TITANIC PRESENTATION

: DATA INSIGHTS

INTRODUCTION

OBJECTIVE:

To gain insights about the data regarding the proportion of passengers that survived aboard Titanic based on their age, class, and sex.

Some questions to answer:

Proportion of passengers that survived based on age

Proportion of passengers that survived based on class

Proportion of passengers that survived based on sex

Proportion of passengers that survived based on the combination of two of the attributes

Proportion of passengers that survived based on the combination of the three attributes

DATASET

THE DATASET CONTAINS DATA OF 887 REAL PASSENGERS ABOARD THE TITANIC. IT ALSO CONTAINS 8 ATTRIBUTES.

THE DATASET IS AVAILABLE AT: https://web.stanford.edu/class/archive/cs/cs109/cs109.1166/problem12.html

• ATTRIBUTES:

- Survived: 0 = Died, I = Survived
- Pclass: I = class 1, 2 = class 2, 3 = class 3
- Name: complete name of the passenger
- Sex: gender of the passenger (male, female)
- Age: age of the passenger
- Siblings.Spouses.Aboard: number of companions that the passenger has that is considered any one of these
- Parents.Children.Aboard: number of children and parents accompanying the passenger
- Fare: how much the passenger paid to board Titanic.

LIBRARIES:

THE LIBRARIES THAT WAS USED IN THE ANALYSIS

- library(ggplot2): for data visualization
- library(dplyr): for data manipulation
- library(DT): provides an R interface to the JavaScript library

DATA SUMMARY

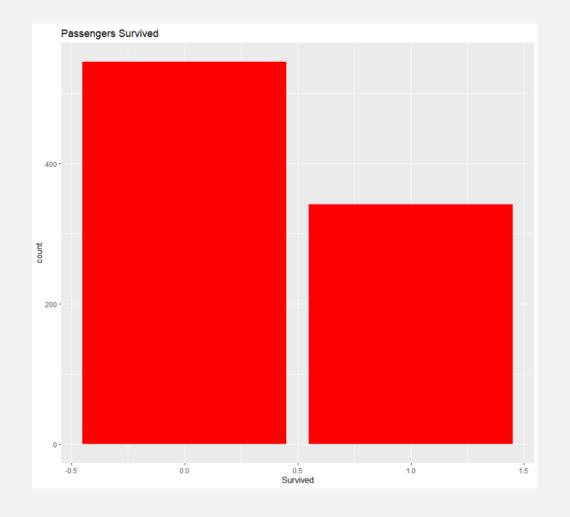
	Pclass				Name	
Min. : 0.000	00 Min. :1.0		pt. Edward Gifford	d Crosby	:	1
1st Qu.:0.000	00	00 Co	l. John Weir		-	1
Median:0.000	00 Median :3.0	00 Co	l. Oberst Alfons 🤉	Simonius	s-Blumer:	1
Mean :0.38	56 Mean :2.3	06 Do	n. Manuel E Uruchi	urtu	:	1
3rd Qu.:1.000	00 3rd Qu.:3.0	00 Dr	. Alfred Pain		:	1
Max. :1.000			. Alice (Farnham)	Leader	:	1
			ther)			81
Sex	Age	•	gs.Spouses.Aboard	Parents	.Children	.Aboard
	Min. : 0.42			Min.	:0.0000	
			.:0.0000		:0.0000	
			:0.0000	•	:0.0000	
	Mean :29.47				:0.3833	
	3rd Qu.:38.00				:0.0000	
	,	•	:8.0000	•	:6.0000	
	Haxi Tooloo	Maxi	1010000	riux i	1010000	
Fare						
Min. : 0.0	000					
1st Qu.: 7.9						
Median : 14.4						
Mean : 32.3						
3rd Qu.: 31.						
Max. :512.3	329					

BAR PLOT OF "SURVIVED" ATTRIBUTE

FROM THE PLOT, THERE ARE MORE PASSENGERS THAT DID NOT SURVIVE WITH 545 PEOPLE COMPROMISING THIS NUMBER.

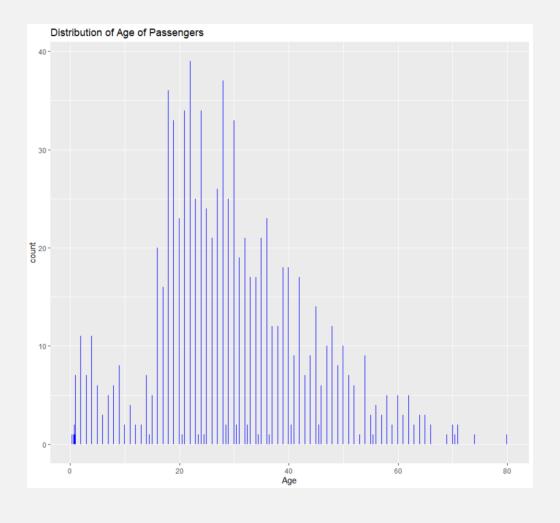
ONLY 342 PASSENGERS SURVIVED THE SINKING.

