

# Reading Histograms

Students watched 5 videos, and rated them on a scale of 1 to 10. While the **average score** for every video is the same (5.5), the **shapes** of the ratings distributions were very different! *Match* the summary description (left) with the *shape* of the histogram of student ratings (right). For each histogram, **the x-axis is the score, and the y-axis is the number of students who gave it that score**. These axes are intentionally unlabeled - focusing on the *shape* is what matters here!

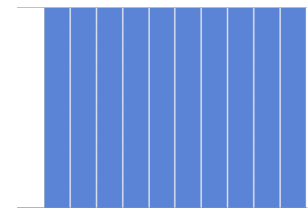
Most of the students were fine with the video, but a couple of them gave it an unusually low rating. **1**

**A**



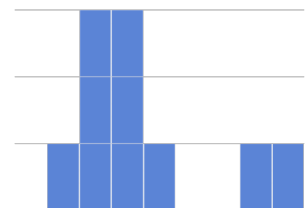
Most of the students were okay with the video, but a couple students gave it an unusually high rating. **2**

**B**



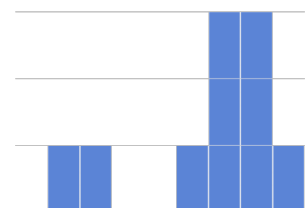
Students tended to give the video an average rating, and they weren't likely to stray far from the average. **3**

**C**



Students either really liked or really disliked the video. **4**

**D**



Reactions to the video were all over the place: high ratings and low ratings and inbetween ratings were all equally likely. **5**

**E**

