#### Top-down Chart Parsing: the Earley algorithm Data Structures and Algorithms for Computational Linguistics III (ISCL-BA-07)

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## Top-down parsing as search



→ NP VE  $NP \rightarrow Det N$   $NP \rightarrow Det N$   $VP \rightarrow V NP$   $VP \rightarrow V$   $Det \rightarrow a$ Det → the → cat → dog -- bo

# Earley algorithm

Parsing so far

\* Earley algorithm is a top down (and left-to-right) parsing algorithm It allows arbitrary CPGs

we can formulate junzang, as

- Top-down: begin with the start symbol, try to produce the input string to be parsed

- Bottom up: begin with the input, and try to refuce it to the start symbol

Another aspect of a parser is its directionality. Two choices are:
 Directional: parses processes the input left to right (right to left is also poss but rarely used)
 Non-directional: order is not important, typically require all input to be in

- . Keeps record of constituents that are
- predicted using the grammar (top-down) in-progress with partial evidence completed based on input seen so far at every position in the input string
- Time complexity is O(n<sup>5</sup>)

### Earley chart entries (states or items)

#### Earley chart entries are CF rules with a 'dot' on the RHS representing the state of $\bullet \ A \ \rightarrow \ \bullet \alpha[i,i]$ predicted without any evidence (yet)

- $\bullet \ A \ \rightarrow \ \alpha \bullet \beta[i,j]$  partially matched
- $\bullet \ A \ \rightarrow \ \alpha\beta \bullet [i,j]$  completed, the non-terminal A is found in the given span

Earley algorithm: three operations

Predictor adds all rules that are possible at the given state Completer adds states from the earlier chart entries that match the completed state to the chart entry being processed, and advances their dot Scanner adds a completed state to the next chart entry if the current categor is a pre-terminal symbol, and the terminal symbol (word) matches

#### Earley algorithm: an informal sketch

- 1. Start at position 0, predict S
- Predict all possible states (rules that apply)
- 3. Read a word 4. Update the table, advance the dot if possible
- 5. Go to step 2
- 6. If we have a completed S production at the end of the input, the input it recognized

#### Earley parsing example (chart[0])

| 0 !   | she 1                     | saw     | 2 | a        | 3  | duck       | 4  | :   |            | → NP VP                                     |
|-------|---------------------------|---------|---|----------|----|------------|----|-----|------------|---|
| state | rule                      |         | Т | position | og | peration   | _  |     | VP.        | $\rightarrow$ Det N<br>$\rightarrow$ Pm     |
| 0     | γ → •S                    |         |   | [0,0]    | ir | itializati | on |     |            | $\rightarrow$ NF FF<br>$\rightarrow$ V NF   |
| 1     | $S \rightarrow \bullet N$ | P VP    |   | [0,0]    | p  | redictor   |    |     |            | $\to V$                                     |
| 2     | $S \rightarrow \bullet A$ | ux NP V | Р | [0,0]    | p  | redictor   |    |     |            | $\rightarrow$ VP PP<br>$\rightarrow$ Pro NI |
| 3     | $NP \rightarrow 0$        | Det N   |   | [0,0]    | p  | redictor   |    |     | 8          | → duck                                      |
| 4     | $NP \rightarrow 0$        | NP PP   |   | [0.0]    | Ď  | redictor   |    | 1   |            | → park<br>→ duck                            |
| 5     | $NP \rightarrow 0$        | Prn     |   | [0,0]    | Ď  | redictor   |    | ,   |            | $\rightarrow$ ducks                         |
| _     |                           |         |   | [-9-]    |    |            | _  | - 1 | hrn<br>hrp | → san<br>→ she<br>→ in                      |

Note: the chart[0] is independent of the input

### Earley parsing example (chart[1])

| , sl  | ne saw 2  | a        | 3 duck    |
|-------|---|----------|-----------|
| state | rule  | position | operation |
| 6     | $\operatorname{Prn} \to \operatorname{she} \bullet$ | [0,1]    | scanner   |
| 7     | $NP \rightarrow Prn \bullet$                        | [0,1]    | completes |
| 8     | $S \rightarrow NP \bullet VP$                       | [0,1]    | completes |
| 9     | $NP \rightarrow NP \bullet PP$                      | [0,1]    | completes |
| 10    | $VP \rightarrow \bullet V NP$                       | [1,1]    | predictor |
| 11    | $VP \rightarrow \bullet V$                          | [1,1]    | predictor |
| 12    | $VP \rightarrow \bullet VP PP$                      | [1,1]    | predictor |
| 13    | $PP \rightarrow \bullet Prp NP$                     | [1,1]    | predictor |

