



Sample Model Highlights

In-Flight Entertainment

v1.0



The system used as an example in this model does not reflect any existing Thales product. It is an overly simplified vision of what a real in-flight entertainment system is.

This model is partial, and mainly designed for educational purposes.

For any question about Arcadia or Capella, please post a question in the forum or use the contact addresses available on the Capella website.

Forum:

<https://polarsys.org/forums/index.php/f/10/>

Website:

<http://www.polarsys.org/capella>



Document Objectives, Legend and Revision Table

Capella tips and tricks



The objective of this document is to browse the sample IFE model through the 5 Arcadia engineering steps.

Method or engineering highlights

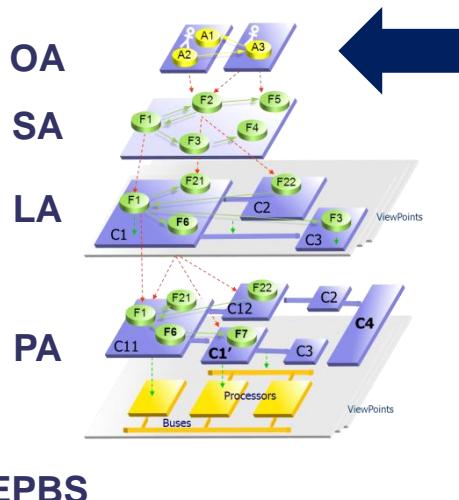


These slides mainly rely on extracts of diagrams and form a kind of “reading path” through the model.

Noteworthy tooling, engineering or method aspects are highlighted throughout the document.

Version	Date	Author(s)	Notes
1.0	Feb 24 th , 2015	Stéphane Bonnet (Thales)	Initialization

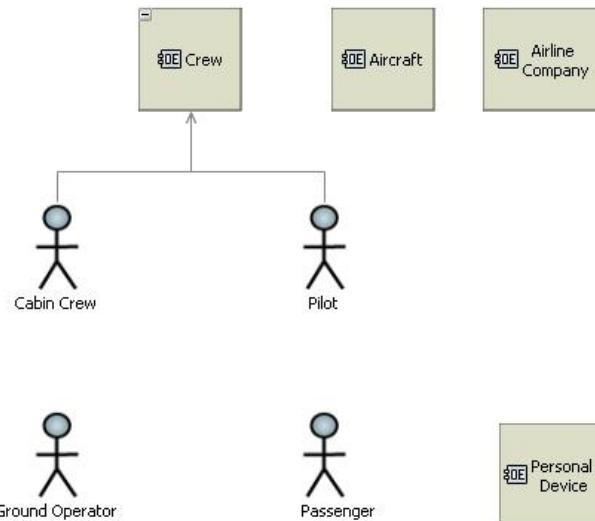
What the users of the system need to accomplish



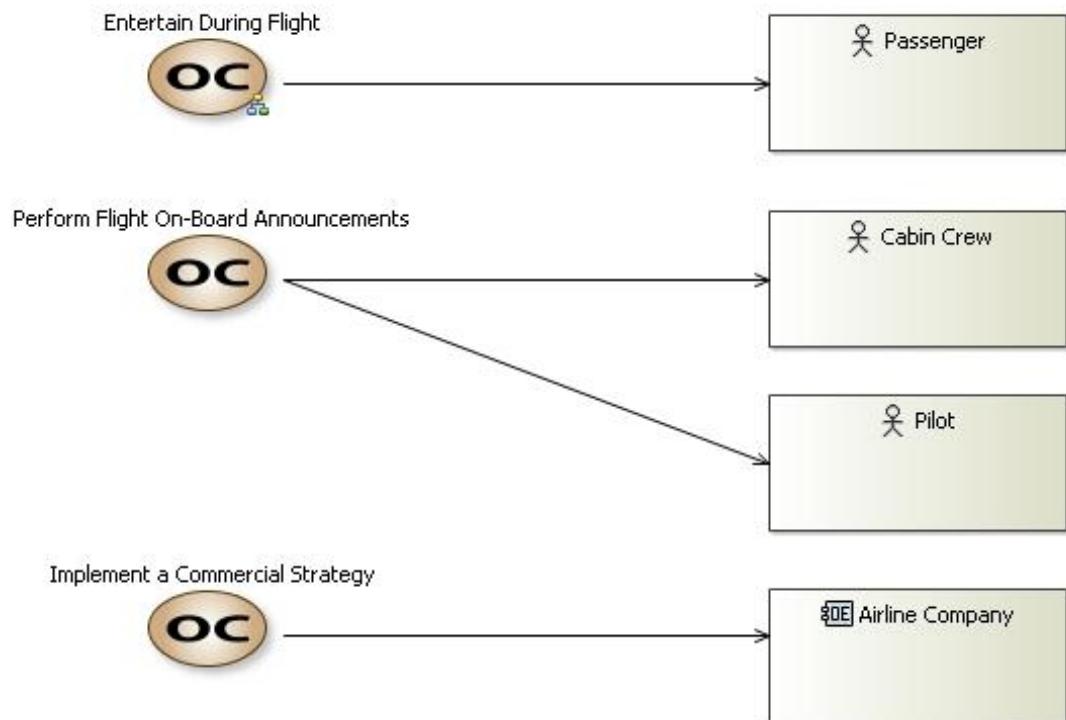
- ◆ The Operational Analysis is partial and minimal in this version. It basically introduces what kind of activities are performed by the Cabin Crew and the Passengers.

