     if (c<0) c+=b;
16     return c;
17 }
18
19 int main() {
20     int n, k;
21
22     memset(P, true, sizeof(P));
23     P[0] = P[1] = false;
24     for(int i=2; i<100; i++) {
25         if (P[i]) {
26             W.push_back(i);
27             for(int j=i*i; j>=0 && j<100; j+=i)
28                 P[j] = false;
29         }
30     }
31
32     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
33     int a, b;
34     while(cin >> a >> b) {
35         memset(T, 0, sizeof(int)*(b-a+1));
36
37         if (a==0) { T[0]-=2; T[1] -= 1; }
38         if (a==1) { T[0]-=1; }
39
40         for(long long i=2; i*i<=b; i++) {
41             for(long long j=max(real_mod(i*i+i-a, i), i*i+i-a); j<=(b-a); j+=i) {
42                 T[j]+=2;
43             }
44             int tmp = i*i-a;
45             if (tmp >= 0 && tmp <= (b-a))
46                 T[tmp]++;
47         }
48
49         int cnt=0;
50         for(int i=0; i<=(b-a);i++) {
51             if (P[T[i]+2]) {
52                 cout << (cnt++?" ":"") << i+a;
53             }
54         }
55         if (!cnt) cout << -1;
56         cout << endl;
57     }
58 }
59

```

uva/1247.cpp

```

1  //1247
2  //Interstar Transport
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 30
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Edge {
15     int u, v, c;
16     Edge(int u, int v, int c) : u(u), v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Edge& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 };
19
20 int G[MAX][MAX];
21 int V[MAX];
22 int D[MAX];
23 int n, m;
24
25 void show(int t) {
26     if (D[t] != t) {
27         show(D[t]);
28         cout << " ";
29     }
30
31     cout << (char)(t+'A');
32 }
33

```

```

34 int shortest(int a, int b) {
35     memset(V, 0x3f, sizeof(V));
36     priority_queue<Edge> Q;
37     Q.push(Edge(a, a, 0));
38
39     while(!Q.empty()) {
40         Edge item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
41         if (item.c >= V[item.v]) continue;
42         V[item.v] = item.c;
43         D[item.v] = item.u;
44
45         for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
46             if (G[item.v][j]) {
47                 Edge e = Edge(item.v, j, item.c+G[item.v][j]);
48                 if (e.c <= V[e.v])
49                     Q.push(e);
50             }
51         }
52     }
53     show(b); cout << endl;
54 }
55
56 int main() {
57     while(cin >> n >> m) {
58         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
59
60         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
61             char a, b; int c;
62             cin >> a >> b >> c;
63             G[a-'A'][b-'A'] = G[b-'A'][a-'A'] = c;
64         }
65
66         int k; cin >> k;
67         while(k--) {
68             char a, b; cin >> a >> b;
69             shortest(a-'A', b-'A');
70         }
71     }
72     return 0;
73 }

```

uva/1251.cpp

```

1 //1251
2 //Repeated Substitution with Sed
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <queue>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <set>
8 #define MAX 1000
9 using namespace std;
10
11 struct Item {
12     string s;
13     int c;
14     Item(string s, int c) : s(s), c(c) {}
15 };
16
17 string replace(string str, string from, string to) {
18     if(from.empty())
19         return str;
20     int start_pos = 0;
21     while((start_pos = str.find(from, start_pos)) != string::npos) {
22         str.replace(start_pos, from.length(), to);
23         start_pos += to.length();
24     }
25     return str;
26 }
27
28 int n;
29 string A[MAX], B[MAX];
30
31 int main() {
32     while(cin >> n, n) {
33         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
34             cin >> A[i] >> B[i];
35         string a, b;
36         cin >> a >> b;
37
38         queue<Item> Q;

```

```

39     set<string> S;
40     Q.push(Item(a, 0));
41
42     int answer = -1;
43     while(!Q.empty()) {
44         Item e = Q.front(); Q.pop();
45         if (e.s == b) {
46             answer = e.c;
47             break;
48         }
49
50         if (S.find(e.s) != S.end()) continue;
51         S.insert(e.s);
52
53         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
54             string s = replace(e.s, A[i], B[i]);
55             if (S.find(s) != S.end() || s.size() > 10) continue;
56             Q.push(Item(s, e.c+1));
57         }
58     }
59
60     cout << answer << endl;
61 }
62 }
63
64 }

```

uva/1263.cpp

```

1  //1263
2  //Mines
3  //Graphs;Topological Sorting
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAX 2001
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int n;
10 bool V[MAX], G[MAX][MAX];
11 int X[MAX], Y[MAX], D[MAX], O[MAX], npv;
12
13 inline int abs(int a) {
14     return a>0?a:-a;
15 }
16
17 void dfs(int v, bool sort){
18     V[v] = true;
19     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
20         if (G[v][i] && !V[i])
21             dfs(i, sort);
22     if (sort)
23         O[++npv] = v;
24 }
25
26 int main() {
27     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
28     while(cin >> n) {
29         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
30         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
31             cin >> X[i] >> Y[i] >> D[i];
32         }
33         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
34             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
35                 int r = D[i]/2;
36                 if (abs(X[j]-X[i])<=r && abs(Y[j]-Y[i]) <=r && i!=j)
37                     G[i][j] = true;
38             }
39         }
40
41         npv = 0;
42         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
43         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
44
45         for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
46             if(!V[i]) dfs(i, true);
47
48         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
49
50         int comp = 0;
51         for(int i = n; i > 0; i--)
52             if(!V[O[i]]) {

```

```

53         comp++;
54         dfs(0[i], false);
55     }
56
57     cout << comp << endl;
58 }
59
60 return 0;
61 }

```

uva/1265.cpp

```

1  //1265
2  //Tour Belt
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Kruskal
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <vector>
7  #include <set>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <cassert>
10 using namespace std;
11
12 struct Edge {
13     int x, y, v;
14     Edge() {}
15     Edge(int x, int y, int v) : x(x), y(y), v(v) {}
16
17     inline bool operator <(const Edge& that) const {
18         return this->v > that.v;
19     }
20 };
21
22 Edge E[5006*2506];
23 int A[5006][5006], B[5006][5006];
24 int P[5002], C[5002];
25
26 inline int findset(int v) {
27     if (P[v] != v)
28         return P[v] = findset(P[v]);
29     return v;
30 }
31
32 inline int unionset(int x, int y) {
33     int a = findset(x), b = findset(y);
34     if (a==b) return 0;
35     if (a>b) swap(a,b);
36     P[b] = a;
37     C[a] += C[b];
38     C[b] = 0;
39     return a;
40 }
41
42 int main() {
43     int tt; cin >> tt;
44
45     while(tt--) {
46         int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
47         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
48             P[i] = i;
49             C[i] = 1;
50
51             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
52                 A[i][j] = 1<<29;
53                 B[i][j] = 0;
54             }
55         }
56
57         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
58             int x, y, v;
59             cin >> x >> y >> v;
60             E[i] = Edge(x, y, v);
61
62             A[x][y] = A[y][x] = B[x][y] = B[y][x] = v;
63         }
64
65         sort(E, E+m);
66
67         int total = 0;
68         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
69             int x = findset(E[i].x), y = findset(E[i].y);

```

```

70         if (x==y) continue;
71
72         int a = unionset(x, y);
73
74         int outside = 0, inside = 1<<29;
75         for(int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
76             A[a][j] = A[j][a] = min(A[x][j], A[y][j]);
77             B[a][j] = B[j][a] = max(B[x][j], B[y][j]);
78
79             if (findset(a) == findset(j))
80                 inside = min(inside, A[a][j]);
81             else
82                 outside = max(outside, B[a][j]);
83         }
84
85         if (inside > outside)
86             total += C[a];
87     }
88
89     cout << total << endl;
90
91 }
92 }

```

uva/10003.cpp

```

1  //10003
2  //Cutting Sticks
3  //Dynamic Programming;Matrix Multiplication
4  #define MAX 1001
5  #include <iostream>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <climits>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int T[MAX][MAX], S[MAX], n;
11 bool V[MAX][MAX];
12
13 int TT(int a, int b) {
14     if (a+1==b) return 0;
15     if (V[a][b]) return T[a][b];
16
17     int minn = INT_MAX;
18     for(int i=a+1; i<b; i++)
19         minn = min(minn, TT(a,i) + TT(i,b) + S[b]-S[a]);
20
21     V[a][b] = true;
22     return T[a][b] = minn;
23 }
24
25 int main() {
26     int t;
27     while(cin >> t, t) {
28         cin >> n;
29
30         memset(S, 0, sizeof(S));
31         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
32         S[0] = 0;
33         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
34             cin >> S[i];
35         }
36         S[n+1] = t;
37
38         cout << "The minimum cutting is " << TT(0, n+1) << "." << endl;
39     }
40 }
41 }

```

uva/10015.cpp

```

1  //10015
2  //Joseph's Cousin
3  //Dynamic Programming;Josephus Problem
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <vector>
6  #define MAX 35000
7  #define MAX2 3503
8  using namespace std;
9

```

```

10  bool P[MAX];
11  vector<int> W;
12  int T[MAX2][MAX2];
13
14  int main() {
15      P[0] = P[1] = true;
16      for(int i=2; i<MAX; i++) {
17          if (!P[i]) {
18              W.push_back(i);
19              for(int j=i*i; j<MAX; j+=i)
20                  P[j] = true;
21          }
22      }
23
24      for(int i=2; i<MAX2; i++)
25          for(int j=0; j<MAX2-1; j++)
26              T[i][j] = (W[j] + T[i-1][j+1])%i;
27
28      int n;
29      while(cin >> n, n) {
30          cout << T[n][0]+1 << endl;
31      }
32
33  }

```

uva/10018.cpp

```

1  //10018
2  //Reverse and Add
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  using namespace std;
6
7  long reverse(long a) {
8      long b = 0;
9      while(a) {
10         b = b*10 + a%10;
11         a /= 10;
12     }
13     return b;
14 }
15
16 int main() {
17     int n;
18     cin >> n;
19     while(n--) {
20         long a; cin >> a;
21         for(int i=1; i<=1000; i++) {
22             a = a + reverse(a);
23             if (a == reverse(a)) {
24                 cout << i << " " << a << endl;
25                 break;
26             }
27         }
28     }
29 }

```

uva/10035.cpp

```

1  //10035
2  //Primary Arithmetic
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  using namespace std;
6
7  int main() {
8      int a, b;
9      while(cin >> a >> b, a|b) {
10         int carries = 0;
11         int c = 0;
12         while(a|b) {
13             int s = a%10 + b%10 + c;
14             c = s/10;
15             if (c) carries++;
16
17             a/=10;
18             b/=10;
19         }
20     }

```

```

21         if (carries == 0) {
22             cout << "No carry operation." << endl;
23         } else if (carries==1) {
24             cout << "1 carry operation." << endl;
25         } else {
26             cout << carries << " carry operations." << endl;
27         }
28     }
29 }

```

uva/10044.cpp

```

1  //10044
2  //Erdos Number
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <vector>
9  #include <queue>
10 #include <map>
11 #define MAX 5000
12 using namespace std;
13
14 vector<int> G[MAX];
15 int n, m;
16 bool V[MAX];
17 map<string, int> A;
18
19 struct Step {
20     int x, v;
21     Step() {}
22     Step(int x, int v) : x(x), v(v) {}
23 };
24
25 queue<Step> Q;
26
27 int author(const string& a) {
28     if (A.find(a) != A.end())
29         return A[a];
30     else
31         return A[a] = A.size()-1;
32 }
33
34
35 char C[MAX];
36 void parseAuthors(const string& s) {
37     vector<int> TA;
38     int commas = 0, chars=0;
39     for(int i=0;i<s.size();i++) {
40         char c = s[i];
41         if (chars == 0 && c == ' ') continue;
42
43         if ((c==',' || c==':') && ++commas == 2) {
44             TA.push_back(author(string(C, chars)));
45             chars = commas = 0;
46         } else {
47             C[chars++] = c;
48         }
49     }
50     for(int i=0;i<TA.size(); i++) {
51         for(int j=i+1;j<TA.size(); j++) {
52             G[TA[i]].push_back(TA[j]);
53             G[TA[j]].push_back(TA[i]);
54         }
55     }
56 }
57
58
59 int main() {
60     string s;
61     int t=0, tt;
62     cin >> tt;
63     while(t++ < tt) {
64         cin >> n >> m;
65         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
66         A.clear();
67         getline(cin, s);
68         while(n-->0) {
69             getline(cin, s);

```

```

70     parseAuthors(s);
71 }
72
73 cout << "Scenario " << t << endl;
74 for(int i=0;i<m;i++) {
75     bool stop;
76     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
77     getline(cin, s);
78     int b = author(s);
79     Q = queue<Step>();
80     Q.push(Step(author("Erdos, P."), 0));
81     bool found = false;
82
83     while(!Q.empty()) {
84         Step it = Q.front(); Q.pop();
85         if (it.x == b) {
86             cout << s << " " << it.v << endl;
87             found = true;
88             break;
89         }
90
91         V[it.x] = true;
92
93         for(int i=0; i<G[it.x].size(); i++)
94             if (!V[G[it.x][i]]) Q.push(Step(G[it.x][i], it.v+1));
95     }
96     if (!found) cout << s << " infinity" << endl;
97 }
98 }
99 return 0;
100 }

```

uva/10051.cpp

```

1  //10051
2  //Tower of Cubes
3  //Dynamic Programming;Longest Increasing Subsequence
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #include <climits>
9  #define MAX 501
10 #define MAXC 101
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int T[MAX][MAXC], F[MAX][MAXC], P[MAX][MAXC];
14 int A[6];
15
16 string translate(int side) {
17     switch(side) {
18         case 0: return "front";
19         case 1: return "back";
20         case 2: return "left";
21         case 3: return "right";
22         case 4: return "top";
23         case 5: return "bottom";
24     }
25 }
26
27 void print(int first, int k) {
28     if (k==0) return;
29
30     print(F[k][first], k-1);
31     cout << T[k][first] << " " << translate(P[k][first]) << endl;
32 }
33
34 int main() {
35     int n, n2, t;
36     while(cin >> n, n) {
37         if (t++) cout << endl;
38         cout << "Case #" << t << endl;
39
40         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
41
42         for(int i=1;i<=MAXC; i++) {
43             T[0][i] = 1;
44         }
45         int k = 0;
46
47         for(int cube=1;cube<=n;cube++) {

```



```

48     for(int i=0;i<6;i++) cin >> A[i];
49     int newk = k;
50     for(int j=k; j>=0; j--) {
51         for(int i=0;i<6;i++) {
52             int other = (i/2*2)+(1-i%2);
53             if (T[j][A[i]] && !T[j+1][A[other]]) {
54                 T[j+1][A[other]] = cube;
55                 F[j+1][A[other]] = A[i];
56                 P[j+1][A[other]] = i;
57                 newk = max(newk, j+1);
58             }
59         }
60     }
61     k=newk;
62 }
63
64 cout << k << endl;
65
66 int first=0;
67 for(int i=1;i<=100;i++)
68     if (T[k][i]) first=i;
69
70 print(first, k);
71 }
72
73 return 0;
74 }

```

uva/10065.cpp

```

1  //10065
2  //Useless Tile Packers
3  //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull;Monotone Chain
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Point {
11     int x, y;
12
13     Point() {}
14     Point(int x, int y) : x(x), y(y) {}
15
16     bool left(Point& a, Point& b) {
17         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x) < 0;
18     }
19
20     bool operator <(const Point& p) const {
21         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
22         return this->y < p.y;
23     }
24
25     bool operator ==(const Point& p) const {
26         return this->x == p.x and this->y == p.y;
27     }
28 };
29
30
31 double area(Point* A, int a) {
32     double area = 0;
33     for(int i=0; i<a; i++) {
34         int j = (i+1)%a;
35         area += (A[i].x + A[j].x) * (A[i].y - A[j].y);
36     }
37     return area / 2;
38 }
39
40 int convexHull(Point* P, int n, Point* S) {
41     sort(P, P+n);
42
43     int m=0;
44     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
45         while(m >= 2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
46         S[m++] = P[i];
47     }
48     m--;
49
50     for(int i=n-1, k=m; i >= 0; i--) {
51         while(m >= k+2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;

```

```

52         S[m++] = P[i];
53     }
54     m--;
55
56     return m;
57 }
58
59 Point P[110], S[110];
60
61 int main() {
62     int n, tt=0;
63     while(cin >> n, n) {
64         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
65             int x, y; cin >> x >> y;
66             P[i] = Point(x, y);
67         }
68
69         double original = abs(area(P, n));
70
71         int m = convexHull(P, n, S);
72         double modified = abs(area(S, m));
73         double ratio = 100*(1.0-(original/modified));
74
75         cout << "Tile #" << ++tt << endl;
76         cout << "Wasted Space = " << fixed << setprecision(2) << ratio << " %" << endl;
77         cout << endl;
78     }
79
80 }
81

```

uva/10066.cpp

```

1  //10066
2  //The Twin Towers
3  //Dynamic Programming;Longest Common Subsequence
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #define MAX 105
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 int P[MAX], Q[MAX];
13
14 int main() {
15     int p, q, tt=0;
16     while(cin >> p >> q, tt++, p&&q) {
17         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
18
19         for(int i=0; i<p; i++) cin >> P[i];
20         for(int i=0; i<q; i++) cin >> Q[i];
21
22         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) T[i][0] = 0;
23         for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) T[0][i] = 0;
24
25         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
26             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
27                 if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1])
28                     T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1] + 1;
29                 else
30                     T[i][j] = max(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]);
31             }
32         }
33         cout << "Twin Towers #" << tt << endl;
34         cout << "Number of Tiles : " << T[p][q] << endl;
35         cout << endl;
36     }
37
38     return 0;
39 }

```

uva/10090.cpp

```

1  //10090
2  //Marbles
3  //Math;Extended Euclid
4  #include <iostream>

```

```

5  #define ull long long
6  using namespace std;
7
8  ull euclid(ull a, ull b, ull& rx, ull& ry) {
9      if (!b) return rx=1, ry=0, a;
10
11      ull q = a/b;
12      ull x, y;
13      ull g = euclid(b, a-q*b, x, y);
14      return rx=y, ry=x-q*y, g;
15  }
16
17  ull solve(ull a, ull b, ull c) {
18      ull x, y;
19      ull g = euclid(a, b, x, y);
20      if (c%g) return -1;
21      ull ag=a/g, bg=b/g, cg=c/g;
22      return (x*cg%bg+bg)%bg;
23  }
24
25  int main() {
26      ull n, c1, n1, c2, n2;
27
28      while(cin >> n, n) {
29          cin >> c1 >> n1 >> c2 >> n2;
30
31          ull sol1=solve(n1, n2, n), sol2=solve(n2, n1, n);
32
33          ull sol12=(n-n1*sol1)/n2, sol21=(n-n2*sol2)/n1;
34
35          if (sol1 < 0 || sol12 < 0) {
36              cout << "failed" << endl;
37              continue;
38          }
39
40          ull cos1=c1*sol1+sol12*c2;
41          ull cos2=c2*sol2+sol21*c1;
42          if (cos1 < cos2)
43              cout << sol1 << " " << sol12 << endl;
44          else
45              cout << sol21 << " " << sol2 << endl;
46      }
47  }

```

uva/10092.cpp

```

1  //10092
2  //The Problem with the Problem Setter
3  //Graphs;Maximum Flow;Ford-Fulkerson
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #include <climits>
10 #define MAX 1100
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int G[MAX][MAX], nk, np, n;
14 bool V[MAX];
15
16 int SOURCE() { return 1; }
17 int P(int i) { return 1+i; }
18 int K(int i) { return 1+np+i; }
19 int TARGET() { return 2+np+nk; }
20
21 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
22     V[s] = true;
23
24     if (s==t) return minn;
25     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
26         if (!V[i] && G[s][i] > 0) {
27             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]))) {
28                 G[s][i] -= sent;
29                 G[i][s] += sent;
30                 return sent;
31             }
32         }
33     }
34     return 0;
35 }

```

```

36
37 int main() {
38     int tmp, tmp2;
39     while(cin >> nk >> np, nk|np) {
40         n = nk+np+2;
41         int expected = 0;
42         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
43         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
44
45         for(int i=1; i<=nk; i++) {
46             cin >> tmp;
47             expected += tmp;
48             G[K(i)][TARGET()] = tmp;
49         }
50
51         for(int i=1; i<=np; i++) {
52             cin >> tmp;
53             G[SOURCE()][P(i)] = 1;
54             for(int j=0; j<tmp; j++) {
55                 cin >> tmp2;
56                 G[P(i)][K(tmp2)] = 1;
57             }
58         }
59
60         int total = 0;
61         while(int sent = send(SOURCE(), TARGET(), INT_MAX)) {
62             total += sent;
63             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
64         }
65         cout << (expected == total ? 1: 0) << endl;
66         if (expected == total) {
67             for(int i=K(1); i<=K(nk); i++) {
68                 bool printed = false;
69                 for(int j=P(1); j<=P(np); j++) {
70                     if (G[i][j]) {
71                         cout << (printed?" ":"") << (j-1);
72                         printed = true;
73                     }
74                 }
75                 cout << endl;
76             }
77         }
78     }
79 }

```

uva/10104.cpp

```

1 //10104
2 //Euclid Problem
3 //Math;Extended Euclid
4 #include <iostream>
5 #define ull long long
6 using namespace std;
7
8 int euclid(int a, int b, int& rx, int& ry) {
9     if (!b) return rx=1, ry=0, a;
10
11     int q = a/b;
12     int x, y;
13     int g = euclid(b, a-q*b, x, y);
14     return rx=y, ry=x-q*y, g;
15 }
16
17 int main() {
18     int a, b;
19
20     while(cin >> a >> b) {
21         int x, y;
22         int d = euclid(a,b,x,y);
23
24         cout << x << " " << y << " " << d << endl;
25     }
26 }

```

uva/10113.cpp

```

1 //10113
2 //Exchange Rates
3 //Graphs;DFS

```

```

4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <vector>
6  #include <map>
7  #include <set>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <string>
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int gcd(int a, int b) {
13     while(b)
14         swap(a=a%b,b);
15     return a;
16 }
17
18 struct Edge {
19     string s;
20     int a, b;
21     Edge() : a(0), b(0) { }
22     Edge(string s, int a, int b) : s(s), a(a), b(b) {}
23
24     Edge next(Edge e) {
25         int na = a*e.a, nb = b*e.b;
26         int g = gcd(na, nb);
27         na /= g; nb /= g;
28         return Edge(e.s, na, nb);
29     }
30
31     bool valid() { return a!=0; }
32 };
33
34 map<string, vector<Edge> > G;
35 set<string> V;
36
37 Edge dfs(Edge e, string target) {
38     if (e.s == target) return e;
39     V.insert(e.s);
40     vector<Edge> ve = G[e.s];
41
42     for(int i=0; i<ve.size(); i++) {
43         if (V.find(ve[i].s) == V.end()) {
44             Edge other = dfs(e.next(ve[i]), target);
45             if (other.valid()) return other;
46         }
47     }
48
49     return Edge();
50 }
51
52 int main() {
53     string cmd;
54
55     while(cin >> cmd, cmd!=".") {
56         string s1, s2, temp;
57         if (cmd == "!") {
58             int x, y;
59             cin >> x >> s1 >> temp >> y >> s2;
60             G[s1].push_back(Edge(s2, x, y));
61             G[s2].push_back(Edge(s1, y, x));
62         } else if (cmd == "?") {
63             cin >> s1 >> temp >> s2;
64             V.clear();
65             Edge e = dfs(Edge(s1, 1, 1), s2);
66             if (e.valid())
67                 cout << e.a << " " << s1 << " = " << e.b << " " << s2 << endl;
68             else
69                 cout << "? " << s1 << " = ? " << s2 << endl;
70         }
71     }
72 }
73
74 }

```

uva/10154.cpp

```

1  //10154
2  //Weights and Measures
3  //Dynamic Programming; Longest Increasing Subsequence
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>

```

```

8  #include <climits>
9  #include <vector>
10 #include <algorithm>
11 #define MAX 10005
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Turtle {
15     int w,c;
16     Turtle() {}
17     Turtle(int w, int c) : w(w), c(c) {}
18 };
19
20 bool compare(const Turtle& a, const Turtle& b) {
21     return a.c > b.c;
22 }
23
24 vector<Turtle> V;
25 int T[MAX];
26 int main() {
27     int w, c, k=0;
28     T[0] = INT_MAX;
29
30     while(cin >> w >> c) {
31         V.push_back(Turtle(w, c-w));
32     }
33     sort(V.begin(), V.end(), compare);
34
35     for(int i=0; i<V.size(); i++) {
36         int w = V[i].w, c = V[i].c;
37
38         for(int j=k; j>=0; j--) {
39             int next = min(T[j]-w, c);
40             if (next >= T[j+1]) {
41                 T[j+1] = next;
42                 k=max(k, j+1);
43             }
44         }
45     }
46     cout << k << endl;
47
48     return 0;
49 }

```

uva/10158.cpp

```

1  //10158
2  //War
3  //Misc;Union-Find
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <map>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <cstring>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int P[20000];
12
13 inline int enemy(int v) { return v+10000; }
14
15 inline int findset(int v) {
16     if (P[v] != -1 && P[v] != v)
17         return P[v] = findset(P[v]);
18     return v;
19 }
20
21 inline int unionset(int x, int y) {
22     int a = findset(x), b = findset(y);
23     if (a<b) swap(a,b);
24     P[b] = a;
25 }
26
27 int main() {
28     memset(P, -1, sizeof(P));
29     int n, c, x, y;
30     cin >> n;
31     while(cin >> c >> x >> y, c|x|y) {
32         if (c==1) {
33             if (findset(x) == findset(enemy(y))) { cout << -1 << endl; continue; }
34             unionset(x, y);
35             unionset(enemy(x), enemy(y));
36         } else if (c==2) {

```

```

37         if (findset(x) == findset(y)) { cout << -1 << endl; continue; }
38         unionset(x, enemy(y));
39         unionset(enemy(x), y);
40     } else if (c==3) {
41         cout << (findset(x) == findset(y)) << endl;
42     } else if (c==4) {
43         cout << (findset(x) == findset(enemy(y))) << endl;
44     }
45 }
46 }

```

uva/10189.cpp

```

1 //10189
2 //Minesweeper
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 using namespace std;
7
8 char T[200][200];
9 int N[200][200];
10 int n, m, t=0;
11
12 void add(int i, int j) {
13     if (i<0 || i>=n || j<0 || j>=m) return;
14     N[i][j]++;
15 }
16
17 int main() {
18     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
19         memset(N, 0, sizeof(N));
20         for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
21             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) {
22                 cin >> T[i][j];
23                 if (T[i][j] == '*') {
24                     add(i-1, j-1);
25                     add(i-1, j);
26                     add(i-1, j+1);
27                     add(i, j-1);
28                     add(i, j+1);
29                     add(i+1, j-1);
30                     add(i+1, j);
31                     add(i+1, j+1);
32                 }
33             }
34         }
35
36         if (t++>0) cout << endl;
37         cout << "Field #" << t << ":" << endl;
38         for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
39             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) {
40                 if (T[i][j] == '*')
41                     cout << T[i][j];
42                 else
43                     cout << N[i][j];
44             }
45             cout << endl;
46         }
47     }
48 }

```

uva/10192.cpp

```

1 //10192
2 //Vacation
3 //Dynamic Programming;Longest Common Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #define MAX 1005
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 string P, Q;
13
14 int main() {
15     int p, q, tt=0;

```

```

16     while(getline(cin, P), P!="#") {
17         tt++;
18         getline(cin, Q);
19         int p = P.size(), q = Q.size();
20
21         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
22
23         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) T[i][0] = 0;
24         for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) T[0][i] = 0;
25
26         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
27             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
28                 if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1])
29                     T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1] + 1;
30                 else
31                     T[i][j] = max(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]);
32             }
33         }
34         cout << "Case #" << tt << ": you can visit at most " << T[p][q] << " cities." << endl;
35     }
36
37     return 0;
38 }

```

uva/10199.cpp

