SHEET 1 SOLUTIONS

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```
GENERAL NOTE: to copy code from this PDF document, copy each block of code separately to not lose the code's formatting, happy compiling
```

(A) Review Questions

3.

 After properly declaring variables, including <cmath> header, the C++ expressions would possibly look like this;

```
#include <cmath>
s = s0 + v0 * t + 0.5 * g * pow(t, 2);
G = 4 * pow(pi, 2) * pow(a, 3) / (pow(p, 2) * (m1 + m2);
FV = PV * pow((1 + INT) / 100, YRS);
c = sqrt(pow(a, 2) + pow(b, 2) - 2 * a * b * cos(y));

2. a) dm = m * (\sqrt{(1 + v/c)} / \sqrt{(1 - v/c) - 1})
b) volume = \pi r^2 h
c) volume = (4/3) \pi r^3
d) p = tan^{-1} (z/\sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)})
```

The quadratic formula is a formula that provides the solution(s) to a quadratic equation of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where a, b and c are constants and a is not zero. The formula is:

```
x = \frac{-b \pm 0}{2a}
```

The problem with your version of the formula is that you are missing parentheses around 2a in the denominator. This means that you are dividing only by 2 and then multiplying by a, which is not correct. You should write:

```
x_1 = \frac{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{(2a)}
x_2 = \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{(2a)}
```

4. n=x; means that only the integral part of x will be assigned to n, and the fractional part will be lost. The compiler will give a warning.

While n = (int)(x + 0.5); will guarantee that if the fractional part is less than 0.5, only the integral part will be assigned to n, else if 1 will be added to the integral part. The compiler will not give a warning.

5.

Syntax errors:

- 1. The semicolon after int main()
- 2. Forgotten semicolon after cout stream.
- 3. Wrong cin stream construction. Use >> instead of <<
- 4. Forgotten quote in phrase (The sum of) and missed (<<) after the phrase ("is: ")
- 5. Return function returns no value.
- 6. Properly type <iostream>
- : The correct code would be:

6. Logic errors:

- 1. Non-initialized variable total.
- 2. Line 9, assigned (total+x1) instead of (total+x2)
- 3. Line 10, total / 2 will produce integral value, to get the whole result total: float average = total / 2.0
- : The correct code would be:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
       int total=0;
       int x1;
               cout << "Please enter a number: ";</pre>
               cin >> x1;
       total = total + x1;
               cout << "Please enter another number: ";</pre>
       int x2;
               cin >> x2;
       total = total + x2;
       float average = total / 2;
               cout << "The average of the two numbers is "<< average << "\n";</pre>
       return 0;
}
```

```
7. a. will output "4"
    b. will output "22"
 8. a. fname: James, Iname: Carter, age: 56
    b. fname: Lyndon, lname: Johnson, age: 49
    c. fname: Hodding, Iname: Carter, age: 0
    d. fname: Richard, Iname: M, age: 0
 9. a. 6.25
    b. 6
    c. 12.5
    d. 1.414
    e. 3
    f. "HelloWorld"
    g. "WorldHello"
    h. -3
    i. "el"
    i. 10
 (B) <u>Programming Exercises</u>
 1.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
        int x, y;
        cout << "Please enter two integers\n";</pre>
        cin \gg x \gg y;
        cout << "The sum is " << x + y << "\n";</pre>
        cout << "The difference is " << x - y << "\n";</pre>
        cout << "The product is " << x * y << "\n";</pre>
        cout << "The average is " << float(x + y) / 2.0 << "\n";
        cout << "The distance is " << abs(x - y) << "\n";</pre>
        cout << "The maximum is " << max(x,y) << "\n";</pre>
        cout << "The minimum is " << min(x,y) << "\n";</pre>
        return 0;
}
```

```
2.
   #include <iostream>
   #include <cmath>
   using namespace std;
   int main()
          double pi = 3.14159265358979323846;
          cout << "Please enter the radius\n";</pre>
          cin >> r; cout << "\n";</pre>
          cout << "The area of the circle = " << pi * r * r << "\n";</pre>
          cout << "The circumference of the circle = " << 2 * pi * r << "\n";</pre>
          cout << "The volume of the sphere = " << (1.333333) * pi * pow(r, 3) << "\n";</pre>
          cout << "The surface area of the sphere = " << (4) * pi * pow(r, 2) << "\n";</pre>
          return 0;
   }
    3.
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main()
       double 1, w;
       cout << "Please enter the rectangle's length\n";</pre>
       cin >> 1; cout << "\n";</pre>
       cout << "Please enter the rectangle's width\n";</pre>
       cin >> w; cout << "\n";</pre>
       cout << "The rectangle's area = " << 1 * w << "\n";</pre>
       cout << "The rectangle's perimeter = " << 2*(1 + w) << "\n";</pre>
       cout << "The length of the rectangle's diagonal = " << sqrt(pow(1, 2) + pow(w, 2))</pre>
<< "\n";
       //The pythagorean theorem states that d^2=l^2+w^2 where "d" is the diagonal's
length
       return 0;
```

{

}

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
//function to convert a given decimal angle to radian:
       double convert(double degree) {
       double pi = 3.14159265359;
       return (degree * (pi / 180));
int main()
       double a, degree1, degree2{};
       cout << "Please enter the length of one of the traingle's sides\n";</pre>
       cout << "Please enter the two adjacent angles (in degrees) to this side\n";</pre>
       cin >> degree1 >> degree2; cout << "\n";</pre>
       double radian1, radian2, radian3;
       radian1 = convert(degree1); radian2 = convert(degree2); radian3 = 3.14159265359 -
(radian1 + radian2);
       cout << "The lengths of the other two sides = " << (a * sin(radian1) /</pre>
sin(radian3)) << " , " << (a * <math>sin(radian2) / sin(radian3)) << " \n \n";
       cout << "The size of the third angle = " << radian3 * 57.2958 << " degrees"</pre>
<<"\n";
       return 0;
}
```

*Code written in IDE environment for easier reading and following:

*Debug Console:

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console

Please enter the length of one of the traingle's sides

15

Please enter the two adjacent angles (in degrees) to this side

24

59

The lengths of the other two sides = 6.14687 , 12.9541

The size of the third angle = 97 degrees
```

```
5. #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
            int n;
            cout << "Please enter an integer >= 1000: \n";
            cin >> n;
            cout << n / 1000 << "," << n % 1000;
            return 0;
   }
    #include <iostream>
    #include <ctime>
    using namespace std;
    int main() {
           int hour, minute;
           int due hour, due minute;
           int current_time, due_time;
           int diff_time;
           //ask for due date of the next assignment
           cout << "What is the due date of the next assignment?\n";</pre>
           cout << "Hour of due date: ";</pre>
           cin >> due_hour;
           cout << "Minute of due date: ";</pre>
           cin >> due_minute; cout << "\n";</pre>
           //convert due date to minutes
           due_time = due_hour * 60 + due_minute;
           //get current time from system
           time_t now = time(0);
           tm* ltm = localtime(&now);
           hour = ltm->tm_hour;
           minute = ltm->tm min;
           //convert current time to minutes
           current_time = hour * 60 + minute;
           //calculate difference between current time and due time
           diff_time = due_time - current_time;
           //print result
           cout << "The number of minutes between the current time and the due date is " <<</pre>
    diff time << "\n";</pre>
           return 0;
    }
```

BE CAREFUL COMPILING THIS CODE ON YOUR MACHINE, THE FUNCTION localtime IS UNSAFE, IT IS PREFERABLE TO USE AN ONLINE COMPILER OR A VIRTUAL MACHINE.