THIS COMPRISE ONLY 38.6% OF THE TOTAL PASSENGERS IN THE DATASET.



BAR PLOT OF "AGE"

MOST OF THE PASSENGERS IN THE DATASET ARE IN THEIR LATE TEENS TO EARLY 30s.

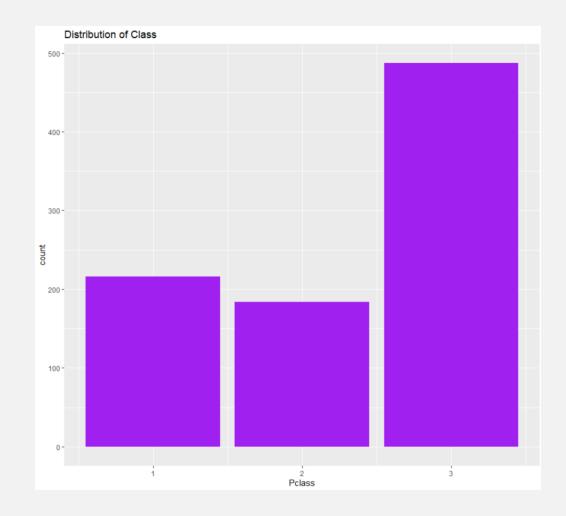


BAR PLOT OF "PASSENGER CLASS"

OF THE 887 PASSENGERS, MOST OCCUPIED THE THIRD CLASS. IN FACT, THERE ARE 487 PASSENGERS, OR AROUND 55%, OF THE OVERALL NUMBER.

NEXT WOULD BE THE FIRST CLASS. THIS COMPRISE 216 PEOPLE, OR 24% OF THE TOTAL NUMBER.

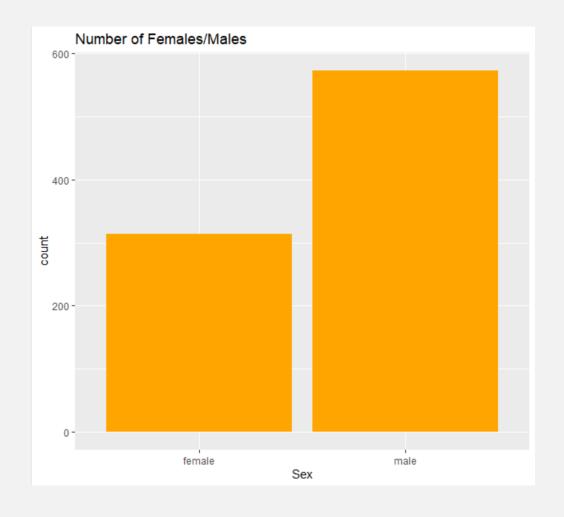
THE SECOND CLASS COMPRISE OF THE SMALLEST GROUP OF THE THREE. THIS ONLY HAS 184 PASSENGERS, OR 21%.



BAR PLOT OF THE "SEX" ATTRIBUTE

THERE ARE 314 FEMALE PASSENGERS ABOARD THE SHIP. THIS IS AROUND 35% OF THE 887 TOTAL.

THE MALE PASSENGERS COMPRISED 65% OF THE TOTAL NUMBER.



PROPORTION OF SURVIVORS BASED ON CLASS, SEX, AND AGE:

The <u>first graph</u> show the proportion of passengers that survived based on the class tickets. The results showed that 15.3% of the first class, 9.8% of the second class, and 13.4% of the third class passengers survived.

The <u>second graph</u> show the proportion of passengers that survived based on sex. 26.3% of the female and 12.3% of the male passengers survived. Female passengers had the highest survival rate.

The <u>third graph</u> show the proportion of passengers that survived based on age. For this, I changed the variable. Any passenger whose age was greater than or equal to 18 was given 1, and any passengers less than 18 is 0. Only 8.8% of the minors survived while 29.8% of the adults did.

	Pclass	Survived \$	$\mathbf{number} \; \diamondsuit$	perc
1	1	0	80	9.01916572717024
2	1	1	136	15.3325817361894
3	2	0	97	10.9357384441939
4	2	1	87	9.80834272829763
5	3	0	368	41.4881623449831
6	3	1	119	13.4160090191657

	Sex 🏺	Survived \$	number 🏺	perc 🔷
1	female	0	81	9.13190529875986
2	female	1	233	26.2683201803833
3	male	0	464	52.3111612175874
4	male	1	109	12.2886133032694

	age 🏺	Survived	number 🏺	perc 🖣
1	0	0	88	9.92108229988726
2	0	1	78	8.79368658399098
3	1	0	457	51.52198421646
4	1	1	264	29.7632468996618

THE PROPORTION OF PASSENGERS SURVIVING FOR EACH AGE/SEX CATEGORY (I.E., FOR ADULT MALES, CHILD MALES, ADULT FEMALES, CHILD FEMALES).