Operational Entities and Capabilities

[OEBD] Operational Entities and Actors

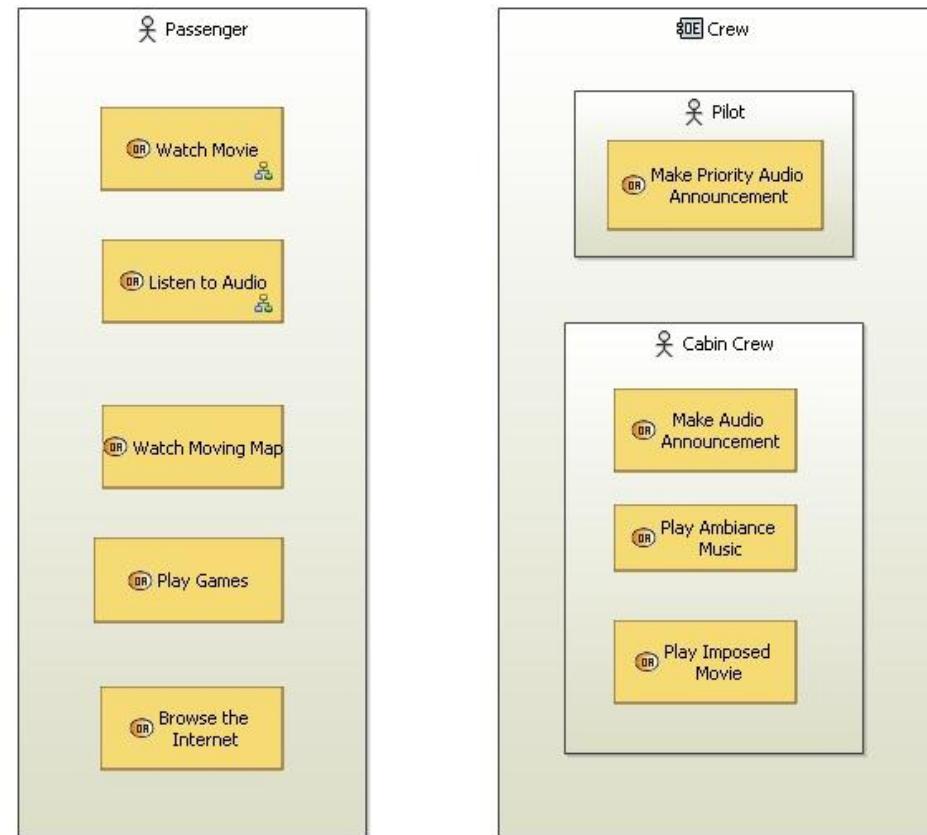


[OCB] Operational Capabilities



High-Level Expected Activities

[OAB] High-Level Expected Activities

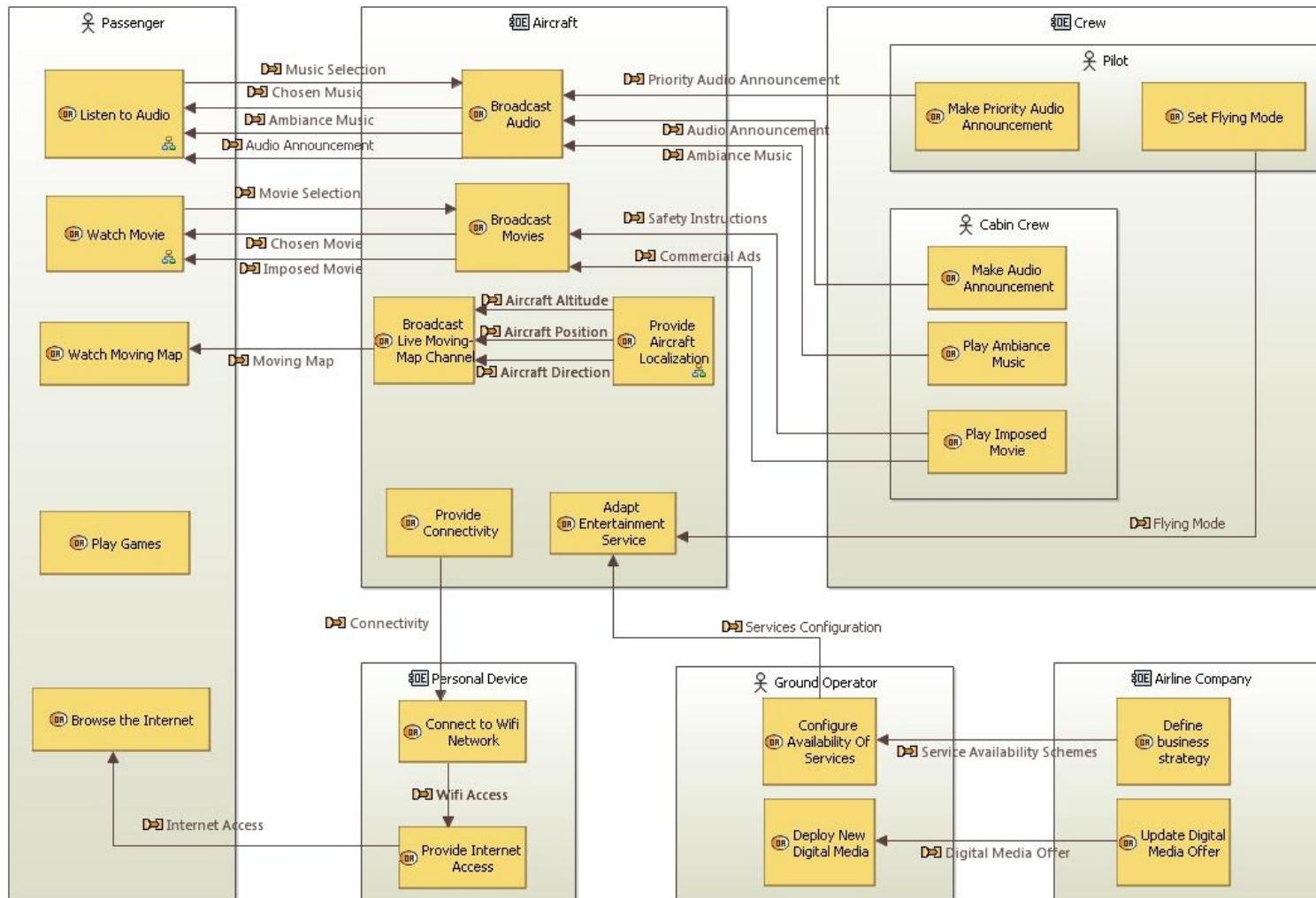


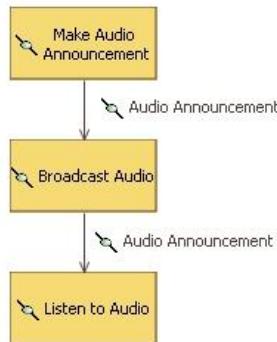
[OAIB] Watch Movie



Overview of all Operational Entities and Activities

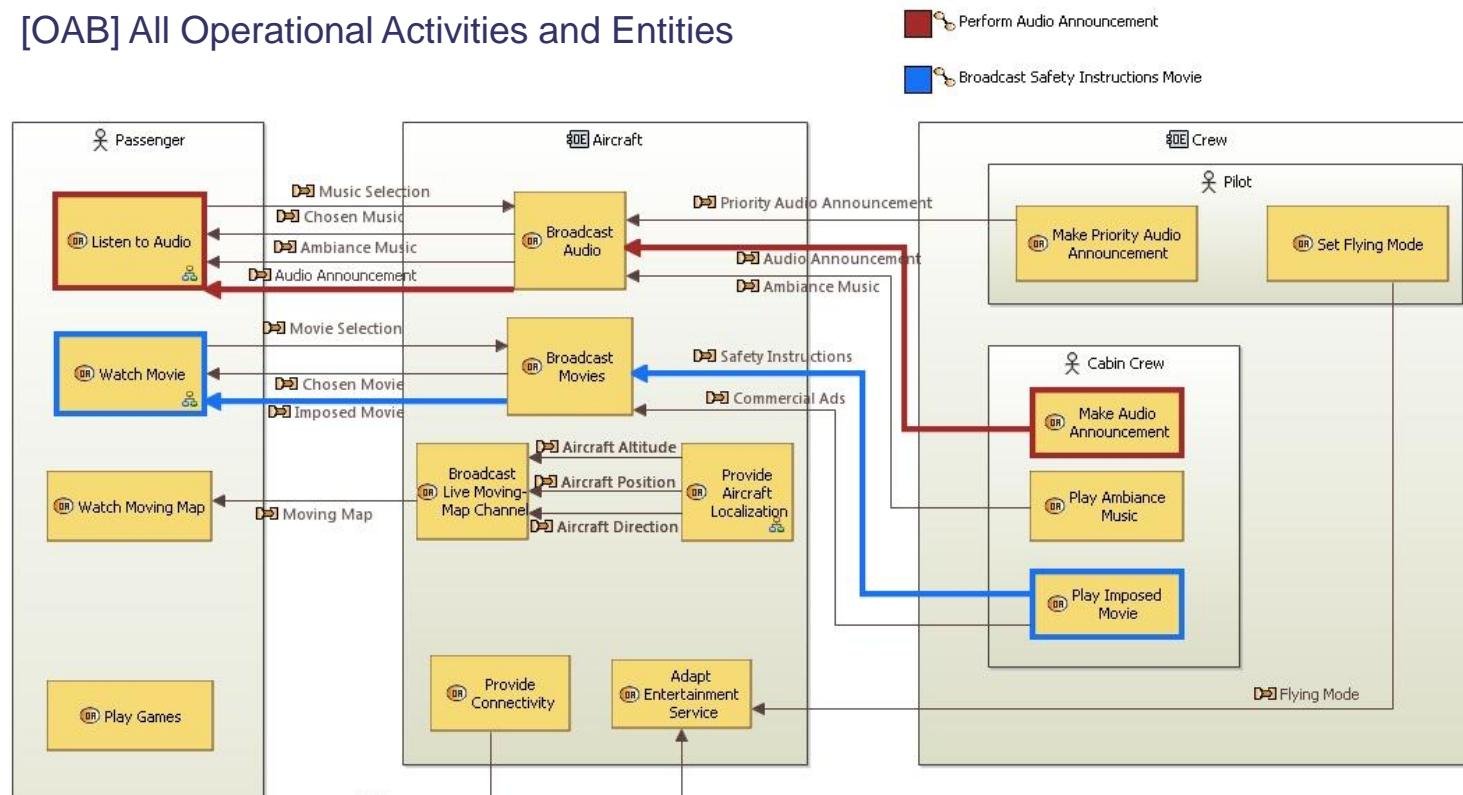
[OAB] All Operational Activities and Entities



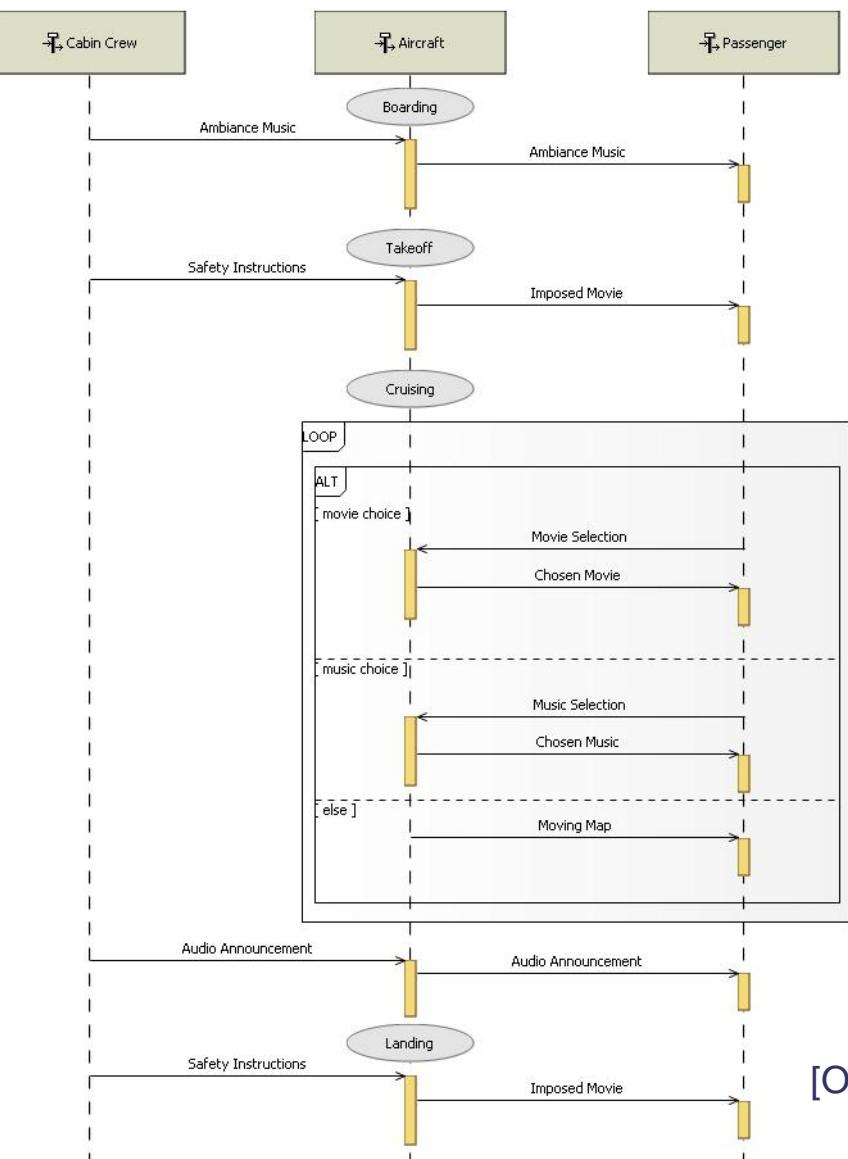


[OPD] Perform Audio Announcement

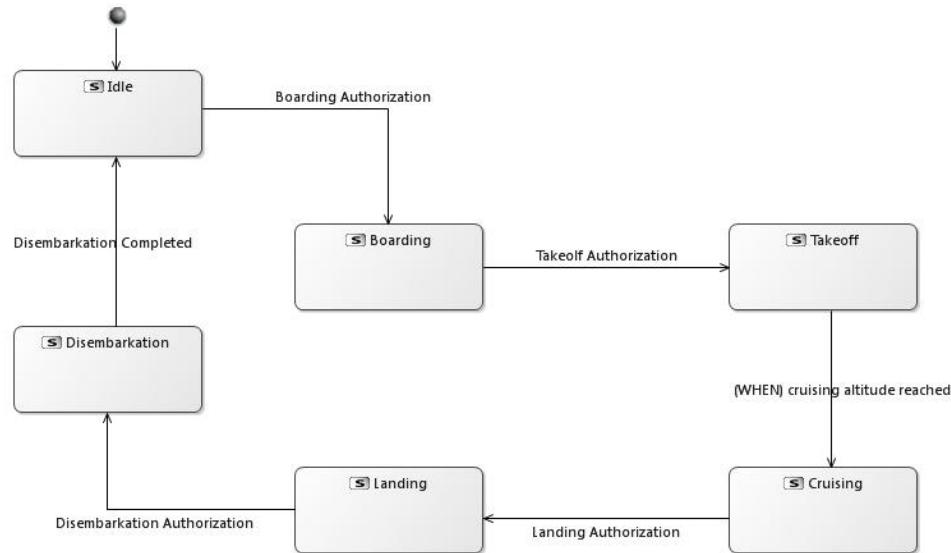
[OAB] All Operational Activities and Entities



Operational Context: Flying Phases



[OES] Flight Phases



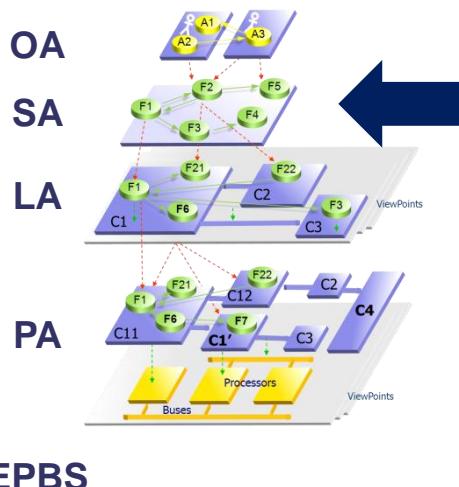
[M&S] Aircraft Flying Phases

The state machine is defined on the "Aircraft" Operational Entity.

