

# UCF "Practice" Local Contest — Aug 29, 2015

## Knight Moves – Gold Edition

*filename:* goldknight

*(Difficulty Level:* Hard)

You have a chessboard of size  $N \times N$ . The rows and columns are numbered from 1 to  $N$ . In a cell located at row  $R_1$  and Column  $C_1$ , a knight is starting his journey. The knight wants to go to the cell located at row  $R_2$  and Column  $C_2$ . Move the knight from the starting cell to this destination cell with minimum number of moves.

As a reminder, a knight's jump moves him 2 cells along one of the axes, and 1 cell along the other one. In other words, if a knight is at  $(A,B)$ , it may move to  $(A-2,B-1)$ ,  $(A-2,B+1)$ ,  $(A+2,B-1)$ ,  $(A+2,B+1)$ ,  $(A-1,B-2)$ ,  $(A+1,B-2)$ ,  $(A-1,B+2)$  or  $(A+1,B+2)$ . Of course, the knight cannot leave the board.

### The Problem:

Given  $N$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $C_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $C_2$ , determine the minimum number of steps necessary to move the knight from  $(R_1, C_1)$  to  $(R_2, C_2)$ .

### The Input:

The first input line contains a positive integer,  $T$ , indicating the number of test cases. Each case consists of a line containing five integers  $N$  ( $3 \leq N \leq 20$ ),  $R_1$ ,  $C_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $C_2$  ( $1 \leq R_1, C_1, R_2, C_2 \leq N$ ).

### The Output:

For each test case, first output "Case # $i$ :" where  $i$  is the test case number, starting with 1. Then, output the minimum number of steps needed to move the knight from  $(R_1, C_1)$  to  $(R_2, C_2)$ . Assume that there will always be a solution, i.e., it's possible to move the knight from its starting cell to its destination cell. Leave a blank line after the output for each test case. Follow the format illustrated in Sample Output.

### Sample Input:

```
2
5 1 1 2 3
5 1 1 2 2
```

### Sample Output:

```
Case #1: 1

Case #2: 4
```