These were the following survival rates for men, women, boys, and girls:

Men = 9.2%

Women = 20.5%

Boys = 3.0%

Girls = 5.7%

Women were more likely to survive, and boys were the least likely. Though the rates for the boys and girls can be attributed to their small numbers in comparison to the adults.

	age 🖣	Sex	Survived \$	number 🖣	perc
1	0	female	0	29	3.26944757609921
2	0	female	1	51	5.74971815107103
3	0	male	0	59	6.65163472378805
4	0	male	1	27	3.04396843291995
5	1	female	0	52	5.86245772266065
6	1	female	1	182	20.5186020293123
7	1	male	0	405	45.6595264937993
8	1	male	1	82	9.24464487034949

THE PROPORTION OF PASSENGERS SURVIVING FOR EACH AGE/SEX/CLASS CATEGORY. WHICH GROUP HAD THE HIGHEST MORTALITY IN THIS DISASTER.

The <u>first graph</u> shows the survival rate of the first class passengers:

Men = 18.9%

Women = 37.5%

Boys = 1.9%

Girls = 4.6%

The <u>second graph</u> shows the survival rate of the second class passengers:

Men = 4.3%

Women = 30.4%

Boys = 4.9%

Girls = 7.6%

	age 🏺	Sex \$	Survived	number 🏺	perc 🖣
1	0	female	0	1	0.462962962962963
2	0	female	1	10	4.62962962962963
3	0	male	0	1	0.462962962962963
4	0	male	1	4	1.85185185185185
5	1	female	0	2	0.925925925925926
6	1	female	1	81	37.5
7	1	male	0	76	35.1851851851852
8	1	male	1	41	18.9814814814815

	age 🏺	Sex 🏺	Survived \$	number 🏺	perc 🌲
1	0	female	1	14	7.60869565217391
2	0	male	0	6	3.26086956521739
3	0	male	1	9	4.89130434782609
4	1	female	0	6	3.26086956521739
5	1	female	1	56	30.4347826086957
6	1	male	0	85	46.195652173913
7	1	male	1	8	4.34782608695652

The <u>third graph</u> shows the passenger survival rate of the third class passengers:

Men = 6.8%

Women = 9.2%

Boys = 2.9%

Girls = 5.5%

Looking at the survival rate of each class, boys or men have the highest mortality by gender. In fact of the three classes, the second class has the highest mortality for men. To better understand why second class men have low survival rate, we look at the raw numbers of men and women in each class.

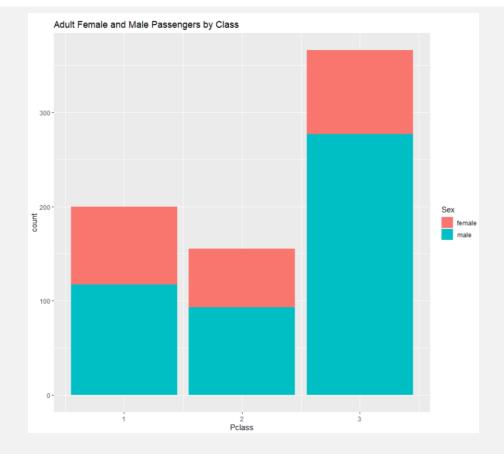
	age 🌲	Sex \$	Survived \$	number 🌲	perc 🏺
1	0	female	0	28	5.74948665297741
2	0	female	1	27	5.54414784394251
3	0	male	0	52	10.6776180698152
4	0	male	1	14	2.87474332648871
5	1	female	0	44	9.03490759753593
6	1	female	1	45	9.24024640657084
7	1	male	0	244	50.1026694045174
8	1	male	1	33	6.77618069815195

REASON WHY SECOND MALE PASSENGERS HAVE HIGH MORTALITY

The <u>first graph</u> shows that second class male passengers have the lowest number of the three classes.

The bar plot illustrates that of the three classes, the second class passengers comprise of the lowest number of passengers.

	Pclass =	Sex	number	perc 🖣
1	1	female	83	11.5117891816921
2	1	male	117	16.2274618585298
3	2	female	62	8.59916782246879
4	2	male	93	12.8987517337032
5	3	female	89	12.3439667128988
6	3	male	277	38.4188626907073



WHY THE PERCENTAGE OF MEN IN THIRD CLASS WHO SURVIVED WAS HIGHER THAN IN THE SECOND CLASS?

Looking at the stacked box, illustrates the comparative survival rates in each class.

From this, it was easier to see that there were the fewest adult male passengers overall in second class. While the men in second class had the lowest survival rate, the raw number of second class adult male passenger deaths was still very small compared to the overall number of men lost in the other classes.