```

1  //10199
2  //Tourist Guide
3  //Graphs;Finding Articulation Points
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <map>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #define MAX 1001
10 using namespace std;
11 int G[MAX][MAX], V[MAX], L[MAX], P[MAX], n, m, gpe;
12 map<string, int> S;
13 string SR[MAX];
14 vector<string> F;
15
16 void dfs(int u, int v) {
17     V[v] = L[v] = ++gpe;
18     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
19         if(G[v][i]) {
20             if(!V[i]){
21                 dfs(v, i);
22                 L[v] = min(L[v], L[i]);
23                 if(L[i] >= V[v])
24                     P[v]++;
25             } else if(i != u) {
26                 L[v] = min(L[v], V[i]);
27             }
28         }
29     }
30 }
31
32 int main() {
33     int tt = 0;
34     while(cin >> n, n) {
35         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
36         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
37         memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
38         memset(P, 0, sizeof(P));
39         S.clear();
40         F.clear();
41         gpe = 0;
42
43         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
44             string s; cin >> s;
45             S[s] = i;
46             SR[i] = s;
47         }
48
49         cin >> m;
50         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
51             string s1, s2; cin >> s1 >> s2;
52             int a = S[s1], b = S[s2];
53             G[a][b] = G[b][a] = 1;
54         }
55     }

```



```

56     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
57         if (!V[i]) {
58             dfs(i, i);
59             P[i]--;
60         }
61     }
62
63     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
64         if (P[i]>0)
65             F.push_back(SR[i]);
66
67     sort(F.begin(), F.end());
68
69     if (tt) cout << endl;
70
71     cout << "City map #" << ++tt << ": " << F.size() << " camera(s) found" << endl;
72     for(int i=0; i<F.size(); i++)
73         cout << F[i] << endl;
74 }
75 }

```

uva/10243.cpp

```

1  //10243
2  //Fire! Fire! Fire!
3  //Graphs;DFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <queue>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #define MAX 1005
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int n;
13 bool G[MAX][MAX];
14 bool L[MAX];
15 bool V[MAX];
16
17 void dfs(int v, bool start) {
18     //cout << "*" << v << endl;
19     if (V[v]) return;
20     V[v] = true;
21     bool all = true;
22     int children = 0;
23     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
24         if (G[v][i] && !V[i]) {
25             dfs(i, false);
26             all &= L[i];
27             children++;
28         }
29     }
30     if (!all && children > 0 || start && children==0)
31         L[v] = true;
32 }
33
34 int main() {
35     int a, b, m;
36
37     while(cin >> n, n) {
38         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
39         memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
40         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
41
42         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
43             cin >> m;
44             for(int j=0; j<m; j++) {
45                 cin >> a;
46                 a--;
47                 G[i][a] = G[a][i] = true;
48             }
49         }
50
51         int count = 0;
52         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
53             dfs(i, true);
54             if (L[i]) count++;
55         }
56
57         cout << count << endl;
58     }

```

```

59 |
60 |
61 |
62 | }

```

uva/10259.cpp

```

1  //10259
2  //Hippity Hopscotch
3  //Graphs;DFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #include <climits>
9  #define MAX 101
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int T[MAX][MAX], M[MAX][MAX], n, k;
13
14 int walk(int x, int y, int curr) {
15     if (x < 0 || x >= n || y < 0 || y >= n) return 0;
16     if (T[x][y] <= curr) return 0;
17     if (M[x][y] >= 0) return M[x][y];
18
19     int maxx = 0;
20     for(int i=1; i<=k; i++) {
21         maxx = max(maxx, walk(x-i, y, T[x][y])+T[x][y]);
22         maxx = max(maxx, walk(x+i, y, T[x][y])+T[x][y]);
23         maxx = max(maxx, walk(x, y-i, T[x][y])+T[x][y]);
24         maxx = max(maxx, walk(x, y+i, T[x][y])+T[x][y]);
25     }
26     return M[x][y] = maxx;
27 }
28
29 int main() {
30     int t;
31     cin >> t;
32     while(t--) {
33         cin >> n >> k;
34         memset(M, -1, sizeof(M));
35         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
36             for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
37                 cin >> T[i][j];
38
39         cout << walk(0,0, -1) << endl;
40         if (t) cout << endl;
41     }
42
43     return 0;
44 }

```

uva/10278.cpp

```

1  //10278
2  //Fire Station
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Floyd-Warshall
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <sstream>
9  #include <cmath>
10 #include <climits>
11 #define MAX 502
12 using namespace std;
13
14 int G[MAX][MAX], f, n;
15 bool F[MAX];
16
17 int main() {
18     int t; cin >> t;
19     string s;
20     while(t--) {
21         cin >> f >> n;
22         memset(G, 0x3F, sizeof(G));
23         memset(F, 0, sizeof(F));
24
25         for(int i=0; i<f; i++) {

```

```

26     int a; cin >> a; F[a] = true;
27 }
28 getline(cin, s);
29 while(getline(cin, s), cin && s!="") {
30     int a, b, c;
31     stringstream inter(s);
32     inter >> a >> b >> c;
33     G[a][b] = G[b][a] = c;
34 }
35
36
37 for(int k=1; k<=n; k++) {
38     G[k][k] = 0;
39     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
40         for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
41             G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
42 }
43
44 int minn = INT_MAX, minv;
45 for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
46     int maxx = 0;
47     for(int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
48         int nearest = INT_MAX;
49         for(int k=1; k<=n; k++) {
50             if (!F[k] && k!=i) continue;
51             nearest = min(nearest, G[k][j]);
52         }
53         maxx = max(maxx, nearest);
54     }
55     if (maxx < minn) {
56         minn = maxx;
57         minv = i;
58     }
59 }
60 cout << minv << endl;
61 if (t) cout << endl;
62 }
63 }

```

uva/10298.cpp

```

1  //10298
2  //Power Strings
3  //Misc;String Matching;KMP
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 1000010
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int F[MAX];
11
12 void kmp_init(string& P) {
13     F[0] = 0; F[1] = 0;
14     int i = 1, j = 0;
15     while(i<P.size()) {
16         if (P[i] == P[j])
17             F[++i] = ++j;
18         else if (j == 0)
19             F[++i] = 0;
20         else
21             j = F[j];
22     }
23 }
24
25 int kmp(string& P, string& T, int start) {
26     kmp_init(P);
27     int i = start, j = 0;
28     int n = T.size(), m = P.size();
29
30     while(i-j <= n-m) {
31         while(j < m) {
32             if (P[j] == T[i]) {
33                 i++; j++;
34             } else break;
35         }
36         if (j == m) return i-m;
37         else if (j == 0) i++;
38         j = F[j];
39     }
40 }

```

```

41 |
42 |
43 | int main() {
44 |     string P, T;
45 |     while(cin >> P, P!=".") {
46 |         T = P+P;
47 |         cout << P.size() / kmp(P, T, 1) << endl;
48 |     }
49 | }

```

uva/10300.cpp

```

1 | //10300
2 | //Ecological Premium
3 | //Misc;Ad hoc
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | using namespace std;
6 |
7 | int main() {
8 |     int n, f;
9 |     cin >> n;
10 |    while(n--){
11 |        cin >> f;
12 |        double total = 0;
13 |        for(int i=0; i<f; i++){
14 |            double a, b, c;
15 |            cin >> a >> b >> c;
16 |            total += a*c;
17 |        }
18 |        cout << (int)total << endl;
19 |    }
20 | }

```

uva/10304.cpp

```

1 | //10304
2 | //Optimal Binary Search Tree
3 | //Dynamic Programming;Optimal Search Tree
4 | #define MAX 252
5 | #include <iostream>
6 | #include <cstring>
7 | #include <climits>
8 | using namespace std;
9 |
10 | int T[MAX][MAX], S[MAX], n;
11 | bool V[MAX][MAX];
12 |
13 | int TT(int a, int b) {
14 |     if (b < a) return 0;
15 |     if (V[a][b]) return T[a][b];
16 |
17 |     int minn = INT_MAX;
18 |     for(int i=a; i<=b; i++){
19 |         minn = min(minn, TT(a,i-1) + TT(i+1,b) + (S[b]-S[a-1])-(S[i]-S[i-1]));
20 |
21 |         V[a][b] = true;
22 |         return T[a][b] = minn;
23 |     }
24 |
25 | int main() {
26 |     while(cin >> n) {
27 |         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
28 |         S[0] = 0;
29 |         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){
30 |             cin >> S[i];
31 |             S[i] += S[i-1];
32 |         }
33 |
34 |         cout << TT(1, n) << endl;
35 |
36 |     }
37 | }

```

uva/10316.cpp

```

1 | //10316
2 | //Airline Hub

```

```

3 //Math;Geometry;Great-Circle Distance
4 #define PI 3.14159265
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <cmath>
7 #include <iomanip>
8 #include <algorithm>
9 using namespace std;
10
11 struct Point {
12     double x, y;
13     double dx, dy;
14
15     Point() {}
16     Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {
17         dx = x/180.0*PI;
18         dy = y/180.0*PI;
19     }
20
21     double distance(Point& p) {
22         return acos(cos(p.dx) * cos(this->dx) * cos(this->dy - p.dy) + sin(p.dx) * sin(this->dx));
23     }
24 };
25
26 Point P[1050];
27
28 int main() {
29     int n;
30     while(cin >> n) {
31         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
32             double x,y; cin >> x >> y;
33             P[i] = Point(x,y);
34         }
35
36         double minn = 1000000000;
37         int mini = 0;
38         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
39             double maxx = 0;
40             for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
41                 maxx = max(maxx, P[i].distance(P[j]));
42
43             if (maxx < minn || abs(maxx - minn) < 1e-6) {
44                 mini = i;
45                 minn = maxx;
46             }
47         }
48
49         cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << P[mini].x << " " << P[mini].y << endl;
50     }
51 }
52
53 }

```

uva/10319.cpp

```

1 //10319
2 //Manhattan
3 //Graphs;2-SAT
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <vector>
8 #define MAX 1000
9 using namespace std;
10
11 vector<int> G[MAX*2], T[MAX*2];
12 int O[MAX*2], V[MAX*2], npv, n, s, a;
13
14 int neg(int x) {
15     if (x>=n) return x-n;
16     return x+n;
17 }
18
19 int av(int x) {
20     return s+x;
21 }
22
23 int st(int x) {
24     return x;
25 }
26
27 void DFS(int v){

```

```

28     V[v] = 1;
29     for(int i = 0; i < G[v].size(); i++)
30         if (!V[G[v][i]])
31             DFS(G[v][i]);
32     O[npv++] = v;
33 }
34
35 void DFSt(int v, int comp){
36     V[v] = comp;
37     for(int i = 0; i < T[v].size(); i++)
38         if (!V[T[v][i]])
39             DFSt(T[v][i], comp);
40 }
41
42
43 int main() {
44     int m;
45     int tt; cin >> tt;
46     while(tt--){
47         cin >> s >> a >> m;
48         n = (s+a);
49
50         for(int i=0;i<2*n; i++) {
51             G[i].clear();
52             T[i].clear();
53         }
54
55         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
56             int s1, a1, s2, a2;
57             cin >> s1 >> a1 >> s2 >> a2;
58             s1--; a1--; s2--; a2--;
59
60             s1 = st(s1); s2=st(s2);
61             a1 = av(a1); a2=av(a2);
62
63             if (a1 == a2 && s1 == s2)
64                 continue;
65
66             if (a2<a1) {
67                 s1 = neg(s1);
68                 s2 = neg(s2);
69             }
70
71             if (s2<s1) {
72                 a1 = neg(a1);
73                 a2 = neg(a2);
74             }
75
76             if (a1 == a2) {
77                 G[neg(a1)].push_back(a1);
78                 continue;
79             }
80
81             if (s1 == s2) {
82                 G[neg(s1)].push_back(s1);
83                 continue;
84             }
85
86             G[neg(s1)].push_back(a1);
87             G[neg(a1)].push_back(s1);
88
89             G[neg(s1)].push_back(s2);
90             G[neg(s2)].push_back(s1);
91
92             G[neg(a2)].push_back(a1);
93             G[neg(a1)].push_back(a2);
94
95             G[neg(a2)].push_back(s2);
96             G[neg(s2)].push_back(a2);
97         }
98
99         for(int i=0; i<2*n; i++)
100             for(int j=0; j<G[i].size(); j++)
101                 T[G[i][j]].push_back(i);
102
103
104         npv = 0;
105         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
106         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
107
108         for(int i = 0; i < 2*n; i++)
109             if(!V[i]) DFS(i);

```

```

110
111     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
112
113     int comp = 0;
114     for(int i = 2*n-1; i >= 0; i--)
115         if(!V[0[i]])
116             DFSt(0[i], ++comp);
117
118     bool result = true;
119     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
120         result &= V[i] != V[neg(i)];
121     }
122
123     cout << (result ? "Yes" : "No") << endl;
124 }
125 }

```

uva/10389.cpp

```

1 //10389
2 //Subway
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <climits>
7 #include <vector>
8 #include <algorithm>
9 #include <queue>
10 #include <cmath>
11 #include <sstream>
12 #include <string>
13 #include <iomanip>
14 #include <cassert>
15 #define MAX 205
16 #define WALK 1
17 #define METRO 4
18
19 using namespace std;
20
21 struct Edge {
22     int v; double c;
23     Edge(int v, double c) : v(v), c(c) {}
24     inline bool operator < (const Edge& that) const { return c > that.c; }
25 };
26
27 vector<Edge> G[MAX];
28 double V[MAX];
29 double X[MAX], Y[MAX];
30 int n;
31
32
33 double dist(double ax, double ay, double bx, double by) {
34     return sqrt(pow(ax-bx, 2.0) + pow(ay-by, 2.0))*60/10000;
35 }
36
37 int main() {
38     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
39     while(cin >> X[0] >> Y[0] >> X[1] >> Y[1]) {
40         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
41
42         G[0].push_back(Edge(1, dist(X[0], Y[0], X[1], Y[1])));
43         G[1].push_back(Edge(0, dist(X[0], Y[0], X[1], Y[1])));
44
45         n = 2;
46         string s;
47         getline(cin, s);
48         while(getline(cin, s) && s!=" " && s[0]!=' ') {
49             stringstream sin(s);
50             int mn=0;
51             while(sin >> X[n] >> Y[n]) {
52                 if (X[n] == -1 && Y[n] == -1) {
53                     assert(mn >= 2);
54                     mn = 0;
55                     break;
56                 }
57                 if (mn > 0) {
58                     double mDist = dist(X[n-1], Y[n-1], X[n], Y[n])/METRO;
59                     G[n-1].push_back(Edge(n, mDist));
60                     G[n].push_back(Edge(n-1, mDist));
61                 }
62                 for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {

```

```

63         double aDist = dist(X[n], Y[n], X[i], Y[i])/WALK;
64         G[i].push_back(Edge(n, aDist));
65         G[n].push_back(Edge(i, aDist));
66     }
67
68     n++; mn++;
69 }
70
71 }
72
73 int totalc=0;
74
75 for(int i=0; i<n; i++) V[i] = -1;
76
77 priority_queue<Edge> Q;
78 Q.push(Edge(0, 0));
79
80 while(totalc < n && !Q.empty()) {
81     Edge item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
82     if (item.c >= V[item.v] && V[item.v] >= 0) continue;
83
84     V[item.v] = item.c;
85     totalc++;
86
87     for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++) {
88         Edge e = G[item.v][j];
89         if (item.c + e.c < V[e.v] || V[e.v] == -1)
90             Q.push(Edge(e.v, item.c + e.c));
91     }
92 }
93
94 if (t++) cout << endl;
95 cout << (int)round(V[1]) << endl;
96 }
97 return 0;
98 }

```

uva/10397.cpp

```

1  //10397
2  //Connect the Campus
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim;Priority Queue
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #include <cmath>
11 #include <iomanip>
12 #define MAX 200010
13
14 using namespace std;
15
16 struct Road {
17     int v; double c;
18     Road(int v, double c) : v(v), c(c) {}
19     inline bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c > that.c; }
20 };
21
22
23 vector<Road> G[MAX];
24 int X[MAX], Y[MAX];
25 priority_queue<Road> Q;
26 int n, m;
27 bool V[MAX];
28
29
30 int main() {
31     while(cin >> n) {
32         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
33         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
34         Q = priority_queue<Road>();
35
36         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
37             int x, y;
38             cin >> x >> y;
39             X[i] = x; Y[i] = y;
40             for(int j=1; j<=i; j++) {
41                 double d = sqrt(pow(X[i]-X[j], 2.0)+pow(Y[i]-Y[j], 2.0));
42                 G[i].push_back(Road(j, d));

```



```

43         G[j].push_back(Road(i, d));
44     }
45 }
46
47 cin >> m;
48 for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
49     int a, b;
50     cin >> a >> b;
51     G[a].push_back(Road(b, 0));
52     G[b].push_back(Road(a, 0));
53 }
54
55 double total = 0; int totalc=0;
56 Q.push(Road(1,0));
57
58 while(totalc < n && !Q.empty()) {
59     Road item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
60     if (V[item.v]) continue;
61
62     V[item.v] = true;
63     total += item.c;
64     totalc++;
65
66     for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++)
67         if (!V[G[item.v][j].v])
68             Q.push(G[item.v][j]);
69 }
70
71 cout << setprecision(2);
72 cout << fixed << total << endl;
73 }
74 return 0;
75 }

```

uva/10420.cpp

```

1  //10420
2  //List of Conquests
3  //Misc;STL map
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #include <map>
9  #define MAX 105
10 using namespace std;
11
12 map<string, int> women;
13 int main() {
14     int n;
15     string s;
16     cin >> n;
17     while(n--) {
18         cin >> s;
19         women[s]++;
20         getline(cin, s);
21     }
22
23     for(map<string, int>::const_iterator it = women.begin(); it != women.end(); it++) {
24         cout << it->first << " " << it->second << endl;
25     }
26
27     return 0;
28 }

```

uva/10444.cpp

```

1  //10444
2  //Multi-peg Towers of Hanoi
3  //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #include <climits>
9  #define MAX 205
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int T[MAX][MAX];

```

```

13 int main() {
14     int n=201, p=21, t=0;
15
16     for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) {
17         if (i<31)
18             T[i][3] = (1<<i)-1;
19         else
20             T[i][3] = INT_MAX; //avoid overflow
21     }
22
23     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
24         for(int j=4; j<=p; j++) {
25             if (i<j) {
26                 T[i][j] = 2*i-1;
27             } else {
28                 int minn = INT_MAX;
29                 for(int k=1;k<i;k++) {
30                     int value = 2*T[k][j]+T[i-k][j-1];
31                     if (value >= 0) //avoid overflow
32                         minn = min(minn, value);
33                 }
34                 T[i][j] = minn;
35             }
36         }
37     }
38 }
39
40 while(cin >> n >> p, n | p) {
41     cout << "Case " << ++t << ": " << T[n][p] << endl;
42 }
43
44 return 0;
45 }

```

uva/10462.cpp

```

1 //10462
2 //Is There A Second Way Left?
3 //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Kruskal
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <vector>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 #include <cassert>
9 using namespace std;
10
11 struct Edge {
12     int x, y, v;
13     inline bool operator <(const Edge& that) const {
14         return this->v < that.v;
15     }
16 };
17
18 Edge E[205];
19 int P[105], S[105];
20
21 inline int findset(int v) {
22     if (P[v] != v)
23         return P[v] = findset(P[v]);
24     return v;
25 }
26
27 inline int unionset(int x, int y) {
28     int a = findset(x), b = findset(y);
29     if (a==b) return -1;
30     if (a>b) swap(a,b);
31     P[b] = a;
32     return a;
33 }
34
35 int best(int n, int m, int skip) {
36     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++)
37         P[i] = i;
38
39     int total=0, count=0;
40     for(int i=0; i<m && count < n-1; i++) {
41         if(i!=skip && unionset(E[i].x, E[i].y) != -1) {
42             total += E[i].v;
43             if (skip == -1)
44                 S[count] = i;
45             count++;
46         }
47     }
48 }

```

```

46     }
47 }
48 if (count == n-1)
49     return total;
50 else
51     return -1;
52 }
53
54 int main() {
55     int t; cin >> t;
56     for(int tt=1; tt<=t; tt++) {
57         int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
58
59         for(int i=0; i<m; i++)
60             cin >> E[i].x >> E[i].y >> E[i].v;
61
62         sort(E, E+m);
63
64         cout << "Case #" << tt << " : ";
65
66         if (best(n, m, -1) == -1) {
67             cout << "No way" << endl;
68             continue;
69         }
70
71         int minn = 1<<30;
72         for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {
73             int value = best(n, m, S[i]);
74             if (value != -1)
75                 minn = min(minn, value);
76         }
77
78
79         if (minn < 1<<30)
80             cout << minn << endl;
81         else
82             cout << "No second way" << endl;
83     }
84 }

```

uva/10480.cpp

```

1  //10480
2  //Sabotage
3  //Graphs;Maximum Flow;Ford-Fulkerson
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #include <climits>
10 #define MAX 1006
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int G[MAX][MAX], O[MAX][MAX], n, m;
14 bool V[MAX];
15
16 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
17     V[s] = true;
18
19     if (s==t) return minn;
20     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
21         if (!V[i] && G[s][i] > 0) {
22             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]))) {
23                 G[s][i] -= sent;
24                 G[i][s] += sent;
25                 return sent;
26             }
27         }
28     }
29     return 0;
30 }
31
32 int main() {
33     int tt=0;
34     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
35         if (tt++) cout << endl;
36
37         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
38         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
39         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));

```

```

40
41     for(int i=0;i<m;i++) {
42         int a, b, f;
43         cin >> a >> b >> f;
44         G[a][b] = G[b][a] += f;
45         O[a][b] += f;
46     }
47
48     int total = 0;
49     while(int sent = send(1, 2, INT_MAX)) {
50         total += sent;
51         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
52     }
53     for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) {
54         for(int j=1;j<=n;j++) {
55             if (O[i][j] > 0 && V[i] != V[j])
56                 cout << i << " " << j << endl;
57         }
58     }
59 }
60 }

```

uva/10511.cpp

```

1  //10511
2  //Counselling
3  //Graphs;Maximum Flow;Ford-Fulkerson
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <sstream>
8  #include <string>
9  #include <cmath>
10 #include <map>
11 #include <climits>
12 #define MAX 1300
13 using namespace std;
14
15 int G[MAX][MAX], n;
16 bool V[MAX];
17 map<string, int> EC, EP, EM;
18
19 int SOURCE() { return 1; }
20 int P(string& s) { if (EP.find(s)!=EP.end()) return EP[s]; else { return EP[s]++; } }
21 int M(string& s) { if (EM.find(s)!=EM.end()) return EM[s]; else { return EM[s]++; } }
22 int C(string& s) { if (EC.find(s)!=EC.end()) return EC[s]; else { return EC[s]++; } }
23 int TARGET() { return 2; }
24
25 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
26     V[s] = true;
27
28     if (s==t) return minn;
29     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
30         if (!V[i] && G[s][i] > 0) {
31             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]))) {
32                 G[s][i] -= sent;
33                 G[i][s] += sent;
34                 return sent;
35             }
36         }
37     }
38     return 0;
39 }
40
41 int main() {
42     int t; cin >> t;
43     string s, sm, sp, sc;
44     getline(cin, s); getline(cin, s);
45     while(t--) {
46         EC.clear(); EP.clear(); EM.clear();
47         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
48         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
49         n=2;
50
51         while(getline(cin, s) && s!=" " && s!=" ") {
52             stringstream sin(s);
53             sin >> sm >> sp;
54             G[P(sp)][M(sm)] = 1;
55             while(sin >> sc) {
56                 G[M(sm)][C(sc)] = 1;
57                 G[C(sc)][TARGET()] = 1;

```

```

58     }
59 }
60
61 int maxParty = (EC.size()-1)/2;
62 for(map<string, int>::iterator it=EP.begin(); it!=EP.end(); it++) {
63     G[SOURCE()][it->second] = maxParty;
64 }
65
66
67 int total = 0;
68 while(int sent = send(SOURCE(), TARGET(), INT_MAX)) {
69     total += sent;
70     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
71 }
72
73 if (total == EC.size()) {
74     for(map<string, int>::iterator i=EM.begin(); i!=EM.end(); i++) {
75         for(map<string, int>::iterator j=EC.begin(); j!=EC.end(); j++) {
76             if (G[j->second][i->second]) {
77                 cout << i->first << " " << j->first << endl;
78             }
79         }
80     }
81 } else {
82     cout << "Impossible." << endl;
83 }
84
85 if (t) cout << endl;
86 }
87 }

```

uva/10557.cpp

```

1 //10557
2 //XYZZY
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;Bellman Ford
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <vector>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 #define MAX 1001
9 using namespace std;
10
11 struct Edge {
12     int a, b;
13     Edge(int a, int b) : a(a), b(b) {}
14 };
15
16 int X[MAX], M[MAX], V[MAX], n;
17 vector<Edge> E;
18
19 bool reach(int v, int t) {
20     if (v==t) return true;
21     V[v] = true;
22     for(int i=0; i<E.size(); i++) {
23         Edge e = E[i];
24         if (e.a == v && !V[e.b] && reach(e.b, t))
25             return true;
26     }
27     return false;
28 }
29
30 int main() {
31     while(cin >> n, n!=-1) {
32         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
33         E.clear();
34         for(int a=1; a<=n; a++) {
35             int k; cin >> X[a] >> k;
36
37             for(int j=0; j<k; j++) {
38                 int b; cin >> b;
39                 E.push_back(Edge(a, b));
40             }
41         }
42
43         M[1] = 100;
44         for(int a=2; a<=n; a++)
45             M[a] = -1<<29;
46
47         for(int k=0; k<n-1; k++) {
48             for(int i=0; i<E.size(); i++) {

```

```

49         Edge e = E[i];
50         if (M[e.a]<=0) continue;
51         M[e.b] = max(M[e.b], M[e.a] + X[e.b]);
52     }
53 }
54
55 bool cycle = false;
56 for(int i=0; i<E.size(); i++) {
57     Edge e = E[i];
58     if (M[e.a]<=0) continue;
59     cycle |= M[e.a]+X[e.b] > M[e.b] && reach(e.a, n);
60 }
61
62 if (M[n] > 0 || cycle) {
63     cout << "winnable" << endl;
64 } else {
65     cout << "hopeless" << endl;
66 }
67 }
68 }
69 }
70 }

```

uva/10594.cpp

```

1  //10594
2  //Data Flow
3  //Graphs;Maximum Flow;Min Cost;Cycle Canceling
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #define MAX 110
10 using namespace std;
11
12 struct Item {
13     long long v, p, c;
14     Item() {}
15     Item(long long v, long long p, long long c) : v(v), p(p), c(c) {}
16 };
17
18 long long C[MAX][MAX], M[MAX];
19 long long F[MAX][MAX], G[MAX][MAX], P[MAX], n, a, b, qn;
20 bool V[MAX];
21 Item Q[MAX];
22
23
24 long long send(long long s, long long t) {
25     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
26     qn = 0;
27
28     Q[qn++] = Item(s, -1, 1LL<<60);
29     V[s] = true;
30
31     for(long long i=0; i<qn; i++) {
32         Item item = Q[i];
33
34         if (item.v == t) {
35             long long sent = item.c;
36             while(item.p != -1) {
37                 Item parent = Q[item.p];
38                 F[parent.v][item.v] += sent;
39                 F[item.v][parent.v] -= sent;
40                 item = parent;
41             }
42
43             return sent;
44         }
45
46         for(long long j=0; j<n; j++) {
47             long long residual = G[item.v][j]-F[item.v][j];
48             if (!V[j] && residual) {
49                 V[j] = true;
50                 Q[qn++] = Item(j, i, min(item.c, residual));
51             }
52         }
53     }
54
55     return 0;
56 }

```

```

57
58 bool cancel_cycle(long long source) {
59     memset(M, 0x1f, sizeof M);
60     M[source] = 0;
61
62     bool cycle = false;
63     long long v;
64
65     for(long long k=0; k<n; k++)
66     for(long long i=0; i<n; i++)
67     for(long long j=0; j<n; j++) {
68         if (G[i][j] - F[i][j] && M[i]+C[i][j]<M[j]) {
69             cycle = k+1==n;
70             v = i;
71
72             M[j] = M[i] + C[i][j];
73             P[j] = i;
74         }
75
76         if (F[i][j]>0 && M[j]-C[i][j]<M[i]) {
77             cycle = k+1==n;
78             v = j;
79
80             M[i] = M[j] - C[i][j];
81             P[i] = j;
82         }
83     }
84
85     if (not cycle) return false;
86
87     for(long long k=0; k<n; k++)
88         v = P[v];
89
90     long long i=v, minn=1L<<60;
91
92     do {
93         if (F[P[i]][i] < 0) {
94             minn = min(minn, -F[P[i]][i]);
95         } else {
96             minn = min(minn, G[P[i]][i] - F[P[i]][i]);
97         }
98     } while (i = P[i], i!=v);
99
100     do {
101         F[P[i]][i] += minn;
102         F[i][P[i]] -= minn;
103     } while (i = P[i], i!=v);
104
105     return true;
106 }
107
108 int main() {
109     long long m;
110     while(cin >> n >> m) {
111         n++;
112         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
113         memset(F, 0, sizeof(F));
114         memset(C, 0, sizeof(C));
115
116         for(long long i=0; i<m; i++) {
117             long long x, y, c;
118             cin >> x >> y >> c;
119
120             C[x][y] = C[y][x] = c;
121             G[x][y] = G[y][x] = 1;
122         }
123         long long d, k; cin >> d >> k;
124         G[0][1] = d;
125         G[1][0] = d;
126
127         for(long long i=1; i<n; i++) {
128             for(long long j=1; j<n; j++) {
129                 G[i][j] *= k;
130             }
131         }
132
133         long long total = 0;
134         while(long long sent = send(0, n-1))
135             total += sent;
136
137         while(cancel_cycle(0));
138

```

