

Laboratory Exercise 10.2 – Report:

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3. Assignment 3

- Mã nguồn:

```

1  .eqv HEADING 0xffff8010 # integer: an angle between 0 and 359
2  # 0 : North (up)
3  # 90: East (right)
4  # 180: South (down)
5  # 270: West (left)
6  .eqv MOVING 0xffff8050 # boolean: whether or not to move
7  .eqv LEAVETRACK 0xffff8020 # boolean: (0 or non-0)
8  # whether or not to leave a track
9  .eqv WHEREX 0xffff8030 # integer: current x-location of Marsbot
10
11 .eqv WHEREY 0xffff8040 # integer: current y-location of marsbot
12
13
14
15 .text
16 main: addi $a0, $0, 180 # Marsbot rotates 90 * running and start running
17 jal ROTATE
18 nop
19 jal G0
20 nop
21
22
23
24 sleep: addi $v0, $0, 32 # keep running by sleeping in 1000ms
25 li $a0, 500
26 syscall
27 #-----
28 goline: addi $a0, $0, 90 # Marsbot rotates 90 * running and start running
29 jal ROTATE
30 nop
31 sleep1: addi $v0, $0, 32 # keep running by sleeping in 1000ms
32 li $a0, 500
33 syscall
34 #-----

```

```
34  #-----
35
36
37
38  sleep1_2: jal TRACK
39  nop
40  addi $v0, $0, 32 # keep running by sleeping in 1000ms
41  li $a0, 1200
42  syscall
43
44  jal UNTRACK
45  nop
46  goDown1: jal TRACK
47  nop
48  addi $a0, $0, 135
49  jal ROTATE
50  nop
51  sleep2: addi $v0, $0, 32
52  li $a0, 1000
53  syscall
54
55  jal UNTRACK
56  nop
57  #-----
58
59  goDown2: jal TRACK
60  nop
61  addi $a0, $0, 180
62  jal ROTATE
63  nop
64  sleep3: addi $v0, $0, 32
65  li $a0, 2000
66  syscall
67
```

```

67
68  jal UNTRACK
69  nop
70  #-----
71
72
73
74  goDown3: jal TRACK
75  nop
76  addi $a0, $0, 225
77  jal ROTATE
78  nop
79  sleep4: addi $v0, $0, 32
80  li $a0, 1000
81  syscall
82
83  jal UNTRACK
84  nop
85
86
87
88  #-----
89  goDown4: jal TRACK
90  nop
91  addi $a0, $0, 270
92  jal ROTATE
93  nop
94  sleep5: addi $v0, $0, 32
95  li $a0, 1200
96  syscall
97
98  jal UNTRACK
99  nop
100 #-----

```

```

100 #-----
101 goDown5: jal TRACK
102 nop
103 addi $a0, $0, 360
104 jal ROTATE
105 nop
106 sleep6: addi $v0, $0, 32
107 li $a0, 3390
108 syscall
109
110 jal UNTRACK
111 nop
112 #-----Draw U-----
113 goU1:
114 addi $a0, $0, 90
115 jal ROTATE
116 nop
117 sleepU1: addi $v0, $0, 32
118 li $a0, 3000
119 syscall
120 #-----
121
122
123
124
125 end_main: jal STOP
126 nop
127 j end
128 #-----
129 # G0 procedure, to start running
130 # param[in] none
131 #-----
132 G0: li $at, MOVING # change MOVING port
133 addi $k0, $zero, 1 # to logic 1,