The scenario is defined on the « Entertain During Flight » Operational Capability

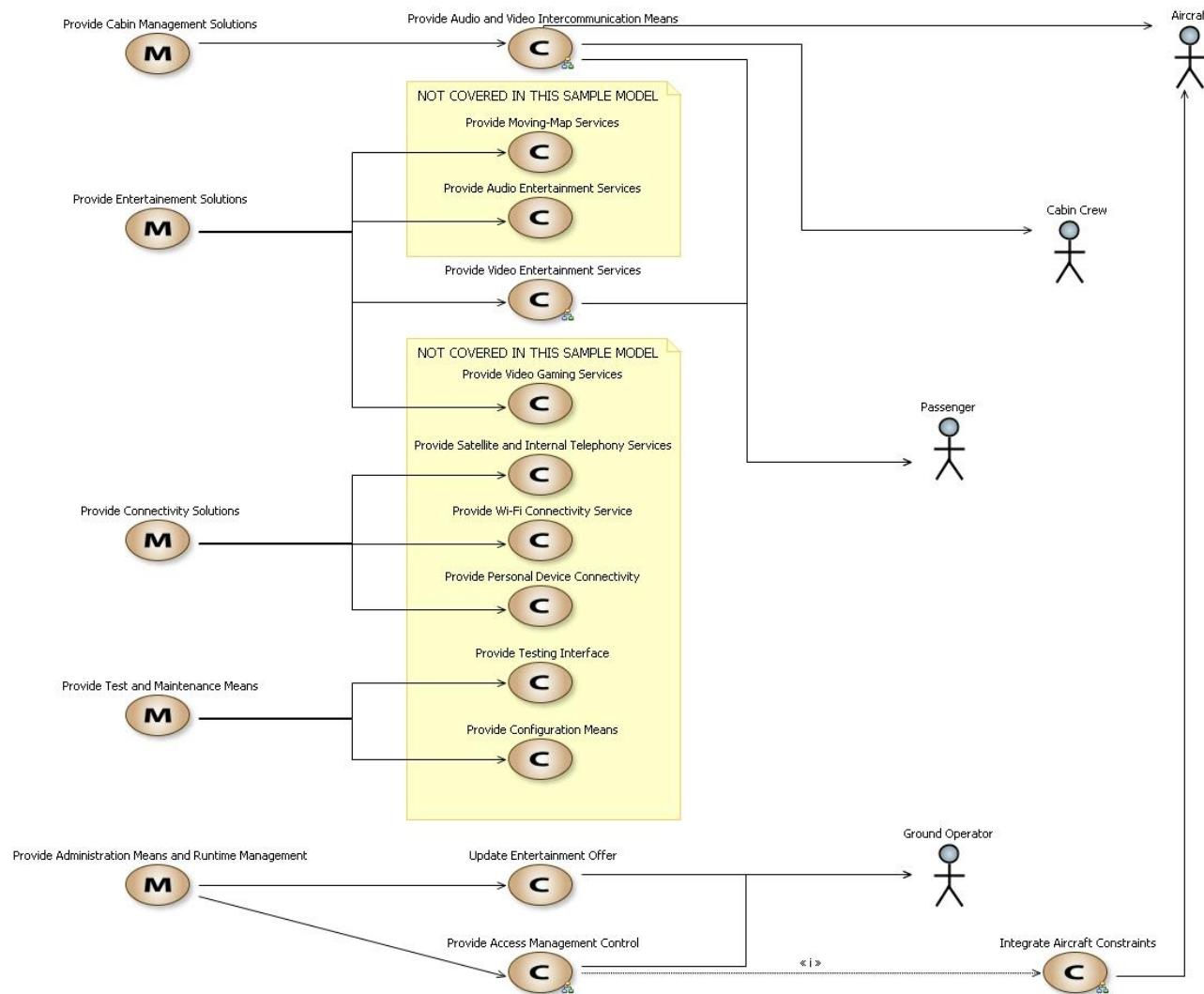


What the system has to accomplish for the users

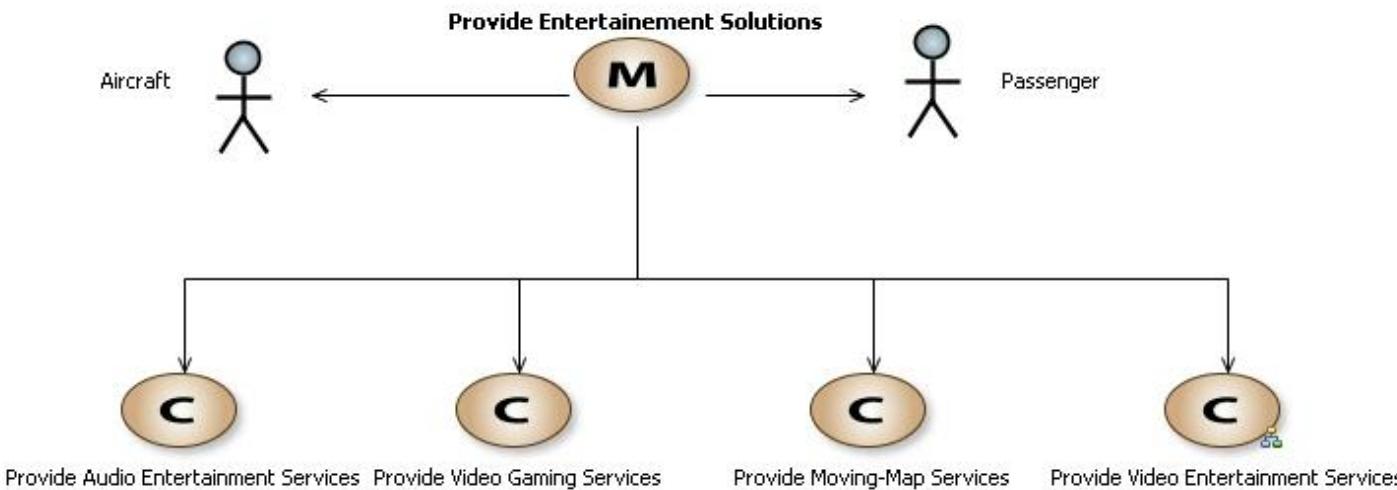


- ◆ Not all the IFE system is modelled. Focus is put on VOD service, audio announcement and imposed videos (safety instructions, ads, etc.).
- ◆ While interesting, the topic of the integration of the IFE with the aircraft is kept minimal (according to flying conditions, the IFE system is supposed to behave differently).
- ◆ Not all possible Scenarios and Functional Chains have been created.
- ◆ The system is globally organized as follows:
 - Cabin crew services are always available, passenger services have to be activated. Their availability depends on the flying conditions and on the class the passengers are flying in
 - The system is able to store digital media content
 - Most of the interactions of the passengers with their services (navigating between menus, selecting movies, etc.) are captured in functions called “Run <xxx> service”
 - Services rely on audio and video broadcast means
 - Maintenance and configuration topics are only evoked

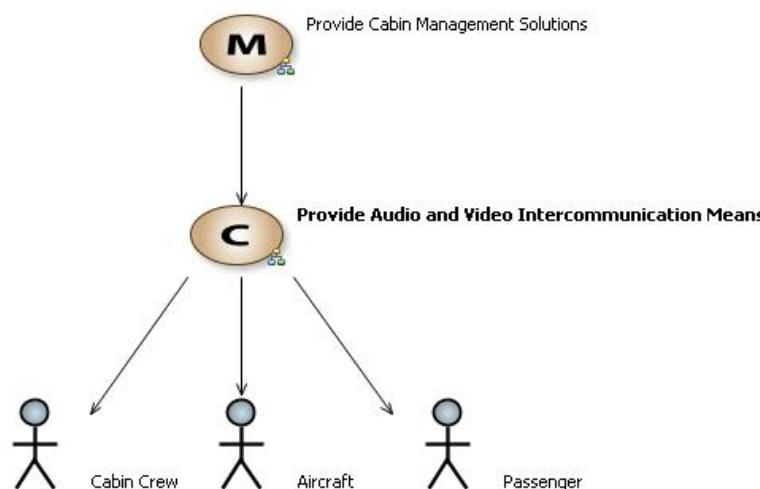
[MCB] Capabilities



[CM] Provide Cabin Management Solutions



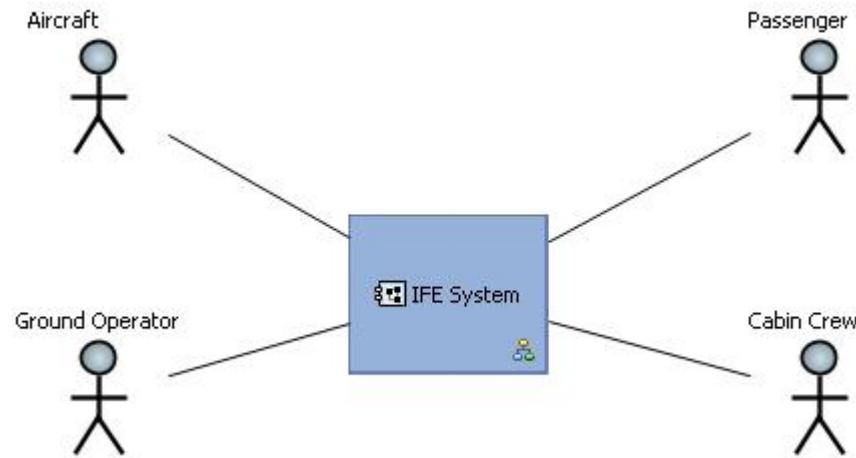
[CC] Provide Audio and Video Intercommunication Means



The content of contextual Mission and contextual Capability diagrams is computed automatically.



