

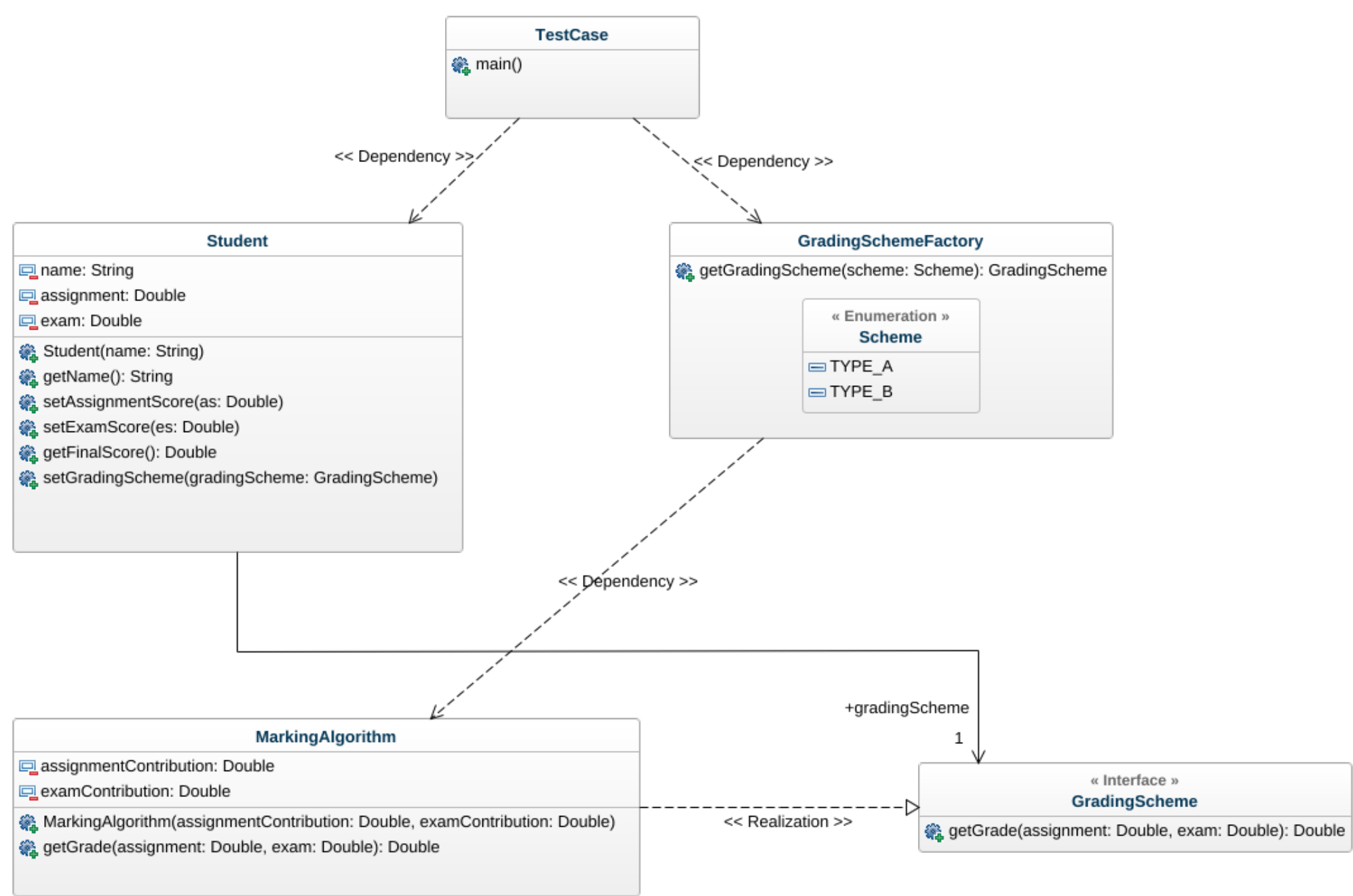
Software Methodology 11.15

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Design Pattern

The design pattern I chose is the **factory pattern**. First, in this program the user wants to create a grading algorithm, as long as he knows its name, and does not need to care about its specific implementation. Secondly, the extensibility is high, if needed to add a new grading algorithm, just change the factory class. At last, Shielding the specific implementation of the product, the caller only needs to care about the interface of the product

