

1. Consider the following function.

$$S(x) = \begin{cases} x+1, & -2 \leq x \leq -1 \\ x^3 - 2x + 1, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ x-1, & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

(a) List the needed conditions for $S(x)$ to be a natural cubic spline.

$$S(-1^-) = S(-1^+) , \quad S(1^-) = S(1^+)$$

$$S'(-1^-) = S'(-1^+) , \quad S'(1^-) = S'(1^+)$$

$$S''(-1^-) = S''(-1^+) , \quad S''(1^-) = S''(1^+)$$

$$S''(-2) = 0 , \quad S''(2) = 0 .$$

8 conditions total.

(b) List all ways in which $S(x)$ fails to be a natural cubic spline.

$$S'(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & -2 \leq x \leq -1 \\ 3x^2 - 2, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1, & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases} , \quad S''(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -2 \leq x \leq -1 \\ 6x, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases} .$$

$$S(-1^-) = 0, \quad S(-1^+) = 2, \quad S(1^-) = 0, \quad S(1^+) = 0$$

$$S'(-1^-) = 1, \quad S'(-1^+) = 1, \quad S'(1^-) = 1, \quad S'(1^+) = 1$$

$$S''(-1^-) = 0, \quad S''(-1^+) = -6, \quad S''(1^-) = 6, \quad S''(1^+) = 0$$

$$S''(-2) = 0, \quad S''(2) = 0 .$$

So, only $S''(-1^-) \neq S''(-1^+)$, $S''(1^-) \neq S''(1^+)$
 $\& S(-1^-) \neq S(-1^+)$.