```

```

133  addi $k0, $zero,1 # to logic 1,
134  sb $k0, 0($at) # to start running
135  nop
136  jr $ra
137  nop
138
139  #-----
140  # STOP procedure, to stop running
141  # param[in] none
142  #-----
143  STOP: li $at, MOVING # change MOVING port to 0
144  sb $zero, 0($at) # to stop
145  nop
146  jr $ra
147  nop
148
149
150
151  #-----
152  # TRACK procedure, to start drawing line
153  # param[in] none
154  #-----
155  TRACK: li $at, LEAVETRACK # change LEAVETRACK port
156  addi $k0, $zero,1 # to logic 1,
157  sb $k0, 0($at) # to start tracking
158  nop
159  jr $ra
160  nop
161
162
163
164  #-----
165  # UNTRACK procedure, to stop drawing line
166  # param[in] none

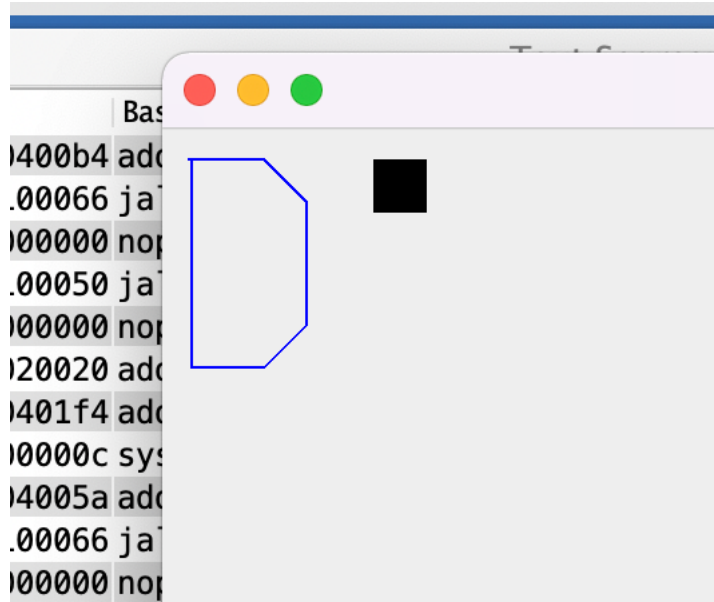
```

```

158  nop
159  jr $ra
160  nop
161
162
163
164  #-----
165  # UNTRACK procedure, to stop drawing line
166  # param[in] none
167  #-----
168  UNTRACK: li $at, LEAVETRACK # change LEAVETRACK port to 0
169  sb $zero, 0($at) # to stop drawing tail
170  nop
171  jr $ra
172  nop
173
174  #-----
175  # ROTATE procedure, to rotate the robot
176  # param[in] $a0, An angle between 0 and 359
177  # 0 : North (up)
178  # 90: East (right)
179  # 180: South (down)
180  # 270: West (left)
181  #-----
182
183
184
185  ROTATE: li $at, HEADING # change HEADING port
186  sw $a0, 0($at) # to rotate robot
187  nop
188  jr $ra
189  nop
190  end:

```

- Kết quả chạy mô phỏng:



- Giải thích:

- B1: Đầu tiên, em vẽ sang phải (90 độ)
- B2: Vẽ sang góc 135 độ
- B3: Vẽ xuống dưới (180 độ)
- B4: Vẽ sang góc 225 độ
- B5: Vẽ ngang sang trái (270 độ)
- B6: Vẽ thẳng lên trên góc 360 độ

4. Assignment 4

- Mã nguồn:


```

1  .eqv KEY_CODE 0xFFFF0004 # ASCII code from keyboard, 1 byte
2  .eqv KEY_READY 0xFFFF0000 # =1 if has a new keycode ?
3  # Auto clear after lw
4  .eqv DISPLAY_CODE 0xFFFF000C # ASCII code to show, 1 byte
5  .eqv DISPLAY_READY 0xFFFF0008 # =1 if the display has already to do
6  # Auto clear after sw
7
8  .text
9  li $k0, KEY_CODE
10 li $k1, KEY_READY
11
12
13
14 li $s0, DISPLAY_CODE
15 li $s1, DISPLAY_READY
16
17
18
19 loop:
20 nop
21
22
23
24 WaitForKey:
25 lw $t1, 0($k1) # $t1 = [$k1] = KEY_READY
26 nop
27 beq $t1, $zero, WaitForKey # if $t1 == 0 then Polling
28 nop
29
30 #-----
31 ReadKey:
32 lw $t0, 0($k0) # $t0 = [$k0] = KEY_CODE
33 nop
34