[SC] System Actors

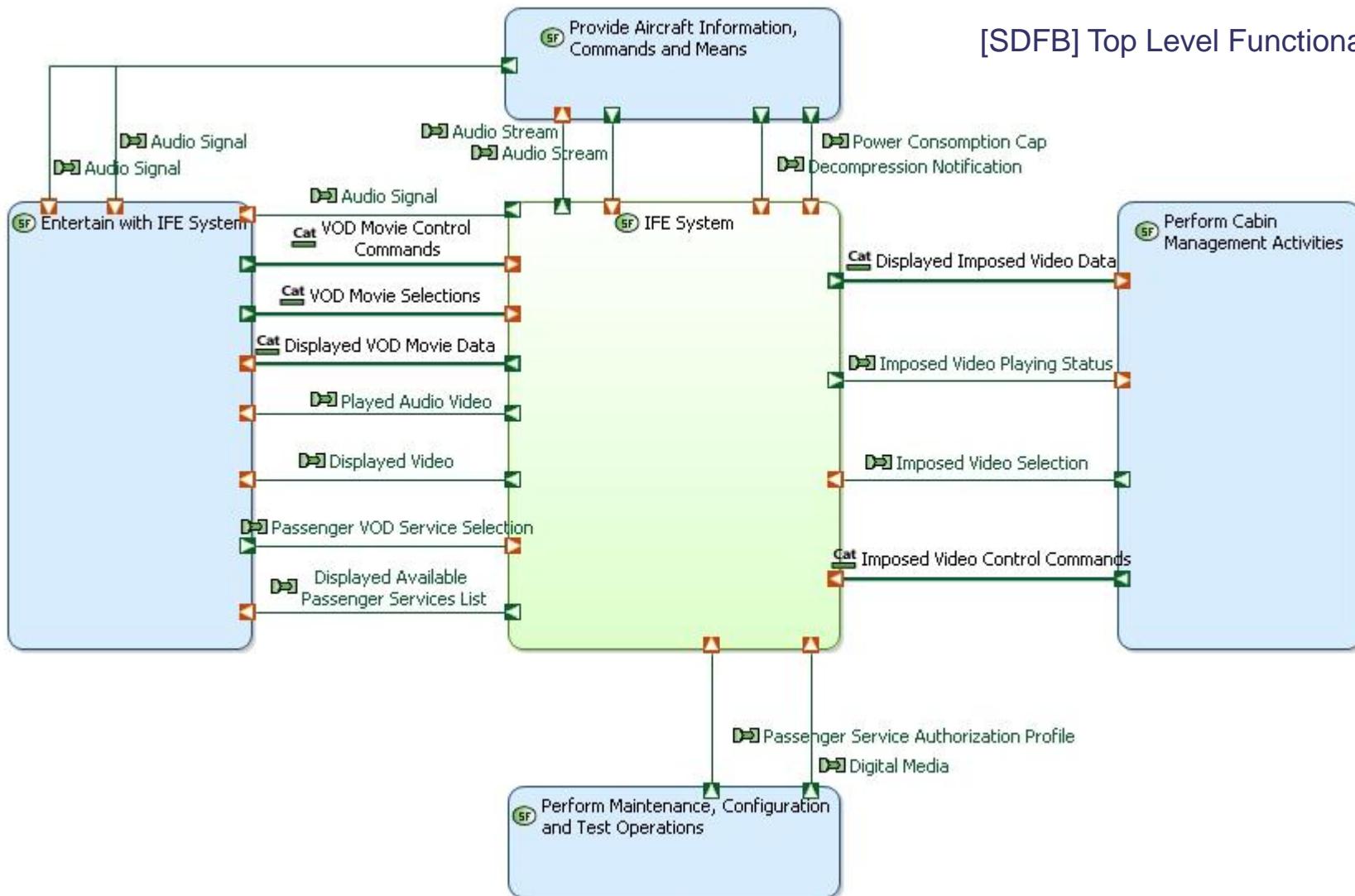


The aircraft is an Actor of the IFE system even though the system is inside the aircraft. This is because the Aircraft is providing information and means to the IFE.



Top-Level Dataflow: The System, The Actors

[SDFB] Top Level Functional Overview

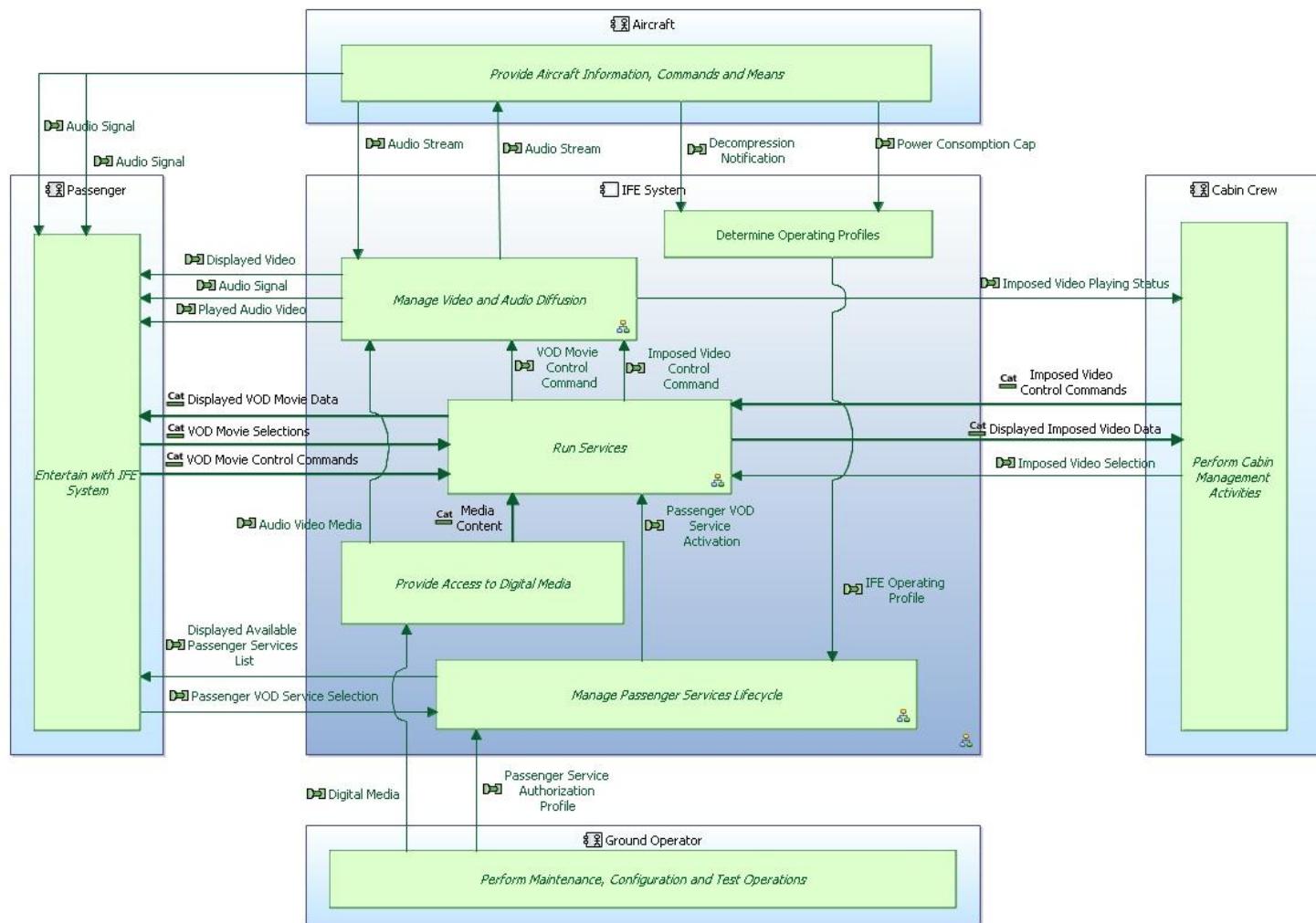


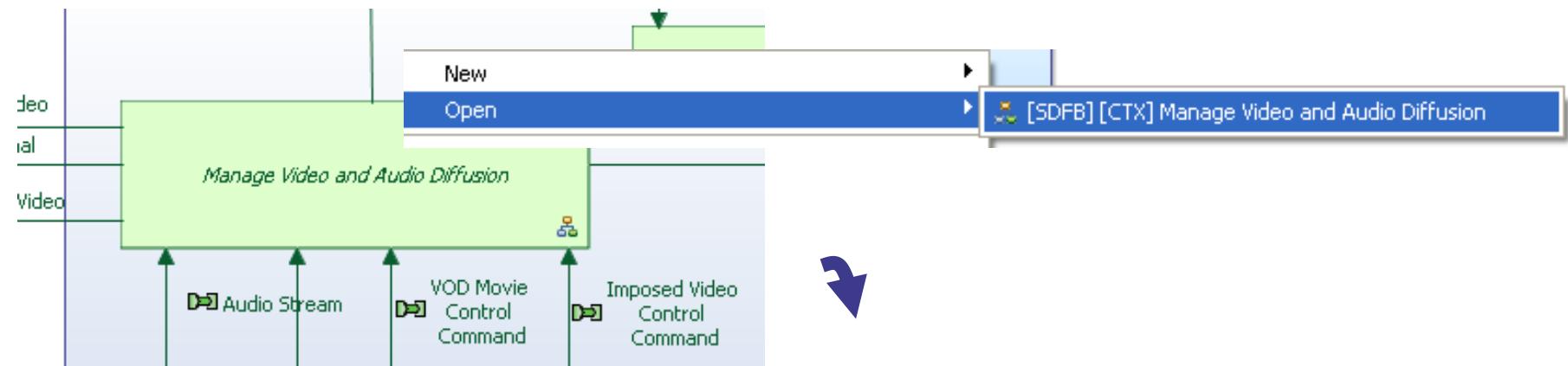
System Overview: An Entry Point to Functional Analysis

The SAB diagram is often a very entry point to the model. The idea is to display high-level Functions, and navigate / zoom inside the Functions to explore in greater detail the functional analysis.

