## Unit 9 Test PCHA 2021-22 / Dr. Kessner

## Name / Pledge:

## No calculator! Have fun!

1. Evaluate the following limits, evaluating left and right side limits where applicable.

Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{x-3}{(x-2)(x-3)}$$

a. 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x)$$

b. 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} f(x)$$

c. 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} f(x)$$

d. 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} (-\csc x)$$

e. 
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{3\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x - \sin \frac{3\pi}{2}}{x - \frac{3\pi}{2}}$$

**2.** a. Let  $g(x) = 5x^3 + x$ . Find g'(x) using a limit definition.

b. A little bird whispers to you: For any a,

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \ln a$$

Let  $f(x) = 2^x$ . Find f'(x) using a limit definition and the ancient knowledge you have gained from the bird.

**3.** Calculate the derivatives of the following functions.

a. 
$$r(x) = x^3 + 3^x + x^{-3}$$

b. 
$$s(x) = \log_2 \sin x$$

c. 
$$t(x) = \sec^2 x$$

d.  $t(x) = \sec^2 x = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$  using the quotient rule:

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(x) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

e.  $t(x) = \sec^2 x = (\cos x)^{-2}$  using the product, power, and chain rules.

**4.** a. Let  $y = \sqrt[4]{x}$ . Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in two ways: 1) the general power rule, 2) implicit differentiation (plus the integer power rule). Verify that your answers are the same.

b. Let  $y = \tan^{-1} x$  (inverse tan, not reciprocal). Use implicit differentiation to show that:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

c. Let  $c(x) = \tan^{-1}(\tan x)$ .

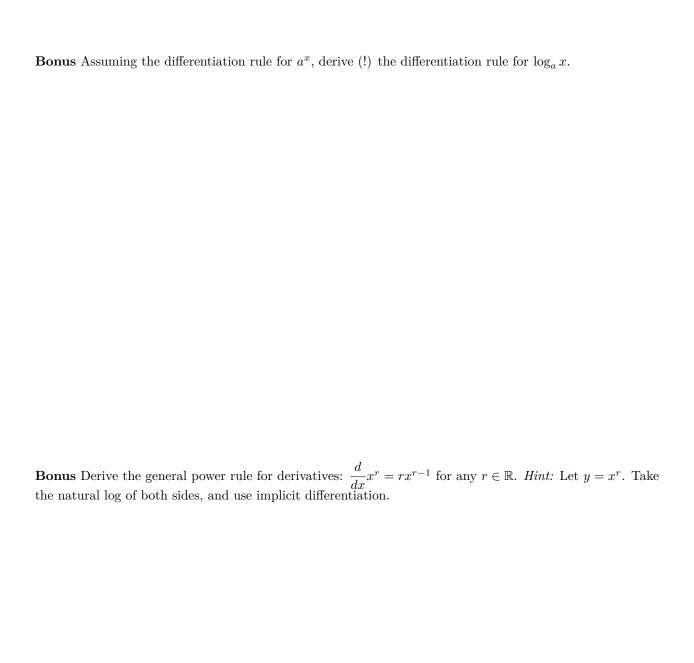
Use the formula above and the chain rule to find c'(x).

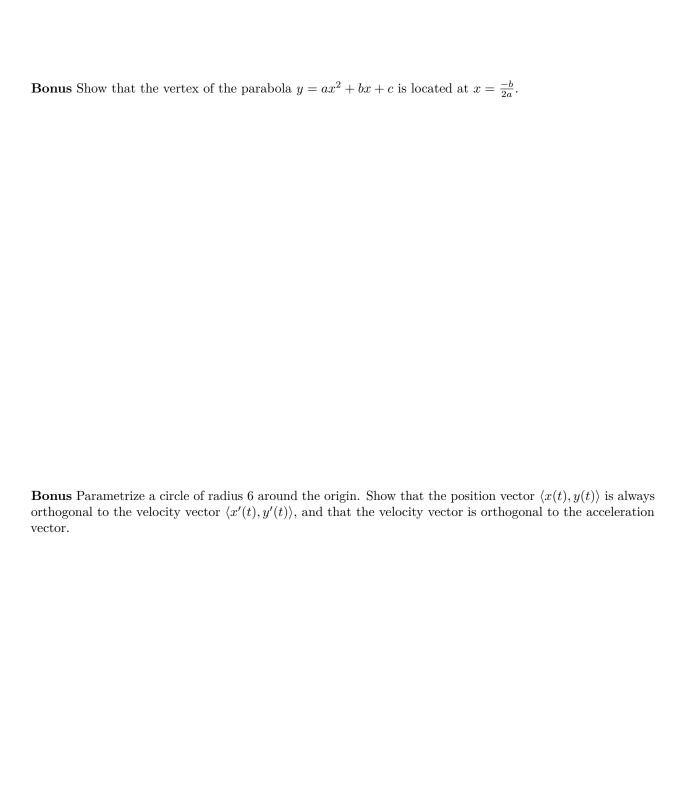
- **5.** You are quarantined at home and bored, contemplating a clock on your wall. Suppose the minute hand of the clock is 6 inches long. (What is the period in minutes?)
  - a. Let the origin be the center of the clock. Find parametric equations for the position of the tip of the minute hand. For example, at t=0, the position is (0,6), and at t=15 minutes, the position is (6,0).

b. Find equations for x'(t) and y'(t).

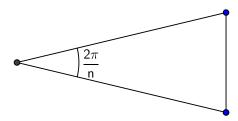
c. The *speed* is the magnitude of the velocity vector  $\langle x'(t), y'(t) \rangle$ . Show that the speed of the tip of the hour hand is  $\frac{12\pi}{60}$ . **Bonus:** Explain why this makes sense.

d. Let  $s(t) = \frac{y(t)}{x(t)}$  be the slope of the minute hand (as a line). Find s(t) and s'(t) at t = 0, 15, 30, 45 minutes.





## Bonus



Let P(n) be the perimeter of the regular n-sided polygon inscribed in the unit circle. Show that

$$P(n) = n \cdot 2\sin(\frac{2\pi}{2n}) = 2n\sin(\frac{\pi}{n})$$

Show that

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(n) = 2\pi$$

Hint: Let  $x = \frac{1}{n}$ . Why does this make sense?