```

```

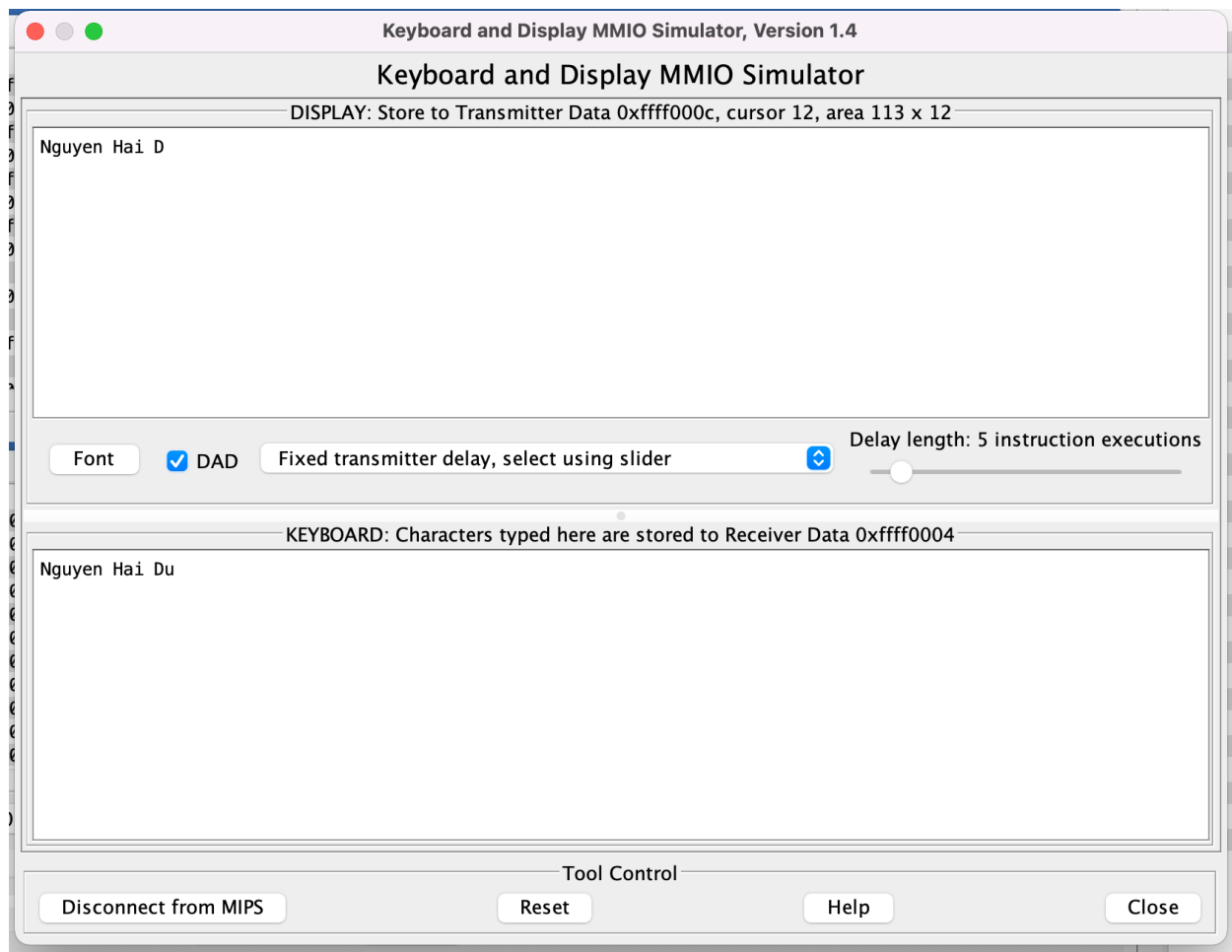
33 nop
34
35 #-----
36 WaitForDis:
37 lw $t2, 0($s1) # $t2 = [$s1] = DISPLAY_READY
38 beq $t2, $zero, WaitForDis # if $t2 == 0 then Polling
39 nop
40 #-----
41 ShowKey:
42 add $t2, $t0, $0
43 addi $t0, $t0, 0 # Because my last digits of student number is 0
44 sw $t0, 0($s0) # show key
45
46
47
48 # Kiem tra D
49 CheckD:
50 beq $t2, 'd', Exit_CL # Neu la chu d thi dung lai
51 beq $t2, 'D', Exit_CL # Neu la chu D thi dung lai
52 j loop
53 #-----
54
55
56
57 # Nếu là exit thì thoát chương trình
58 Exit_CL:
59 li $v0, 10
60 syscall

```

- Kết quả chạy:

The screenshot displays the MARS MIPS simulator interface. The main window shows the assembly code with addresses, codes, and comments. The 'Labels' window on the right lists the labels and their corresponding addresses. The 'Data Segment' window at the bottom shows the memory layout with addresses and values.

Name	Number	Value
\$zero	0	0x00000000
\$at	1	0x00000000
\$v0	2	0x00000000
\$v1	3	0x00000000
\$a0	4	0x00000000
\$a1	5	0x00000000
\$a2	6	0x00000000
\$a3	7	0x00000000
\$t0	8	0x00000000
\$t1	9	0x00000000
\$t2	10	0x00000000
\$t3	11	0x00000000
\$t4	12	0x00000000
\$t5	13	0x00000000
\$t6	14	0x00000000
\$t7	15	0x00000000
\$s0	16	0x00000000
\$s1	17	0x00000000
\$s2	18	0x00000000
\$s3	19	0x00000000
\$s4	20	0x00000000
\$s5	21	0x00000000
\$s6	22	0x00000000
\$s7	23	0x00000000
\$s8	24	0x00000000
\$t9	25	0x00000000
\$k0	26	0x00000000
\$k1	27	0x00000000
\$gp	28	0x10000000
\$sp	29	0x7ffff000
\$fp	30	0x00000000
\$ra	31	0x00000000
pc		0x00400000
hi		0x00000000
lo		0x00000000



- Giải thích:

- Thực hiện kiểm tra từng ký tự nhập vào
- Các bước:
 - In ra ký tự được nhập vào
 - Kiểm tra xem ký tự có phải 'D' hoặc 'd' không
 - Nếu là 'D' hoặc 'd' thì dừng lại, không thì tiếp tục