```

139     long long cost = 0;
140     for(long long i=0; i<n; i++)
141         for(long long j=0; j<n; j++)
142             if (F[i][j] > 0) {
143                 // cout << " " << i << " " << j << " " << F[i][j] << " " << C[i][j] << endl;
144                 cost += F[i][j] * C[i][j];
145             } else if (F[i][j] < 0) {
146                 // cout << " " << i << " " << j << " " << F[i][j] << " " << C[i][j] << endl;
147             }
148         }
149     if (total != d)
150         cout << "Impossible." << endl;
151     else
152         cout << cost << endl;
153 }
154 }
155 }

```

uva/10635.cpp

```

1 //10635
2 //Prince and Princess
3 //Dynamic Programming;Longest Increasing Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <climits>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #include <algorithm>
9 #define MAX 255*255
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int P[MAX], Q[MAX], M[MAX];
13
14 int main() {
15     int n, p, q, tt=0, temp;
16     cin >> n;
17     while(cin >> n >> p >> q) {
18         memset(P, 0, sizeof(P));
19         q++; p++;
20         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
21             cin >> temp;
22             P[temp] = i;
23         }
24
25         for (int i=1; i<=q; i++) {
26             cin >> temp;
27             Q[i] = P[temp];
28         }
29
30         int k=0; M[0]=0;
31         for(int i=1; i<=q; i++) {
32             if (Q[i] > M[k]) {
33                 k++; M[k] = Q[i];
34             } else {
35                 int j = (int)(lower_bound(M, M+k+1, Q[i]) - M);
36                 if (Q[i] > M[j]) j++;
37                 M[j] = Q[i];
38             }
39         }
40
41         cout << "Case " << ++tt << ": " << k << endl;
42     }
43
44     return 0;
45 }

```

uva/10652.cpp

```

1 //10652
2 //Board Wrapping
3 //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull;Monotone Chain
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <iomanip>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 double PI = 2*acos(0.0);
11

```



```

12 struct Point {
13     double x, y;
14
15     Point() {}
16     Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
17
18     double product(Point a, Point b) {
19         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x);
20     }
21
22     bool right(Point a, Point b) {
23         return product(a, b) > 0;
24     }
25
26     double dist(Point b) {
27         return sqrt((x-b.x)*(x-b.x)+(y-b.y)*(y-b.y));
28     }
29
30     bool operator <(const Point& p) const {
31         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
32         return this->y < p.y;
33     }
34
35     bool operator ==(const Point& p) const {
36         return this->x == p.x and this->y == p.y;
37     }
38
39     Point rotateWith(const Point origin, double si, double co, double scale) const {
40         double tx = this->x - origin.x;
41         double ty = this->y - origin.y;
42         double x = (tx * co + ty * si)/scale;
43         double y = (tx * -si + ty * co)/scale;
44         return Point(origin.x + x, origin.y + y);
45     }
46 };
47
48
49 int convexHull(Point* P, int n, Point* S) {
50     sort(P, P+n);
51
52     int m=0;
53     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
54         while(m >= 2 && !S[m-1].right(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
55         S[m++] = P[i];
56     }
57     m--;
58
59     for(int i=n-1, k=m; i >= 0; i--) {
60         while(m >= k+2 && !S[m-1].right(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
61         S[m++] = P[i];
62     }
63     m--;
64
65     return m;
66 }
67
68 double area(Point* A, int a) {
69     double area = 0;
70     for(int i=0; i<a; i++) {
71         int j = (i+1)%a;
72         area += (A[i].x + A[j].x) * (A[i].y - A[j].y);
73     }
74     return area / 2;
75 }
76
77 Point P[3000], S[3000];
78
79 int main() {
80     int tt; cin >> tt;
81     while(tt--) {
82         int n; cin >> n;
83
84         double initialArea = 0;
85         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
86             Point p;
87             cin >> p.x >> p.y;
88             double w, h, angle;
89             cin >> w >> h >> angle;
90
91             angle *= PI/180;
92
93             Point a = Point(p.x-w/2, p.y-h/2).rotateWith(p, sin(angle), cos(angle), 1);

```

```

94 |         Point b = Point(p.x-w/2, p.y+h/2).rotateWith(p, sin(angle), cos(angle), 1);
95 |         Point c = Point(p.x+w/2, p.y+h/2).rotateWith(p, sin(angle), cos(angle), 1);
96 |         Point d = Point(p.x+w/2, p.y-h/2).rotateWith(p, sin(angle), cos(angle), 1);
97 |
98 |         P[i*4+0] = a;
99 |         P[i*4+1] = b;
100 |         P[i*4+2] = c;
101 |         P[i*4+3] = d;
102 |
103 |         initialArea += area(P+i*4, 4);
104 |     }
105 |
106 |     int s = convexHull(P, n*4, S);
107 |     double finalArea = area(S, s);
108 |
109 |     cout << fixed << setprecision(1) << abs(100*(initialArea/finalArea)) << " %" << endl;
110 | }
111 | }

```

uva/10684.cpp

```

1 | //10684
2 | //The Jackpot
3 | //Dynamic Programming;Maximum Sum Contiguous Subsequence
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <cmath>
6 | #define MAX 1005
7 | using namespace std;
8 |
9 | int main() {
10 |     int n, a;
11 |     while(cin >> n, n) {
12 |         int t=0, s=0;
13 |         for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
14 |             cin >> a;
15 |             if (s+a>=0)
16 |                 t = max(t, s+=a);
17 |             else
18 |                 s = 0;
19 |         }
20 |         if (s>0) {
21 |             cout << "The maximum winning streak is " << t << "." << endl;
22 |         } else {
23 |             cout << "Losing streak." << endl;
24 |         }
25 |     }
26 |
27 |     return 0;
28 | }

```

uva/10696.cpp

```

1 | //10694
2 | //f91
3 | //Misc;Ad hoc
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | using namespace std;
6 |
7 | int f91(int x) {
8 |     if (x<=100)
9 |         return f91(f91(x+11));
10 |     else
11 |         return x-10;
12 | }
13 |
14 | int main() {
15 |     int n;
16 |     while(cin >> n, n)
17 |         cout << "f91(" << n << ") = " << f91(n) << endl;
18 | }

```

uva/10723.cpp

```

1 | //10723
2 | //Cyborg Genes
3 | //Dynamic Programming;Longest Common Subsequence
4 | #include <iostream>

```

```

5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #define MAX 1005
9  using namespace std;
10
11  int T[MAX][MAX], D[MAX][MAX];
12  string P, Q;
13
14  int main() {
15      int p, q, t, tt=0;
16      cin >> t;
17      getline(cin, P);
18      while(tt++ < t) {
19          getline(cin, P);
20          getline(cin, Q);
21          int p = P.size(), q = Q.size();
22
23          for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) { T[i][0] = 0; D[i][0] = 1; }
24          for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) { T[0][i] = 0; D[0][i] = 1; }
25
26          for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
27              for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
28                  D[i][j] = 0;
29                  if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1]) {
30                      T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1] + 1;
31                      D[i][j] = D[i-1][j-1];
32                  }
33                  else {
34                      T[i][j] = max(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]);
35                      if (T[i-1][j] == T[i][j]) D[i][j] += D[i-1][j];
36                      if (T[i][j-1] == T[i][j]) D[i][j] += D[i][j-1];
37                  }
38              }
39          }
40
41          cout << "Case #" << tt << ": " << p+q-T[p][q] << " " << D[p][q] << endl;
42      }
43
44      return 0;
45  }

```

uva/10724.cpp

```

1  //10724
2  //Road Construction
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Floyd-Warshall
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #define MAX 58
7  #define EP 1e-6
8  #define eq(x, y) abs(x-y) < EP
9  using namespace std;
10
11  double G[MAX][MAX], X[MAX], Y[MAX];
12
13  double dist(int i, int j) {
14      return sqrt(pow(X[i]-X[j], 2.0) + pow(Y[i]-Y[j], 2.0));
15  }
16
17  struct Answer {
18      double x, d;
19      int i, j;
20      Answer(double x, double d, int i, int j) : x(x), d(d), i(i), j(j) {}
21
22      bool operator <(const Answer& o) const{
23          if (!eq(x, o.x)) return x < o.x;
24          if (!eq(d, o.d)) return d > o.d;
25          if (i!=o.i) return i>o.i;
26          if (j!=o.j) return j>o.j;
27          return false;
28      }
29
30      bool valid() {
31          return x-1 > EP;
32      }
33  };
34
35  int main() {
36      int n, m;
37      while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {

```

```

38     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
39         for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
40             G[i][j] = 1e8;
41
42         G[i][i] = 0;
43         cin >> X[i] >> Y[i];
44     }
45
46     for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
47         int x, y;
48         cin >> x >> y;
49         G[x][y] = G[y][x] = dist(x, y);
50     }
51
52     for(int k=1; k<=n; k++)
53         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
54             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
55                 G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
56
57     Answer maxx(0, 0, 0, 0);
58
59     for(int u=1; u<=n; u++) {
60         for(int v=1; v<=n; v++) {
61             double improve = 0, uv = dist(u, v);
62
63             for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
64                 for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
65                     improve += G[i][j] - min(G[i][j],
66                                             min(G[i][u]+uv+G[v][j], G[i][v]+uv+G[u][j]));
67
68             maxx = max(maxx, Answer(improve, uv, u, v));
69         }
70     }
71
72     if (maxx.valid()) {
73         cout << maxx.i << " " << maxx.j << endl;
74     } else {
75         cout << "No road required" << endl;
76     }
77 }
78 }

```

uva/10739.cpp

```

1  //10739
2  //String to Palindrome
3  //Dynamic Programming;Edit Distance
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #define MAX 1005
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 string P, Q;
13
14 int main() {
15     int p, q, t, tt=0;
16     cin >> t;
17     getline(cin, P);
18     while(tt++ < t) {
19         getline(cin, P);
20         Q = string(P.rbegin(), P.rend());
21         int p = P.size(), q = Q.size();
22
23         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) { T[i][0] = i; }
24         for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) { T[0][i] = i; }
25
26         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
27             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
28                 if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1])
29                     T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1];
30                 else
31                     T[i][j] = min(min(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]), T[i-1][j-1])+1;
32             }
33         }
34
35         cout << "Case " << tt << ": " << T[p][q]/2 << endl;
36     }
37 }

```

```

38 |     return 0;
39 | }

```

uva/10746.cpp

```

1 | //10746
2 | //Crime Wave - The Sequel
3 | //Graphs;Maximum Flow;Min Cost;Cycle Canceling
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <iomanip>
6 | #include <cstring>
7 | #include <string>
8 | #include <cmath>
9 | #define MAX 100
10 | using namespace std;
11 |
12 | double C[MAX][MAX], M[MAX];
13 | int F[MAX][MAX], G[MAX][MAX], P[MAX], n, a, b;
14 | bool V[MAX];
15 |
16 | int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
17 |     V[s] = true;
18 |
19 |     if (s==t) return minn;
20 |
21 |     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
22 |         if (!V[i] && G[s][i]-F[s][i]) {
23 |             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]-F[s][i]))) {
24 |                 F[s][i] += sent;
25 |                 F[i][s] -= sent;
26 |                 return sent;
27 |             }
28 |         }
29 |     }
30 |
31 |     return 0;
32 | }
33 |
34 | bool cancel_cycle(int source) {
35 |     memset(M, 0x1f, sizeof M);
36 |     M[source] = 0;
37 |
38 |     bool cycle = false;
39 |     int v;
40 |
41 |     for(int k=0; k<n; k++)
42 |     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
43 |     for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
44 |         if (G[i][j]-F[i][j] && M[i]+C[i][j]<M[j]) {
45 |             cycle = k+1==n;
46 |             v = i;
47 |
48 |             M[j] = M[i] + C[i][j];
49 |             P[j] = i;
50 |         }
51 |
52 |     if (not cycle) return false;
53 |
54 |     for(int k=0; k<n; k++)
55 |         v = P[v];
56 |
57 |     int i=v, minn=1<<29;
58 |
59 |     do {
60 |         minn = min(minn, G[P[i]][i] - F[P[i]][i]);
61 |     } while (i = P[i], i!=v);
62 |
63 |     do {
64 |         F[P[i]][i] += minn;
65 |         F[i][P[i]] -= minn;
66 |     } while (i = P[i], i!=v);
67 |
68 |     return true;
69 | }
70 |
71 | int cruiser(int x) { return x; }
72 | int bank(int x) { return b+x; }
73 | int source() { return a+b; }
74 | int target() { return a+b+1; }
75 |
76 | int main() {

```

```

77     while(cin >> a >> b, a|b) {
78         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
79         memset(F, 0, sizeof(F));
80         memset(C, 0, sizeof(C));
81
82         for(int i=0; i<a; i++)
83             G[bank(i)][target()] = 1;
84
85         for(int i=0; i<b; i++)
86             G[source()][cruiser(i)] = 1;
87
88         for(int i=0; i<a; i++) {
89             for(int j=0; j<b; j++) {
90                 int cr = cruiser(j), bk = bank(i);
91                 cin >> C[cr][bk];
92                 G[cr][bk] = 1;
93                 C[bk][cr] = -C[cr][bk];
94             }
95         }
96
97         n = target()+1;
98
99         int total = 0, sent;
100        while(memset(V, 0, sizeof V), sent = send(source(), target(), 1<<29))
101            total += sent;
102
103        while(cancel_cycle(source()));
104
105        double cost = 0;
106        for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
107            for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
108                if (F[i][j] > 0)
109                    cost += F[i][j] * C[i][j];
110
111        cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << cost/a+1e-6 << endl;
112    }
113 }

```

uva/10783.cpp

```

1  //10783
2  //Odd Sum
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <cmath>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int main() {
10     int t;
11     cin >> t;
12     for(int tt=1; tt<=t; tt++) {
13         int a, b;
14         cin >> a >> b;
15         int s = 0;
16         for(int i=a; i<=b; i++) {
17             if (i&1)
18                 s+=i;
19         }
20         cout << "Case " << tt << ": " << s << endl;
21     }
22 }
23

```

uva/10793.cpp

```

1  //10793
2  //The Orc Attack
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Floyd-Warshall
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <algorithm>
6  #define MAX 105
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int G[MAX][MAX];
10
11 int main() {
12     int t; cin >> t;
13     for(int tt=1; tt<=t; tt++) {

```

```

14     int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
15     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
16         for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
17             G[i][j] = 1<<29;
18         G[i][i] = 0;
19     }
20
21     for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
22         int x, y, c;
23         cin >> x >> y >> c;
24         G[x][y] = G[y][x] = min(G[x][y], c);
25     }
26
27     for(int k=1; k<=n; k++)
28         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
29             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
30                 G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
31
32     int minn = 1<<29;
33     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
34         if (*min_element(G[i]+1, G[i]+6) == *max_element(G[i]+1, G[i]+6))
35             minn = min(minn, *max_element(G[i]+1, G[i]+n+1));
36
37     cout << "Map " << tt << ": ";
38     if (minn < 1<<29)
39         cout << minn << endl;
40     else
41         cout << -1 << endl;
42 }
43 }

```

uva/10827.cpp

```

1  //10827
2  //Maximum sum on a torus
3  //Dynamic Programming;Maximum Sum Sub-rectangle
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <climits>
6  #define MAX 160
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int T[MAX][MAX];
10
11 int main() {
12     int n, a, cases;
13     cin >> cases;
14     while(cin >> n) {
15         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
16             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
17                 cin >> T[i][j];
18                 T[i+n][j] = T[i][j];
19             }
20         }
21
22         for(int i=1; i<=2*n; i++)
23             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
24                 T[i][j] += T[i-1][j];
25
26         int t = 0;
27         for(int i=1; i<=2*n; i++) {
28             for(int j=i; j<=min(i+n-1, 2*n); j++) {
29                 int smax=0, smin=0, ssum=0, tmax=0, tmin=0;
30                 for(int k=1; k<=n; k++)
31                     ssum += T[j][k] - T[i-1][k];
32
33                 for(int k=1; k<=n; k++) {
34                     int a = T[j][k] - T[i-1][k];
35                     smax += a;
36                     smin += a;
37
38                     tmax = max(tmax, smax);
39                     tmin = min(tmin, smin);
40
41                     if (smax < 0) smax = 0;
42                     if (smin > 0) smin = 0;
43                 }
44                 t = max(t, max(tmax, ssum-tmin));
45             }
46         }
47
48         cout << t << endl;

```

```

49     }
50
51     return 0;
52 }

```

uva/10891.cpp

```

1  //10891
2  //Game of Sum
3  //Dynamic Programming;Matrix Multiplication
4  #define MAX 101
5  #include <iostream>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <climits>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int T[MAX][MAX], S[MAX], n;
11 bool V[MAX][MAX];
12
13 int TT(int a, int b) {
14     if (b<a) return 0;
15     if (V[a][b]) return T[a][b];
16
17     int maxx = INT_MIN;
18     for(int i=a; i<=b; i++)
19         maxx = max(maxx, S[b]-S[a-1] - TT(i+1,b));
20
21     for(int i=b; i>=a; i--)
22         maxx = max(maxx, S[b]-S[a-1] - TT(a,i-1));
23
24     V[a][b] = true;
25     return T[a][b] = maxx;
26 }
27
28 int main() {
29     while(cin >> n, n) {
30         memset(S, 0, sizeof(S));
31         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
32         S[0] = 0;
33         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
34             cin >> S[i];
35             S[i] += S[i-1];
36         }
37
38         cout << 2*TT(1, n)-S[n]-S[0] << endl;
39     }
40 }
41

```

uva/10930.cpp

```

1  //10930
2  //A-Sequence
3  //Dynamic Programming;Knapsack;Binary Knapsack
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int K[30001];
10
11 int main() {
12     int n, t=0, w;
13     while(t++, cin >> n) {
14         cout << "Case #" << t << ":";
15         memset(K, 0, sizeof(K));
16
17         bool ok=true;
18
19         K[0] = 1; int last = 0;
20         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
21             cin >> w; cout << " " << w;
22             ok &= !K[w] && w > last;
23             for(int j=10000; j>=w; j--)
24                 if (K[j-w])
25                     K[j] = 1;
26             last = w;
27         }
28         cout << endl;

```



```

29 |         cout << "This is" << (ok?"": " not") << " an A-sequence." << endl;
30 |     }
31 |
32 |     return 0;
33 | }

```

uva/10986.cpp

```

1 | //10986
2 | //Sending email
3 | //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <cstring>
6 | #include <climits>
7 | #include <vector>
8 | #include <algorithm>
9 | #include <queue>
10 | #define MAX 200010
11 |
12 | using namespace std;
13 |
14 | struct Edge {
15 |     int v, c;
16 |     Edge(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
17 |     inline bool operator < (const Edge& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 | };
19 |
20 | vector<Edge> G[MAX];
21 | priority_queue<Edge> Q;
22 | int n, m, s, t;
23 | int V[MAX];
24 |
25 |
26 | int main() {
27 |     int tt; cin >> tt; tt=0;
28 |     while(cin >> n >> m >> s >> t) {
29 |         int before = 0;
30 |         memset(V, 0x3f, sizeof(V));
31 |         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
32 |         Q = priority_queue<Edge>();
33 |
34 |         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
35 |             int a, b, c;
36 |             cin >> a >> b >> c;
37 |             G[a].push_back(Edge(b, c));
38 |             G[b].push_back(Edge(a, c));
39 |             before += c;
40 |         }
41 |
42 |         int totalc=0;
43 |
44 |         Q.push(Edge(s, 0));
45 |
46 |         while(totalc < n && !Q.empty()) {
47 |             Edge item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
48 |             if (item.c >= V[item.v]) continue;
49 |
50 |             V[item.v] = item.c;
51 |             totalc++;
52 |
53 |             for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++) {
54 |                 Edge e = G[item.v][j];
55 |                 if (item.c + e.c < V[e.v])
56 |                     Q.push(Edge(e.v, item.c + e.c));
57 |             }
58 |         }
59 |
60 |         cout << "Case #" << ++tt << ": ";
61 |         if (V[t] < 0x3f3f3f3f)
62 |             cout << V[t] << endl;
63 |         else
64 |             cout << "unreachable" << endl;
65 |     }
66 |     return 0;
67 | }

```

uva/11003.cpp

```

1 | //11003

```

```

2 //Boxes
3 //Dynamic Programming;Longest Increasing Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #include <climits>
9 #define MAX 10005
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int T[MAX];
13 int main() {
14     int n, w, c;
15     while(cin >> n, n) {
16         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
17
18         int k = 0;
19         T[0] = INT_MAX;
20         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
21             cin >> w >> c;
22             for(int j=k; j>=0; j--) {
23                 int next = min(T[j]-w, c);
24                 if (next >= T[j+1]) {
25                     T[j+1] = next;
26                     k=max(k, j+1);
27                 }
28             }
29         }
30
31         cout << k << endl;
32     }
33
34     return 0;
35 }

```

uva/11059.cpp

```

1 //11059
2 //Maximum Product
3 //Dynamic Programming;Maximum Sum Contiguous Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <climits>
6 #include <cmath>
7 #define MAX 1005
8 using namespace std;
9
10 int main() {
11     long long n, a, t=0;
12     while(cin >> n) {
13         long long maxx=0, newneg=0, newpos=0, spos=1, sneg=1;
14         bool valid = false;
15         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
16             cin >> a;
17             if (spos*a>0) {
18                 valid = true;
19                 spos*=a;
20             } else {
21                 newneg = spos*a;
22                 spos = 1;
23             }
24
25             if (sneg*a<0) {
26                 sneg*=a;
27             } else {
28                 if (sneg*a>0) valid = true;
29                 newpos = sneg*a;
30                 sneg = 1;
31             }
32
33             maxx = max(maxx, spos = max(spos, newpos));
34             sneg = min(sneg, newneg);
35             newpos = newneg = 0;
36         }
37         if (!valid) maxx = 0;
38         cout << "Case #" << ++t << ": The maximum product is " << maxx << "." << endl;
39         cout << endl;
40     }
41
42     return 0;
43 }
44 }

```

uva/11096.cpp

```

1 //11096
2 //Nails
3 //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull;Monotone Chain
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <iomanip>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 #define ull long long
9 using namespace std;
10
11 struct Point {
12     ull x, y;
13
14     ull product(Point a, Point b) {
15         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x);
16     }
17
18     bool right(Point a, Point b) {
19         return product(a, b) > 0;
20     }
21
22     double dist(Point b) {
23         return sqrt((x-b.x)*(x-b.x)+(y-b.y)*(y-b.y));
24     }
25
26     bool operator <(const Point& p) const {
27         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
28         return this->y < p.y;
29     }
30
31     bool operator ==(const Point& p) const {
32         return this->x == p.x and this->y == p.y;
33     }
34 };
35
36 int convexHull(Point* P, int n, Point* S) {
37     sort(P, P+n);
38
39     int m=0;
40     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
41         while(m >= 2 && !S[m-1].right(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
42         S[m++] = P[i];
43     }
44     m--;
45
46     for(int i=n-1, k=m; i >= 0; i--) {
47         while(m >= k+2 && !S[m-1].right(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
48         S[m++] = P[i];
49     }
50     m--;
51
52     return m;
53 }
54
55
56 Point P[120], S[120];
57
58 int main() {
59     int tt; cin >> tt;
60     while(tt--) {
61         int r, n;
62         cin >> r >> n;
63         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
64             cin >> P[i].x >> P[i].y;
65
66         int s = convexHull(P, n, S);
67
68         double final = 0.0;
69         for(int i=0; i<s; i++)
70             final += S[i].dist(S[(i+1)%n]);
71
72         final = max(final, (double)r);
73
74         cout << fixed << setprecision(5) << final << endl;
75     }
76 }

```

uva/11110.cpp

```

1 //11110
2 //Equidivisions
3 //Graphs;Flood Fill
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <sstream>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #define MAX 102
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int G[MAX][MAX];
12 int n;
13
14 int fill(int x, int y, int v) {
15     if (G[x][y] != v) return 0;
16     if (x<=0 || x>n || y<=0 || y>n) return 0;
17
18     G[x][y] = -1;
19     return 1 +
20         fill(x-1, y, v) + fill(x+1, y, v) +
21         fill(x, y-1, v) + fill(x, y+1, v);
22 }
23
24 int main() {
25     while(cin >> n, n) {
26         int a, b; string s;
27         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
28
29         getline(cin, s);
30         for(int i=1;i<n;i++) {
31             getline(cin, s);
32             stringstream sin(s);
33             while(sin >> a >> b)
34                 G[a][b] = i;
35         }
36         bool good = true;
37         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) {
38             for(int j=1;j<=n;j++) {
39                 if (G[i][j] >= 0)
40                     good &= fill(i,j, G[i][j]) == n;
41             }
42         }
43
44         cout << (good?"good":"wrong") << endl;
45     }
46     return 0;
47 }
48

```

uva/11151.cpp

```

1 //11151
2 //Longest Palindrome
3 //Dynamic Programming;Longest Common Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #define MAX 1005
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 string P, Q;
13
14 int main() {
15     int p, q, t;
16     cin >> t;
17     while(t--) {
18         getline(cin, P);
19         Q = string(P.rbegin(), P.rend());
20         int p = P.size(), q = Q.size();
21
22         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) { T[i][0] = 0; }
23         for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) { T[0][i] = 0; }
24
25         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
26             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
27                 if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1]) {
28                     T[i][j] = T[i-1][j-1] + 1;
29                 }
30             }
31         }
32     }
33 }
34

```

```

31         else {
32             T[i][j] = max(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]);
33         }
34     }
35 }
36
37     cout << T[p][q] << endl;
38 }
39
40     return 0;
41 }

```

uva/11157.cpp

```

1  //11157
2  //Dynamic Frog
3  //Misc;Sort
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <algorithm>
6  #include <vector>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  vector<int> V;
10
11 int main() {
12     int t, n, d;
13     cin >> t; t=0;
14
15     while(cin >> n >> d) {
16         char a; int b;
17         V.clear();
18         V.push_back(0);
19         V.push_back(d);
20         for(int i=0;i<n; i++) {
21             cin >> a; cin.ignore(); cin >> b;
22             V.push_back(b);
23             if (a=='B')
24                 V.push_back(b);
25         }
26         sort(V.begin(), V.end());
27
28         int maxx = 0;
29         for(int i=3;i<V.size(); i+=2)
30             maxx = max(maxx, V[i]-V[i-2]);
31
32         for(int i=2;i<V.size(); i+=2)
33             maxx = max(maxx, V[i]-V[i-2]);
34
35         cout << "Case " << ++t << ": " << maxx << endl;
36     }
37 }
38

```

uva/11159.cpp

```

1  //11159
2  //Factors and Multiples
3  //Graphs;Bipartite Matching
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <string>
8  #define MAX 205
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int A[MAX], B[MAX], G[MAX][MAX], n;
12 bool V[MAX];
13
14 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
15     V[s] = true;
16
17     if (s==t) return minn;
18     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++) {
19         if (!V[i] && G[s][i] > 0) {
20             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]))) {
21                 G[s][i] -= sent;
22                 G[i][s] += sent;
23                 return sent;
24             }
25         }
26     }
27     return 0;
28 }

```

```

25     }
26 }
27 return 0;
28 }
29
30 int main() {
31     int t; cin >> t;
32
33     for(int tt=1; tt<=t; tt++) {
34         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
35         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
36
37         int a; cin >> a;
38         for(int i=1; i<=a; i++)
39             cin >> A[i];
40
41         int b; cin >> b;
42         for(int i=1; i<=b; i++)
43             cin >> B[i];
44
45         for(int i=1; i<=a; i++) {
46             G[0][i] = 1;
47             for(int j=1; j<=b; j++)
48                 if (B[j]==0 || A[i] != 0 && B[j]%A[i] == 0)
49                     G[i][a+j] = 1;
50         }
51
52         for(int i=a+1; i<=a+b; i++)
53             G[i][a+b+1] = 1;
54
55         n = a+b+1;
56
57         int total = 0;
58         while(int sent = send(0, n, INT_MAX)) {
59             total += sent;
60             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
61         }
62         cout << "Case " << tt << ": " << total << endl;
63     }
64
65     return 0;
66 }

```

uva/11172.cpp

