

Minimization of FSA

Data Structures and Algorithms for Computational Linguistics III
(ISCL-BA-07)

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Seminar für Sprachwissenschaft

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DFA minimization

- For any regular language, there is a unique *minimal* DFA
- By finding the minimal DFA, we can also prove equivalence (or not) of different FSA and the languages they recognize
- In general the idea is:
 - Throw away unreachable states (easy)
 - Merge equivalent states
- There are two well-known algorithms for minimization:
 - Hopcroft's algorithm: find and eliminate equivalent states by partitioning the set of states
 - Brzozowski's algorithm: 'double reversal'

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Finding equivalent states

Intuition



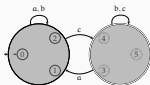
The edges leaving the group of nodes are identical.
Their *right languages* are the same.

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Finding equivalent states

Intuition

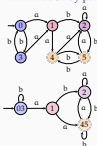


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Minimization by partitioning



- Accepting & non-accepting states form a partition
 $Q_1 = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}, Q_2 = \{4, 5\}$
- If any two nodes go to different sets for any of the symbols split
- $Q_1 = \{0, 3\}, Q_2 = \{1\}, Q_3 = \{2\}, Q_4 = \{4, 5\}$
- Stop when we cannot split any of the sets, merge the indistinguishable states

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Minimization by partitioning

tabular version



- Create a state-by-state table, mark *distinguishable* pairs: (q_1, q_2) such that $(\Delta(q_1, x), \Delta(q_2, x))$ is a distinguishable pair for any $x \in \Sigma$

1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
	0	1	2	3	4

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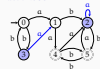
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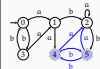
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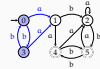
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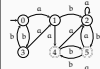
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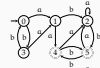


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- Merge indistinguishable states

Minimization by partitioning



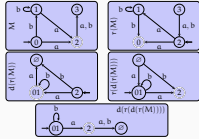
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- Merge indistinguishable states
- The algorithm can be improved by choosing which cell to visit carefully

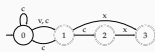
Brzozowski's algorithm

double reverse (r), determinize (d)



An exercise

find the minimum DFA for the automaton below



Minimization algorithms

final remarks

- There are many versions of the 'partitioning' algorithm. General idea is to form equivalence classes based on *right-language* of each state.
- Partitioning algorithm has $O(n \log n)$ complexity
- 'Double reversal' algorithm has exponential worst-time complexity
- 'Double reversal' algorithm can also be used with NFAs (resulting in the minimal equivalent DFA - NFA minimization is intractable)
- In practice, there is no clear winner, different algorithms run faster on different input
- Reading suggestion: [hopcroft1979](#), [jurafsky2009](#)

Next:

- PST
- PSA and regular languages

Acknowledgments, credits, references

