

dummy\_mapping  
id: file1  
subsample: 1000

dummy\_mapping  
id: file2  
subsample: 10000

dummy\_mapping  
id: file1  
subsample: 10000

dummy\_mapping  
id: file2  
subsample: 1000

all

```
graph TD; A["dummy_mapping<br/>id: file1<br/>subsample: 1000"] --> D["all"]; B["dummy_mapping<br/>id: file2<br/>subsample: 10000"] --> D; C["dummy_mapping<br/>id: file1<br/>subsample: 10000"] --> D; E["dummy_mapping<br/>id: file2<br/>subsample: 1000"] --> D;
```

The diagram illustrates a data aggregation process. Four nodes at the top, each representing a 'dummy\_mapping' with specific file IDs and subsample sizes, have arrows pointing towards a central node labeled 'all'. The nodes are arranged in a row, and the 'all' node is positioned centrally below them. The arrows indicate that the data from all four mappings is being combined into the 'all' node.