Class Diagram



Code

GradingScheme.java

```
1 | public interface GradingScheme {
2 |     public double getGrade(double assignment, double exam);
3 | }
```

GradingSchemeFactory.java

```

1 public class GradingSchemeFactory {
2     public static enum Scheme {
3         TYPE_A,
4         TYPE_B
5     }
6     public GradingScheme getGradingScheme(Scheme scheme){
7         if(scheme == Scheme.TYPE_A){
8             return new MarkingAlgorithm(0.4,0.6);
9         }
10        else if(scheme == Scheme.TYPE_B){
11            return new MarkingAlgorithm(0.5,0.5);
12        }
13        throw new RuntimeException("Unknown scheme");
14    }
15 }

```

MarkingAlgorithm.java

```

1 public class MarkingAlgorithm implements GradingScheme {
2     private double assignmentContribution;
3     private double examContribution;
4
5     public MarkingAlgorithm(double assignmentContribution, double examContribution) {
6         if ((assignmentContribution < 0 || assignmentContribution > 1)
7             || (examContribution < 0 || examContribution > 1)) {
8             throw new RuntimeException(
9                 "The assignment contribution and " +
10                 "exam contribution should be " +
11                 "between 0 and 1, now: " +
12                 assignmentContribution +
13                 " " +
14                 examContribution);
15         }
16         if ((assignmentContribution + examContribution) != 1) {
17             throw new RuntimeException("The sum of assignment contribution and " +
18                 "exam contribution should be " +
19                 "1, now: " +
20                 (assignmentContribution + examContribution));
21         }
22         this.assignmentContribution = assignmentContribution;
23         this.examContribution = examContribution;
24     }
25
26     @Override
27     public double getGrade(double assignment, double exam) {
28         return assignmentContribution * assignment + examContribution * exam;
29     }
30 }

```

Student.java

```
1 public class Student {
2
3     private String name;          // full name of the student
4     private Double assignment;    // score for the assignment
5     private Double exam;         // score for the exam
6     private GradingScheme gradingScheme;
7
8     /**
9      * Construct the student from their name
10     * @param name full name of the student
11     */
12     public Student(String name) {
13         this.name = name;
14         assignment = 0.0;
15         exam = 0.0;
16     }
17
18     /**
19     * @return the student's full name
20     */
21     public String getName() {
22         return name;
23     }
24
25     /**
26     * @param as the assignment score to set
27     */
28     public void setAssignmentScore(double as) {
29         assignment = as;
30     }
31     /**
32     * @param es the exam score to set
33     */
34     public void setExamScore(double es) {
35         exam = es;
36     }
37
38     // TODO get the final score
39     public Double getFinalScore() {
40         if(gradingScheme == null) {
41             throw new RuntimeException("Grading scheme not set");
42         }
43         return gradingScheme.getGrade(assignment, exam);
44     }
45
46     public void setGradingScheme(GradingScheme gradingScheme) {
47         this.gradingScheme = gradingScheme;
48     }
49 }
```

TestCase.java

```

1 public class TestCase {
2
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4
5         Student student = new Student("Harry Potter");
6         student.setAssignmentScore(88);
7         student.setExamScore(66);
8
9         GradingSchemeFactory factory = new GradingSchemeFactory();
10        // TODO switch to algorithm A:
11        student.setGradingScheme(
12            factory.getGradingScheme(
13                GradingSchemeFactory.Scheme.TYPE_A
14            ));
15        System.out.println(
16            student.getName()
17                + " "
18                + student.getFinalScore().toString());
19
20        // TODO switch to algorithm B
21        student.setGradingScheme(
22            factory.getGradingScheme(
23                GradingSchemeFactory.Scheme.TYPE_B
24            ));
25        System.out.println(
26            student.getName()
27                + " "
28                + student.getFinalScore().toString());
29
30    }
31
32 }

```

Output

```

1 | Harry Potter  74.800000000000001
2 | Harry Potter  77.0

```