```

1 //579
2 //ClockHands
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include <cmath>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int main() {
10     int n;
11     cin >> n;
12     while(n--) {
13         int x, y;
14         cin >> x >> y;
15         if (x>y) {
16             cout << ">" << endl;
17         } else if (x<y) {
18             cout << "<" << endl;
19         } else {
20             cout << "=" << endl;
21         }
22     }
23 }

```

uva/11235.cpp

```

1 //11235
2 //Frequent Values
3 //Misc;Segment Tree;Range Maximum Query
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <cstdio>
7 #define MAX 600100
8 #define ull long long

```

```

9  using namespace std;
10
11  struct Segtree {
12      int T[MAX], V[MAX];
13      int n;
14
15      Segtree() {
16          clear(1);
17      }
18
19      void clear(int n) {
20          this->n = n;
21          memset(V, 0, (n+1)*sizeof(int));
22          build(1, 1, n);
23      }
24
25      void build(int v, int a, int b) {
26          T[v] = a;
27
28          if (a>=b) return;
29          build(2*v, a, (a+b)/2);
30          build(2*v+1, (a+b)/2+1, b);
31      }
32
33      int maxv(int a, int b) {
34          return V[a]<V[b] ? b : a;
35      }
36
37      int query(int v, int a, int b, int i, int j) {
38          if (i>b || j<a || j<i)
39              return 0;
40
41          if (i<=a && b<=j)
42              return T[v];
43
44          return maxv(
45              query(v*2, a, (a+b)/2, i, j),
46              query(v*2+1, (a+b)/2+1, b, i, j));
47      }
48  }
49
50  int update(int v, int a, int b, int i, int x) {
51      if (a==b)
52          return V[a] = x, T[v] = a;
53      else if (i<=(a+b)/2)
54          return T[v] = maxv(T[v*2+1], update(v*2, a, (a+b)/2, i, x));
55      else
56          return T[v] = maxv(T[v*2], update(v*2+1, (a+b)/2+1, b, i, x));
57  }
58
59  int query(int i, int j) {
60      return query(1, 1, n, i, j);
61  }
62
63  int update(int i, int x) {
64      return update(1, 1, n, i, x);
65  }
66  };
67
68  Segtree T;
69  int S[MAX], E[MAX], C[MAX], N[MAX];
70
71  int main() {
72      int n, q;
73      while(cin >> n >> q, n) {
74          T.clear(n);
75
76          for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
77              cin >> N[i];
78
79          for(int i=n; i>0; i--) {
80              if (i<n && N[i] == N[i+1])
81                  E[i] = E[i+1];
82              else
83                  E[i] = i;
84          }
85
86          for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
87              if (i>1 && N[i] == N[i-1])
88                  S[i] = S[i-1];
89              else
90                  S[i] = i;

```

```

91         C[i] = E[i] - S[i] + 1;
92         T.update(i, C[i]);
93     }
94
95     for(int i=0; i<q; i++) {
96         int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
97         if (N[a] == N[b])
98             cout << b-a+1 << endl;
99         else {
100             int case1 = E[a] - max(S[a], a) + 1;
101             int case2 = min(E[b], b) - S[b] + 1;
102             int case3 = C[T.query(E[a] + 1, S[b]-1)];
103             cout << max(case1, max(case2, case3)) << endl;
104         }
105     }
106 }
107 }

```

uva/11280.cpp

```

1  //11280
2  //Flying to Fredericton
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <map>
9  #include <queue>
10 #include <algorithm>
11 #define MAX 1001
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Edge {
15     int v, c, s;
16     Edge(int v, int c, int s) : v(v), c(c), s(s) {}
17     inline bool operator <(const Edge& a) const {
18         return this->c > a.c;
19     }
20 };
21
22 vector<Edge> G[MAX];
23 int V[MAX][MAX];
24 map<string, int> S;
25 int n, m;
26
27 int main() {
28     int T; cin >> T;
29     for(int tt=1; tt<=T; tt++) {
30         S.clear();
31         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
32         memset(V, 0x7f, sizeof(V));
33
34         cin >> n;
35         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
36             string s; cin >> s;
37             S[s] = i;
38         }
39
40         cin >> m;
41         for(int i=1; i<=m; i++) {
42             string s1, s2;
43             int cost;
44             cin >> s1 >> s2 >> cost;
45
46             G[S[s1]].push_back(Edge(S[s2], cost, 0));
47         }
48
49         priority_queue<Edge> Q;
50         Q.push(Edge(1, 0, 0));
51
52         while(!Q.empty()) {
53             Edge e = Q.top(); Q.pop();
54             if (V[e.v][e.s] < e.c) continue;
55
56             V[e.v][e.s] = e.c;
57
58             for(int i=0; i<G[e.v].size(); i++) {
59                 Edge a = G[e.v][i];
60                 Q.push(Edge(a.v, e.c+a.c, e.s+1));
61             }
62         }
63     }
64 }

```



```

62     }
63
64     if (tt>1) cout << endl;
65     cout << "Scenario #" << tt << endl;
66     int q; cin >> q;
67     for(int i=0; i<q; i++) {
68         int a; cin >> a;
69         int minn = 0x7f7f7f7f;
70         for(int j=0; j<=a+1; j++) {
71             minn = min(minn, V[n][j]);
72         }
73
74         if (minn < 0x7f7f7f7f)
75             cout << "Total cost of flight(s) is $" << minn << endl;
76         else
77             cout << "No satisfactory flights" << endl;
78     }
79 }
80 }
81 }

```

uva/11294.cpp

```

1  //11294
2  //Wedding
3  //Graphs;2-SAT
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <vector>
8  #define MAX 1000
9  using namespace std;
10
11 vector<int> G[MAX*2], T[MAX*2];
12 int O[MAX*2], V[MAX*2], npv, n;
13 char R[MAX*2];
14
15 int neg(int x) {
16     if (x>=n) return x-n;
17     return x+n;
18 }
19
20 void set(int v, bool value) {
21     if (R[v] != 0) return;
22     R[v] = value ? 'w' : 'h';
23     R[neg(v)] = value ? 'h' : 'w';
24
25     if (value)
26         for(int i=0; i<G[v].size(); i++)
27             set(G[v][i], true);
28     else
29         for(int i=0; i<G[neg(v)].size(); i++)
30             set(G[neg(v)][i], true);
31 }
32
33 void DFS(int v){
34     V[v] = 1;
35     for(int i = 0; i < G[v].size(); i++)
36         if (!V[G[v][i]])
37             DFS(G[v][i]);
38     O[npv++] = v;
39 }
40
41 void DFSt(int v, int comp){
42     V[v] = comp;
43     for(int i = 0; i < T[v].size(); i++)
44         if (!V[T[v][i]])
45             DFSt(T[v][i], comp);
46 }
47
48 int main() {
49     int m;
50     while(cin >> n >> m, n||m) {
51         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
52         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
53         memset(R, 0, sizeof(R));
54
55         for(int i=0;i<m; i++) {
56             int a, b; char c, d;
57             cin >> a >> c >> b >> d;
58             if (c=='h') a=neg(a);

```

```

59         if (d=='h') b=neg(b);
60
61         G[neg(a)].push_back(b);
62         G[neg(b)].push_back(a);
63     }
64
65     G[neg(0)].push_back(0);
66
67     for(int i=0; i<2*n; i++)
68         for(int j=0; j<G[i].size(); j++)
69             T[G[i][j]].push_back(i);
70
71     npv = 0;
72     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
73     memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
74
75     for(int i = 0; i < 2*n; i++)
76         if(!V[i]) DFS(i);
77
78     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
79
80     int comp = 0;
81     for(int i = 2*n-1; i >= 0; i--)
82         if(!V[O[i]])
83             DFSt(O[i], ++comp);
84
85     bool result = true;
86     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
87         result &= V[i] != V[neg(i)];
88     }
89
90     if (!result) {
91         cout << "bad luck" << endl;
92         continue;
93     }
94
95     for(int i=1; i<=comp; i++) {
96         for(int j=0; j<2*n; j++) {
97             if (V[j] == i)
98                 set(j, false);
99         }
100     }
101
102     for(int i=1; i<n; i++) {
103         if (i>1) cout << " ";
104         cout << i << R[i];
105     }
106     cout << endl;
107 }
108 }

```

uva/11297.cpp

```

1  //11297
2  //Census
3  //Misc;Segment Tree;2D
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <functional>
7  #define MAX 506
8  #define ull long long
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int P[MAX][MAX];
12
13 struct Point {
14     int x, y, mx;
15     Point() : x(0), y(0), mx(-1) {}
16     Point(int x, int y, int mx) : x(x), y(y), mx(mx) { }
17
18     bool operator <(const Point& other) const {
19         return mx < other.mx;
20     }
21 };
22
23 struct Segtree2d {
24     Point T[2*MAX*MAX];
25     int n, m;
26
27     void clear(int n, int m) {
28         this->n = n;

```

```

29     this->m = m;
30     build(1, 1, 1, n, m);
31 }
32
33 int c(int s1, int s2) {
34     return (s1+s2)/2;
35 }
36
37 Point build(int v, int a1, int b1, int a2, int b2) {
38     if (a1>a2 || b1>b2) return def();
39
40     if (a1 == a2 && b1 == b2)
41         return T[v] = Point(a1, b1, P[a1][b1]);
42
43     T[v] = def();
44     T[v] = maxv(T[v], build(4*v-2, a1, b1, c(a1, a2), c(b1, b2)));
45     T[v] = maxv(T[v], build(4*v-1, c(a1, a2)+1, b1, a2, c(b1, b2)));
46     T[v] = maxv(T[v], build(4*v+0, a1, c(b1, b2)+1, c(a1, a2), b2));
47     T[v] = maxv(T[v], build(4*v+1, c(a1, a2)+1, c(b1, b2)+1, a2, b2));
48     return T[v];
49 }
50
51 //virtual apenas para permitir árvore de mínimo
52 virtual Point maxv(Point a, Point b) {
53     return max(a, b);
54 }
55
56 virtual Point def() {
57     return Point(0, 0, -1);
58 }
59
60
61 Point query(int v, int a1, int b1, int a2, int b2, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
62     if (x1>a2 || y1>b2 || x2<a1 || y2<b1 || a1>a2 || b1>b2)
63         return def();
64
65     if (x1<=a1 && y1<=b1 && a2<=x2 && b2<=y2)
66         return T[v];
67
68     Point mx = def();
69
70     mx = maxv(mx, query(4*v-2, a1, b1, c(a1, a2), c(b1, b2), x1, y1, x2, y2));
71     mx = maxv(mx, query(4*v-1, c(a1, a2)+1, b1, a2, c(b1, b2), x1, y1, x2, y2));
72     mx = maxv(mx, query(4*v+0, a1, c(b1, b2)+1, c(a1, a2), b2, x1, y1, x2, y2));
73     mx = maxv(mx, query(4*v+1, c(a1, a2)+1, c(b1, b2)+1, a2, b2, x1, y1, x2, y2));
74
75     return mx;
76 }
77
78 Point query(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
79     return query(1, 1, 1, n, m, x1, y1, x2, y2);
80 }
81
82 Point update(int v, int a1, int b1, int a2, int b2, int x, int y, int value) {
83     if (a1>a2 || b1>b2) return def();
84
85     if (x>a2 || y>b2 || x<a1 || y<b1)
86         return T[v];
87
88     if (x==a1 && y==b1 && x==a2 && y==b2)
89         return T[v] = Point(x, y, value);
90
91     Point mx = def();
92
93     mx = maxv(mx, update(4*v-2, a1, b1, c(a1, a2), c(b1, b2), x, y, value));
94     mx = maxv(mx, update(4*v-1, c(a1, a2)+1, b1, a2, c(b1, b2), x, y, value));
95     mx = maxv(mx, update(4*v+0, a1, c(b1, b2)+1, c(a1, a2), b2, x, y, value));
96     mx = maxv(mx, update(4*v+1, c(a1, a2)+1, c(b1, b2)+1, a2, b2, x, y, value));
97
98     return T[v] = mx;
99 }
100
101 Point update(int x, int y, int value) {
102     return update(1, 1, 1, n, m, x, y, value);
103 }
104 };
105
106 struct Segtree2dMin : Segtree2d {
107     Point maxv(Point a, Point b) {
108         return min(a, b);
109     }
110 }

```

```

111     Point def() {
112         return Point(0, 0, 1<<29);
113     }
114 };
115
116 Segtree2d Tmax;
117 Segtree2dMin Tmin;
118
119 int main() {
120     int n, m;
121     while(cin >> n >> m) {
122         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
123             for(int j=1; j<=m; j++)
124                 cin >> P[i][j];
125
126         Tmax.clear(n, m);
127         Tmin.clear(n, m);
128
129
130         int q; cin >> q;
131         while(q-->0) {
132             char cmd;
133             cin >> cmd;
134
135             if (cmd == 'q') {
136                 int x1, y1, x2, y2;
137                 cin >> x1 >> y1 >> x2 >> y2;
138                 cout << Tmax.query(x1, y1, x2, y2).mx << " " << Tmin.query(x1, y1, x2, y2).mx << endl;
139             } else {
140                 int x, y, v;
141                 cin >> x >> y >> v;
142                 Tmax.update(x, y, v);
143                 Tmin.update(x, y, v);
144             }
145         }
146     }
147 }
148 }
149 }

```

uva/11375.cpp

```

1  //11375
2  //Matches
3  //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <vector>
6  #include <cstring>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int K[] = {6, 2, 5, 5, 4, 5, 6, 3, 7, 6};
10 vector<int> T[2001][10];
11
12 void add(vector<int> &a, const vector<int> &b) {
13     int carry = 0;
14     for(int i=0; i<max(a.size(), b.size()); i++) {
15         int aa = i<a.size()?a[i]:0;
16         int bb = i<b.size()?b[i]:0;
17         int cc = aa+bb+carry;
18         if (i >= a.size()) a.push_back(0);
19         a[i] = cc%10;
20         carry = cc/10;
21     }
22     if (carry)
23         a.push_back(carry);
24 }
25
26 int main() {
27     vector<int> one; one.push_back(1);
28
29     for(int i=2; i<2001; i++) {
30         for(int j=0; j<10; j++)
31             if (i>=K[j]) {
32                 add(T[i][j], one);
33                 for(int k=0; k<10; k++)
34                     add(T[i][j], T[i-K[j]][k]);
35             }
36     }
37
38     int n;
39     while(cin >> n) {

```

```

40     vector<int> ans = n>=6?one:vector<int>();
41     for(int i=1;i<10;i++)
42         add(ans, T[n][i]);
43
44     for(int i=ans.size()-1;i>=0;i--) {
45         cout << ans[i];
46     }
47     if (ans.size()==0) cout << 0;
48     cout << endl;
49 }
50
51 return 0;
52 }

```

uva/11402.cpp

```

1  //11402
2  //Ahoy, Pirates!
3  //Misc;Segment Tree;Lazy Propagation
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 3000100
8  #define ull long long
9  using namespace std;
10
11 struct Node {
12     int a, b;
13     int pending;
14
15     Node() : a(0), b(0), pending(0) {}
16     Node(int a) : a(a), b(0), pending(0) { }
17     Node(int a, int b) : a(a), b(b), pending(0) { }
18
19     Node change(int n) {
20         if (n==1) {
21             b += a;
22             a = 0;
23             pending = n;
24         } else if (n==2) {
25             a += b;
26             b = 0;
27             pending = n;
28         } else if (n==3) {
29             swap(a, b);
30             pending = 3-pending;
31         }
32
33         return *this;
34     }
35
36     Node operator +(Node x) {
37         return Node(a+x.a, b+x.b);
38     }
39 };
40
41 struct Segtree {
42     Node T[MAX];
43     int n;
44
45     void clear(int n, int *P) {
46         this->n = n;
47
48         build(1, 1, n, P);
49     }
50
51     Node build(int v, int a, int b, int *P) {
52         if (a==b)
53             return T[v] = Node(1-P[a], P[a]);
54         else
55             return T[v] =
56                 build(2*v, a, (a+b)/2, P) +
57                 build(2*v+1, (a+b)/2+1, b, P);
58     }
59
60     Node update(int v, int a, int b, int i, int j, int carry, int increment) {
61         T[v].change(carry);
62
63         if (i>b || j<a)
64             return Node(0);
65

```

```

66         if (i<=a && b<=j)
67             return T[v].change(increment);
68
69         Node answer =
70             update(v*2, a, (a+b)/2, i, j, T[v].pending, increment) +
71             update(v*2+1, (a+b)/2+1, b, i, j, T[v].pending, increment);
72
73         T[v] = T[v*2] + T[v*2+1];
74
75         return answer;
76     }
77
78     Node update(int i, int j, int inc) {
79         return update(1, 1, n, i, j, 0, inc);
80     }
81
82     Node query(int i, int j) {
83         return update(i, j, 0);
84     }
85
86 };
87
88 Segtree T;
89 int P[MAX];
90 string s;
91
92 int main() {
93     int cases; cin >> cases;
94
95     for(int tt=1; tt<=cases; tt++) {
96         cout << "Case " << tt << ":" << endl;
97
98         int m; cin >> m;
99         int n = 0;
100         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
101             int t;
102             cin >> t >> s;
103             for(int j=0; j<t; j++) {
104                 for(int k=0; k<s.size(); k++) {
105                     P[++n] = s[k]-'0';
106                 }
107             }
108         }
109         T.clear(n, P);
110
111         int q; cin >> q;
112         int query = 0;
113         while(q--) {
114             char cmd; int a, b;
115             cin >> cmd >> a >> b;
116             a++; b++;
117             if (cmd == 'F') {
118                 T.update(a, b, 1);
119             } else if (cmd == 'E') {
120                 T.update(a, b, 2);
121             } else if (cmd == 'I') {
122                 T.update(a, b, 3);
123             } else {
124                 Node node = T.query(a, b);
125                 cout << "Q" << ++query << ": " << node.b << endl;
126             }
127         }
128     }
129 }

```

uva/11419.cpp

```

1  //11419
2  //SAM I AM
3  //Graphs;Bipartite Matching;Konig Theorem
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cstdio>
9  #include <vector>
10 #define MAX 2005
11 using namespace std;
12
13 string VA[MAX], VB[MAX];
14 int G[MAX][MAX], n, r, c, p;

```

```

15 vector<int> G2[MAX];
16 bool V[MAX];
17
18 inline int SOURCE() { return 0; }
19 inline int TARGET() { return 1; }
20 inline int R(int i) { return 1+i; }
21 inline int C(int i) { return 1+r+i; }
22
23 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
24     V[s] = true;
25
26     if (s==t) return minn;
27     for(int i=0; i<G2[s].size(); i++) {
28         int u = G2[s][i];
29         if (!V[u] && G[s][u] > 0) {
30             if (int sent = send(u, t, min(minn, G[s][u])) {
31                 G[s][u] -= sent;
32                 G[u][s] += sent;
33                 return sent;
34             }
35         }
36     }
37     return 0;
38 }
39
40 void mark(int v, bool side) {
41     V[v] = true;
42     for(int i=0; i<G2[v].size(); i++) {
43         int u = G2[v][i];
44         if (!V[u] && (side && G[v][u] || !side && G[u][v]))
45             mark(u, !side);
46     }
47 }
48
49
50 int main() {
51     while(scanf("%d %d %d", &r, &c, &p), r|c|p) {
52         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
53         memset(G2, 0, sizeof(G2));
54         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
55
56         for(int i=1; i<=r; i++) {
57             G[SOURCE()][R(i)] = 1;
58             G2[SOURCE()].push_back(R(i));
59         }
60
61         for(int i=1; i<=c; i++) {
62             G[C(i)][TARGET()] = 1;
63             G2[C(i)].push_back(TARGET());
64         }
65
66         for(int i=0; i<p; i++) {
67             int a, b;
68             cin >> a >> b;
69             G[R(a)][C(b)] = 1;
70             G2[R(a)].push_back(C(b));
71             G2[C(b)].push_back(R(a));
72         }
73
74         n = r+c+1;
75
76         int total = 0;
77         while(int sent = send(SOURCE(), TARGET(), INT_MAX)) {
78             total += sent;
79             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
80         }
81
82         V[0] = V[1] = true;
83         for(int i=1; i<=r; i++) {
84             bool inflow = false;
85             for(int j=1; j<=c; j++)
86                 inflow |= G[C(j)][R(i)];
87
88             if (!V[R(i)] && !inflow)
89                 mark(R(i), true);
90         }
91         printf("%d", total);
92         for(int i=1; i<=r; i++)
93             if (!V[R(i)]) printf(" r%d", i);
94
95         for(int i=1; i<=c; i++)

```

```

97         if (V[C(i)]) printf(" c%d", i);
98
99         printf("\n");
100     }
101
102     return 0;
103 }

```

uva/11423.cpp

```

1  //11423
2  //Cache Simulator
3  //Misc;Fenwick Tree
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <algorithm>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 10000100
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Fenwick {
11     int T[MAX];
12     int n;
13
14     Fenwick() {
15         clear(MAX);
16     }
17
18     void clear(int n) {
19         n++;
20         memset(T, 0, n*sizeof(int));
21         this->n = n;
22     }
23
24     void adjust(int k, int v) {
25         for (; k < n; k += (k&-k))
26             T[k] += v;
27     }
28
29     int rsq(int b) {
30         int sum = 0;
31         for (; b; b -= (b&-b))
32             sum += T[b];
33         return sum;
34     }
35
36     int rsq(int a, int b) {
37         return rsq(b) - rsq(a - 1);
38     }
39 };
40
41 Fenwick T;
42 int C[40], S[40], P[1<<24];
43 int caches=0, query=0;
44
45 void access(int addr) {
46     if (P[addr]) {
47         int maxCache = T.rsq(P[addr], query);
48
49         int upto = lower_bound(C, C+caches, maxCache)-C;
50
51         for(int i=0; i<upto; i++)
52             S[i]++;
53
54         T.adjust(P[addr], -1);
55     } else {
56         for(int i=0; i<caches; i++)
57             S[i]++;
58     }
59
60     T.adjust(P[addr] = ++query, 1);
61 }
62
63 int main() {
64     cin >> caches;
65     for(int i=0; i<caches; i++)
66         cin >> C[i];
67
68     string cmd;
69     while(cin >> cmd, cmd != "END") {
70         if (cmd == "ADDR") {
71             int x;

```



```

72         cin >> x;
73         access(x);
74     } else if (cmd == "RANGE") {
75         int b, y, n;
76         cin >> b >> y >> n;
77
78         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
79             access(b+i*y);
80     } else {
81         for(int i=0; i<cache; i++) {
82             if (i) cout << " ";
83             cout << S[i];
84         }
85         cout << endl;
86         memset(S, 0, sizeof S);
87     }
88 }
89
90
91
92 return 0;
93 }

```

uva/11475.cpp

```

1  //11475
2  //Extend to Palindrome
3  //Misc;String Matching;KMP;Suffix-Prefix
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 100010
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int F[MAX];
11
12 void kmp_init(string& P) {
13     F[0] = 0; F[1] = 0;
14     int i = 1, j = 0;
15     while(i<P.size()) {
16         if (P[i] == P[j])
17             F[++i] = ++j;
18         else if (j == 0)
19             F[++i] = 0;
20         else
21             j = F[j];
22     }
23 }
24
25 int kmp(string& P, string& T) {
26     kmp_init(P);
27     int i = 0, j = 0;
28     int n = T.size(), m = P.size();
29
30     while(i < n) {
31         while(j < m) {
32             if (P[j] == T[i]) {
33                 i++; j++;
34             } else break;
35         }
36         if (j == 0) i++;
37         if (i==n) return j;
38         j = F[j];
39     }
40     return 0;
41 }
42
43
44 int main() {
45     string S, P, T;
46     while(cin >> S) {
47         P = string(S.rbegin(), S.rend());
48
49         string K = S.substr(0, S.size()-kmp(P, S));
50
51         cout << S+string(K.rbegin(), K.rend()) << endl;
52     }
53 }

```

uva/11494.cpp

```

1 //11494
2 //Queen
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <iomanip>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int main() {
10     int x, y, a, b;
11     while(cin >> x >> y >> a >> b, x|y|a|b) {
12         if (x==a && y==b)
13             cout << 0 << endl;
14         else if (x==a || y==b || x+y == a+b || x-y==a-b)
15             cout << 1 << endl;
16         else
17             cout << 2 << endl;
18     }
19     return 0;
20 }

```

uva/11503.cpp

```

1 //11503
2 //Virtual Friends
3 //Misc;Union-Find
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <map>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #include <algorithm>
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int P[200001], C[200001];
12 map<string, int> M;
13
14 int parent(int v) {
15     if (P[v] != v) {
16         int p = P[v] = parent(P[v]);
17         C[v] = C[p];
18         return p;
19     } else {
20         return v;
21     }
22 }
23
24 int person(string& s) {
25     if (M.find(s) != M.end())
26         return M[s];
27     else {
28         int r = M[s] = M.size();
29         C[r] = 1; P[r] = r;
30         return r;
31     }
32 }
33
34 int main() {
35     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
36     int n;
37
38     while(cin >> n) {
39         M.clear();
40         while(n--) {
41             string p, q;
42             cin >> p >> q;
43             int a = person(p), b=person(q);
44             int pa = parent(a), pb=parent(b);
45             if (pa==pb) {
46                 cout << C[pa] << endl;
47                 continue;
48             }
49             if (pa < pb) swap(pa, pb);
50
51             P[pb] = pa;
52             cout << (C[pa]+=C[pb]) << endl;
53         }
54     }

```

```

55 |     }
56 | }

```

uva/11512.cpp

```

1  //11512
2  //GATTACA
3  //Misc;String Matching;Suffix Array;Longest Common Prefix
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #include <cmath>
9  #define MAX 10050
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int RA[MAX], tempRA[MAX];
13 int SA[MAX], tempSA[MAX];
14 int C[MAX];
15 int Phi[MAX], PLCP[MAX], LCP[MAX];
16
17 void suffix_sort(int n, int k) {
18     memset(C, 0, sizeof C);
19
20     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
21         C[i + k < n ? RA[i + k] : 0]++;
22
23     int sum = 0;
24     for (int i = 0; i < max(256, n); i++) {
25         int t = C[i];
26         C[i] = sum;
27         sum += t;
28     }
29
30     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
31         tempSA[C[SA[i] + k < n ? RA[SA[i] + k] : 0]++] = SA[i];
32
33     memcpy(SA, tempSA, n*sizeof(int));
34 }
35
36 void suffix_array(string &s) {
37     int n = s.size();
38
39     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
40         RA[i] = s[i] - 1;
41
42     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
43         SA[i] = i;
44
45     for (int k = 1; k < n; k *= 2) {
46         suffix_sort(n, k);
47         suffix_sort(n, 0);
48
49         int r = tempRA[SA[0]] = 0;
50         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
51             int s1 = SA[i], s2 = SA[i-1];
52             bool equal = true;
53             equal &= RA[s1] == RA[s2];
54             equal &= RA[s1+k] == RA[s2+k];
55
56             tempRA[SA[i]] = equal ? r : ++r;
57         }
58
59         memcpy(RA, tempRA, n*sizeof(int));
60     }
61 }
62
63 void lcp(string &s) {
64     int n = s.size();
65
66     Phi[SA[0]] = -1;
67     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
68         Phi[SA[i]] = SA[i-1];
69
70     int L = 0;
71     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
72         if (Phi[i] == -1) {
73             PLCP[i] = 0;
74             continue;
75         }
76         while (s[i + L] == s[Phi[i] + L])

```

```

77         L++;
78
79         PLCP[i] = L;
80         L = max(L-1, 0);
81     }
82
83     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
84         LCP[i] = PLCP[SA[i]];
85 }
86
87 int main() {
88     int tt; cin >> tt;
89     while(tt-->0) {
90         string s; cin >> s;
91         s += "\1";
92         suffix_array(s);
93         lcp(s);
94
95         int maxx=0, start=0, count=0, last;
96         for(int i=1; i<s.size(); i++) {
97             if (LCP[i] > maxx) {
98                 maxx = LCP[i];
99                 start = i-1;
100                 count = 2;
101             } else if (LCP[i] == maxx && start+count==i) {
102                 count++;
103             }
104         }
105
106         if (maxx > 0)
107             cout << s.substr(SA[start], maxx) << " " << count << endl;
108         else
109             cout << "No repetitions found!" << endl;
110     }
111 }

```

uva/11518.cpp

