# EVENTS 2.0 FOR UNITY

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# 1. Overview

Thanks for purchasing **Events 2.0 for Unity**. It's almost like the current **Unity Event**, but with a few upgrades. With it, the possibilities of improving your game are tremendous. Check the **Sample Scene** under **Assets/Gabriel Pereira/Events 2.0 for Unity/Examples**.

This package was created using Unity **2017.1.0f3**, so please make sure to use this version or later.

# 2. Events 2.0

This package is based on the current Unity Event and the upgrades are listed below.

### a. Multiple parameters

You can set multiple parameters in a method (see Image 1 below).

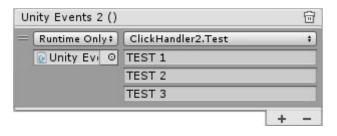


Image 1

### **b.** Reorder events

You can reorder events. For that, just click and drag to the position you need (see Image 2 below)

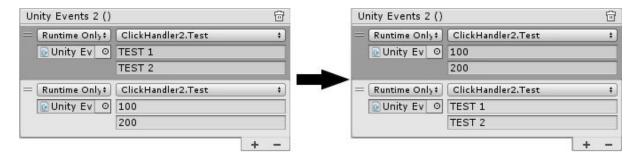


Image 2

### c. Enum

It is possible to use enum parameters (see Image 3 below).



Image 3

# d. Vector2, Vector3 and Vector4

It's possible now to inform a Vector2, Vector3 or Vector4 parameter (see Image 4 below)

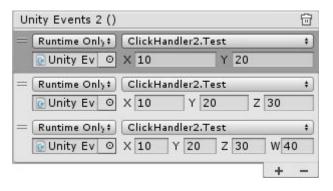


Image 4

### e. Color

Now, you can inform a color through a parameter (see Image 5 below)



Image 5

# f. LayerMask

You can inform a LayerMask parameter (see Image 6 below)



Image 6

# g. Layer

Instead of informing a Layer by its index or name, you can inform via a popup. Check the method TestLayer in ClickHandler2.cs script (see Image 7 below)

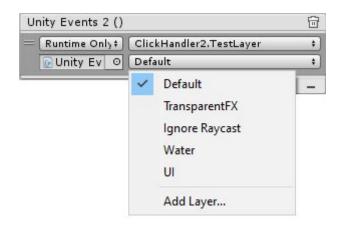


Image 7

### h. Delete all events

In case you have a lot of events and want to delete them all, just click on the trash can to the upper right (see Image 7 below)

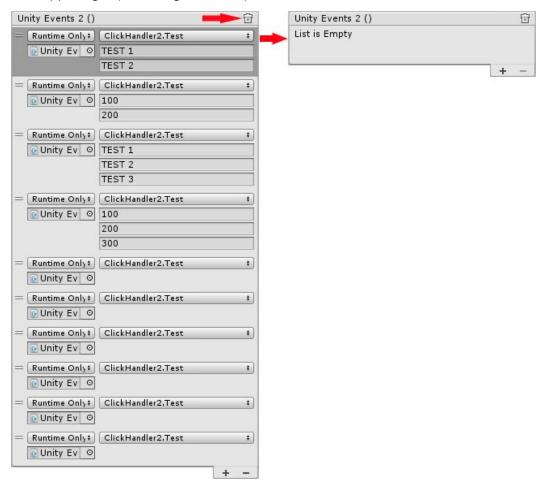


Image 7

# 3.UI 2.0

The Unity's UI components were upgraded as well to use **Events 2.0**. Every component has its "component 2.0", such as:

- Button > Button 2.0
- Toggle > Toggle 2.0
- Slider > Slider 2.0
- Etc

You can access these components in the **GameObject > UI** menu or just go to **Create > UI** menu in the Hierarchy window (see Image 8 and 9 below). For more information on these components, check the **Sample UI Scene** under **Assets/Gabriel Pereira/Events 2.0 for Unity/Examples**.

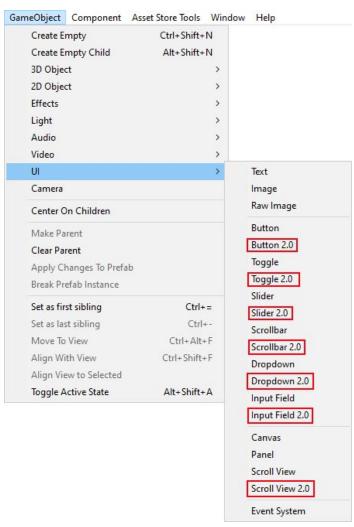


Image 8

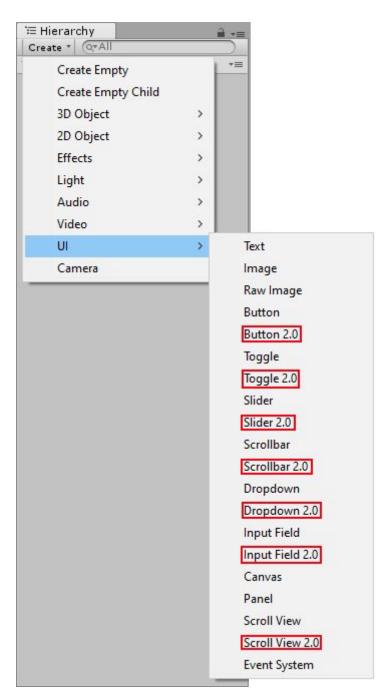


Image 9

# 4. Event Trigger 2.0

With Event Trigger 2.0, you can add some predetermined events, like **PointerDown**, **PointerClick**, **Select**, etc.