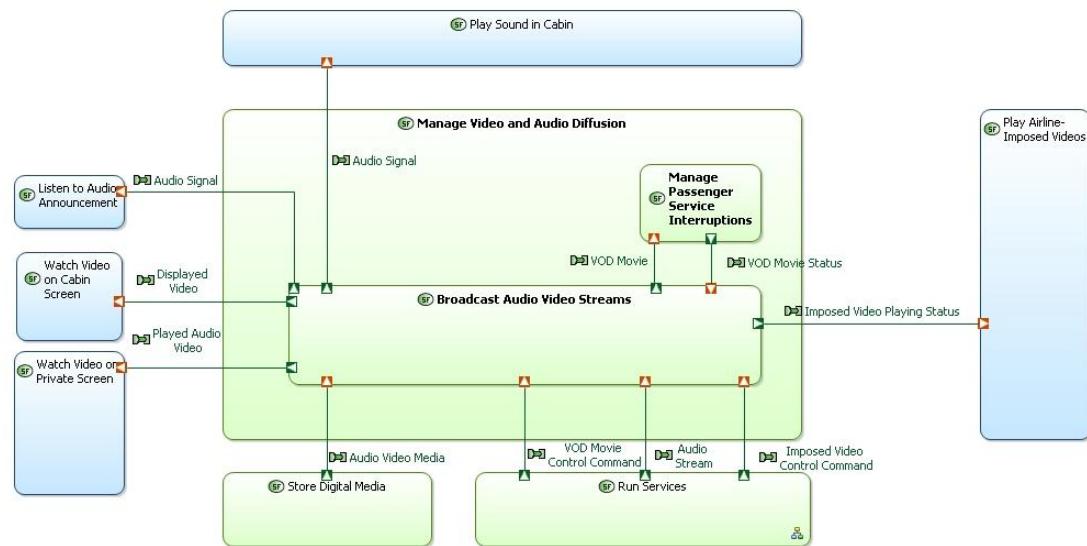


[SAB] Top Level System Overview

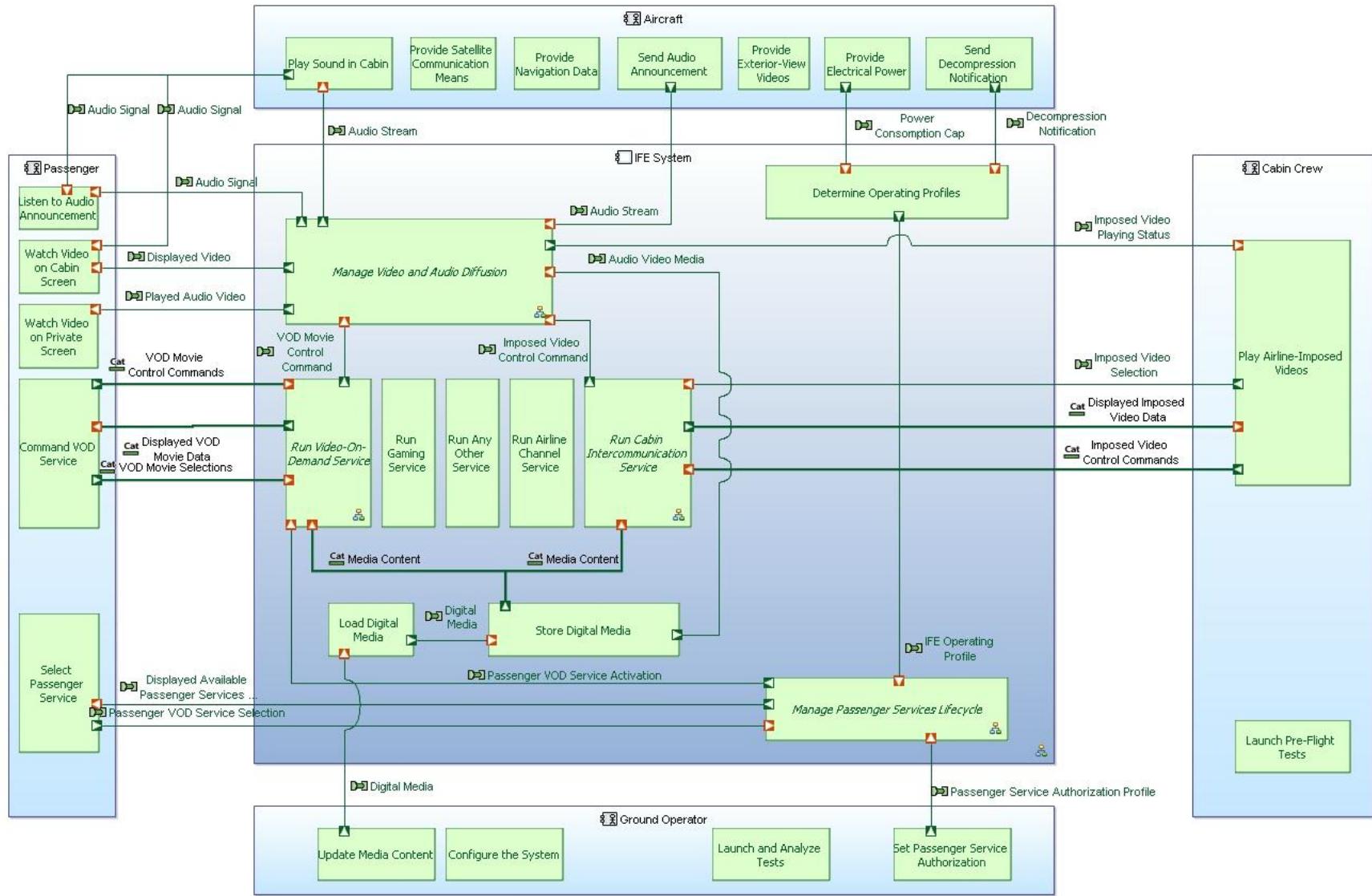




Composite functions have their name in italic. Explore their internal content by navigating on the diagram describing them.

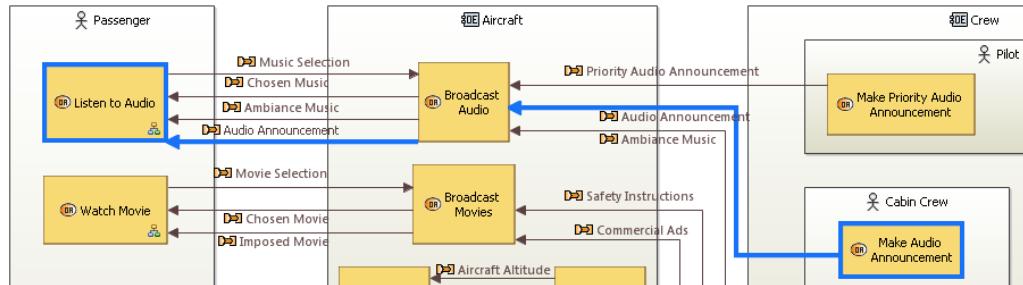


System Overview: Slightly Refined View

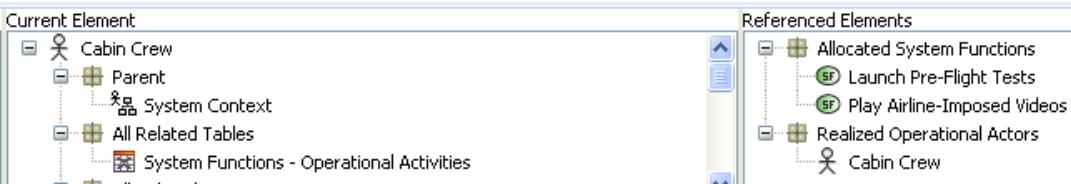


OA-SA Difference: Focus on Audio Announcements

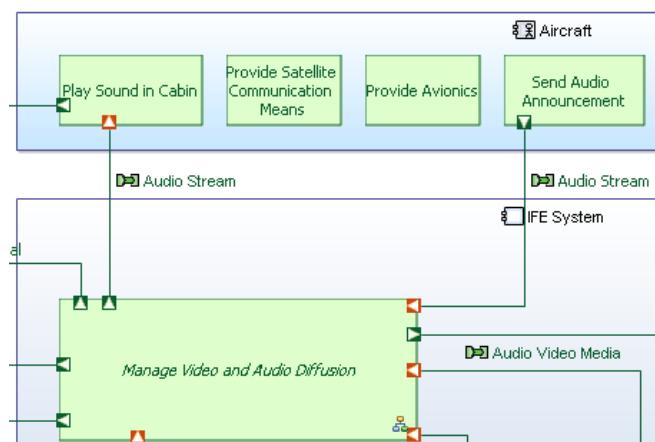
[OAB] All Operational Activities and Entities



Semantic Browser on “Cabin Crew” System Actor



[SAB] High Level System Overview



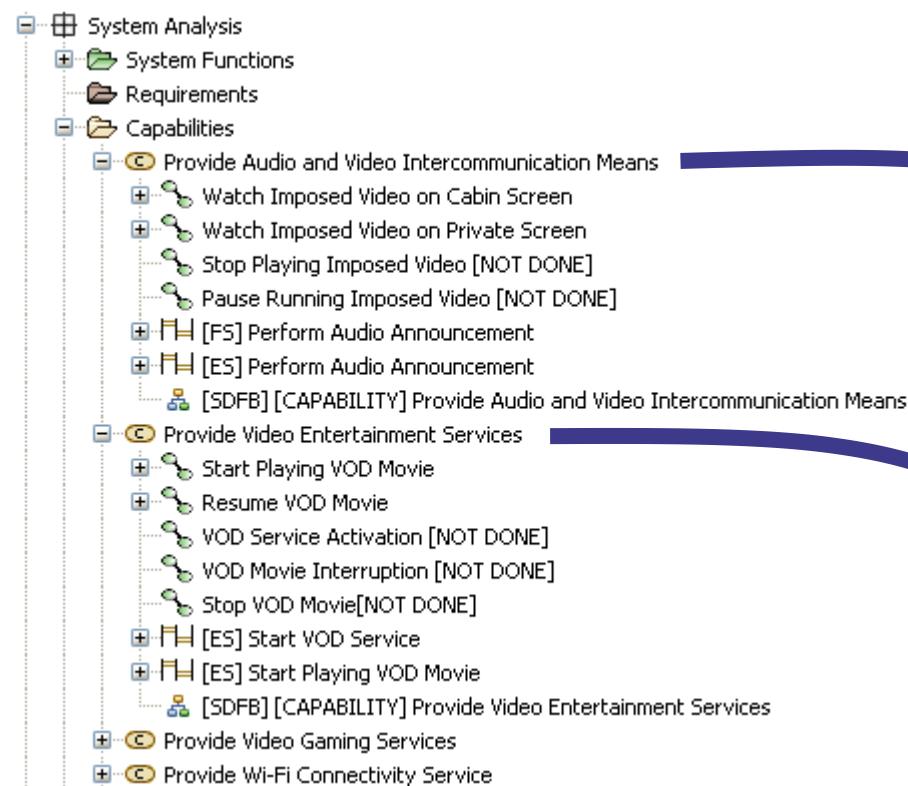
In Operational Analysis, cabin crew is performing audio announcement.

But in System Need Analysis, the cabin crew actor does not have a corresponding Function.

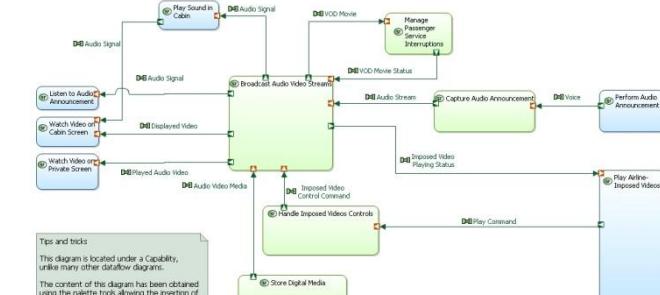
Rationale: Audio announcements are safety critical and cannot be dependent of the IFE. Audio announcements are performed through the aircraft hardware, even though the IFE system is still responsible for displaying an interruption screen and for broadcasting the announcement in the headphones of each passenger.

The IFE actually receives an audio stream from the aircraft (that will trigger the interruption). The fact that the cabin crew is actually performing the announcement is out of scope.

