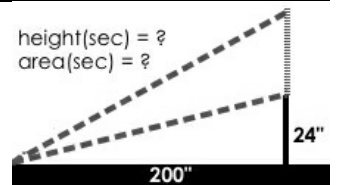


# Top Down / Bottom Up

A retractable flag pole starts out 24 inches tall, and grows taller at a rate of 0.6in/sec. An elastic is anchored 200 inches from the base and attached to the top of the pole, forming a right triangle. Using a top-down or bottom-up strategy, define functions that compute the *height* of the pole and the *area* of the triangle after a given number of seconds.



**Directions :** Define your first function ( *height* or *area* ) here.

## Contract and Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts...

# area:: Number -> Number  
function name domain range

# Consumes seconds & produces the area of the triangle with a base of 200 and changing height

what does the function do?

## Examples

Write some examples, then circle and label what changes...

**examples :**

area ( 5 ) is 1/2 \* ( 200 \* height(5) )  
function name input(s) what the function produces

area ( 6 ) is 1/2 \* ( 200 \* height(6) )  
function name input(s) what the function produces

end

## Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values...

**fun** area( sec ):  
function name variable(s)

1/2 \* ( 200 \* height(sec) )  
what the function does with those variable(s)

end

**Directions :** Define your second function ( *height* or *area* ) here.

## Contract and Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts...

# height:: Number -> Number  
function name domain range

# Consumes the # of seconds and produces the height, according to  $h=0.6s + 24$

what does the function do?

## Examples

Write some examples, then circle and label what changes...

**examples :**

height ( 1 ) is ( 0.6 \* 1 ) + 24  
function name input(s) what the function produces

height ( 2 ) is ( 0.6 \* 2 ) + 24  
function name input(s) what the function produces

end

## Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values...

**fun** height( sec ):  
function name variable(s)

( 0.6 \* sec ) + 10  
what the function does with those variable(s)

end