To do that, select the desired component, click on the **Add Component** button, go to **Event** and click on the **Event Trigger 2.0** component (see Image 10).

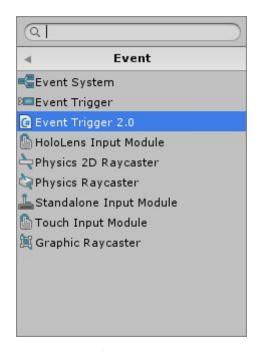


Image 10

After added, it'll look like the image below (see Image 11).



Image 11

Click on the **Add New Event Type** button to visualize all the possible events that can be added to the GameObject (See Image 12).

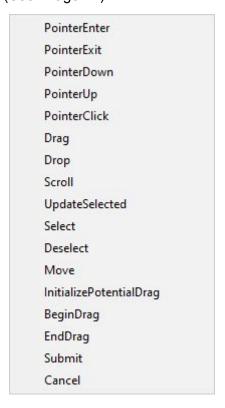


Image 12

After selecting the desired events (eg. **PointerClick**, **Drag** and **Select**), your GameObject will show those events on the Inspector (see Image 12).

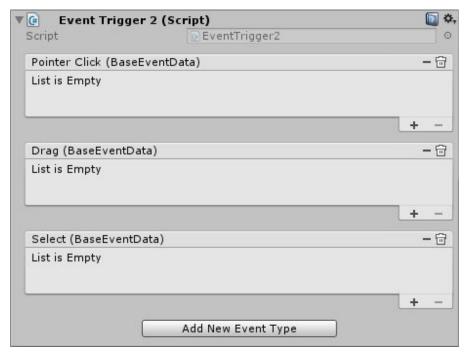


Image 12

When you click on the **Minus** icon, the event will be deleted (see Image 13 and 14).

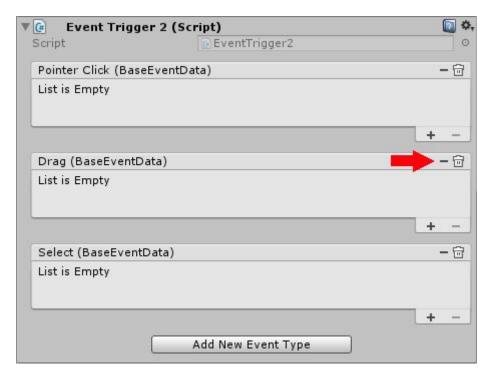


Image 13 (before delete)

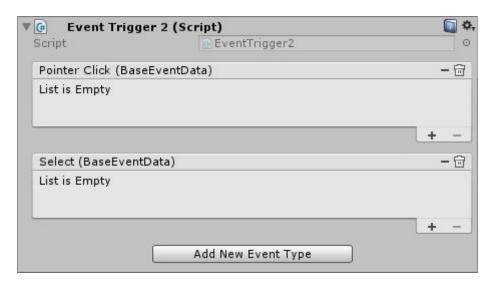


Image 14 (after delete)

# 5.IL2CPP Workaround

In order to use the **IL2CPP Scripting Backend**, there are a few more steps to take. Let's take the **ExampleClass** below as an example.

In order to trigger **ExampleMethod** from an **UnityEvent2** object, you'll have to create an **unused** attribute of type like below:

```
private UnityEngine.Events.UpdatableInvokableCall<int, string, float, GameObject>
    _unused;
```

So, after creating the attribute, here's how the class will look like:

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.Events;
public class ExampleClass : MonoBehaviour
{
    private UpdatableInvokableCall<int, string, float, GameObject> _unused;
    public void ExampleMethod(int i, string s, float f, GameObject go)
    {
        Debug.LogFormat("Int:{0}", i);
        Debug.LogFormat("String:{0}", s);
        Debug.LogFormat("Float:{0}", f);
        Debug.LogFormat("GameObject:{0}", go);
    }
}
```

If you already created an **unused** attribute with your desired generic types, you don't need to create another with the same generic types.

To help maintaining the unused attributes, an **UnusedClass** can be created to store them, like example below:

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.Events;
public class UnusedClass
{
    private UpdatableInvokableCall<int, string, float, GameObject> _unused0;
    private UpdatableInvokableCall<int, int> _unused1;
    private UpdatableInvokableCall<string, GameObject> _unused2;

// Don't need to create attribute below, since _unused1 attribute already has the same generic types
    private UpdatableInvokableCall<int, int> _unused3;
}
```