

Create the following files:

1. *myArray.h*: Implement a dynamic array similar to the STL vector, which should support the following operations at least:
  - *push\_back()*: Add a new element at the end of the array, after its current last element.
  - *pop\_back()*: Remove the last element in the array if there exists elements. Whether reducing the container capacity or not is OK for simplicity.
  - *iterator*: It can be used to access elements and iterate through the array
  - *begin()*: Return an iterator pointing to the first element in the array
  - *end()*: Return an iterator to one beyond the last element
  - *size()*: Return the number of elements in the array
  - *capacity()*: Return the size of the storage space currently allocated for the array, expressed in terms of elements. It can be equal or greater than *size()*. When the capacity is exhausted and more is needed, you could simply double it.
  - *operator[]*: [n] will return the element at position n in the array.
  - *operator=*: Assign new contents to the container, replacing its current contents, and modifying its size accordingly.

```
1 template<typename Elem>
2 class myArray {
3     // representation and implementation details
4 public:
5     class iterator; // member type: iterator
6
7     void push_back(const Elem& v); // insert v at end
8     void pop_back(); // remove the last element
9
10    iterator begin(); // iterator to first element
11    iterator end(); // iterator to one beyond last element
12
13    int size(); // the number of elements
14    int capacity();
15
16    Elem& operator[] (const int i);
17    myArray& operator= (const myArray& A);
18    // . . .
19 };
```

**Note:** Change or add more functions if needed.

2. *myData.h*: Define a Struct or Class *myData* with two fields *val* and *addr*. Complete *Cmp\_by\_val* and *Cmp\_by\_addr* to sort arrays according to *myData.val* and *myData.addr* respectively in ascending order.

```

1  template<typename T>
2  struct myData{
3      T val;
4      myData<T>* addr;
5      //...
6  };
7
8  template<typename T>
9  struct Cmp_by_val {
10     bool operator()(myData<T> a, myData<T> b) {
11         return a.val < b.val; //compare val
12     }
13 };
14
15 template<typename T>
16 struct Cmp_by_addr {
17     bool operator()(myData<T> a, myData<T> b) {
18         return a.addr < b.addr; //compare addr
19     }
20 };

```

**Note:** Change or add more functions if needed.

3. *mySort.h*: Implement a generic sorting algorithm like the built-in *sort*, which is able to serve your dynamic array defined in *myArray.h*.

```

1  template <class Iterator>
2  void mySort(Iterator first, Iterator last)
3
4  template <class Iterator, class Compare>
5  void mySort(Iterator first, Iterator last, Compare comp)

```

The *comp* means that users can parameterize sort by the comparison criteria.

**Note:** You can do with any sorting algorithms, e.g. merge sort, insertion sort, quick sort and so on. But don't use the built-in *sort* directly!

4. *main.cpp*: The *main.cpp* is given by us. Use it to test whether your *myArray.h*, *myData.h* and *mySort.h* are correct. The process of the code is as follows, which also can be seen in *main.cpp*.

- Test *myArray.h*: Create an *myArray* object and call its members.
- Test *myData.h*: Create an object of *myArray* < *myData* >. Randomly input some numerical values. Each element in *myArray* < *myData* > object stores each input and the address of this element. Figure 1 illustrates the process.

- Test *mySort.h*: Sort the *myArray* < *myData* > object above using *mySort* by *val* and *addr* fields respectively.

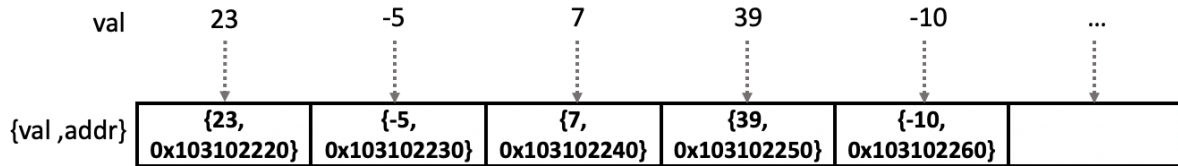


Figure 1: Elements in the dynamic arrays.

**Note:** You can modify some details of *main.cpp* to satisfy requirements.

### Important Notes:

- **Reference:** The book, *Programming: Principles and Practice Using C++*, Stroustrup., in the Reading Material. Please refer to *Chapter 20 Containers and Iterators* and *Chapter 21 Algorithms and Maps*, which are also covered in Lecture 8.
- Remember to submit your makefile!
- Due: 2019/10/19 11:59pm