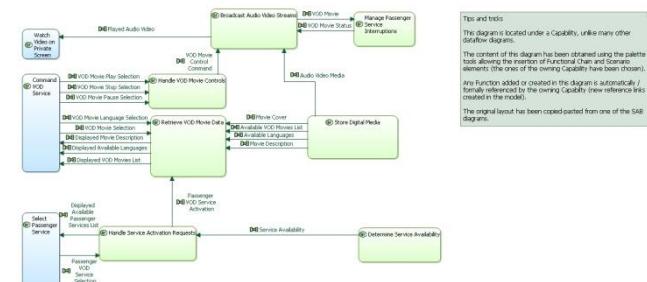




[SDFB] [CAPABILITY] Provide Audio and Video Intercommunication Means



[SDFB] [CAPABILITY] Provide Video Entertainment Services



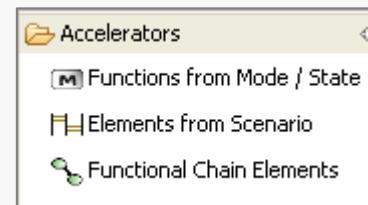
Capabilities are usually organizational units for models: They can be used to distribute responsibilities between different contributors, they are useful when planning IV&V campaigns, etc.



Displaying or creating Functions in a Dataflow diagram attached to a Capability automatically creates reference/exploitation relationships from the Capability to the Functions. This improves later impact analyses.



An easy way to display all Functions involved in a Capability is to use the modeling accelerators allowing to display at once all Functional Chain and Scenario elements.

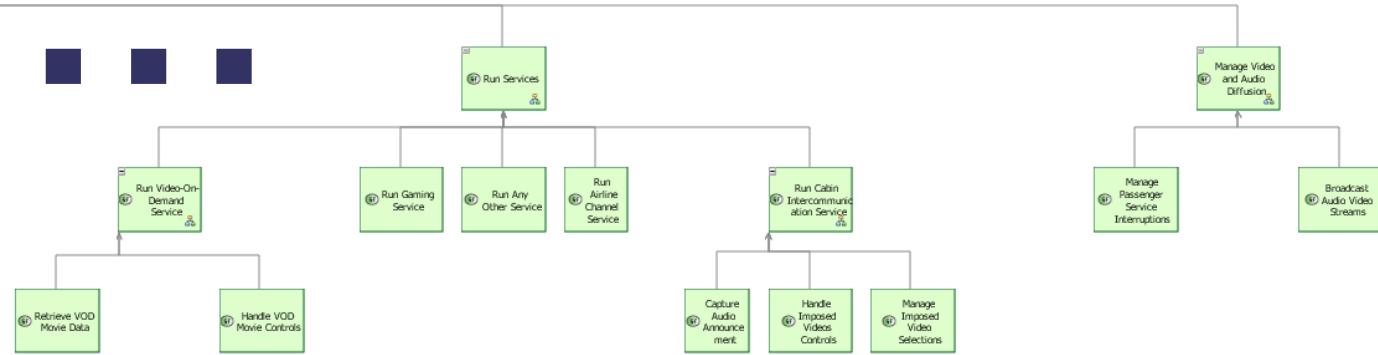


Semantic Browser

[Capability] Provide Video Entertainment Services

Referencing Elements	Current Element	Referenced Elements
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Exploiting Missions + Realizing Capability Realizations 	<p>Provide Video Entertainment Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Owned Functional Chains + Scenarios <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + [ES] Start Playing VOD Movie + [ES] Start VOD Service + All Related Diagrams <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + [MCB] Capabilities + [SDFB] [CAPABILITY] Provide Video Entertain 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Involved Actors + Involved FunctionalChain + Involved System Functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + SF Broadcast Audio Video Streams + SF Command VOD Service + SF Handle VOD Movie Controls + SF Manage Passenger Service Interruptions + SF Manage Passenger Services Lifecycle + SF Select Passenger Service + SF Set Passenger Service Authorization + SF Store Digital Media + SF Watch Video on Cabin Screen

[SFBD] All System Functions

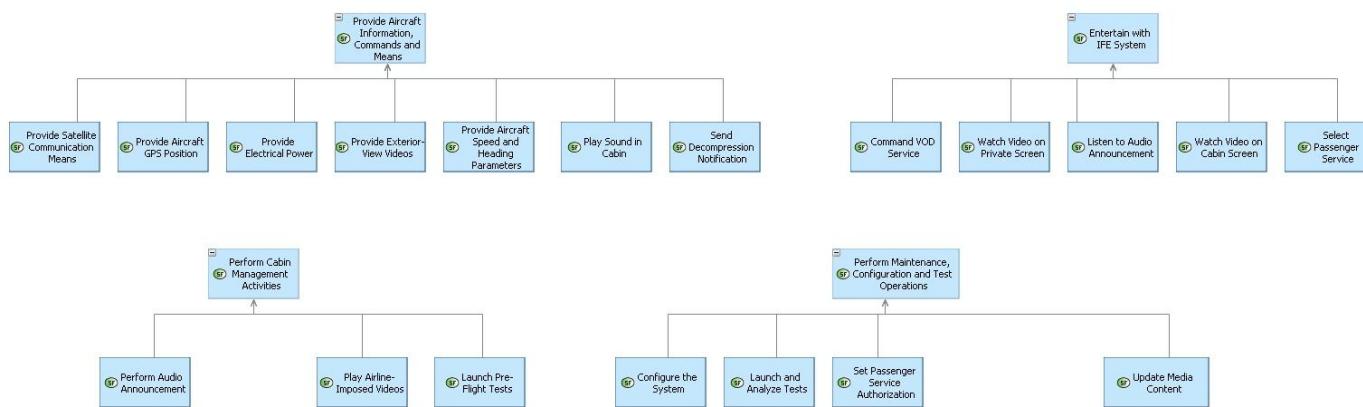


Function breakdown are typically generated on the basis of the work performed in dataflow diagrams.

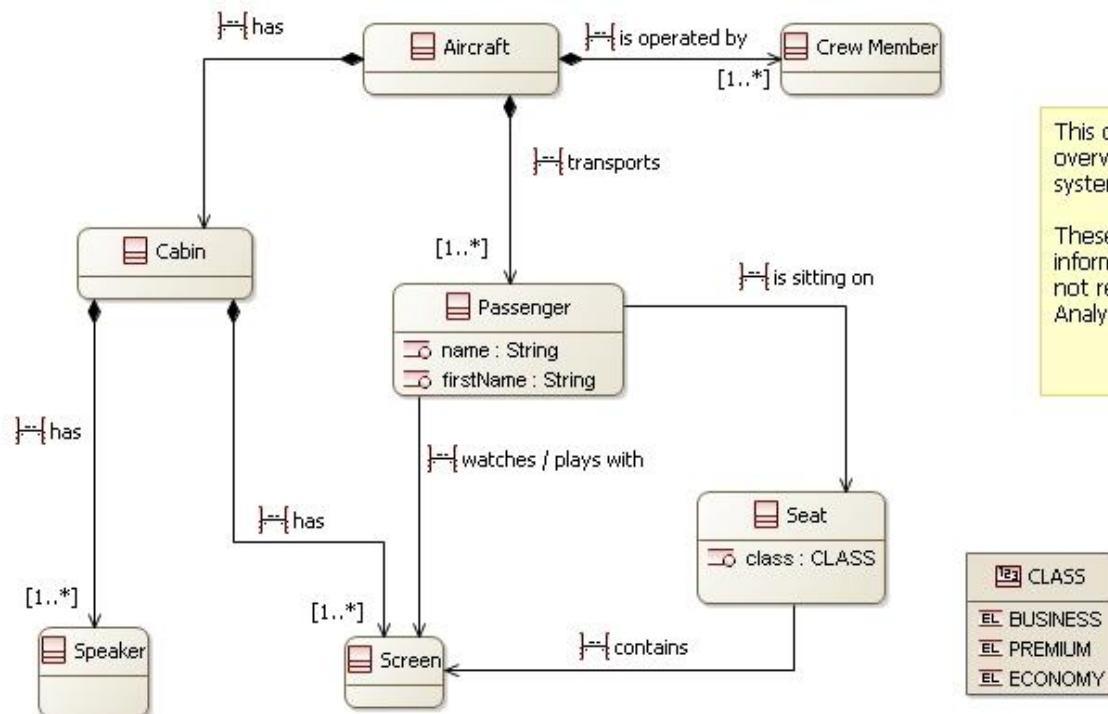
Avoiding to mix System and Actor functions in the same hierarchy is a good practice.



[SFBD] All Actor Functions



[CDB] In-Flight Entertainment Dictionary



The data exchanged between Functions and between the System and the Actors could already be formalized in the System Need Analysis step. This is not the case in this sample model, the goal of this independent domain model is to give a small idea of the concepts the system will use / fits in.



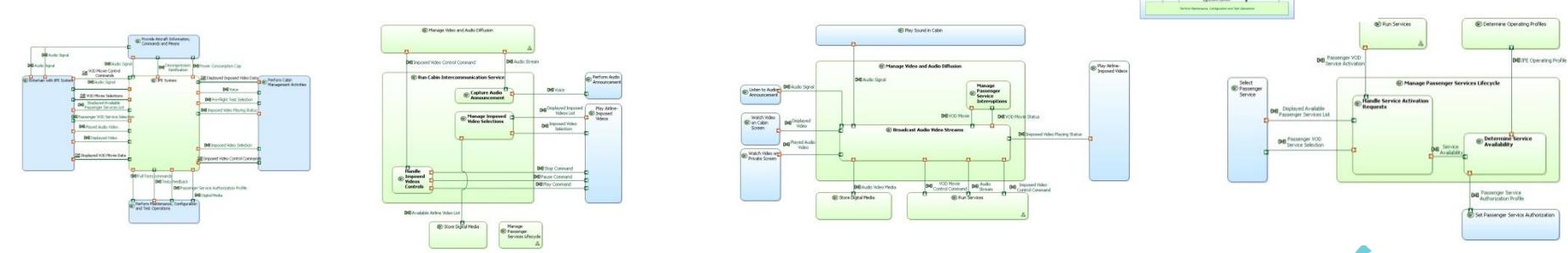
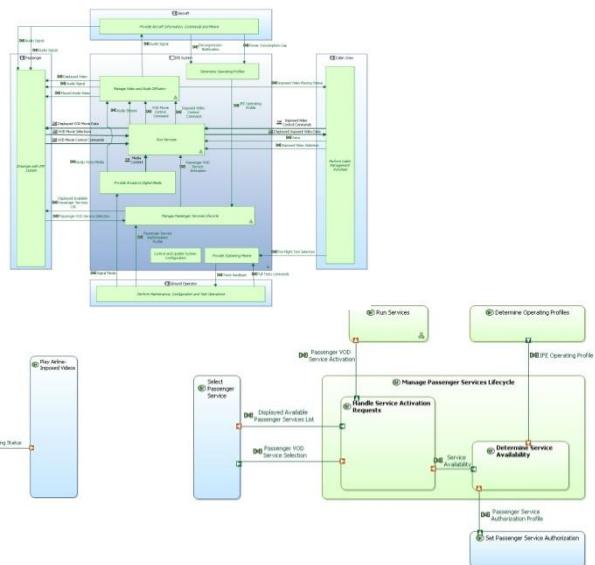
This dictionary provides a basic overview of the concepts the IFE system fits in.

