

# UNIVERSITY of LIMERICK

OLLSCOIL LUIMNIGH

# COLLEGE of INFORMATICS and ELECTRONICS Department of Computer Science and Information Systems

#### **End-of-Semester Exam**

Academic Year: 2007/2008 Semester: Autumn

Module Title: Document Architectures Module Code: CS4146

**Exam Duration:** 2½ Hours **Total Marks:** 75 (75% of the final grade)

**Lecturer:** Dr. N. S. Nikolov

#### Instructions to Candidates:

Please write all answers in the answer booklet. State clearly any assumptions you make.

Choose to answer either Q2.1 or Q2.2. All other questions should be answered.

# **QUESTIONS**

# Q1. Multiple-choice and short-answer questions

**(15 marks)** 

- (N.B. Each multiple-choice question has **exactly one** correct answer.)
- **Q.1.1.** Which of the following is a binary document format?

(1 mark)

- a. RTF
- b. Postscript
- c. Microsoft Word Document
- d. XML
- e. None of the above

**Q1.2.** XHTML is an \_\_\_\_\_ application.

(1 mark)

- a. XML
- b. SGML
- c. XSLT
- d. SMTP
- e. None of the above

Q1.3. Describe briefly how structure can be separated from presentation in HTML documents.

(3 marks)

a. exactly once b. once followed by the + character c. zero, one, or more times d. at least once e. None of the above In the following three questions consider the XML file: <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?> <Class> <Student> <Name>Michelle</Name> <Course>Computer Systems</Course> </Student> <Student> <Name>Norah</Name> <Course>Software Localisation</Course> </Student> <Student> <Name>Peter</Name> <Course>Software Engineering</Course> </Class> **Q1.5.** What will be selected by the following XPath expression? (1 mark) /Class/Student[3]/\*[2] **Q1.6.** What will be selected by the following XPath expression? (1 mark) /Class/Student[2]/\*[2]/ancestor::\*[2] **Q1.7.** What will be selected by the following XPath expression? (1 mark) /Class/Student[2]/ancestor::\*[1]/child::\*[2] **Hint:** The first child element of an element has index 1. Q1.8. What are the four requirements for an XML document to be well formed? (3 marks) Can an XML document be well formed but not valid? Why? **Q1.9.** Compare briefly bitmaps vs. vector images. (3 marks)

(1 marks)

Q1.4. If used in a DTD, B\* refers to element B that occurs in an XML document

**(20 marks)** 

## Choose to answer either Q2.1 or Q2.2.

Consider the following two XML documents.

```
tvshow01.xml
                                              tvshow02.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
                                               <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<tvshow year="1999" rating="PG" season="1">
                                               <tvshow year="1999" rating="PG" season="1">
    <title>Futurama</title>
                                                   <title>Futurama</title>
    <qenrelist>
                                                   <genrelist>
       <genre name="Animation"/>
                                                      <genre name="Cartoon"/>
       <genre name="SciFi"/>
                                                   </genrelist>
       <genre name="Comedy"/>
                                                   <creator>
                                                      <firstname>Matt</firstname>
    </genrelist>
    <creator>
                                                      <surname>Groening</surname>
       <firstname>Matt</firstname>
                                                   </creator>
       <surname>Groening</surname>
                                                   <cast>
                                                      <castmember role="Philip J. Fry">
    </creator>
    <cast>
                                                         <firstname>Billy</firstname>
       <castmember role="Philip J. Fry">
                                                         <surname>West</surname>
                                                      </castmember>
          <firstname>Billy</firstname>
          <surname>West</surname>
                                                   </cast>
       </castmember>
                                               </tvshow>
       <castmember role="Turanga Leela">
          <firstname>Katey</firstname>
          <surname>Sagal</surname>
       </castmember>
    </cast>
</tvshow>
```

**Q2.1.** Write a DTD such that tvshow01.xml conforms to it (i.e. it is valid), and tvshow02.xml does NOT conform to it (i.e. it is invalid).

#### **Hint:** Use any of the DTD declarations:

**Q2.2.** Write an XML Schema such that tvshow01.xml conforms to it (i.e. it is valid), and tvshow02.xml does NOT conform to it (i.e. it is invalid).

### **Hint:** Use the following general structure for the schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
    <!-- definition of simple types --> ...
    <!-- definition of complex types --> ...
    <xs:element name="root_element" type="root_element_type"/>
</xs:schema>
```

**(20 marks)** 

```
library.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
library>
    <section id="1" subject="Computer Science">
       <book language="English" copies="30">
           <title>C++ Primer</title>
           <author>
               <firstname>John</firstname>
               <surname>Murphy</surname>
           </author>
           <author>
               <firstname>Dan</firstname>
               <surname>North</surname>
           </author>
       <book language="English" copies="40">
            <title>Problem Solving with Java</title>
            <author>
                <firstname>Nell</firstname>
                <surname>Dale</surname>
            </author>
       </book>
    </section>
    <section id="2" subject="Chemistry"/>
```

Let

```
xmlDoc = new ActiveXObject('Microsoft.XMLDOM');
xmlDoc.load('books.xml');
```

- a. (5 marks) Draw the XML DOM tree for library.xml. For each node, specify its name, type and value.
- b. (5 marks) What are the values of the variables a, b, and c after executing the following fragment of JavaScript code.

```
doc = xmlDoc.documentElement; //root
a = doc.firstChild.childNodes.item(0).firstChild.nodeValue;
b = doc.firstChild.childNodes.item(0).firstChild.firstChild.nodeValue;
c = doc.lastChild.getAttribute("subject");
```

- c. (5 marks) Write a JavaScript statement that assigns the contents of the last surname element (i.e., the string "Dale") to a variable called sname.
- **d.** (5 marks) Write a JavaScript statement that assigns the value of the attribute copies of the first book element (i.e., "30") to a variable called ncopies.

```
class.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Class>
      <Students>
            <Student id="03453345">
                  <Name>Michelle</Name>
                  <Grade module="CS8182" value="3"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8358" value="3"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8234" value="1"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8742" value="4.5"/>
            </Student>
            <Student id="03329032">
                  <Name>Norah</Name>
                  <Grade module="CS8182" value="8"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8358" value="6.25"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8234" value="5"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8742" value="4"/>
            </Student>
            <Student id="03353453">
                  <Name>Peter</Name>
                  <Grade module="CS8182" value="1"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8358" value="2"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8234" value="2"/>
                  <Grade module="CS8742" value="2"/>
            </Student>
      </Students>
</Class>
```

a. (5 marks) Write an XSLT stylesheet that transforms class.xml into an HTML document which contains only the names of the students. That is, when loaded in a browser the HTML document should look like:



**b.** (15 marks) Write an XSLT stylesheet that transforms class.xml into an XML document which contains only the students whose second grade is greater than or equal to 3, and has the following format:

**Hint:** Use the expression <xsl:if test="Grade[2] /@value &gt;= 3"> to check the value of the second grade.

#### **End of Exam**