```

1  //11518
2  //Dominos 2
3  //Graphs;Flood Fill
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <vector>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 10002
8  using namespace std;
9
10 vector<int> G[MAX];
11 bool V[MAX];
12 int n,m,l;
13
14 int dfs(int v) {
15     if (V[v]) return 0;
16     V[v] = true;
17     int r = 1;
18     for(int i=0;i<G[v].size(); i++)
19         r+=dfs(G[v][i]);
20     return r;
21 }
22
23 int main() {
24     int t; cin >> t;
25     while(cin >> n >> m >> l) {
26         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
27         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
28
29         for(int i=0;i<m;i++) {
30             int a, b;
31             cin >> a >> b;
32             G[a].push_back(b);
33         }
34         int sum = 0;
35         for(int i=0;i<l;i++) {
36             int a;
37             cin >> a;
38             sum+=dfs(a);
39         }
40
41         cout << sum << endl;
42     }
43 }

```

```

44 |     return 0;
45 | }

```

uva/11525.cpp

```

1  //11525
2  //Permutation
3  //Misc;Fenwick Tree
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAX 50100
7  using namespace std;
8
9  struct Fenwick {
10     int T[MAX];
11     int n;
12
13     Fenwick() {
14         clear(0);
15     }
16
17     void clear(int n) {
18         n++;
19         memset(T, 0, n*sizeof(int));
20         this->n = n;
21     }
22
23     void adjust(int k, int v) {
24         for (; k < n; k += (k&-k))
25             T[k] += v;
26     }
27
28     int rsq(int b) {
29         int sum = 0;
30         for (; b; b -= (b&-b))
31             sum += T[b];
32         return sum;
33     }
34
35     int rsq(int a, int b) {
36         return rsq(b) - rsq(a - 1);
37     }
38
39     int lower_bound(int x) {
40         int first = 0, count = n;
41         while (count > 0)
42         {
43             int step = count / 2;
44             int mid = first + step;
45
46             if (rsq(mid) < x) {
47                 first = mid + 1;
48                 count -= step + 1;
49             } else {
50                 count = step;
51             }
52         }
53         return first;
54     }
55 };
56
57 Fenwick T;
58
59 int main() {
60     int tt; cin >> tt;
61     while (tt--) {
62         int n; cin >> n;
63
64         T.clear(n);
65         for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
66             T.adjust(i, 1);
67
68         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
69             int k; cin >> k;
70
71             int x = T.lower_bound(k + 1);
72             T.adjust(x, -1);
73
74             if (i) cout << " ";
75             cout << x;
76

```

```

77     }
78     cout << endl;
79 }
80
81 return 0;
82 }

```

uva/11532.cpp

```

1  //11532
2  //Simple Adjacency Maximization
3  //Misc;Binary Manipulation
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  long long T[51][51];
10
11 int main() {
12     for(int i=1;i<=50;i++) {
13         for(int j=0;i+j<=50;j++) {
14             int p=i, q=j;
15             long long n = 0L;
16             if (p%2!=0 && p/2<q) {
17                 n = 1;
18                 p--;
19             }
20
21             for(;p>1;p-=2) {
22                 if (q>0)
23                     n = (n<<3) | 5L;
24                 else
25                     n = (n<<2) | 3L;
26                 q--;
27             }
28
29             if (p==1) n = (n<<1) | 1L;
30             T[i][j] = n;
31         }
32     }
33
34     int t, p, q;
35     cin >> t;
36     while(cin >> p >> q) {
37         cout << T[p][q] << endl;
38     }
39
40     return 0;
41 }
42

```

uva/11576.cpp

```

1  //11576
2  //Scrolling Sign
3  //Misc;String Matching;KMP;Suffix-Prefix
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #define MAX 100010
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int F[MAX];
11
12 void kmp_init(string& P) {
13     F[0] = 0; F[1] = 0;
14     int i = 1, j = 0;
15     while(i<P.size()) {
16         if (P[i] == P[j])
17             F[++i] = ++j;
18         else if (j == 0)
19             F[++i] = 0;
20         else
21             j = F[j];
22     }
23 }
24
25 int kmp(string& P, string& T) {

```

```

26     kmp_init(P);
27     int i = 0, j = 0;
28     int n = T.size(), m = P.size();
29
30     while(i < n) {
31         while(j < m) {
32             if (P[j] == T[i]) {
33                 i++; j++;
34             } else break;
35         }
36         if (j == 0) i++;
37         if (i==n) return j;
38         j = F[j];
39     }
40     return 0;
41 }
42
43
44 int main() {
45     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
46     int k, w;
47     while(cin >> k >> w) {
48         int sum = 0;
49         string Q, P = "";
50         while(w--) {
51             cin >> Q;
52             sum += k-kmp(Q, P);
53             P = Q;
54         }
55         cout << sum << endl;
56     }
57 }

```

uva/11590.cpp

```

1  //11590
2  //Prefix Lookup
3  //Misc;String Matching;Trie
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAXS 1500010
7  #define ull unsigned long long
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Trie {
11     int G[MAXS][2];
12     ull S[MAXS];
13     bool E[MAXS];
14     int stateCount;
15
16     Trie() {
17         clear();
18     }
19
20     void clear() {
21         stateCount = 0;
22         clear(stateCount++);
23     }
24
25     int clear(int state) {
26         memset(G[state], -1, sizeof G[state]);
27         S[state] = 0;
28         E[state] = false;
29         return state;
30     }
31
32     void add(string &s) {
33         int state = 0;
34         for(int i=0; i<s.size()-1; i++) {
35             S[state]++;
36
37             int next = s[i] - '0';
38
39             if (G[state][next] < 0)
40                 G[state][next] = clear(stateCount++);
41
42             state = G[state][next];
43         }
44         E[state] = true;
45     }
46 };

```

```

47
48 Trie T;
49
50 ull dfs(int state, int depth) {
51     ull s = 0;
52
53     for (int e = 0; e < 2; ++e) {
54         if (T.G[state][e] == -1) continue;
55
56         s += dfs(T.G[state][e], depth-1);
57     }
58
59     T.S[state] = s;
60
61     return T.E[state] ? 1ull << depth : s;
62 }
63
64
65 ull answer(string &s, int m) {
66     int state = 0;
67     for(int i=0; i<s.size()-1; i++) {
68         int next = s[i]-'0';
69         state = T.G[state][next];
70     }
71     int shift = m-s.size()+1;
72     ull base = shift == 64 ? 0 : 1ull << shift;
73     return base - T.S[state];
74 }
75
76 int main() {
77     int n, m, q;
78     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
79         T.clear();
80
81         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
82             string s; cin >> s;
83             T.add(s);
84         }
85
86         dfs(0, m);
87
88         cin >> q;
89         for(int i=0; i<q; i++) {
90             string s; cin >> s;
91             cout << answer(s, m) << endl;
92         }
93         cout << endl;
94     }
95 }

```

uva/11597.cpp

```

1 //11597
2 //Spanning Subtree
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 int main() {
8     int n, t=0;
9     while(cin >> n, t++, n) {
10         cout << "Case " << t << ": " << n/2 << endl;
11     }
12
13     return 0;
14 }

```

uva/11610.cpp

```

1 //11610
2 //Reverse Prime
3 //Misc;Fenwick Tree
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <algorithm>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #define MAX 1000100
8 using namespace std;
9
10 struct Fenwick {

```



```

11     int T[MAX];
12     int n;
13
14     Fenwick() {
15         clear(MAX);
16     }
17
18     void clear(int n) {
19         n++;
20         memset(T, 0, n*sizeof(int));
21         this->n = n;
22     }
23
24     void adjust(int k, int v) {
25         for (; k < n; k += (k&-k))
26             T[k] += v;
27     }
28
29     int rsq(int b) {
30         int sum = 0;
31         for (; b; b -= (b&-b))
32             sum += T[b];
33         return sum;
34     }
35
36     int rsq(int a, int b) {
37         return rsq(b) - rsq(a - 1);
38     }
39
40     int value(int b) {
41         return rsq(b, b);
42     }
43
44     int lower_bound(int x) {
45         int first = 0, count = n;
46         while (count > 0)
47             {
48                 int step = count/2;
49                 int mid = first + step;
50
51                 if (rsq(mid) < x) {
52                     first = mid + 1;
53                     count -= step + 1;
54                 } else {
55                     count = step;
56                 }
57             }
58         return first;
59     }
60 };
61
62 Fenwick T, Q;
63 int P[MAX], W[MAX], wn=0, I[MAX], in=0, F[MAX];
64
65 int invert(int n) {
66     int r=0;
67     while(n) {
68         r *= 10;
69         r += n%10;
70         n /= 10;
71     }
72     return r;
73 }
74
75 int factors(int n, int start) {
76     if (F[n]) return F[n];
77     if (not P[n]) return F[n] = 1;
78
79     for(;; start++)
80         if (n%W[start] == 0)
81             return factors(n/W[start], start) + 1;
82 }
83
84
85 int main() {
86     P[1] = true;
87     for(long long i=2; i<MAX; i++) {
88         if (P[i]) continue;
89         W[wn++] = i;
90         for(long long j=i*i; j<MAX; j+=i)
91             P[j] = true;
92     }

```

```

93
94
95     for(int i=100000; i<1000000; i++) {
96         if (not P[invert(i)]) {
97             I[i]=++in;
98             Q.adjust(in, 1);
99             T.adjust(in, factors(i, 0)+2);
100         }
101     }
102
103     char c; int n;
104     while(cin >> c >> n) {
105         if (c=='q') {
106             cout << T.rsq(Q.lower_bound(n+1)) << endl;
107         } else {
108             n/=10;
109             T.adjust(I[n], -T.value(I[n]));
110             Q.adjust(I[n], -1);
111         }
112     }
113
114     return 0;
115 }
116

```

uva/11626.cpp

```

1  //11626
2  //Convex Hull
3  //Math;Geometry;Point Sort
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <algorithm>
6  #define long2 long long
7  using namespace std;
8
9  struct Point {
10     long2 x, y;
11
12     Point() {}
13     Point(long2 x, long2 y) : x(x), y(y) {}
14
15     long2 signal(Point& a, Point& b) {
16         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x);
17     }
18
19     inline bool operator <(const Point& p) const {
20         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
21         return this->y < p.y;
22     }
23 };
24
25 Point P[100050], L[100050], U[100050], C[100050];
26
27 void print(Point* P, int n) {
28     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
29         cout << P[i].x << " " << P[i].y << endl;
30 }
31
32 void printInv(Point* P, int n) {
33     for(int i=n-1; i>=0; i--)
34         cout << P[i].x << " " << P[i].y << endl;
35 }
36
37 int main() {
38     int t; cin >> t;
39     while(t--) {
40         int n;
41         cin >> n;
42         int m = 0;
43         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
44             long2 x, y; char c;
45             cin >> x >> y >> c;
46             if (c=='Y')
47                 P[m++] = Point(x,y);
48         }
49         sort(P, P+m);
50         int up=0, lo=0, ce=0;
51         for(int i=1; i<m-1; i++) {
52             long2 signal = P[i].signal(P[0], P[m-1]);
53             if (signal < 0)
54                 U[up++] = P[i];

```

```

55         else if (signal > 0)
56             L[lo++] = P[i];
57         else
58             C[ce++] = P[i];
59     }
60
61
62     cout << m << endl;
63     cout << P[0].x << " " << P[0].y << endl;
64
65     if (lo > 0)
66         print(L, lo);
67     else
68         print(C, ce);
69
70     cout << P[m-1].x << " " << P[m-1].y << endl;
71
72     if (up > 0)
73         printInv(U, up);
74     else
75         printInv(C, ce);
76 }
77
78 }
```

uva/11629.cpp

```

1  //11629
2  //Ballot evaluation
3  //Misc;STL map
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <map>
6  #include <cstring>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  map<string, int> P;
10
11 int main() {
12     int n, g;
13     while(cin >> n >> g) {
14         P.clear();
15         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
16             string s; int a, b;
17             cin >> s >> a; cin.get(); cin >> b;
18             P[s] = a*10+b;
19         }
20
21         for(int i=1; i<=g; i++) {
22             string s = "+"; int d=0; int r;
23
24             while(s=="") {
25                 cin >> s;
26                 d += P[s];
27                 cin >> s;
28             }
29             cin >> r; r*=10;
30
31             bool result;
32             if ( s=="<") result = d < r;
33             if ( s=="<=") result = d <= r;
34             if ( s==">") result = d > r;
35             if ( s==">=") result = d >= r;
36             if ( s=="=") result = d == r;
37             cout << "Guess #" << i << " was " << (result?"correct":"incorrect") << "." << endl;
38         }
39     }
40 }
41 }
```

uva/11631.cpp

```

1  //11631
2  //Dark roads
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim;Priority Queue
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
```

```

9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 200010
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Road {
15     int v, c;
16     Road(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 };
19
20 vector<Road> G[MAX];
21 priority_queue<Road> Q;
22 int n, m;
23 bool V[MAX];
24
25
26 int main() {
27     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
28         int before = 0;
29         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
30         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
31         Q = priority_queue<Road>();
32
33         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
34             int a, b, c;
35             cin >> a >> b >> c;
36             G[a].push_back(Road(b, c));
37             G[b].push_back(Road(a, c));
38             before += c;
39         }
40
41         int total = 0, totalc=0;
42
43         Q.push(Road(0, 0));
44
45         while(totalc < n) {
46             Road item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
47             if (V[item.v]) continue;
48
49             V[item.v] = true;
50             total += item.c;
51             totalc++;
52
53             for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++)
54                 if (!V[G[item.v][j].v])
55                     Q.push(G[item.v][j]);
56         }
57
58         cout << before-total << endl;
59     }
60     return 0;
61 }

```

uva/11658.cpp

```

1  //11658
2  //Best Coalitions
3  //Dynamic Programming;Knapsack;Binary Knapsack
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int K[10001], W[102];
10
11 int main() {
12     int n, x, a, b;
13
14     while(cin >> n >> x, n|x) {
15         memset(K, 0, sizeof(K));
16
17         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
18             cin >> a; cin.ignore(); cin >> b;
19             W[i] = a*100+b;
20         }
21
22         K[W[x]] = 1;
23         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
24             if (i==x) continue;
25             for(int j=10000; j>=W[i]; j--)

```

```

26         if (K[j-W[i]])
27             K[j] = 1;
28     }
29
30     int maxx = 0;
31     for(int i=5001; i<=10000; i++) {
32         if (K[i]) {
33             maxx = i;
34             break;
35         }
36     }
37
38     cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << (W[x]/((double)maxx)*100.0) << endl;
39 }
40
41 return 0;
42 }

```

uva/11686.cpp

```

1  //11686
2  //Pick up Sticks
3  //Graphs;Topological Sorting
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstdio>
6  #include <vector>
7  #include <cstring>
8  #define MAX 1000001
9  using namespace std;
10
11 int V[MAX];
12 int O[MAX], npv;
13 vector<int> G[MAX];
14 int n, m;
15
16 bool DFS(int d, int v){
17     V[v] = 1;
18
19     for(int i=0;i<G[v].size(); i++) {
20         int u = G[v][i];
21         if (V[u] == 1) return false;
22         if (!V[u] && !DFS(d, u)) return false;
23     }
24     O[++npv] = v;
25     V[v] = 2;
26     return true;
27 }
28
29
30 int main() {
31     int a, b;
32     while(scanf("%d%d",&n, &m), n|m) {
33         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) G[i].clear();
34         npv = 0;
35         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
36         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
37
38         while(m--) {
39             scanf("%d%d",&a, &b);
40             G[a].push_back(b);
41         }
42
43
44         bool ok = true;
45         int d = 0;
46         for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
47             if (!V[i])
48                 ok &= DFS(++d, i);
49
50         if (ok)
51             for(int i = n; i > 0; i--)
52                 printf("%d\n", O[i]);
53         else
54             printf("IMPOSSIBLE\n");
55     }
56
57     return 0;
58 }

```

uva/11703.cpp

```

1 //11703
2 //sqrt log sin
3 //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <cassert>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 int K[1000001];
11
12 int main() {
13     K[0] = 1;
14     for(int i=1; i<1000001; i++) {
15         int a = (int)(i-sqrt(i));
16         int b = (int)log(i);
17         int c = (int)(i*pow(sin(i), 2));
18         K[i] = (K[a] + K[b] + K[c])%1000000;
19     }
20
21     int n;
22     while(cin >> n, n>-1)
23         cout << K[n] << endl;
24
25     return 0;
26 }

```

uva/11709.cpp

```

1 //11709
2 //Trust Groups
3 //Graphs;Strongly Connected Components
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <map>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #define MAX 1001
9 using namespace std;
10
11 map<string, int> P;
12 int person(const string& p) {
13     if (P.find(p) != P.end())
14         return P[p];
15     else
16         return P[p] = P.size();
17 }
18
19 bool V[MAX];
20 int O[MAX], npv;
21 bool G[MAX][MAX];
22 int n, m;
23
24 void DFS(int v){
25     V[v] = true;
26     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
27         if (G[v][i] && !V[i])
28             DFS(i);
29     O[++npv] = v;
30 }
31
32 void DFSt(int v){
33     V[v] = true;
34     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
35         if (G[i][v] && !V[i])
36             DFSt(i);
37 }
38
39
40 int main() {
41     int a, b, t; string p, q;
42     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
43         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
44         P.clear();
45         getline(cin, p);
46
47         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) getline(cin, p);
48     }

```

```

49     while(m--) {
50         getline(cin, p);
51         getline(cin, q);
52         G[person(p)][person(q)] = true;
53     }
54
55     npv = 0;
56     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
57     memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
58
59     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
60         if(!V[i]) DFS(i);
61
62     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
63
64     int comp = 0;
65     for(int i = n; i > 0; i--)
66         if(!V[O[i]]) {
67             comp++;
68             DFSt(O[i]);
69         }
70
71     cout << comp << endl;
72 }
73
74 return 0;
75 }

```

uva/11733.cpp

```

1  //11733
2  //Airports
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim;Priority Queue
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 10005
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Road {
15     int v, c;
16     Road(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 };
19
20 vector<Road> G[MAX];
21 int CStart[MAX], CCount[MAX], nc;
22 priority_queue<Road> Q;
23 int n, m, cca;
24 bool V[MAX];
25
26 int dfs(int v) {
27     V[v] = true;
28     int acum = 1;
29     for(int i=0; i<G[v].size(); i++)
30         if (!V[G[v][i].v])
31             acum += dfs(G[v][i].v);
32     return acum;
33 }
34
35 int main() {
36     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
37     while(cin >> n >> m >> cca) {
38         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
39         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
40         nc = 0;
41
42         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
43             int a, b, c;
44             cin >> a >> b >> c;
45             if (c<cca) {
46                 G[a].push_back(Road(b, c));
47                 G[b].push_back(Road(a, c));
48             }
49         }
50
51         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {

```

```

52         if (!V[i]) {
53             CStart[nc]=i;
54             CCount[nc]=dfs(i);
55             nc++;
56         }
57     }
58
59     int total = nc*cca;
60
61     for(int i=0; i<nc; i++) {
62         int totalc = 0;
63         Q = priority_queue<Road>();
64         Q.push(Road(CStart[i], 0));
65         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
66
67         while(totalc < CCount[i]) {
68             Road item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
69             if (V[item.v]) continue;
70
71             V[item.v] = true;
72             total += item.c;
73             totalc++;
74
75             for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++)
76                 if (!V[G[item.v][j].v])
77                     Q.push(G[item.v][j]);
78         }
79     }
80
81     cout << "Case #" << ++t << ": " << total << " " << nc << endl;
82 }
83 return 0;
84 }

```

uva/11747.cpp

```

1  //11747
2  //Heavy Cycle Edges
3  //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Prim;Priority Queue
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 10005
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Road {
15     int v, c;
16     Road(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Road& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 };
19
20 vector<Road> G[MAX];
21 int CStart[MAX], CCount[MAX], nc;
22 priority_queue<Road> Q;
23 vector<int> R;
24 int n, m;
25 bool V[MAX];
26
27 int dfs(int v) {
28     V[v] = true;
29     int acum = 1;
30     for(int i=0; i<G[v].size(); i++)
31         if (!V[G[v][i].v])
32             acum += dfs(G[v][i].v);
33     return acum;
34 }
35
36 int main() {
37     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
38         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
39         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
40         nc = 0;
41         R.clear();
42
43         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
44             int a, b, c;
45             cin >> a >> b >> c;

```



```

46         G[a].push_back(Road(b, c));
47         G[b].push_back(Road(a, c));
48     }
49
50     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
51         if (!V[i]) {
52             CStart[nc]=i;
53             CCount[nc]=dfs(i);
54             nc++;
55         }
56     }
57
58     for(int i=0; i<nc; i++) {
59         int totalc=0;
60         Q.push(Road(CStart[i], 0));
61         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
62
63         while(totalc < CCount[i]) {
64             Road item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
65             if (V[item.v]) { R.push_back(item.c); continue; }
66
67             V[item.v] = true;
68             totalc++;
69
70             for(int j=0; j<G[item.v].size(); j++)
71                 if (!V[G[item.v][j].v])
72                     Q.push(G[item.v][j]);
73         }
74         while(!Q.empty()) {
75             R.push_back(Q.top().c);
76             Q.pop();
77         }
78     }
79     sort(R.begin(), R.end());
80     if (R.size()==0) {
81         cout << "forest" << endl;
82     } else {
83         cout << R[0];
84         for(int i=1; i<R.size(); i++)
85             cout << " " << R[i];
86         cout << endl;
87     }
88 }
89 return 0;
90 }

```

uva/11762.cpp

```

1  //11762
2  //Race to 1
3  //Math;Probability
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <iomanip>
6  #define MAX 1000010
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int P[MAX], K[MAX], D[MAX][30];
10 double R[MAX];
11
12 int main() {
13     for(int i=2; i<MAX; i++) {
14         K[i] = K[i-1];
15
16         if (P[i] > 0) continue;
17         K[i]++;
18
19         for(int j=i, k=1; j<MAX; j+=i, k++)
20             D[j][P[j]++] = k;
21     }
22
23     R[1] = 0;
24     for(int i=2; i<MAX; i++) {
25         for(int j=0; j<P[i]; j++)
26             R[i] += R[D[i][j]];
27
28         R[i] /= P[i];
29         R[i] += (double)K[i] / P[i];
30     }
31
32     int t; cin >> t;
33     for(int tt = 1; tt<=t; tt++) {

```

```

34 |         int a; cin >> a;
35 |         cout << "Case " << tt << ": " << fixed << setprecision(10) << R[a] << endl;
36 |     }
37 | }

```

uva/11770.cpp

```

1 | //11770
2 | //Lighting Away
3 | //Graphs;Topological Sorting
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <vector>
6 | #include <cstring>
7 | #define MAX 10001
8 | using namespace std;
9 |
10 | bool V[MAX];
11 | int O[MAX], npv;
12 | vector<int> G[MAX];
13 | int n, m;
14 |
15 | void DFS(int v){
16 |     if (V[v]) return;
17 |     V[v] = true;
18 |     for(int i = 0; i < G[v].size(); i++)
19 |         DFS(G[v][i]);
20 |     O[++npv] = v;
21 | }
22 |
23 | void DFSt(int v){
24 |     if (V[v]) return;
25 |     V[v] = true;
26 |     for(int i = 0; i < G[v].size(); i++)
27 |         DFSt(G[v][i]);
28 | }
29 |
30 |
31 | int main() {
32 |     int a, b;
33 |     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
34 |     while(cin >> n >> m) {
35 |         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
36 |
37 |         while(m--) {
38 |             cin >> a >> b;
39 |             G[a].push_back(b);
40 |         }
41 |
42 |         npv = 0;
43 |         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
44 |         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
45 |
46 |         for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
47 |             if(!V[i]) DFS(i);
48 |
49 |         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
50 |
51 |         int comp = 0;
52 |         for(int i = n; i > 0; i--)
53 |             if(!V[O[i]]) {
54 |                 comp++;
55 |                 DFSt(O[i]);
56 |             }
57 |
58 |         cout << "Case " << ++t << ": " << comp << endl;
59 |     }
60 |
61 |     return 0;
62 | }

```

uva/11833.cpp

```

1 | //11833
2 | //Route Change
3 | //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <cstring>
6 | #include <limits>
7 | #include <vector>

```

```

8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 252
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Edge {
15     int v, c;
16     Edge(int v, int c) : v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Edge& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 };
19
20 int G[MAX][MAX];
21 int V[MAX], S[MAX];
22 int n, m, cc, kk;
23
24 int main() {
25     while(cin >> n >> m >> cc >> kk, n|m|cc|kk) {
26         memset(V, 0x3f, sizeof(V));
27         memset(S, 0, sizeof(S));
28         memset(G, -1, sizeof(G));
29
30         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
31             int a, b, c;
32             cin >> a >> b >> c;
33             G[a][b] = G[b][a] = c;
34         }
35
36         for(int i=cc-2; i>=0; i--) {
37             S[i] = S[i+1] + G[i][i+1];
38         }
39
40         int totalc=0;
41
42         priority_queue<Edge> Q;
43         Q.push(Edge(kk, 0));
44
45         while(totalc < n && !Q.empty()) {
46             Edge item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
47             if (item.c >= V[item.v]) continue;
48             V[item.v] = item.c;
49             totalc++;
50             if (item.v < cc) continue;
51             for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
52                 if (G[item.v][j]>=0) {
53                     Edge e = Edge(j, G[item.v][j]);
54                     if (item.c + e.c < V[e.v])
55                         Q.push(Edge(e.v, item.c + e.c));
56                 }
57             }
58         }
59
60         int minn = 0x3f3f3f3f;
61         for(int i=0; i<cc; i++) {
62             minn = min(minn, V[i]+S[i]);
63         }
64         cout << minn << endl;
65     }
66     return 0;
67 }

```

uva/11838.cpp

```

1  //11838
2  //Come and Go
3  //Graphs;Strongly Connected Components
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAX 1001
7  using namespace std;
8
9  bool V[MAX];
10 int O[MAX], npv;
11 bool G[MAX][MAX];
12 int n, m;
13
14 void DFS(int v){
15     V[v] = true;
16     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
17         if (G[v][i] && !V[i])
18             DFS(i);

```

```

19     O[++npv] = v;
20 }
21
22 void DFSt(int v){
23     V[v] = true;
24     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
25         if (G[i][v] && !V[i])
26             DFSt(i);
27 }
28
29
30 int main() {
31     int a, b, t;
32     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
33         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
34
35         while(m--) {
36             cin >> a >> b >> t;
37             G[a][b] = true;
38             if (t==2)
39                 G[b][a] = true;
40         }
41
42         npv = 0;
43         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
44         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
45
46         for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
47             if(!V[i]) DFS(i);
48
49         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
50
51         int comp = 0;
52         for(int i = n; i > 0; i--)
53             if(!V[i]) {
54                 comp++;
55                 DFSt(i);
56             }
57
58         cout << (comp==1) << endl;
59     }
60
61     return 0;
62 }

```

uva/11857.cpp

```

1 //11857
2 //Driving Range
3 //Graphs;Minimum Spanning Tree;Kruskal
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <vector>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 #include <cassert>
9 using namespace std;
10
11 struct Edge {
12     int x, y, v;
13     inline bool operator <(const Edge& that) const {
14         return this->v < that.v;
15     }
16 };
17
18 Edge E[1000005];
19 int P[1000005];
20
21 inline int findset(int v) {
22     if (P[v] != v)
23         return P[v] = findset(P[v]);
24     return v;
25 }
26
27 inline int unionset(int x, int y) {
28     int a = findset(x), b = findset(y);
29     if (a==b) return -1;
30     if (a>b) swap(a,b);
31     P[b] = a;
32     return a;
33 }
34

```

```

35 int main() {
36     int n, m;
37     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
38         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
39             P[i] = i;
40
41         for(int i=0; i<m; i++)
42             cin >> E[i].x >> E[i].y >> E[i].v;
43
44         sort(E, E+m);
45
46         int maxx=0, count=0;
47         for(int i=0; i<m && count < n-1; i++) {
48             if(unionset(E[i].x, E[i].y) != -1) {
49                 maxx = max(maxx, E[i].v);
50                 count++;
51             }
52         }
53         if (count == n-1)
54             cout << maxx << endl;
55         else
56             cout << "IMPOSSIBLE" << endl;
57     }
58 }

```

uva/11966.cpp