These elements are present for information purpose only and are not related to the Functional Analysis.

CLASS
BUSINESS
PREMIUM
ECONOMY

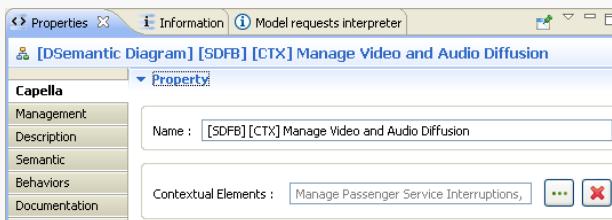


Keeping the layout consistent across diagram is a good way to improve diagram readability

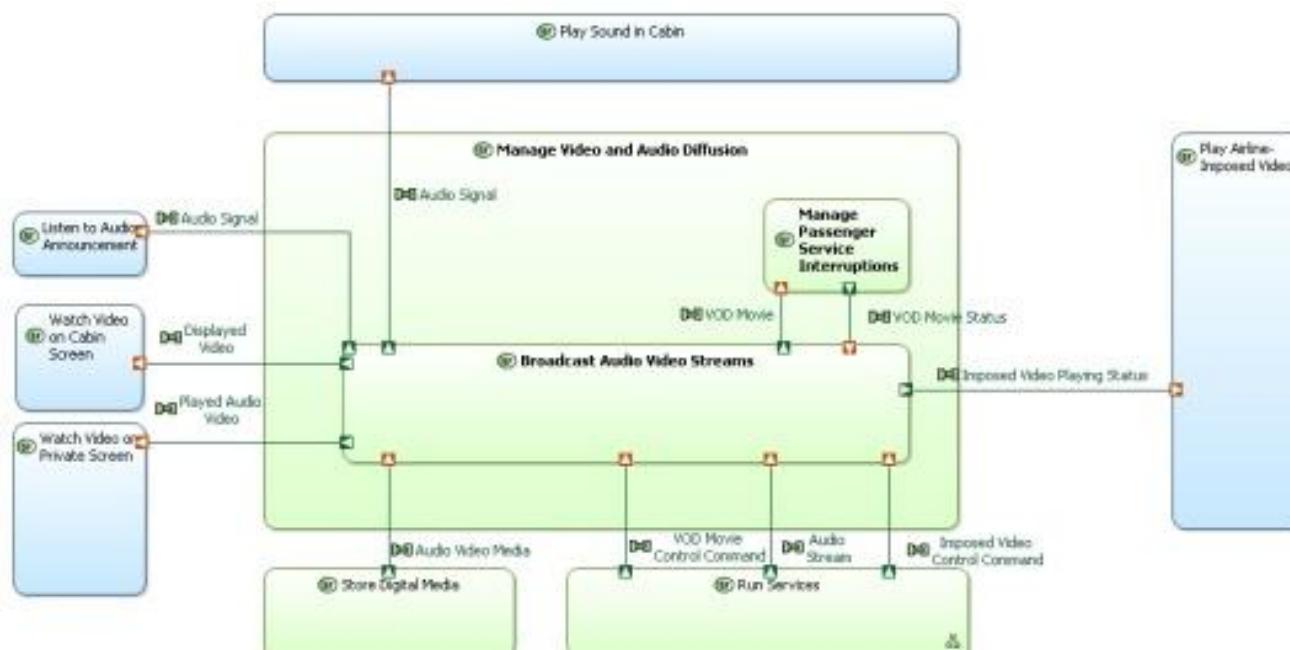


In this model, all diagram illustrating the internal content of a fonction are prefixed by [CTX]. The contextual elements (the one on which refresh rules are based) are in bold.

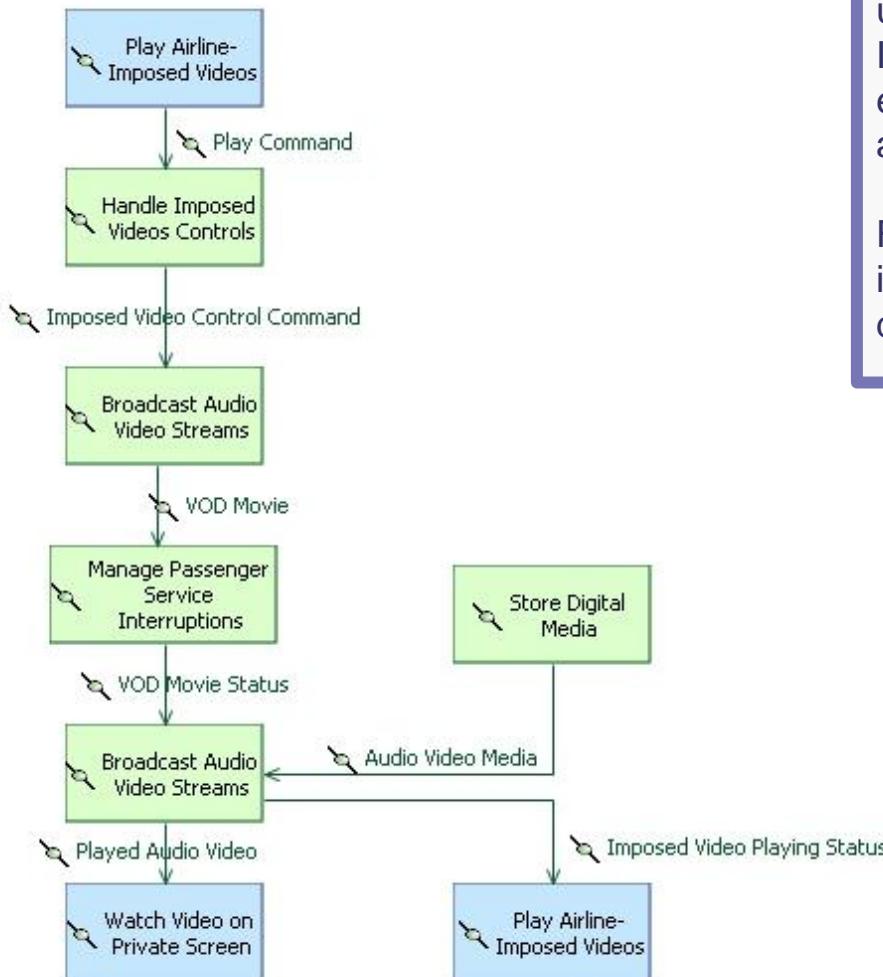
Diagram can be set contextual to elements using the property view.



Most of these diagrams have been set as unsynchronized, in order to only display what is relevant to the current context. See the documentation.

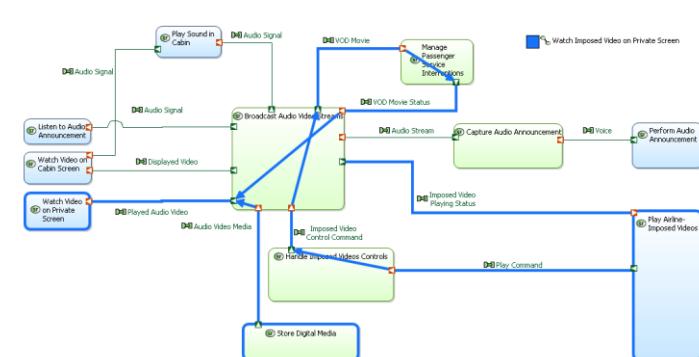


[SFCD] Watch Imposed Video on Private Screen



Functional Chains and Scenarios are specific paths use cases, they illustrate the Capabilities. In order to be important asset for the global engineering picture (see Arcadia), creating them is a good way to check the design completeness.

Functional Chains can be displayed in dataflow diagrams and architecture diagrams.



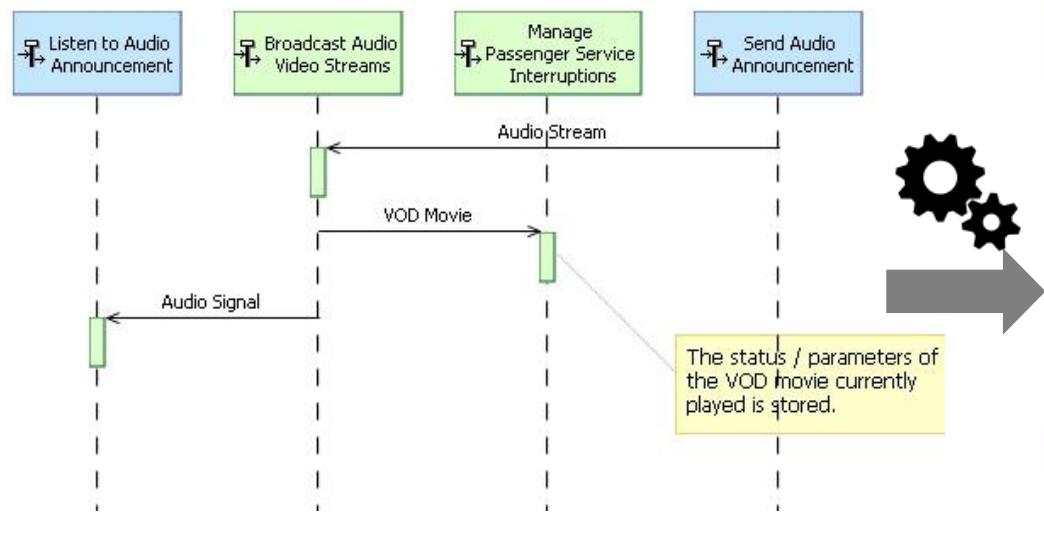
3 main kind of Scenarios:

- Function Scenarios (lifeline = Functions)
- Exchange Scenario (lifelines = component and actors)
- Interface Scenarios (sequence messages are Exchange Items)

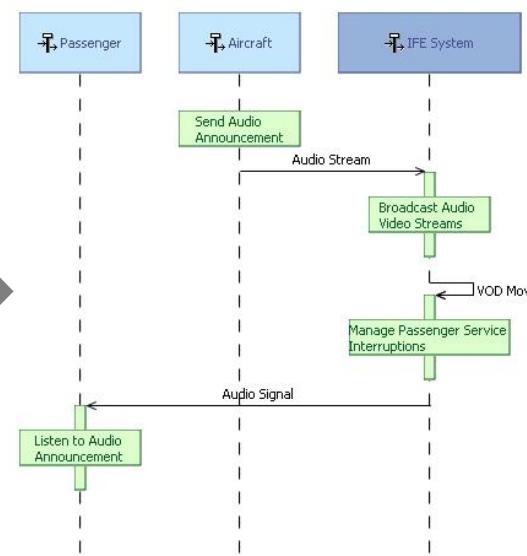
Capella provide automated Initializations from one to another



