Lab 01: Search Strategies

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Check list

Implement UCS algorithm	Done
Implement tree-search DLS algorithm	Done
Implement IDS algorithm	Done
Implement graph-search GBFS	Done
Implement graph-search A*	Done
Implement input reader	Done
Implement output printer	Done
Create additional sample mazes	Done

Function Descriptions

• model.py

Define the models, or structures, that represents elements of the problem and solving algorithm.

In which:

State, Cost, Heuristic, Priority: int
 Define, respectively, the identifier of a node in the maze, the path cost and heuristic
 value of a maze node, and the priority value when put a maze node into frontier.

o Node: class

Define a search tree node, not to be confused with a maze node.

A Node includes:

state: State

The identifier of a maze node of which the object represent.

parent: Node

A reference to a class Node that defines the parent Node in the search tree.

cost: int

Define the total cost to reach the search tree Node from the root.

o ProblemInput: List of str

Define a list of strings that represent the input format.

AdjMatrix: List of (List of State)

Define a 2D list that represent the adjacency matrix.

FrontierElem: (Priority, Node)

Define an element within the frontier.

A tuple of 2 values, the first defines the priority of the element and the second refer to the search-tree Node of which the element represent.

o Frontier: List of FrontierElem

Define the frontier.

ExploredStates: List of State
 Define a list of explored states.

o Problem: class

Define a representation of the problem

Includes:

■ size: int

The size of the input maze.

adjacencyMatrix: AdjMatrix

The adjacency matrix that defines the maze.

goalState: State

Define the goal state of the problem

initState: State

Define the initial state of the problem

Default value set to 0

■ isGoalState(self, state): bool

Take in a *State* object *state* and return a boolean value indicating whether it's the goal state or not.

nextStatesFrom(self, state): List of State
 Take in a State object state and return a list of State object indicating it's neighbours.

• solver.py

Defines the functions and classes used to solve the problem. In which:

- readInputFromFile(fileDirectory): Problem
 Take in the directory to the input file, read the file as a list of string lineList, call readInput(lineList) and return a class Problem.
- readInput(input): Problem

Take in the input string as list, the string should follow the format defined in the problem specification.

The function resolves this list and create a corresponding *Problem* object and return it.

writeOutputToFile(fileDirectory, output): None

Take in a directory and the output string.

Create the file if not existed and print the output string to that file.

ManhattanHeuristic(problem, currentState): Heuristic

Take in a *Problem* object and a *State* object, return a *Heuristic* object that define the heuristic value of the *currentState*.

o Solver: class

A static class that defines the searching algorithms and their utility functions. Includes:

Searching algorithms:

Take in a *ProbLem* object and return a string, which can be a success or failed message.

- UCS(problem): string
 Define the Uniform Cost Search algorithm.
- IDS(problem): string
 Define the Iterative Deepening Depth-First Search algorithm.
- DLS(problem, depthLimit): string
 Define the Depth Limited Search algorithm.
- GBFS(problem): string
 Define the Greedy Best-First Search algorithm
- AStar(problem): string
 Define the A* algorithm
- Utility functions:
 - createNewPQELem(currentState, parentNode, priorityValue, addedCost): FrontierElem
 Take in a State, Node, Priority, and Cost object and return a corresponding FrontierElem object.
 - successMessage(finalNode, exploredStates): string
 Take in a Node and an ExploredStates object and return a corresponding success message.
 - failedMessage(exploredStates): string
 Take in an ExploredStates object and return a corresponding failed message.

main.py

Used to read the input file and return the corresponding output to a new file.