```

1 //11966
2 //Galactic Bonding
3 //Misc;Union-Find
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <map>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #include <algorithm>
9 #include <cmath>
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int P[1000];
13 double X[1000], Y[1000];
14
15 inline int findset(int v) {
16     if (P[v] == v) return v;
17     return P[v] = findset(P[v]);
18 }
19
20 inline bool unionset(int x, int y) {
21     int a = findset(x), b = findset(y);
22     if (a==b) return false;
23     P[b] = a;
24     return true;
25 }
26
27 inline double dist(int a, int b) {
28     return pow(X[a]-X[b], 2.0)+pow(Y[a]-Y[b], 2.0);
29 }
30
31 int main() {
32     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
33
34     int n; double d;
35     while(cin >> n >> d) {
36         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) P[i] = i;
37
38         int sets = n;
39         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
40             cin >> X[i] >> Y[i];
41             for(int j=0; j<i; j++)
42                 if (dist(i,j)<=d*d && unionset(i, j))
43                     sets--;
44         }
45
46         cout << "Case " << ++t << ": " << sets << endl;
47     }
48 }

```

uva/12086.cpp

```

1 //12086

```

```

2 //Potentiometers
3 //Misc;Fenwick Tree
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <string>
7 #define MAX 200100
8 using namespace std;
9
10 struct Fenwick {
11     int T[MAX];
12     int n;
13
14     Fenwick() {
15         clear(0);
16     }
17
18     void clear(int n) {
19         n++;
20         memset(T, 0, n*sizeof(int));
21         this->n = n;
22     }
23
24     void adjust(int k, int v) {
25         for (; k < n; k += (k&-k))
26             T[k] += v;
27     }
28
29     void update(int k, int v) {
30         adjust(k, v-rsq(k, k));
31     }
32
33     int rsq(int b) {
34         int sum = 0;
35         for (; b; b -= (b&-b))
36             sum += T[b];
37         return sum;
38     }
39
40     int rsq(int a, int b) {
41         return rsq(b) - rsq(a - 1);
42     }
43 };
44
45 Fenwick T;
46
47 int main() {
48     int n, tt=0;
49     while(cin >> n, n) {
50         if (tt++) cout << endl;
51         cout << "Case " << tt << ":" << endl;
52
53         T.clear(n);
54         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
55             int a; cin >> a;
56             T.adjust(i, a);
57         }
58
59         string cmd;
60         while(cin >> cmd, cmd!="END") {
61             int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
62             if (cmd == "S") {
63                 T.update(a, b);
64             } else {
65                 cout << T.rsq(a, b) << endl;
66             }
67         }
68     }
69 }
70

```

uva/12101.cpp

```

1 //12101
2 //Prime Path
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <queue>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <string>
8 using namespace std;
9

```

```

10  bool P[10000], V[10000];
11
12  struct Step {
13      int a, b, c, d, w;
14      Step() {}
15      Step(int a, int b, int c, int d, int w) : a(a), b(b), c(c), d(d), w(w) {}
16
17      int number() { return a*1000+b*100+c*10+d; }
18      bool valid() { return a && P[number()]; }
19
20      Step atA(int n) { return Step(n, b, c, d, w+1); }
21      Step atB(int n) { return Step(a, n, c, d, w+1); }
22      Step atC(int n) { return Step(a, b, n, d, w+1); }
23      Step atD(int n) { return Step(a, b, c, n, w+1); }
24  };
25
26  Step makestep(int n) {
27      int a, b, c, d;
28      d = n%10; n/=10;
29      c = n%10; n/=10;
30      b = n%10; n/=10;
31      a = n%10; n/=10;
32      return Step(a,b,c,d,0);
33  }
34
35  int main() {
36      memset(P, true, sizeof(P));
37      P[0] = P[1] = false;
38      for(int i=2; i<10000; i++) {
39          if (P[i]) {
40              for(int j=i*i; j<10000; j+=i)
41                  P[j] = false;
42          }
43      }
44      int t, a, b;
45      cin >> t;
46      while(cin >> a >> b) {
47          memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
48          queue<Step> Q;
49          Q.push(makestep(a));
50          bool found = false;
51          while(!Q.empty()) {
52              Step step = Q.front(); Q.pop();
53              int n = step.number();
54              if (V[n]) continue;
55              V[n] = true;
56              if (n == b) {
57                  cout << step.w << endl;
58                  found = true;
59                  break;
60              }
61              for(int i=0;i<=9;i++) {
62                  Step sa = step.atA(i);
63                  Step sb = step.atB(i);
64                  Step sc = step.atC(i);
65                  Step sd = step.atD(i);
66                  if (sa.valid()) Q.push(sa);
67                  if (sb.valid()) Q.push(sb);
68                  if (sc.valid()) Q.push(sc);
69                  if (sd.valid()) Q.push(sd);
70              }
71          }
72          if (!found) cout << "Impossible" << endl;
73      }
74  }
75  }

```

uva/12103.cpp

```

1  //12103
2  //Leonardo's Notebook
3  //Misc;Permutation Cycle
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <cstring>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int main() {
10     int t; cin >> t;
11     while(t--) {
12         string s; cin >> s;

```

```

13
14     int notzero = 0, visited = 0;
15     for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++) {
16         if (visited & 1<<i) continue;
17
18         int cycle = 0;
19         for(int j=i; ~visited & 1<<j; j=s[j]-'A') {
20             visited |= 1<<j;
21             cycle++;
22         }
23         if (cycle % 2 == 0)
24             notzero ^= 1<<cycle;
25     }
26
27     cout << (notzero ? "No" : "Yes") << endl;
28 }
29 }

```

uva/12135.cpp

```

1  //12135
2  //Switch Bulbs
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <queue>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  #define MAX 33000
9  using namespace std;
10
11 vector<int> G[MAX];
12 int V[MAX];
13
14 int n, m;
15 struct Step {
16     int x, w;
17     Step() {}
18     Step(int x, int w) : x(x), w(w) {}
19 };
20
21 int main() {
22     int t; cin >> t; int tt=0;
23     while(cin >> n >> m, t--){
24         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
25         memset(V, -1, sizeof(V));
26
27         n = 1<<n;
28
29         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
30             int a, b, mask=0;
31             cin >> a;
32             while(a--){
33                 cin >> b;
34                 mask = mask | (1<<b);
35             }
36             for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
37                 G[i].push_back(i^mask);
38         }
39
40         queue<Step> Q;
41         Q.push(Step(0, 0));
42         while(!Q.empty()) {
43             Step step = Q.front(); Q.pop();
44             if (V[step.x] >= 0) continue;
45
46             V[step.x] = step.w;
47             for(int i=0; i<G[step.x].size(); i++)
48                 Q.push(Step(G[step.x][i], step.w+1));
49         }
50
51         cout << "Case " << ++tt << ":" << endl;
52         int q; string s;
53         cin >> q;
54         while(q--){
55             int b = 0;
56             cin >> s;
57             for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++)
58                 b = b*2 + (s[i]-'0');
59
60             cout << V[b] << endl;
61         }

```



```

62 |         cout << endl;
63 |     }
64 |
65 | }

```

uva/12137.cpp

```

1  //12137
2  //Puzzles of Triangles
3  //Math;Prime Factorization
4  #include <string.h>
5  #include <stdio.h>
6  #define PP 20000
7  #define ull unsigned long long
8
9  int W[PP], wn=0;
10 bool P[PP];
11
12 inline ull div(const ull& a, const ull& b, ull &r) {
13     r = a/b;
14     return a-r*b;
15 }
16
17 inline ull pow(const ull& a, const int b) {
18     if (b==0) return 1;
19     ull tmp = b&1 ? a : 1;
20     ull r = pow(a, b>>1);
21     return tmp*r*r;
22 }
23
24 int main() {
25     for(long long i=2; i<PP; i++) {
26         if (P[i]) continue;
27         W[wn++] = i;
28         for(long long j=i*i; j<PP; j+=i) {
29             P[j] = true;
30         }
31     }
32
33     ull n;
34     int t=0;
35     while(scanf("%llu", &n), n) {
36         ull ncopy = n;
37         ull step = 1;
38         for(int i=0; ncopy>1 && i<wn; i++) {
39             int power=0;
40             ull divr;
41             while(div(ncopy, W[i], divr)==0) {
42                 ncopy = divr;
43                 power++;
44             }
45             step *= pow(W[i], (power+1)/2);
46         }
47         step *= ncopy;
48
49         ull result;
50         if (div(n, step, result)==0) result--;
51         result *= 8;
52
53         if(result)
54             printf("Case %d: %llu\n", ++t, result);
55         else
56             printf("Case %d: Impossible\n", ++t);
57     }
58 }

```

uva/12144.cpp

```

1  //12144
2  //Almost Shortest Path
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;Dijkstra
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <vector>
8  #include <algorithm>
9  #include <queue>
10 #define MAX 501
11

```

```

12 using namespace std;
13
14 struct Edge {
15     int u, v, c;
16     Edge(int u, int v, int c) : u(u), v(v), c(c) {}
17     inline bool operator < (const Edge& that) const { return c > that.c; }
18 };
19
20 int G[MAX][MAX];
21 int V[MAX];
22 vector<int> D[MAX];
23 int n, m, s, t;
24
25 void remove(int t) {
26     if (D[t].size() == 0 || t == D[t][0]) return;
27     for(int i=0; i<D[t].size(); i++) {
28         G[D[t][i]][t] = 0;
29         remove(D[t][i]);
30     }
31 }
32
33 int shortest() {
34     memset(V, 0x3f, sizeof(V));
35     memset(D, 0, sizeof(D));
36     priority_queue<Edge> Q;
37     Q.push(Edge(s, s, 0));
38
39     while(!Q.empty()) {
40         Edge item = Q.top(); Q.pop();
41         if (item.c > V[item.v]) continue;
42         V[item.v] = item.c;
43         D[item.v].push_back(item.u);
44
45         for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
46             if (G[item.v][j]) {
47                 Edge e = Edge(item.v, j, item.c+G[item.v][j]);
48                 if (e.c <= V[e.v])
49                     Q.push(e);
50             }
51         }
52     }
53     remove(t);
54     if (V[t] < 0x3f3f3f3f)
55         return V[t];
56     else
57         return -1;
58 }
59
60
61 int main() {
62     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
63         cin >> s >> t;
64         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
65
66         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
67             int a, b, c;
68             cin >> a >> b >> c;
69             G[a][b] = c;
70         }
71
72         shortest();
73         cout << shortest() << endl;
74     }
75     return 0;
76 }

```

uva/12147.cpp

```

1 //12147
2 //DNA Sequences
3 //Dynamic Programming;Longest Common Subsequence
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #define MAX 1005
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int T[MAX][MAX];
12 int S[MAX][MAX];
13 string P, Q;

```

```

14
15 int main() {
16     int k;
17     while(cin >> k, k) {
18         cin >> P >> Q;
19         int p = P.size(), q = Q.size();
20
21         for(int i=0; i<=p; i++) T[i][0] = S[i][0] = 0;
22         for(int i=0; i<=q; i++) T[0][i] = S[0][i] = 0;
23
24         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
25             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
26                 if (P[i-1] == Q[j-1])
27                     S[i][j] = S[i-1][j-1] + 1;
28                 else
29                     S[i][j] = 0;
30             }
31         }
32
33         for(int i=1; i<=p; i++) {
34             for(int j=1; j<=q; j++) {
35                 T[i][j] = max(T[i-1][j], T[i][j-1]);
36
37                 for(int s=k; s<=S[i][j]; s++)
38                     T[i][j] = max(T[i][j], T[i-s][j-s]+s);
39             }
40         }
41         cout << T[p][q] << endl;
42     }
43
44     return 0;
45 }

```

uva/12148.cpp

```

1 //12148
2 //Electricity
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 int M[] = {31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31 };
8
9 bool oneday(int ad, int am, int ay, int bd, int bm, int by) {
10     if (--bd == 0) {
11         if (--bm == 0) {
12             --by;
13             bm=12;
14         }
15
16         bd = M[bm-1];
17
18         bool isleap = (by%4==0 && (by%100!=0 || by%400==0));
19         if (bm==2 && isleap) bd=29;
20     }
21     return ad==bd && am==bm && ay==by;
22 }
23
24
25 int main() {
26     int n, ad=0, am=0, ay=0, ac=0;
27     while(cin >> n, n) {
28         int sum = 0, count=0;
29         while(n--) {
30             int bd, bm, by, bc;
31             cin >> bd >> bm >> by >> bc;
32             if (oneday(ad, am, ay, bd, bm, by)) {
33                 sum += bc-ac; count++;
34             }
35             ad = bd; am = bm; ay = by; ac = bc;
36         }
37         cout << count << " " << sum << endl;
38     }
39
40     return 0;
41 }

```

uva/12155.cpp

```

1 //12155
2 //ASCII Diamondi
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 inline int abs(int n) { return n>0?n:-n; }
8
9 inline char charAt(int n, int x, int y) {
10     x%=n*2-1; y%=n*2-1;
11     int dist = abs(n-x-1)+abs(n-y-1);
12     if (dist < n)
13         return (char)(dist%26+'a');
14     else
15         return '.';
16 }
17
18 int main() {
19     int n, ax, ay, bx, by, t=0;
20     while(cin >> n, n) {
21         cin >> ax >> ay >> bx >> by;
22         cout << "Case " << ++t << ":" << endl;
23         for(int i=ax; i<=bx; i++) {
24             for(int j=ay; j<=by; j++) {
25                 cout << charAt(n, i, j);
26             }
27             cout << endl;
28         }
29     }
30 }
31

```

uva/12159.cpp

```

1 //12159
2 //Gun Fight
3 //Graphs;Bipartite Matching
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <vector>
8 #include <cmath>
9 #include <climits>
10 #include <vector>
11 #include <cassert>
12 #define MAX 306
13 using namespace std;
14
15 int X[MAX], Y[MAX], P[MAX], G[MAX][MAX], n, r, a, b;
16 bool V[MAX];
17
18 bool team(int c) {
19     return (X[b] - X[a])*(Y[c] - Y[a]) - (Y[b] - Y[a])*(X[c] - X[a]) > 0;
20 }
21
22 int sqrdist(int a, int b) {
23     return (X[a]-X[b])*(X[a]-X[b])+(Y[a]-Y[b])*(Y[a]-Y[b]);
24 }
25
26 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
27     V[s] = true;
28
29     if (s==t) return minn;
30     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++) {
31         if (!V[i] && G[s][i] > 0) {
32             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]))) {
33                 G[s][i] -= sent;
34                 G[i][s] += sent;
35                 return sent;
36             }
37         }
38     }
39     return 0;
40 }
41
42 int main() {
43     int t=0;
44     while(cin >> n, n) {
45         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
46
47         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)

```

```

48     cin >> X[i] >> Y[i] >> P[i];
49     cin >> a >> b >> r;
50
51     vector<int> A, B;
52     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
53         if (P[i] == 0) continue;
54         if (team(i))
55             B.push_back(i);
56         else
57             A.push_back(i);
58     }
59     if (A.size() > B.size()) A.swap(B);
60
61     for(int i=0; i<A.size(); i++) {
62         int u=A[i];
63         G[0][u] = 1;
64         for(int j=0; j<B.size(); j++) {
65             int v = B[j];
66             G[v][n+1] = 1;
67             if (sqrdist(u, v) <= r*r && P[u] > P[v])
68                 G[u][v] = 1;
69         }
70     }
71     n++;
72
73     memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
74     int total = 0;
75     while(int sent = send(0, n, INT_MAX)) {
76         total += sent;
77         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
78     }
79     cout << "Case " << ++t << ": " << total << endl;
80 }
81 }

```

uva/12160.cpp

```

1  //12160
2  //Unlock the Lock
3  //Graphs;Shortest Path;BFS
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <queue>
6  #include <cstring>
7  #include <string>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 bool V[10000];
11 int R[10];
12
13 struct Step {
14     int x, w;
15     Step() {}
16     Step(int x, int w) : x(x), w(w) {}
17
18     Step sum(int n) {
19         return Step((x+n)%10000, w+1);
20     }
21 };
22
23 int main() {
24     int a, b, n, t=0;
25     while(cin >> a >> b >> n, a|b|n) {
26         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
27             cin >> R[i];
28
29         cout << "Case " << ++t << ": ";
30         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
31         queue<Step> Q;
32         Q.push(Step(a, 0));
33         bool found = false;
34         while(!Q.empty()) {
35             Step step = Q.front(); Q.pop();
36             if (V[step.x]) continue;
37             V[step.x] = true;
38             if (step.x == b) {
39                 cout << step.w << endl;
40                 found = true;
41                 break;
42             }
43             for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
44                 Q.push(step.sum(R[i]));
45         }
46     }
47 }

```

```

45     }
46     if (!found) cout << "Permanently Locked" << endl;
47 }
48
49 }
```

uva/12168.cpp

```

1  //12168
2  //Cat vs. Dog
3  //Graphs;Bipartite Matching;Konig Theorem
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <climits>
7  #include <string>
8  #define MAX 505
9  using namespace std;
10
11 string V1[MAX], V2[MAX];
12 int G[MAX][MAX], n;
13 bool V[MAX];
14
15 int send(int s, int t, int minn) {
16     V[s] = true;
17
18     if (s==t) return minn;
19     for(int i=0; i<=n; i++) {
20         if (!V[i] && G[s][i] > 0) {
21             if (int sent = send(i, t, min(minn, G[s][i]))) {
22                 G[s][i] -= sent;
23                 G[i][s] += sent;
24                 return sent;
25             }
26         }
27     }
28     return 0;
29 }
30
31 int main() {
32     int t; cin >> t;
33     int c, d, v;
34
35     while(cin >> c >> d >> v, t--) {
36         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
37         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
38
39         string s1, s2;
40         for(int i=1; i<=v; i++) {
41             cin >> s1 >> s2;
42             V1[i] = s1; V2[i] = s2;
43
44             bool dog = s1[0] == 'D';
45
46             if (dog)
47                 G[0][i] = 1;
48             else
49                 G[i][v+1] = 1;
50
51             for(int j=1; j<i; j++) {
52                 if (s1 == V2[j] || s2 == V1[j])
53                     if (dog)
54                         G[i][j] = 1;
55                     else
56                         G[j][i] = 1;
57             }
58         }
59         n = v+1;
60
61         int total = 0;
62         while(int sent = send(0, n, INT_MAX)) {
63             total += sent;
64             memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
65         }
66         cout << v-total << endl;
67     }
68
69     return 0;
70 }
```

uva/12172.cpp

```

1 //12172
2 //Matchsticks
3 //Misc;Greed
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <cmath>
7 #define MAX 101
8 using namespace std;
9
10 void printMax(int n) {
11     if (n&1) { cout << "7"; n-=3; }
12     for(;n;n-=2) cout << "1";
13 }
14
15 void printMin(int n) {
16     switch(n) {
17         case 2: cout << "1"; return;
18         case 3: cout << "7"; return;
19         case 4: cout << "4"; return;
20         case 5: cout << "2"; return;
21         case 6: cout << "6"; return;
22     }
23
24     switch(n%7) {
25         case 1: cout << "10"; n-=8; break;
26         case 2: cout << "1"; n-=2; break;
27         case 3:
28             if (n==10) {
29                 cout << "22"; n-= 10;
30             } else{
31                 cout << "200"; n-=17;
32             }
33             break;
34         case 4: cout << "20"; n-= 11; break;
35         case 5: cout << "2"; n-= 5; break;
36         case 6: cout << "6"; n-= 6; break;
37     }
38     for(;n;n-=7) cout << "8";
39 }
40
41 int main() {
42
43     int n;
44     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
45
46     while(cin >> n) {
47         printMin(n);
48         cout << " ";
49         printMax(n);
50         cout << endl;
51     }
52
53     return 0;
54 }
55

```

uva/12179.cpp

```

1 //12179
2 //Randomly-priced Tickets
3 //Graphs;Shortest Path;Floyd-Warshall
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <cmath>
7 #include <iomanip>
8 #define MAX 101
9 using namespace std;
10
11 int G[MAX][MAX], n, r, c;
12 double P[101][10001];
13
14 int main() {
15     int t; cin >> t; t=0;
16     cout << fixed << setprecision(6);
17
18     while(cin >> n >> r) {
19         memset(G, 0x3F, sizeof(G));
20
21     }
22

```

```

20     memset(P, 0, sizeof(P));
21
22     char cc;
23     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
24         for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
25             cin >> cc;
26             if (cc=='Y') G[i][j] = 1;
27         }
28     }
29
30     for(int k=0; k<n; k++)
31         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
32             for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
33                 G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
34
35     P[0][0] = 1;
36     double pp = 1.0/r;
37     for(int i=1; i<=100; i++)
38         for(int k=1; k<=r; k++)
39             for(int j=k; j<=100*r; j++)
40                 P[i][j] += P[i-1][j-k] * pp;
41
42     cout << "Case " << ++t << endl;
43     cin >> c;
44     while(c--) {
45         int a, b, m;
46         cin >> a >> b >> m;
47         a--; b--;
48
49         int d=G[a][b];
50
51         double total = 0;
52         for(int i=0; i<=m; i++)
53             total += P[d][i];
54         cout << total << endl;
55     }
56     cout << endl;
57 }
58 return 0;
59 }

```

uva/12184.cpp

```

1  //12184
2  //Transcribed Books
3  //Math;GCD
4  #include <iostream>
5  using namespace std;
6
7  long gcd(long a, long b) {
8      while(b) {
9          long c = a%b;
10         a = b;
11         b = c;
12     }
13     return a;
14 }
15
16 int main() {
17     int t; cin >> t;
18     int n;
19     while(cin >> n) {
20         long result = 0;
21         long maxSerial = 0;
22         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
23             long s=0, tmp;
24             for(int j=0; j<9; j++) {
25                 cin >> tmp; s+=tmp;
26             }
27             cin >> tmp;
28             s -= tmp;
29             maxSerial = max(maxSerial, tmp);
30             result = gcd(result, s);
31         }
32         if (result>1 && maxSerial < result)
33             cout << result << endl;
34         else
35             cout << "impossible" << endl;
36     }
37 }

```


uva/12186.cpp

```

1 //12186
2 //Another Crisis
3 //Graphs;DFS
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <algorithm>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #include <cmath>
9 #define MAX 100002
10 using namespace std;
11
12 vector<int> G[MAX];
13 int n, t;
14
15 int dfs(int v) {
16     if (G[v].empty()) return 1;
17     vector<int> mins;
18     for(int i=0; i<G[v].size(); i++)
19         mins.push_back(dfs(G[v][i]));
20     sort(mins.begin(), mins.end());
21
22     int get = (int)ceil(G[v].size()*t/100.0);
23     int sum = 0;
24     for(int i=0; i<get; i++) sum+=mins[i];
25     return sum;
26 }
27
28 int main() {
29     int boss;
30     while(cin >> n >> t, n|t) {
31         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
32         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
33             cin >> boss; G[boss].push_back(i);
34         }
35         cout << dfs(0) << endl;
36     }
37     return 0;
38 }

```

uva/12189.cpp

```

1 //12189
2 //Dinner Hall
3 //Misc;Sort
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <algorithm>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 struct Event {
10     int s; char t;
11     Event() {}
12     Event(int s, char t) : s(s), t(t) {}
13     int entry() { return t=='E'?1:0; }
14     int exit() { return t=='X'?1:0; }
15     int unknown() { return t=='?'?1:0; }
16 };
17
18 bool compare(const Event& a, const Event& b) {
19     return a.s < b.s;
20 }
21
22 vector<Event> V;
23
24 int main() {
25     int n;
26     while(cin >> n, n) {
27         int entries=0, exits=0, unknowns=0;
28         int a, b, c; char t;
29         V.clear();
30         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
31             cin >> a >> t >> b >> t >> c >> t;
32             Event e = Event(a*60+b*60+c, t);
33             entries += e.entry();
34             exits += e.exit();
35             unknowns += e.unknown();
36             V.push_back(e);

```

```

37         }
38         sort(V.begin(), V.end(), compare);
39
40         int maxEntries = (unknowns-(entries-exits))/2;
41         int maxx = 0, current=0;
42         for(int i=0; i<V.size(); i++) {
43             if (V[i].entry()) current++;
44             if (V[i].exit()) current--;
45             if (V[i].unknown()) {
46                 if (maxEntries) { current++; maxEntries--; }
47                 else { current--; }
48             }
49             maxx = max(maxx, current);
50         }
51         cout << maxx << endl;
52     }
53 }

```

uva/12190.cpp

```

1  //12190
2  //Electric Bill
3  //Misc;Binary Search
4  #include <iostream>
5  using namespace std;
6
7  int C(int price) {
8      int cons = 0;
9      cons += min(max(0, price/2), 100); price -= 2*100;
10     cons += min(max(0, price/3), 9900); price -= 3*9900;
11     cons += min(max(0, price/5), 990000); price -= 5*990000;
12     cons += max(0, price/7);
13     return cons;
14 }
15
16 int V(int cons) {
17     int price = 0;
18     price += min(max(0, cons*2), 2*100); cons -= 100;
19     price += min(max(0, cons*3), 3*9900); cons -= 9900;
20     price += min(max(0, cons*5), 5*990000); cons -= 990000;
21     price += max(0, cons*7);
22     return price;
23 }
24
25 int main() {
26     int a, b;
27     while(cin >> a >> b,a|b) {
28         int total = C(a);
29         int begin = 0, end = total;
30         int answer = 0;
31         while(begin < end) {
32             int mine = (begin+end)/2;
33             int diff = V(total-mine)-V(mine);
34             if (diff > b)
35                 begin = mine;
36             else if (diff < b)
37                 end = mine;
38             else { answer = mine; break; }
39         }
40
41         cout << V(answer) << endl;
42     }
43
44     return 0;
45 }

```

uva/12192.cpp

```

1  //12192
2  //Grapevine
3  //Misc;Binary Search
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <vector>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 int T[1001][501];
11 int S[1001];

```

```

12
13 int main() {
14     int n, m, q;
15     while(cin >> n >> m, n|m) {
16         memset(S, 0, (m+n)*sizeof(int));
17
18         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
19             for(int j=0; j<m; j++)
20                 cin >> T[i-j+m][S[i-j+m]++];
21
22         cin >> q;
23         while(q-->0) {
24             int L, U;
25             cin >> L >> U;
26             int maxx = 0;
27             for(int i=0; i<m+n; i++) {
28                 int a = lower_bound(T[i], T[i]+S[i], L) - T[i];
29                 int b = upper_bound(T[i], T[i]+S[i], U) - T[i];
30                 maxx = max(maxx, b-a);
31             }
32             cout << maxx << endl;
33         }
34
35         cout << "-" << endl;
36     }
37 }

```

uva/12194.cpp

```

1 //12194
2 //Isosceles Triangles
3 //Math;Geometry
4 #include <cstdio>
5 #include <algorithm>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #define MAX 1010
8 using namespace std;
9
10 int X[MAX], Y[MAX];
11 long T[MAX][MAX];
12 int C[MAX];
13
14 inline long sqr(long v) { return v*v; }
15
16 int main(){
17     int n;
18     while(scanf("%d", &n), n) {
19         memset(C, 0, sizeof(C));
20
21         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
22             scanf("%d %d", &X[i], &Y[i]);
23
24         int sum = 0;
25         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
26             for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
27                 T[i][C[i]++] = sqr(X[i]-X[j])+sqr(Y[i]-Y[j]);
28             sort(T[i], T[i]+C[i]);
29             long last=-1L;
30             int cnt=0;
31             for(int j=0; j<C[i]; j++) {
32                 if (T[i][j] != last) {
33                     sum += cnt*(cnt-1)/2;
34                     cnt = 0;
35                 }
36                 last = T[i][j];
37                 cnt++;
38             }
39             sum += cnt*(cnt-1)/2;
40         }
41
42         printf("%d\n", sum);
43     }
44 }
45 }

```

uva/12195.cpp

```

1 //12195
2 //Jingle Composing

```

```

3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 using namespace std;
7
8 int duration(char c) {
9     switch(c) {
10         case 'W': return 64;
11         case 'H': return 32;
12         case 'Q': return 16;
13         case 'E': return 8;
14         case 'S': return 4;
15         case 'T': return 2;
16         case 'X': return 1;
17     }
18 }
19
20 int main() {
21     string s;
22     while(cin >> s, s!="") {
23         int d=0, r=0;
24         for(int i=1; i<s.size(); i++) {
25             if (s[i] == '/') {
26                 if (d==64) r++;
27                 d = 0;
28                 continue;
29             }
30             d+=duration(s[i]);
31         }
32         cout << r << endl;
33     }
34
35     return 0;
36 }

```

uva/12196.cpp

```

1 //12196
2 //Klingon Levels
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <climits>
6 #include <cstring>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int T[10001][1001];
10 int N[10001];
11
12 inline long abs(long n) { return n>0?n:-n;}
13
14 int main() {
15     int n, tmp;
16     while(cin >> n, n) {
17         memset(T, 0, n*sizeof(T[0]));
18         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
19             cin >> N[i];
20             for(int j=0; j<N[i]; j++) {
21                 cin >> tmp;
22                 T[i][tmp]++;
23             }
24             for(int j=1; j<=1000; j++)
25                 T[i][j] += T[i][j-1];
26         }
27
28         long minn = INT_MAX;
29         for(int t=0; t<=1000; t++) {
30             long sum=0;
31             for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
32                 sum += abs(N[i] - 2*T[i][t]);
33             }
34             minn = min(minn, sum);
35         }
36         cout << minn << endl;
37     }
38 }

```

uva/12300.cpp

