

CS229 Fall 2017

# Problem Set #3 Solutions: Deep Learning & Unsupervised Learning

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## A Simple Neural Network

(a) Using Chain Rule, we know that

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_{1,2}^{[1]}} = \frac{\partial loss}{\partial o} \frac{\partial o}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial w_{1,2}^{[1]}}$$

let  $g(x)$  denote the sigmoid function, then we have

$$g'(x) = g(x)(1 - g(x))$$

so

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_{1,2}^{[1]}} = \frac{2}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (o^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) o^{(i)} (1 - o^{(i)}) w_2^{[2]} h_2^{(i)} (1 - h_2^{(i)}) x_1^{(i)}$$

where

$$h_2^{(i)} = g(x_1^{(i)} w_{1,2}^{[1]} + x_2^{(i)} w_{2,2}^{[1]} + w_{0,2}^{[1]})$$

(b) let  $(0.5, 0.5)$ ,  $(3.5, 0.5)$ ,  $(0.5, 3.5)$  be the three point of the triangle. The forward transport in the neural network can be written in matrix form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & 3 & 0 \\ -1.5 & 0 & 3 \\ 9 & -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 & 2.33 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ h_1 \\ h_2 \\ h_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Once the point is in the triangle, the first product will be

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

So the second product will be -0.67 and the final result will be 0. Otherwise, the second product will be larger or equal to 0.33 and the final result will be 1.

- (c) Using  $f(x) = x$  as hidden layer activation function, we can see the neural network as **a simple neural network without hidden layer**, who only has the **convex boundary** and can't deal with the problem described in statement.

## EM for MAP estimation

- (a) Using Chain Rule, we know