S → NT VT
S → Aux NT
NT → Det N
NT → Pm
NT → Pm
NT → Pm
NT → NT FT
VT → V NT
VT → V
Adack
V → duck
V →

Earley parsing example (chart[2])

| state | rule                           | position | operation |
|-------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| 14    | $V \rightarrow saw \bullet$    | [1,2]    | scanner   |
| 15    | $VP \rightarrow V \bullet NP$  | [1,2]    | completes |
| 16    | $VP \rightarrow V \bullet$     | [1,2]    | completes |
| 17    | $S \rightarrow NP VP \bullet$  | [0.2]    | completes |
| 18    | $NP \rightarrow \bullet Det N$ | [2,2]    | predictor |
| 19    | $NP \rightarrow \bullet NP PP$ | [2,2]    | predictor |
| 20    | $NP \rightarrow \bullet Pm$    | [2.2]    | predictor |

S → NP VP
S → Aux NP VP
NP → The N
NP → Th
NP → TP
NP → V
VP → V
VP → V
VP → V
NP → TP
NN → duck
V → duck
D → duck
V → duck
D →

### Earley parsing example (chart[3])

| , sh     | е 1           | saw             | 2 | a              | duck                |
|----------|---------------|-----------------|---|----------------|---------------------|
| state    | rule          |                 |   | position       | operation           |
| 21<br>22 | Det -<br>NP - | + a •<br>Det •! | ı | [2,3]<br>[2,3] | scanner<br>complete |

|      |   | NE VE      |   |
|------|---|------------|---|
| 5    |   | Aux NP VI  | ۲ |
| NF   | - | Det N      |   |
| NF   |   |            |   |
|      |   | NETT       |   |
|      |   | VNP        |   |
| VF   | - | v          |   |
| VF   | - | VEST       |   |
|      |   | Prp NP     |   |
|      |   | dack       |   |
| N    | - | park       |   |
| v    |   | dack       |   |
| v    | - | dade       |   |
| v    |   | SEN        |   |
|      |   | she   her  |   |
| Prp  | - | in with    |   |
|      |   | a   the    |   |
| Acce | - | does   has |   |
|      |   |            |   |

# Earley parsing example (chart[4])

|            | she |         | saw      |        |         |   | duck     |   |
|------------|-----|---------|----------|--------|---------|---|----------|---|
| o<br>state |     | l<br>le |          | 2<br>F | osition | 3 | peration | 1 |
| 23         | N   | → 0     | luck •   | -      | 3,4]    | 8 | canner   | _ |
| 24         | V   | -> d    | luck •   | i      | 3,4]    | 8 | canner   |   |
| 25         | NE  | -       | Det N •  | · į    | 2,4]    | 0 | omplete  | T |
| 26         | VF  | -       | V NP •   | - [    | 1,4]    | 0 | omplete  | T |
|            | · c | . N     | ID VID - | - 6    | 0.47    | - |          | _ |

| Earley parsing: summary  • Complexity (asymptotic) is the same as CKY  — time complexity: (or, let) — spec complexity: (or, let) • Our countple shows recognition, we need to maintain back links for parsing • Again, the Earley chairt stores a paine forest compactly, but estracting all trees may require exponential time   | Summary  The Earley parser is a top-down parser with bottom-up filtering (or, you can also view if the other way around)  The parser improves over a before the particular parser by  - dynamic programming not re-comparing the authors  - dynamic programming not re-comparing the authors  input position  It can process any CSC (no need for CNF)  There is not relation between CXY and Earley: you can view Earley as binartizing the grammar (converting to CNF) vin the fly  Noct  Independency parsing  Randmann aggrence. parafoly 2009  College 10 Comparing 10 CNF (10 CNF) ( |
|---|--|
| An exercise  Connecting CNY and Endow shouts for the anothero below.  The exict she have I is In the part's   Recommended grammar: $ S \rightarrow NP \ VP \qquad PP \rightarrow PPp \ NP \\ NP \rightarrow De \ N \qquad N \rightarrow park \\ NP \rightarrow Pm \ N \rightarrow De \ N \qquad N \rightarrow de \ NP \rightarrow PP \\ NP \rightarrow NP \ S \qquad V \rightarrow V \rightarrow NP \ S \qquad VP \rightarrow V $ | Acknowledgments, references, additional reading material   |
|   |  |
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