```

1 //12300

```

```

2 //Smallest Regular Polygon
3 //Math;Geometry
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <iomanip>
7 #define PI 3.141592653589793238462
8 using namespace std;
9
10 double cot(double angle) {
11     return cos(angle)/sin(angle);
12 }
13
14 int main(){
15     int x1, y1, x2, y2, n;
16     while(cin >> x1 >> y1 >> x2 >> y2 >> n, x1 | y1 | x2 | y2 | n) {
17         double d = sqrt(pow(x2-x1, 2.0)+pow(y2-y1, 2.0));
18         int k = n/2;
19         double s = sin(PI/n)/sin(PI*k/n)*d;
20         double A = 0.25*n*s*s*cot(PI/n);
21         setprecision(6);
22         cout << fixed << A << endl;
23     }
24 }
25

```

uva/12361.cpp

```

1 //12361
2 //File Retrieval
3 //Misc;String Matching;Suffix Array;Longest Common Prefix
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include <cstring>
7 #include <string>
8 #include <sstream>
9 #include <cmath>
10 #include <set>
11 #include <stack>
12 #define MAX 600200
13 #define ull unsigned long long
14 using namespace std;
15
16 struct Item {
17     ull v; int p;
18     Item(ull v, int p) : v(v), p(p) { }
19 };
20
21 int RA[MAX], tempRA[MAX];
22 int SA[MAX], tempSA[MAX];
23 int C[MAX];
24 int Phi[MAX], PLCP[MAX], LCP[MAX];
25 int IDX[MAX], SIZ[MAX];
26 set<ull> R;
27
28 void suffix_sort(int n, int k) {
29     memset(C, 0, sizeof C);
30
31     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
32         C[i + k < n ? RA[i + k] : 0]++;
33
34     int sum = 0;
35     for (int i = 0; i < max(256, n); i++) {
36         int t = C[i];
37         C[i] = sum;
38         sum += t;
39     }
40
41     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
42         tempSA[C[SA[i] + k < n ? RA[SA[i] + k] : 0]++] = SA[i];
43
44     memcpy(SA, tempSA, n*sizeof(int));
45 }
46
47 void suffix_array(string &s) {
48     int n = s.size();
49
50     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
51         RA[i] = s[i] - 1;
52
53     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
54         SA[i] = i;
55

```

```

55
56
57     for (int k = 1; k < n; k *= 2) {
58         suffix_sort(n, k);
59         suffix_sort(n, 0);
60
61         int r = tempRA[SA[0]] = 0;
62         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
63             int s1 = SA[i], s2 = SA[i-1];
64             bool equal = true;
65             equal &= RA[s1] == RA[s2];
66             equal &= s1+k < n && s2+k < n && RA[s1+k] == RA[s2+k];
67
68             tempRA[SA[i]] = equal ? r : ++r;
69         }
70
71         memcpy(RA, tempRA, n*sizeof(int));
72     }
73 }
74
75 void lcp(string &s) {
76     int n = s.size();
77
78     Phi[SA[0]] = -1;
79     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
80         Phi[SA[i]] = SA[i-1];
81
82     int L = 0;
83     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
84         if (Phi[i] == -1) {
85             PLCP[i] = 0;
86             continue;
87         }
88         while (s[i + L] != '\1' && s[i + L] == s[Phi[i] + L])
89             L++;
90
91         PLCP[i] = L;
92         L = max(L-1, 0);
93     }
94
95     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
96         LCP[i] = PLCP[SA[i]];
97 }
98
99 int main() {
100     int n;
101     while(cin >> n, n) {
102         R.clear();
103
104         stringstream ss; int kk = 0;
105         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
106             string temp;
107             cin >> temp;
108             ss << temp << '\1';
109
110             for(int j=0; j<=temp.size(); j++) {
111                 SIZ[kk] = temp.size()-j;
112                 IDX[kk] = i;
113                 kk++;
114             }
115         }
116
117         string s = ss.str();
118
119         suffix_array(s);
120         lcp(s);
121
122         stack<Item> ST;
123
124         for(int i=n; i<s.size(); i++) {
125             if (LCP[i] < SIZ[SA[i]] && (i+1==s.size() || LCP[i+1] < SIZ[SA[i]]))
126                 R.insert(1ull << IDX[SA[i]]);
127         }
128
129         for(int i=n; i<s.size(); i++) {
130             ull lastv = 0;
131             while(!ST.empty() && (ST.top().p > LCP[i] || LCP[i] == 0)) {
132                 Item item = ST.top(); ST.pop();
133
134                 R.insert(item.v);
135
136                 if (!ST.empty())

```

```

137         ST.top().v |= item.v;
138
139         lastv = item.v;
140     }
141     if (LCP[i]) {
142         if (ST.empty() || ST.top().p < LCP[i]) {
143             ST.push(Item(1ull << IDX[SA[i]] | 1ull << IDX[SA[i-1]] | lastv, LCP[i]));
144         } else if (ST.top().p == LCP[i]) {
145             ST.top().v |= 1ull << IDX[SA[i]];
146         }
147     }
148 }
149
150
151 while(!ST.empty()) {
152     Item item = ST.top(); ST.pop();
153
154     R.insert(item.v);
155     if (!ST.empty())
156         ST.top().v |= item.v;
157 }
158
159 cout << R.size() << endl;
160 }
161 }
162 }

```

uva/12363.cpp

```

1 //12363
2 //Hedge Mazes
3 //Graphs;Finding Bridges
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <sstream>
8 #include <vector>
9 #include <algorithm>
10 #define MAX 10001
11 using namespace std;
12
13 int V[MAX], L[MAX], P[MAX], n, gpe;
14 vector<int> G[MAX];
15
16 inline int findset(int v) {
17     if (P[v] != -1 && P[v] != v)
18         return P[v] = findset(P[v]);
19     return v;
20 }
21
22 inline int unionset(int x, int y) {
23     int a = findset(x), b = findset(y);
24     if (a < b) swap(a, b);
25     P[b] = a;
26 }
27
28 void dfs(int u, int v) {
29     V[v] = L[v] = ++gpe;
30
31     for(int i = 0; i < G[v].size(); i++) {
32         int w = G[v][i];
33         if(!V[w]){
34             dfs(v, w);
35             L[v] = min(L[v], L[w]);
36
37             if (L[w] > V[v])
38                 unionset(v, w);
39         } else if(w != u) {
40             L[v] = min(L[v], V[w]);
41         }
42     }
43 }
44
45 int main() {
46     int m, q;
47     while(cin >> n >> m >> q, n|m|q) {
48         memset(G, 0, sizeof(vector<int>)*(n+1));
49         memset(V, 0, sizeof(int)*(n+1));
50         memset(L, 0, sizeof(int)*(n+1));
51         memset(P, -1, sizeof(int)*(n+1));
52         gpe = 0;

```

```

53
54     for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
55         int a, b;
56         cin >> a >> b;
57         G[a].push_back(b);
58         G[b].push_back(a);
59     }
60
61     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
62         if (!V[i])
63             dfs(i, i);
64
65     for(int i=0; i<q; i++) {
66         int a, b;
67         cin >> a >> b;
68         cout << (findset(a)==findset(b) ? "Y" : "N") << endl;
69     }
70     cout << "-" << endl;
71 }
72 }

```

uva/12365.cpp

```

1  //12365
2  //Jupiter Attacks!
3  //Misc;Fenwick Tree
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAX 100100
7  #define ull long long
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Fenwick {
11     ull T[MAX];
12     int n;
13
14     Fenwick() {
15         clear(0);
16     }
17
18     void clear(int n) {
19         n++;
20         memset(T, 0, n*sizeof(ull));
21         this->n = n;
22     }
23
24     void adjust(int k, ull v, ull p) {
25         for (; k < n; k += (k&-k)) {
26             T[k] += v;
27             T[k] %= p;
28         }
29     }
30
31     void update(int k, ull v, ull p) {
32         ull current = rsq(k, k, p);
33         adjust(k, v-current, p);
34     }
35
36     ull rsq(int b, ull p) {
37         ull sum = 0;
38         for (; b; b -= (b&-b))
39             sum += T[b]%p;
40         return sum;
41     }
42
43     ull rsq(int a, int b, ull p) {
44         return (rsq(b, p) - rsq(a - 1, p) + p) % p;
45     }
46 };
47
48 ull pow(ull a, ull b, ull p) {
49     if (not b) return 1;
50     ull x = pow(a%p, b%p/2, p) % p;
51     x = (x*x)%p;
52     if (b%2) x = (x*a)%p;
53     return x;
54 }
55
56 ull euclid(ull a, ull b, ull& rx, ull& ry) {
57     if (!b) return rx=1, ry=0, a;
58

```



```

59     ull q = a/b;
60     ull x, y;
61     ull g = euclid(b, a-q*b, x, y);
62     return rx=y, ry=x-q*y, g;
63 }
64
65 ull invert(ull a, ull p) {
66     ull inverse, temp;
67     euclid(a, p, inverse, temp);
68     return inverse;
69 }
70
71 Fenwick T;
72
73 int main() {
74     int B, P, L, N;
75     while(cin >> B >> P >> L >> N, B|P|L|N) {
76         T.clear(L);
77         for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
78             char cmd; ull a, b;
79             cin >> cmd >> a >> b;
80             if (cmd == 'E') {
81                 T.update(a, b*pow(B, L-a, P), P);
82             } else {
83                 ull raw = T.rsq(a, b, P);
84                 ull base = pow(B, L-b, P);
85
86                 cout << ((raw*invert(base, P))%P+P)%P << endl;
87             }
88         }
89         cout << "-" << endl;
90     }
91     return 0;
92 }
93

```

uva/12482.cpp

```

1  //12482
2  //Short Story Competition
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <string>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int main() {
10     int n, li, c;
11     while(cin >> n >> li >> c) {
12         string s;
13         int pag = 1;
14         int car = 0;
15         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
16             if (car > 0) car++;
17
18             cin >> s;
19             if (car + s.size() > c) {
20                 pag++;
21                 car = s.size();
22             } else {
23                 car += s.size();
24             }
25             //cout << s << " " << pag << " " << car << endl;
26         }
27         cout << ceil(pag/(double)li) << endl;
28
29
30
31     }
32 }

```

uva/12483.cpp

```

1  //12483
2  //Toboggan of Marbles
3  //Math;Geometry;Point to Line
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <string>

```

```

7  #include <cstring>
8  #include <iomanip>
9  #define ull unsigned long long;
10 using namespace std;
11
12 struct Point {
13     double x, y;
14
15     Point() {}
16     Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
17
18     double dist(Point A) {
19         return sqrt(pow(A.x-x,2)+pow(A.y-y,2));
20     }
21
22     double toLine(Point A, Point B) {
23         double scale = ((x - A.x) * (B.x - A.x) + (y-A.y)*(B.y-A.y)) /
24             ((B.x - A.x) * (B.x - A.x) + (B.y-A.y)*(B.y-A.y));
25
26         return dist(Point(A.x + scale*(B.x-A.x), A.y + scale * (B.y-A.y)));
27     }
28
29     double toSegment(Point A, Point B) {
30         if ((x - A.x) * (B.x - A.x) + (y-A.y)*(B.y-A.y) <= 1e-6)
31             return dist(A);
32
33         if ((x - B.x) * (A.x - B.x) + (y-B.y)*(A.y-B.y) <= 1e-6)
34             return dist(B);
35
36         return toLine(A, B);
37     }
38 };
39
40 int main() {
41     int n, L, H;
42     while(cin >> n >> L >> H) {
43         Point pa, pb;
44         int ya, yb;
45
46         double minn = 100000000.0;
47         for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
48             cin >> ya >> pa.x >> pa.y;
49
50             int lado = i&1?L:0;
51             int outroLado = i&1?0:L;
52
53             // cout << " " << pa.x << " " << pa.y << "^" << outroLado;
54             minn = min(minn, pa.toSegment(Point(outroLado, 0), Point(outroLado, H)));
55
56             //cout << " " << pa.toSegment(Point(outroLado, 0), Point(outroLado, H));
57             if (i>0) {
58                 minn = min(minn, pb.toSegment(Point(lado, ya), pa));
59                 // cout << " " << pb.toSegment(Point(lado, ya), pa);
60             }
61             //cout << endl;
62
63
64             yb = ya;
65             pb = pa;
66         }
67         cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << minn << endl;
68     }
69 }
70
71 }

```

uva/12484.cpp

```

1  //12484
2  //Cards
3  //Dynamic Programming;Minimax
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <algorithm>
7  #define ull long long
8  using namespace std;
9
10 ull T[10006], Q[10006], M[10006];
11
12
13 int main() {

```

```

14     int n;
15     while(cin >> n) {
16         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
17             cin >> M[i];
18             M[i]+=M[i-1];
19         }
20
21         memset(T, 0, sizeof(ull)*n);
22
23         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
24             for(int j=0; j<=n-i; j++)
25                 Q[j] = M[j+i]-M[j] - min(T[j], T[j+1]);
26
27             swap(T, Q);
28         }
29
30         cout << T[0] << endl;
31     }
32 }
33

```

uva/12485.cpp

```

1  //12485
2  //Perfect Choir
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <cstring>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int T[10005];
10
11 int main() {
12     int n;
13     while(cin >> n) {
14         memset(T, 0, sizeof(T));
15         int total = 0;
16         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
17             int a; cin >> a;
18             total += a;
19             T[i] = a;
20         }
21
22         if (total % n != 0) {
23             cout << -1 << endl;
24             continue;
25         }
26
27         int media = total / n;
28         int maior = 0;
29         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
30             if (T[i] > media)
31                 maior += T[i] - media;
32         }
33
34         cout << maior +1 << endl;
35     }
36 }

```

uva/12486.cpp

```

1  //12486
2  //Space Elevator
3  //Misc;Binary Search
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <cstring>
8  #include <iomanip>
9  #include <vector>
10 #include <algorithm>
11 #include <cstdio>
12 #define ull unsigned long long int
13 using namespace std;
14
15 ull T[20][10];
16
17 bool has(ull n, ull k, ull p) {

```

```

18     while(n) {
19         if (n%p==k) return true;
20         n/=10;
21     }
22     return false;
23 }
24
25 bool has(ull n) {
26     return has(n, 13, 100) || has(n, 4, 10);
27 }
28
29 ull right(ull n) {
30     int log10 = 0;
31     ull right = 0;
32
33     if (!has(n))
34         right++;
35
36     while(n) {
37         ull hi = n/10;
38         ull lo = n%10;
39
40         if (!has(hi)) {
41             for(ull i=0; i<lo; i++) {
42                 if (i!=4 && (hi%10 != 1 || i!=3))
43                     right += T[log10][i];
44             }
45         }
46
47         log10++;
48         n/=10;
49     }
50
51     return right-1;
52 }
53
54 ull answer(ull n) {
55     ull begin=0, end=-1;
56
57     while(begin+1 < end) {
58         ull mid = begin + (end - begin)/2;
59         ull v = right(mid);
60
61         if (v>=n)
62             end = mid;
63         else
64             begin = mid;
65     }
66
67     if (right(begin) == n)
68         return begin;
69     else
70         return end;
71 }
72
73 int main() {
74     for(ull i=0; i<10; i++) {
75         if (i==4) continue;
76         T[0][i] = 1;
77     }
78
79     for(ull i=1; i<20; i++) {
80         for(ull j=0; j<10; j++) {
81             if (j==4) continue;
82             for(ull k=0; k<10; k++) {
83                 if (k==3 and j==1) continue;
84                 T[i][j] += T[i-1][k];
85             }
86         }
87     }
88
89
90     ull n;
91     while(cin >> n) {
92         cout << answer(n) << endl;
93     }
94 }

```

uva/12487.cpp

1 | [//12487](#)

```

2 //Midnight Cowboy
3 //Graphs;Markov Chain
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <cstring>
8 #include <iomanip>
9 #define ull unsigned long long;
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int G[101][101], S[101];
13 double M[101], Q[101];
14
15 int main() {
16     int n, a, b, c;
17     while(cin >> n >> a >> b >> c) {
18         memset(M, 0, sizeof(M));
19         memset(S, 0, sizeof(S));
20         memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
21
22         for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++) {
23             int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
24             G[a][S[a]++] = b;
25             G[b][S[b]++] = a;
26         }
27
28         M[a] = 1.0;
29         for(int k=0;k<10000;k++) {
30             memset(Q, 0, sizeof(Q));
31             Q[b] = M[b];
32             Q[c] = M[c];
33             for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) {
34                 // cout << M[i] << " ";
35                 if (i==b || i==c) continue;
36
37                 for(int j=0;j<S[i];j++)
38                     Q[G[i][j]] += M[i] * 1.0/S[i];
39             }
40             // cout << endl;
41
42             swap(Q, M);
43         }
44
45         cout << fixed << setprecision(6) << M[b] << endl;
46     }
47 }

```

uva/12488.cpp

```

1 //12488
2 //Start Grid
3 //Misc;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <cmath>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int L[30], C[30];
10
11 int abs(int n) {
12     if (n < 0) return -n;
13     return n;
14 }
15
16 int main() {
17     int n;
18     while(cin >> n) {
19         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
20             cin >> L[i];
21
22         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
23             cin >> C[i];
24
25         int total = 0;
26         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
27             int cara = C[i];
28             for(int j=n-1; j>i; j--) {
29                 if (L[j]==cara) {
30                     int t = L[j];
31                     L[j] = L[j-1];
32                     L[j-1] = t;
33                 }
34             }
35         }
36     }
37 }

```

```

33         total++;
34     }
35 }
36 }
37
38     cout << total << endl;
39 }
40 }

```

uva/12489.cpp

```

1  //12489
2  //Combating cancer
3  //Graphs;Tree Isomorphism
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <cstring>
8  #include <iomanip>
9  #include <vector>
10 #include <algorithm>
11 #define MAX 10006
12 using namespace std;
13
14 vector<int> A[MAX], B[MAX];
15 vector<int> NA[MAX], NB[MAX];
16
17 bool comp(const vector<int>& a, const vector<int>& b) {
18     if (a.size() != b.size()) return a.size() < b.size();
19     for(int i=0; i<a.size(); i++) {
20         if (a[i] != b[i]) return a[i] < b[i];
21     }
22     return false;
23 }
24
25 bool eq(const vector<int>& a, const vector<int>& b) {
26     if (a.size() != b.size()) return false;
27     for(int i=0; i<a.size(); i++) {
28         if (a[i] != b[i]) return false;
29     }
30     return true;
31 }
32
33 int main() {
34     int n;
35     while(cin >> n) {
36         memset(A, 0, sizeof(A));
37         memset(B, 0, sizeof(B));
38         memset(NA, 0, sizeof(NA));
39         memset(NB, 0, sizeof(NB));
40         for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {
41             int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
42             A[a].push_back(b);
43             A[b].push_back(a);
44         }
45         for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {
46             int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
47             B[a].push_back(b);
48             B[b].push_back(a);
49         }
50
51         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
52             for(int j=0; j<A[i].size(); j++)
53                 NA[i].push_back(A[A[i][j]].size());
54             sort(NA[i].begin(), NA[i].end());
55
56             for(int j=0; j<B[i].size(); j++)
57                 NB[i].push_back(B[B[i][j]].size());
58             sort(NB[i].begin(), NB[i].end());
59         }
60
61         sort(NA+1, NA+n+1, comp);
62         sort(NB+1, NB+n+1, comp);
63
64
65         bool equals = true;
66         //cout << NA[n].size() << " " << NA[n].size() << " " << n << endl;
67         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
68             // cout << i << " => ";
69             // for(int j=0; j<NA[i].size(); j++) {

```

```

71         // cout << NA[i][j] << " ";
72     // }
73     // cout << " | ";
74     // for(int j=0; j<NB[i].size(); j++) {
75         // cout << NB[i][j] << " ";
76     // }
77     // cout << endl;
78
79     equals &= eq(NA[i], NB[i]);
80 }
81 cout << (equals ? "S" : "N") << endl;
82 }
83
84 }

```

uva/12490.cpp

```

1  //12490
2  //Integral
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <algorithm>
7  #include <cmath>
8  #define MAX 1000006
9  #define ull long long
10 using namespace std;
11
12 struct Value {
13     int x;
14     ull v;
15
16     inline bool operator <(const Value& a) const {
17         return this->x < a.x;
18     }
19 };
20
21 Value F[MAX];
22
23 int main() {
24     int n, s, y;
25     while(cin >> n >> s >> y) {
26         for(int i=0; i<s; i++) {
27             cin >> F[i].x >> F[i].v;
28         }
29
30         sort(F, F+s);
31
32         double minn = 0, maxx = 0;
33
34         for(int i=0; i<s-1; i++) {
35             Value a = F[i], b = F[i+1];
36
37             minn += min(a.v, b.v) + (b.x - a.x-1) * min(a.v, b.v) + abs(a.v - b.v)/2.0;
38             maxx += min(a.v, b.v) + (b.x - a.x-1) * max(a.v, b.v) + abs(a.v - b.v)/2.0;
39         }
40
41         if (y < minn || y > maxx || ceil(minn) != minn) {
42             cout << "N" << endl; continue;
43         }
44
45         cout << "S";
46
47         ull current = round(maxx);
48         for(int i=0; i<s-1; i++) {
49             Value a = F[i], b = F[i+1];
50
51             ull delta = (b.x - a.x-1) * (max(a.v, b.v) - min(a.v, b.v));
52
53             if (current == y) {
54                 for(int x = a.x+1; x<b.x; x++)
55                     cout << " " << max(a.v, b.v);
56             } else if (current - delta > y) {
57                 current -= delta;
58
59                 for(int x = a.x+1; x<b.x; x++)
60                     cout << " " << min(a.v, b.v);
61             } else if (a.v < b.v) {
62                 for(int x=a.x+1; x<b.x; x++) {
63                     ull value = max(a.v, b.v - (current - y));
64                     cout << " " << value;

```

```

65         current -= b.v - value;
66     }
67 } else {
68     ull plus = (current - y) / (b.x - a.x - 1);
69     ull rem = (current - y) % (b.x - a.x - 1);
70     for(int x=a.x+1; x<b.x; x++) {
71         ull value = a.v - plus - (b.x - x <= rem ? 1: 0);
72         cout << " " << value;
73         current -= a.v - value;
74     }
75 }
76 }
77 cout << endl;
78
79 }
80 }

```

uva/12491.cpp

```

1  //12491
2  //Words
3  //Misc;STL map
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #include <map>
7  #include <set>
8  #define mit multimap<string, string>::iterator
9  #define mmit pair<multimap<string, string>::iterator, multimap<string, string>::iterator>
10 using namespace std;
11
12 multimap<string, string> X[2];
13 set<string> S[2], E[2];
14 char T[1000];
15
16 bool backtrack(int x, int k, int n) {
17     string suffix(T+k, n-k);
18     if (S[x].find(suffix) != S[x].end()) return false;
19     S[x].insert(suffix);
20
21     for(int s=1; s<=suffix.size(); s++) {
22         string word = suffix.substr(0, s);
23
24         for(int i=0; i<word.size(); i++)
25             T[k+i] = word[i];
26
27         if (E[x].find(word) != E[x].end()) {
28             if (k + word.size()==n) return true;
29             if (backtrack(x, k+word.size(), n)) return true;
30         }
31     }
32 }
33
34 mmit ret = X[x].equal_range(suffix);
35 for(mit it=ret.first; it != ret.second; it++) {
36     string word = it->second;
37     for(int i=0; i<word.size(); i++)
38         T[k+i] = word[i];
39
40     if (k + word.size() == n) return true;
41     if (backtrack(1-x, n, k+word.size())) return true;
42 }
43 return false;
44 }
45
46 int main() {
47     int a, b;
48     while(cin >> a >> b) {
49         E[0].clear(); E[1].clear();
50         X[0].clear(); X[1].clear();
51         S[0].clear(); S[1].clear();
52         for(int i=0; i<a; i++) {
53             string s; cin >> s;
54             for(int j=0; j<=s.size(); j++) {
55                 E[0].insert(s);
56                 X[0].insert(pair<string, string>(s.substr(0, j), s));
57             }
58         }
59         for(int i=0; i<b; i++) {
60             string s; cin >> s;
61             for(int j=0; j<=s.size(); j++) {
62                 E[1].insert(s);

```



```

63         X[1].insert(pair<string, string>(s.substr(0, j), s));
64     }
65 }
66 cout << (backtrack(0,0,0) || backtrack(1,0,0) ? 'S' : 'N') << endl;
67 }
68
69 }

```

uva/12492.cpp

```

1  //12492
2  //Rubik Cycle
3  //Misc;Ad hoc
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <string>
6  #define MAX 200010
7  using namespace std;
8
9  int T[54];
10
11 void rotate(int a, int b, int c, int d, int e, int f, int g, int h) {
12     int x = T[h], y = T[g];
13     T[h] = T[f];
14     T[g] = T[e];
15
16     T[f] = T[d];
17     T[e] = T[c];
18
19     T[d] = T[b];
20     T[c] = T[a];
21
22     T[b] = x;
23     T[a] = y;
24 }
25
26 void adjust(int a, int b, int c, int d, int e, int f, int g, int h, int i, int j, int k, int l) {
27     int x = T[j], y = T[k], z = T[l];
28
29     T[j] = T[g];
30     T[k] = T[h];
31     T[l] = T[i];
32
33     T[g] = T[d];
34     T[h] = T[e];
35     T[i] = T[f];
36
37     T[d] = T[a];
38     T[e] = T[b];
39     T[f] = T[c];
40
41     T[a] = x;
42     T[b] = y;
43     T[c] = z;
44 }
45
46 void F() {
47     rotate(0, 1, 2, 5, 8, 7, 6, 3);
48     adjust(33, 34, 35, 45, 48, 51, 11, 10, 9, 44, 41, 38);
49 }
50
51 void B() {
52     rotate(26, 25, 24, 21, 18, 19, 20, 23);
53     adjust(29, 28, 27, 36, 39, 42, 15, 16, 17, 53, 50, 47);
54 }
55
56 void L() {
57     rotate(36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 43, 42, 39);
58     adjust(0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33);
59 }
60
61 void R() {
62     rotate(45, 46, 47, 50, 53, 52, 51, 48);
63     adjust(8, 5, 2, 35, 32, 29, 26, 23, 20, 17, 14, 11);
64 }
65
66 void U() {
67     rotate(27, 28, 29, 32, 35, 34, 33, 30);
68     adjust(2, 1, 0, 38, 37, 36, 24, 25, 26, 47, 46, 45);
69 }
70
71 void D() {

```

```

72     rotate(9, 10, 11, 14, 17, 16, 15, 12);
73     adjust(6, 7, 8, 51, 52, 53, 20, 19, 18, 42, 43, 44);
74 }
75
76
77 bool ok() {
78     for(int i=0; i<54; i++) {
79         if (T[i] != i) return false;
80     }
81     return true;
82 }
83
84 int main() {
85     string s;
86     while(cin >> s) {
87         for(int i=0; i<54; i++)
88             T[i] = i;
89
90         int result = 0;
91         do {
92             for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++) {
93                 switch(s[i]) {
94                     case 'F': F(); break;
95                     case 'B': B(); break;
96                     case 'R': R(); break;
97                     case 'L': L(); break;
98                     case 'U': U(); break;
99                     case 'D': D(); break;
100                    case 'f': F(); F(); F(); break;
101                    case 'b': B(); B(); B(); break;
102                    case 'r': R(); R(); R(); break;
103                    case 'l': L(); L(); L(); break;
104                    case 'u': U(); U(); U(); break;
105                    case 'd': D(); D(); D(); break;
106                }
107            }
108            result++;
109        } while (!ok());
110        cout << result << endl;
111    }
112 }

```

uva/12493.cpp

```

1  //12493
2  //Stars
3  //Math;Prime Factorization;Euler's Totient
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #define PP 100000
7  #define ull unsigned long long
8  using namespace std;
9
10 bool P[PP];
11
12 int main() {
13     for(long long i=2; i<PP; i++) {
14         if (P[i]) continue;
15         for(long long j=i*i; j<PP; j+=i) {
16             P[j] = true;
17         }
18     }
19
20     ull n;
21     while(cin >> n) {
22         ull tot = 1;
23         //cout << ">>" << n << endl;
24         for(ull i=2; i*i<=n && n>1; i++) {
25             if (P[i]) continue;
26             ull q=0;
27
28             while(n%i==0) {
29                 n/=i;
30                 q++;
31             }
32
33             //if (q>0)
34             //cout << i << " " << q << endl;
35             if (q>0)
36                 tot *= (i-1) * (ull)pow(i, q-1);
37         }

```

