

1 Backtracking

Algorithm 1 Backtracking design technique for Travelling Salesman Problem

```
1: procedure TSPBACKTRACKING(level, optcost, optx, n)
2:   Input: level, n
3:   Output: optcost, optx
4:
5:   if lev == n then
6:     C = cost of x
7:     if C < optcost then
8:       optcost = C
9:       optx = x
10:    end if
11:  else
12:    Compute B = B(x)
13:    x[level] = 2
14:    while B < optcost and x[level] ≤ n do
15:      if x[level] is distinct from x[1],...,x[level-1] then
16:        TSPBacktracking(level+1, optcost, optx, n)
17:      end if
18:      x[level] = x[level] + 1
19:    end while
20:  end if
21: end procedure
```

2 Branch & Bound

Algorithm 2 Branch & Bound design technique for Travelling Salesman Problem

```
1: procedure TSPBRANCHANDBOUND(level, optcost, optx, n)
2:   Input: level, n
3:   Output: optcost, optx
4:   Var: B, C, Count, NextCoord, NextB
5:
6:   if lev == n then
7:     C = cost of x
8:     if C < optcost then
9:       optcost = C
10:      optx = x
11:    end if
12:  else
13:    Count = 0
14:    for x[level] = 2 to n do
15:      if x[level] is distinct from x[1],...,x[level-1] then
16:        Count = Count + 1
17:        NextCoord[Count] = x[level]
18:        NextB[Count] = B(x)
19:      end if
20:    end for
21:    Sort NextCoord according to NextB values
22:    Count = 1
23:    while Count ≤ n − level and NextB[count] < optcost do
24:      if x[level] is distinct from x[1],...,x[level-1] then
25:        x[level] = NextCoord[Count]
26:        TSPBranchAndBound(level+1, optcost, optx, n)
27:      end if
28:      Count = Count + 1
29:    end while
30:  end if
31: end procedure
```