```

38         if (n>1)
39             tot *= n-1;
40
41         cout << tot/2 << endl;
42
43     }
44 }

```

uva/12506.cpp

```

1  //12506
2  //Shortest Names
3  //Misc;String Matching;Trie
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAXS 1000010
7  using namespace std;
8
9  struct Trie {
10     int G[MAXS][26];
11     int S[MAXS];
12     int stateCount;
13
14     Trie() {
15         clear();
16     }
17
18     void clear() {
19         stateCount = 0;
20         clear(stateCount++);
21     }
22
23     int clear(int state) {
24         memset(G[state], -1, sizeof G[state]);
25         S[state] = 0;
26         return state;
27     }
28
29     void add(string &s) {
30         int state = 0;
31         for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++) {
32             S[state]++;
33
34             int next = s[i] - 'a';
35
36             if (G[state][next] < 0)
37                 G[state][next] = clear(stateCount++);
38
39             state = G[state][next];
40         }
41     }
42 };
43
44 Trie T;
45
46 int dfs(int state) {
47     if (T.S[state] == 1) return 0;
48
49     int s = T.S[state];
50
51     for (int e = 0; e < 26; ++e) {
52         if (T.G[state][e] == -1) continue;
53
54         s += dfs(T.G[state][e]);
55     }
56
57     return s;
58 }
59
60
61 int main() {
62     int tt; cin >> tt;
63     while(tt--) {
64         T.clear();
65
66         int n; cin >> n;
67         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
68             string s; cin >> s;
69             T.add(s);
70         }
71

```

```

72 |         cout << dfs(0) << endl;
73 |     }
74 | }

```

timus/1017.cpp

```

1 | //1017
2 | //Staircases
3 | //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #define MAX 506
6 | using namespace std;
7 |
8 | long long T[MAX][MAX];
9 |
10 | int main() {
11 |     for(int i=1;i<MAX; i++) {
12 |         for(int j=1; j<=i; j++) {
13 |             T[i][j] = 1;
14 |             for(int k=j; k<=i; k++)
15 |                 T[i][j] += T[i-k][k+1];
16 |         }
17 |     }
18 |
19 |     int n;
20 |     while(cin >> n)
21 |         cout << T[n][1]-1 << endl;
22 | }

```

timus/1018.cpp

```

1 | //1018
2 | //Binary Apple Tree
3 | //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4 | #include <iostream>
5 | #include <vector>
6 | #include <cstring>
7 | #define MAX 105
8 | using namespace std;
9 |
10 | struct Node {
11 |     int x, v;
12 |     Node(int x, int v) : x(x), v(v) {}
13 | };
14 | vector<Node> T[MAX];
15 | int S[MAX], TT[MAX][MAX];
16 | bool V[MAX][MAX];
17 |
18 | void adjust(int root, int parent) {
19 |     for(int i=0; i<T[root].size(); i++) {
20 |         Node node = T[root][i];
21 |         if (node.x != parent) {
22 |             adjust(node.x, root);
23 |             S[node.x] = node.v;
24 |         } else {
25 |             T[root].erase(T[root].begin()+i);
26 |             i--;
27 |         }
28 |     }
29 | }
30 |
31 | int answer(int root, int branches) {
32 |     if (V[root][branches])
33 |         return TT[root][branches];
34 |
35 |     if (branches == 0) return 0;
36 |     if (branches == 1) return S[root];
37 |     if (T[root].size() == 0) return S[root];
38 |     if (T[root].size() == 1) return S[root] + answer(T[root][0].x, branches-1);
39 |
40 |     Node left = T[root][0];
41 |     Node right = T[root][1];
42 |
43 |     int maxx = 0;
44 |     for(int i=0; i<=branches-1; i++)
45 |         maxx = max(maxx, S[root] + answer(left.x, i) + answer(right.x, branches-1-i));
46 |
47 |     V[root][branches] = true;
48 |     return TT[root][branches] = maxx;

```

```

49 }
50
51 int main() {
52     int n, q;
53     while(cin >> n >> q) {
54         memset(T, 0, sizeof(vector<int>)*n);
55         memset(V, 0, sizeof(vector<int>)*n);
56         memset(S, 0, sizeof(S));
57
58         for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {
59             int a, b, c; cin >> a >> b >> c;
60             T[b].push_back(Node(a,c));
61             T[a].push_back(Node(b,c));
62         }
63         adjust(1, -1);
64         cout << answer(1, q+1) << endl;
65     }
66 }

```

timus/1020.cpp

```

1  //1020
2  //Rope
3  //Math;Geometry
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  #define PI 3.14159265
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Point {
11     double x, y;
12
13     Point() {}
14
15     double dist(Point A) {
16         return sqrt(pow(A.x-x,2)+pow(A.y-y,2));
17     }
18 };
19
20 int main() {
21     int n;
22     double r;
23     Point a, b, c;
24     while(cin >> n >> r) {
25         double total = 0;
26
27         cin >> a.x >> a.y;
28         b = a;
29         for(int i=1; i<n; i++) {
30             cin >> c.x >> c.y;
31             total += b.dist(c);
32             swap(b, c);
33         }
34         total += a.dist(b);
35
36         cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << total + 2*PI*r << endl;
37     }
38 }

```

timus/1030.cpp

```

1  //1030
2  //Titanic
3  //Math;Geometry;Great-Circle Distance
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <iomanip>
8  #define PI 3.14159265
9  using namespace std;
10
11 double distance(double r, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2) {
12     return r*acos(sin(x1)*sin(x2) + cos(x1)*cos(x2)*cos(fabs(y1-y2)));
13 }
14
15 double readCoord() {
16     int a1, a2, a3; char c; string s;
17     cin >> a1 >> c >> a2 >> c >> a3 >> c >> s;

```

```

18     double ret = (a1 + a2/60.0 + a3/3600.0) / 180.0 * PI;
19     if (s=="WL." || s=="SL")
20         ret = -ret;
21     return ret;
22 }
23
24 double round(double d)
25 {
26     return floor(d + 0.5);
27 }
28
29 int main() {
30     string s;
31
32     getline(cin, s);
33     getline(cin, s);
34     getline(cin, s);
35
36     double X1 = readCoord();
37     cin >> s;
38     double Y1 = readCoord();
39     getline(cin, s);
40     getline(cin, s);
41     double X2 = readCoord();
42     cin >> s;
43     double Y2 = readCoord();
44
45     double d = distance(6875.0/2, X1, Y1, X2, Y2);
46     cout << "The distance to the iceberg: " << fixed << setprecision(2) << round(d*100)/100.0 << " miles." << endl;
47     if (d < 99.995)
48         cout << "DANGER!" << endl;
49
50 }

```

timus/1111.cpp

```

1  //1111
2  //Squares
3  //Math;Geometry;Square Distance
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <vector>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  using namespace std;
9
10 struct Point {
11     double x, y;
12
13     Point() {}
14     Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
15
16     double dist(const Point A) const {
17         return sqrt(pow(A.x-x,2)+pow(A.y-y,2));
18     }
19
20     double toLine(const Point A, const Point B) const {
21         double scale = ((x - A.x) * (B.x - A.x) + (y-A.y)*(B.y-A.y)) /
22             ((B.x - A.x) * (B.x - A.x) + (B.y-A.y)*(B.y-A.y));
23
24         return dist(Point(A.x + scale*(B.x-A.x), A.y + scale * (B.y-A.y)));
25     }
26
27     double toSegment(const Point A, const Point B) const {
28         if ((x - A.x) * (B.x - A.x) + (y-A.y)*(B.y-A.y) <= 1e-6)
29             return dist(A);
30
31         if ((x - B.x) * (A.x - B.x) + (y-B.y)*(A.y-B.y) <= 1e-6)
32             return dist(B);
33
34         return toLine(A, B);
35     }
36
37     int signal(const Point& a, const Point& b) const {
38         double sig = (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x);
39         if (abs(sig) < 1e-6) return 0;
40         if (sig < 0) return -1;
41         return 1;
42     }
43
44     Point rotateWith(const Point origin, double si, double co, double scale) const {

```

```

45     double tx = this->x - origin.x;
46     double ty = this->y - origin.y;
47     double x = (tx * co + ty * si)/scale;
48     double y = (tx * -si + ty * co)/scale;
49     return Point(origin.x + x, origin.y + y);
50
51 }
52 };
53
54 struct Square {
55     int id;
56     Point a, b, c, d;
57     Square(int id, Point x, Point y) : id(id),
58     a(x.x, x.y), b(x.rotateWith(y, 0.707106781, 0.707106781, 1.41421356)),
59     c(y.x, y.y), d(x.rotateWith(y, -0.707106781, 0.707106781, 1.41421356)) {}
60
61     bool inside(const Point p) const {
62         int sig = a.signal(p, b);
63         if (sig == 0) return false;
64         if (sig != b.signal(p, c)) return false;
65         if (sig != c.signal(p, d)) return false;
66         if (sig != d.signal(p, a)) return false;
67         return true;
68     }
69
70     double dist(const Point p) const {
71         if (inside(p)) return 0.0;
72         return min(min(p.toSegment(a,b), p.toSegment(b, c)), min(p.toSegment(c,d), p.toSegment(d,a)));
73     }
74 };
75
76 struct DistToP {
77     Point p;
78     DistToP(Point p) : p(p) {}
79
80     inline bool operator() (const Square &a, const Square &b) {
81         double da = a.dist(this->p), db=b.dist(this->p);
82         if (abs(da-db) > 1e-6) return da<db;
83         return a.id < b.id;
84     }
85 };
86
87 vector<Square> V;
88
89 int main() {
90     int n;
91     cin >> n;
92     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
93         Point x,y; cin >> x.x >> x.y >> y.x >> y.y;
94         V.push_back(Square(i, x, y));
95     }
96
97     Point p;
98     cin >> p.x >> p.y;
99
100     sort(V.begin(), V.end(), DistToP(p));
101     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
102         if (i) cout << " ";
103         cout << V[i].id;
104     }
105     cout << endl;
106 }

```

timus/1159.cpp

```

1 //1185
2 //Wall
3 //Math;Geometry;Enclosing Circle
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <iomanip>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 #define PI 3.14159265
9 #define EP 1e-10
10 using namespace std;
11
12 struct Point {
13     long double x, y;
14
15     Point() {}
16     Point(long double x, long double y) : x(x), y(y) {}

```

```

17 };
18
19 int P[107];
20
21 long double simpleCase(long double maxx, int n) {
22     long double begin=maxx/2.0, end=50000001.0;
23     while(abs(begin-end) > EP) {
24         long double r = (begin+end)/2;
25         long double angle = 0;
26         long double sum = 0;
27         Point A(r,0);
28         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
29             angle += 2*asin(P[i]/(2.0*r));
30             Point B(r*cos(angle), r*sin(angle));
31             sum += (A.x + B.x) * (B.y - A.y);
32             A = B;
33         }
34         sum /= 2;
35
36         if (abs(angle-2*PI) < 1e-4)
37             return sum;
38
39         if (angle < 2*PI)
40             end = r;
41         else
42             begin = r;
43     }
44     return 0.0;
45 }
46 long double complexCase(long double maxx, int n) {
47     long double begin=maxx/2.0, end=50000001.0;
48     while(abs(begin-end) > EP) {
49         long double r = (begin+end)/2;
50         long double angle = 2*asin(P[0]/(2.0*r));
51         Point A(r*cos(angle), r*sin(angle));
52         long double sum = (r + A.x) * (0 - A.y);
53         for(int i=1; i<n; i++) {
54             angle -= 2*asin(P[i]/(2.0*r));
55             Point B(r*cos(angle), r*sin(angle));
56             sum += (A.x + B.x) * (A.y - B.y);
57             A = B;
58         }
59         sum /= 2;
60
61         if (abs(angle) < EP)
62             return sum;
63
64         if (angle < 0)
65             end = r;
66         else
67             begin = r;
68     }
69     return 0.0;
70 }
71
72 bool comp(int a, int b) {
73     return a>b;
74 }
75
76 int main() {
77     int n;
78     while(cin >> n) {
79         int maxx = 0, summ = 0;
80         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
81             cin >> P[i];
82             maxx = max(maxx, P[i]);
83             summ += P[i];
84         }
85
86         sort(P, P+n, comp);
87         cout << fixed << setprecision(2) << max(simpleCase(maxx, n), complexCase(maxx, n)) << endl;
88
89     }
90 }

```

timus/1185.cpp

```

1 //1185
2 //Wall
3 //Math;Geometry;Convex Hull;Monotone Chain
4 #include <iostream>

```



```

5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  #include <algorithm>
8  #define PI 3.14159265
9  using namespace std;
10
11 struct Point {
12     int x, y;
13
14     Point() {}
15     Point(int x, int y) : x(x), y(y) {}
16
17     bool left(Point& a, Point& b) {
18         return (this->x - a.x)*(b.y - a.y) - (this->y - a.y)*(b.x - a.x) < 0;
19     }
20
21     bool operator <(const Point& p) const {
22         if (this->x != p.x) return this->x < p.x;
23         return this->y < p.y;
24     }
25
26     bool operator ==(const Point& p) const {
27         return this->x == p.x and this->y == p.y;
28     }
29
30     double dist(Point A) {
31         return sqrt(pow(A.x-x,2.0)+pow(A.y-y,2.0));
32     }
33 };
34
35 int convexHull(Point* P, int n, Point* S) {
36     sort(P, P+n);
37
38     int m=0;
39     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
40         while(m >= 2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
41         S[m++] = P[i];
42     }
43     m--;
44
45     for(int i=n-1, k=m; i >= 0; i--) {
46         while(m >= k+2 && S[m-1].left(S[m-2], P[i])) m--;
47         S[m++] = P[i];
48     }
49     m--;
50
51     return m;
52 }
53
54 Point P[1010], S[1010];
55
56 int main() {
57     int n, r;
58     while(cin >> n >> r) {
59         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
60             cin >> P[i].x >> P[i].y;
61
62         int s = convexHull(P, n, S);
63
64         double total = 0;
65         for(int i=0; i<s; i++)
66             total += S[i].dist(S[(i+1)%n]);
67
68         cout << floor(total + 2*PI*r + 0.5) << endl;
69     }
70 }

```

timus/1258.cpp

```

1  //1258
2  //Pool
3  //Math;Geometry;Mirror
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <string>
7  #include <iomanip>
8  #define ull long long
9
10 using namespace std;
11
12 int main() {

```

```

13     ull W, D, a, b, c, d;
14     string s;
15     while(cin >> W >> D >> a >> b >> c >> d) {
16         cin >> s;
17         ull x=0, y=0;
18         ull sr=1<<30, sl=1<<30, sf=1<<30, sb=1<<30;
19
20         for(ull i=0; i<s.size(); i++) {
21             switch(s[i]) {
22                 case 'R': x+=2*(W-c); sr = min(sr, i); break;
23                 case 'L': x+=2*c; sl = min(sl, i); break;
24                 case 'F': y+=2*d; sf = min(sf, i); break;
25                 case 'B': y+=2*(D-d); sb = min(sb, i); break;
26             }
27         }
28
29         c += sr<sl?x:-x;
30         d += sb<sf?y:-y;
31
32         cout << fixed << setprecision(4) << sqrt((a-c)*(a-c)+(b-d)*(b-d)+0.0) << endl;
33     }
34 }
35

```

timus/1332.cpp

```

1 //1332
2 //Genie Bomber
3 //Math;Geometry;Enclosing Circle
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #define EP 1e-6
7 using namespace std;
8
9 struct Point {
10     double x, y;
11
12     Point() {}
13     Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
14
15     double dist(Point A) {
16         return sqrt(pow(A.x-x,2)+pow(A.y-y,2));
17     }
18
19     Point middle(Point B) {
20         return Point((x+B.x)/2, (y+B.y)/2);
21     }
22 };
23
24 struct Circle {
25     Point c; double r;
26     Circle(Point c, double r) : c(c), r(r) {}
27
28     Circle(Point p1, Point p2, double r) {
29         double d2 = (p1.x - p2.x) * (p1.x - p2.x) +
30                     (p1.y - p2.y) * (p1.y - p2.y);
31         double det = r*r / d2 - 0.25;
32         double h = sqrt(det);
33
34         this->c = Point((p1.x + p2.x) * 0.5 + (p1.y - p2.y) * h,
35                        (p1.y + p2.y) * 0.5 + (p2.x - p1.x) * h);
36         this->r = r;
37     }
38 };
39
40 static bool invalid(Point p1, Point p2, double r) {
41     double d2 = (p1.x - p2.x) * (p1.x - p2.x) +
42               (p1.y - p2.y) * (p1.y - p2.y);
43     double det = r*r / d2 - 0.25;
44     return det < 0.0;
45 }
46
47 bool within(Point p) {
48     return c.dist(p)-r < EP;
49 }
50
51 Point P[106];
52
53
54
55

```

```

56 int best(Circle c1, int n) {
57     int sum1 = 0;
58     for(int k=0; k<n; k++) {
59         if (c1.within(P[k]))
60             sum1++;
61     }
62     return sum1;
63 }
64
65
66 int main() {
67     int n, r, R;
68     while(cin >> n) {
69         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
70             cin >> P[i].x >> P[i].y;
71         cin >> R >> r;
72         R-=r;
73
74         int maxx = 0;
75         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
76             for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
77                 if (i==j) {
78                     maxx = max(maxx, best(Circle(P[i], R), n));
79                 } else if (!Circle::invalid(P[i], P[j], R)) {
80                     maxx = max(maxx, best(Circle(P[i], P[j], R), n));
81                     maxx = max(maxx, best(Circle(P[j], P[i], R), n));
82                 }
83             }
84         }
85
86         cout << maxx << endl;
87     }
88 }

```

timus/1373.cpp

```

1  //1373
2  //Pictura ex Machina
3  //Math;Geometry;Segment Rotation
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cmath>
6  #include <iomanip>
7  using namespace std;
8
9  double PI = 2*acos(0.0);
10
11 struct Point {
12     double x, y;
13
14     Point() {}
15     Point(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
16
17     Point rotateWith(const Point origin, double si, double co, double scale) const {
18         double tx = this->x - origin.x;
19         double ty = this->y - origin.y;
20         double x = (tx * co + ty * si)/scale;
21         double y = (tx * -si + ty * co)/scale;
22         return Point(origin.x + x, origin.y + y);
23     }
24 };
25
26
27 double round4(double a) {
28     if (a<0) return 0.0;
29     return floor(a*10000+0.5)/10000.0;
30 }
31
32 int main() {
33     Point a, b;
34     double minx=1<<30, maxx=0, miny=1<<30, maxy=0;
35     while(cin >> a.x >> a.y >> b.x >> b.y) {
36         Point c = b.rotateWith(a, sin(-PI/4), cos(-PI/4), sqrt(2.0));
37
38         minx = min(minx, min(min(a.x, b.x), c.x));
39         miny = min(miny, min(min(a.y, b.y), c.y));
40         maxx = max(maxx, max(max(a.x, b.x), c.x));
41         maxy = max(maxy, max(max(a.y, b.y), c.y));
42     }
43
44     cout << fixed << setprecision(4) << round4(maxx - minx) << " " << round4(maxy - miny) << endl;
45 }

```

timus/1422.cpp

```

1 //1422
2 //Fireflies
3 //Math;Geometry;3D Line Detection
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #include <map>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int gcd(int a, int b) {
10     while(b)
11         swap(a=a%b,b);
12     return a;
13 }
14
15 struct Vector {
16     int x, y, z;
17
18     Vector() : x(0), y(0), z(0) {}
19     Vector(int x, int y, int z) : x(x), y(y), z(z) {}
20
21     Vector normalize() const {
22         int d = gcd(x, gcd(y, z));
23         return Vector(x/d, y/d, z/d);
24     }
25
26     Vector operator -(const Vector& that) const {
27         return Vector(x-that.x, y-that.y, z-that.z);
28     }
29
30     bool operator <(const Vector& that) const {
31         if (x!=that.x) return x<that.x;
32         if (y!=that.y) return y<that.y;
33         return z<that.z;
34     }
35 }
36
37 };
38
39 Vector P[2007];
40 map<Vector, int> M;
41
42 int main() {
43     int n;
44     while(cin >> n) {
45         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
46             cin >> P[i].x >> P[i].y >> P[i].z;
47
48         int maxx = 0;
49         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
50             M.clear();
51             for(int j=i+1; j<n; j++)
52                 maxx = max(maxx, ++M[(P[i]-P[j]).normalize()]);
53         }
54
55         cout << maxx+1 << endl;
56     }
57 }
58
59 }

```

timus/1578.cpp

```

1 //1578
2 //Mammoth Hunt
3 //Math;Geometry;Segments Angle
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <cmath>
6 #define EP 1e-6
7 #define PI 3.14159265
8 using namespace std;
9
10 struct Point {
11     int x, y;
12
13     Point() {}
14     Point(int x, int y) : x(x), y(y) {}
15 }

```

```

16     double dist(Point A) {
17         return sqrt(pow(A.x-x,2.0)+pow(A.y-y,2.0));
18     }
19
20     double angle(Point B, Point C) {
21         double a = dist(B), b = B.dist(C), c=dist(C);
22         double ret = acos((a*a+b*b-c*c) / (2*a*b));
23         if (ret < 0) ret += 2*PI;
24         //cout << " " << a << " " << b << " " << c << " " << ret << endl;
25         return ret;
26     }
27
28     bool accute(Point B, Point C) {
29         return angle(B, C) < PI/2.0;
30     }
31
32 };
33
34 Point P[2010];
35 int O[2010], V[2010];
36 int n;
37
38 bool dfs(int v, int i) {
39     O[i] = v; V[v] = i;
40     if (i==n) return true;
41
42     for(int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
43         if (V[j]) continue;
44         Point a = P[O[i-1]], b = P[O[i]], c = P[j];
45         if (a.accute(b,c))
46             if (dfs(j, i+1))
47                 return true;
48     }
49     V[v] = 0;
50
51     return false;
52 }
53
54 }
55
56 int main() {
57     int k;
58     while(cin >> k) {
59         memset(O, 0, sizeof(O));
60         memset(V, 0, sizeof(V));
61
62         n = k + 2;
63         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
64             cin >> P[i].x >> P[i].y;
65
66         bool ok = false;
67         for(int i=1; i<=n && !ok; i++) {
68             O[1] = i; V[i] = 1;
69             for(int j=1; j<=n && !ok; j++) {
70                 if (i==j) continue;
71                 ok |= dfs(j, 2);
72             }
73         }
74
75         if (ok) {
76             cout << "YES" << endl;
77             for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
78                 if (i>1) cout << " ";
79                 cout << O[i];
80             }
81             cout << endl;
82         } else {
83             cout << "NO" << endl;
84         }
85     }
86 }
87 }

```

timus/1658.cpp

```

1 //1658
2 //Sum of Digits
3 //Dynamic Programming;Ad hoc
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <cstring>

```

```

7  using namespace std;
8
9  short S[1010][9000];
10 short T[1010][9000];
11
12 int main() {
13     T[0][0] = 1;
14     for(int i=1; i<=1000; i++) {
15         for(int j=1; j<=8100; j++) {
16             S[i][j] = 102;
17             for(int k=1; k<=9; k++) {
18                 int a = i-k;
19                 int b = j-k*k;
20                 if (a>=0 && b>=0 && T[a][b] && S[a][b]+1<S[i][j]) {
21                     T[i][j] = k;
22                     S[i][j] = S[a][b]+1;
23                 }
24             }
25         }
26     }
27
28     int t; cin >> t;
29     while(t--) {
30         int s1, s2;
31         cin >> s1 >> s2;
32
33         if (s1 > 1000 || s2 > 8100 || S[s1][s2] > 100) {
34             cout << "No solution" << endl;
35             continue;
36         }
37
38         int n = S[s1][s2];
39         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
40             int d = T[s1][s2];
41             cout << d;
42             s1 -= d;
43             s2 -= d*d;
44         }
45         cout << endl;
46     }
47 }
48

```

spoj/nkmobile.cpp

```

1  //NKMOBILE
2  //IOI01 Mobiles
3  //Misc;Fenwick Tree;2D
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #define MAX 1030
7  using namespace std;
8
9  struct Fenwick2D {
10     int T[MAX][MAX];
11     int n, m;
12
13     void clear(int n, int m) {
14         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
15             for(int j=1; j<=m; j++)
16                 T[i][j] = 0;
17
18         this->n = n;
19         this->m = m;
20     }
21
22     void adjust(int x, int y, int v) {
23         for (int i=x; i <= n; i += (i&-i))
24             for(int j=y; j <= m; j += (j&-j))
25                 T[i][j] += v;
26     }
27
28     int rsq(int x, int y) {
29         int sum = 0;
30         for(int i=x; i; i -= (i&-i))
31             for(int j=y; j; j -= (j&-j))
32                 sum += T[i][j];
33         return sum;
34     }
35
36     int rsq(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {

```

```

37     return rsq(x2, y2) - rsq(x2, y1-1) - rsq(x1-1, y2) + rsq(x1-1, y1-1);
38 }
39 };
40
41 Fenwick2D T;
42
43 int main() {
44     int cmd;
45     while(cin >> cmd, cmd != 3) {
46         if (cmd == 0) {
47             int s;
48             cin >> s;
49             T.clear(s, s);
50         } else if (cmd == 1) {
51             int x, y, a;
52             cin >> x >> y >> a;
53             x++; y++;
54             T.adjust(x, y, a);
55         } else if (cmd == 2) {
56             int x1, y1, x2, y2;
57             cin >> x1 >> y1 >> x2 >> y2;
58             x1++; y1++; x2++; y2++;
59             cout << T.rsq(x1, y1, x2, y2) << endl;
60         }
61     }
62 }

```

spojbr/homem.cpp

```

1  //HOMEM
2  //Homem, Elefante e Rato
3  //Misc;Segment Tree;Lazy Propagation
4  #include <iostream>
5  #include <cstring>
6  #include <cstdio>
7  #define MAX 600100
8  #define ull long long
9  using namespace std;
10
11 struct Node {
12     int a, b, c;
13     int pending;
14
15     Node() {}
16     Node(int a) : a(a), b(0), c(0), pending(0) {}
17     Node(int a, int b, int c) : a(a), b(b), c(c), pending(0) {}
18
19     Node change(int n) {
20         n%=3;
21         pending += n;
22         if (n==1) {
23             swap(a, b); swap(a, c);
24         } else if (n==2) {
25             swap(c, b); swap(c, a);
26         }
27         return *this;
28     }
29
30     Node operator +(Node x) {
31         return Node(a+x.a, b+x.b, c+x.c);
32     }
33 };
34
35 struct Segtree {
36     Node T[MAX];
37     int n;
38
39     Segtree() {
40         clear(1);
41     }
42
43     void clear(int n) {
44         while(n != n&-n)
45             n += n&-n;
46
47         this->n = n;
48
49         build(1, 1, n);
50     }
51
52     void build(int v, int a, int b) {

```

```

53     T[v] = Node(b-a+1);
54
55     if (a>=b) return;
56     build(2*v, a, (a+b)/2);
57     build(2*v+1, (a+b)/2+1, b);
58 }
59
60 Node update(int v, int a, int b, int i, int j, int carry, int increment) {
61     T[v].change(carry);
62
63     if (i>b || j<a)
64         return Node(0);
65
66     if (i<=a && b<=j)
67         return T[v].change(increment);
68
69     Node answer =
70         update(v*2, a, (a+b)/2, i, j, T[v].pending, increment) +
71         update(v*2+1, (a+b)/2+1, b, i, j, T[v].pending, increment);
72
73     T[v] = T[v*2] + T[v*2+1];
74
75     return answer;
76 }
77
78 Node update(int i, int j, int inc) {
79     return update(1, 1, n, i, j, 0, inc);
80 }
81
82 Node query(int i, int j) {
83     return update(1, 1, n, i, j, 0, 0);
84 }
85
86 };
87
88 Segtree T;
89
90 int main() {
91     int n, m;
92     while(scanf("%d%d", &n, &m) != EOF) {
93         T.clear(n);
94         for(int i=0; i<m; i++) {
95             char cmd; int a, b;
96             scanf(" %c %d %d", &cmd, &a, &b);
97             if (cmd == 'M') {
98                 T.update(a, b, 1);
99             } else {
100                 Node node = T.query(a, b);
101                 printf("%d %d %d\n", node.a, node.b, node.c);
102             }
103         }
104         printf("\n");
105     }
106 }

```