[FS] Perform Audio Announcement



[ES] Perform Audio Announcement



Tips and tricks

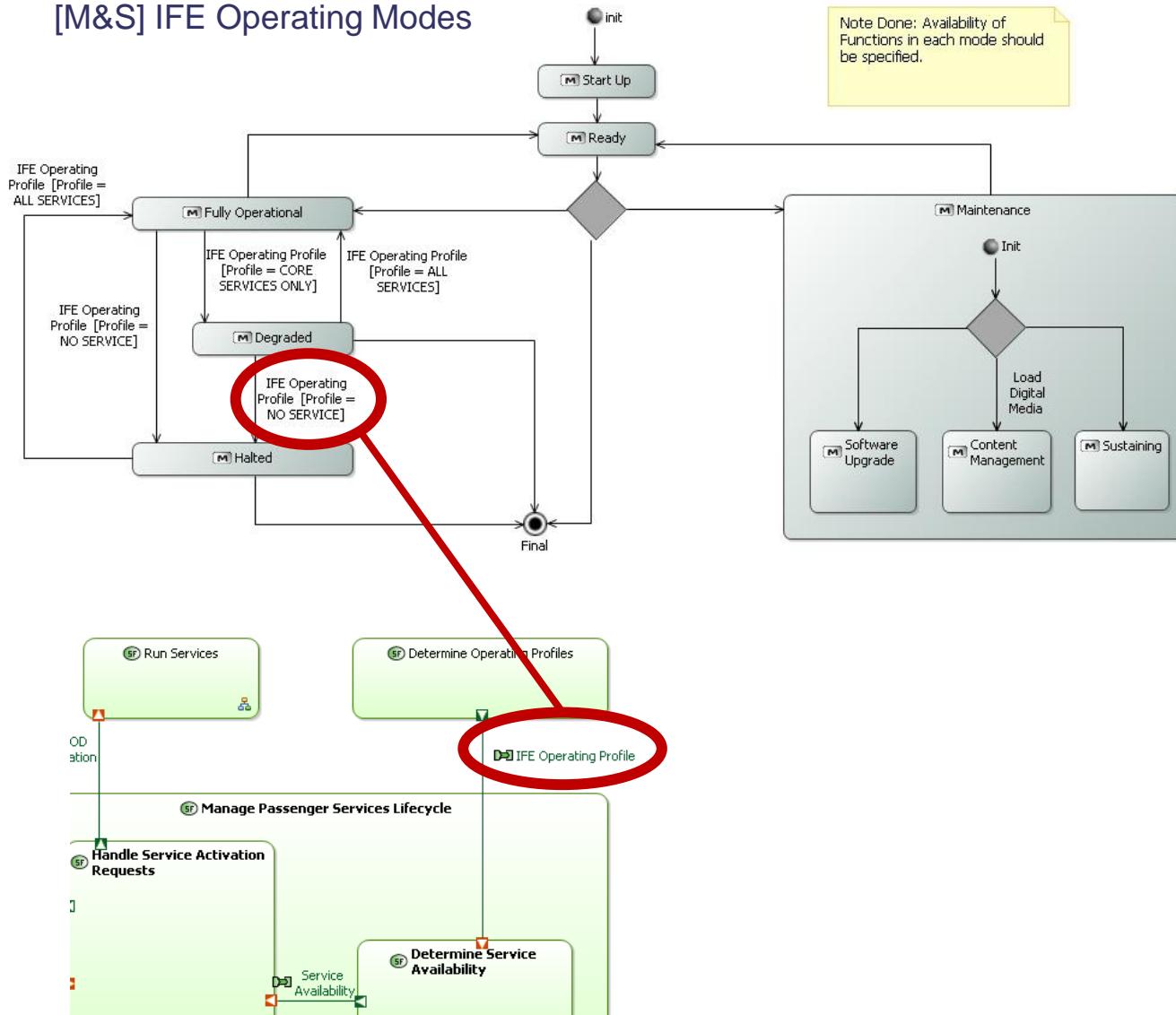
This Exchange Scenario has been automatically initialized from the corresponding Functional Scenario.

Function "boxes" have then been added.

The Audio announcement is performed by the crew members using the aircraft built-in equipments (microphone, cabin speakers). The goal of the IFE is to forward the audio stream towards each Seat TV and to display an interruption message.

This is why, from the IFE system point of view, Cabin Crew is actually not part of the scenario.

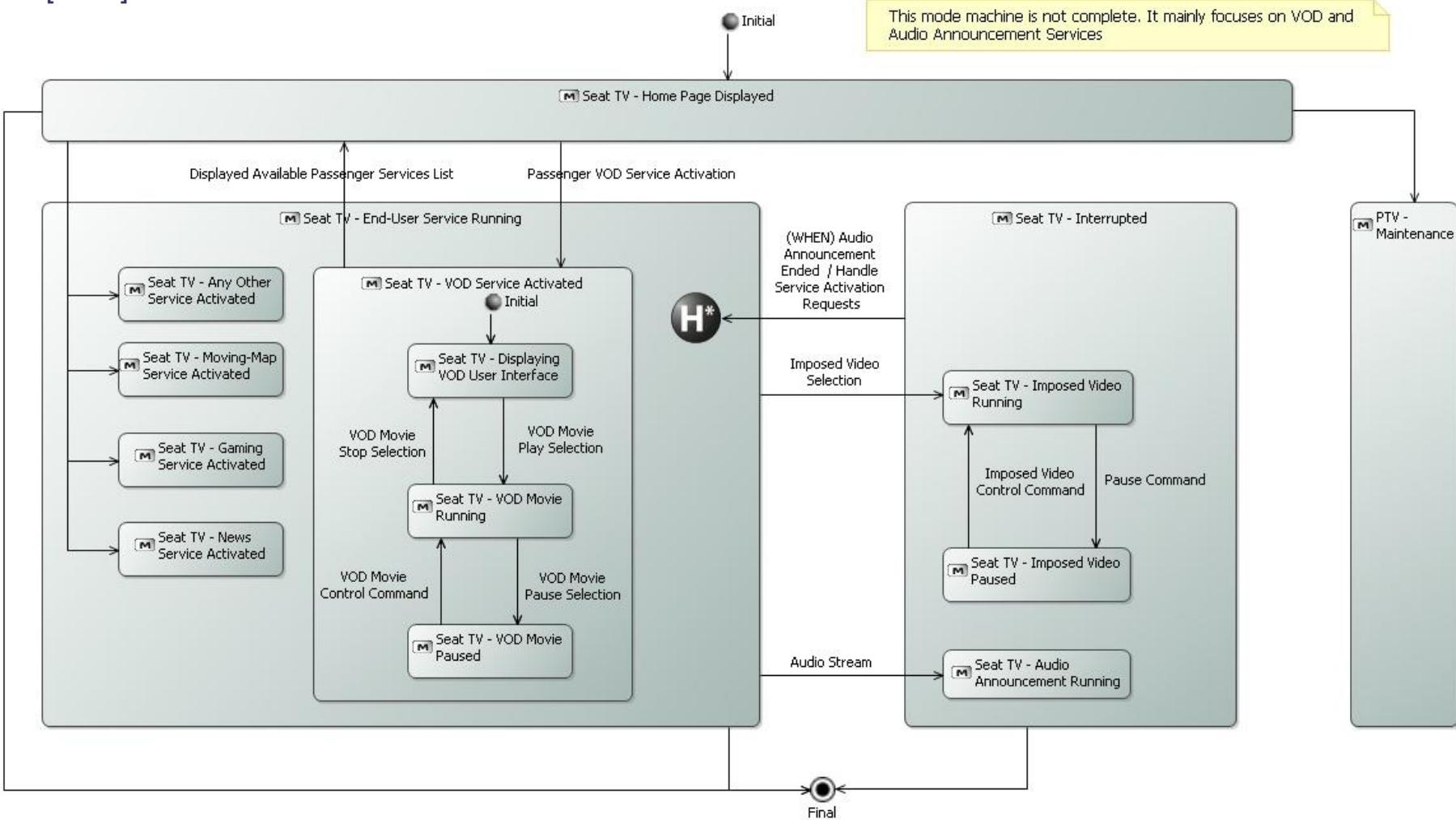
[M&S] IFE Operating Modes



Relate the transitions and states to other elements of the model.
Warning: Capella is not restrictive enough in the choices it proposes and validation is not complete either.
ONGOING WORK



[M&S] Seat TV Modes

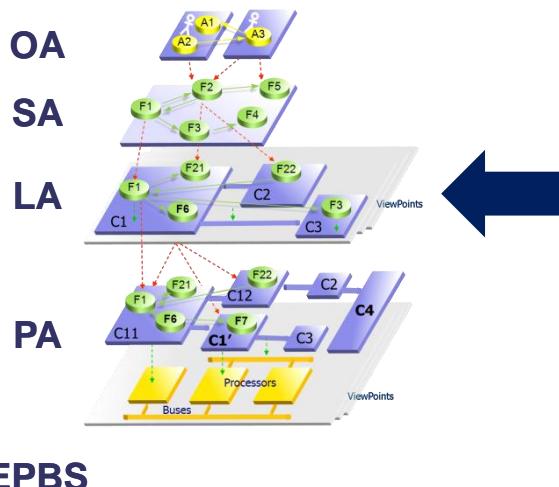


Traceability is partially created when performing automated transitions from Operational Analysis to System Need Analysis.
The remaining part has to be created manually, using element property editors or dedicated matrices.



	Provide Aircraft Localization	Use Entertainment Services	Watch Movie	Listen to Audio	Browse the Internet	Watch Moving Map	Play Games
+ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perform Cabin Management Activities							
- <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Entertain with IFE System			X				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Watch Video on Private Screen			X				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Watch Video on Cabin Screen							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Select Passenger Service							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Command VOD Service							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Listen to Audio Announcement							
- <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Aircraft Information, Commands and Means							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Satellite Communication Means							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Aircraft GPS Position	X						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Electrical Power							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Exterior-View Videos							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Aircraft Speed and Heading Parameters							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Play Sound in Cabin							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Send Decompression Notification							
- <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perform Maintenance, Configuration and Test Operations							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Update Media Content							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Configure the System							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Launch and Analyze Tests							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Set Passenger Service Authorization							
- <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IFE System							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Access to Digital Media							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Store Digital Media							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Load Digital Media							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Manage Passenger Services Lifecycle							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Determine Service Availability							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Handle Service Activation Requests							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Run Services							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Run Video-On-Demand Service							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Handle VOD Movie Controls							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retrieve VOD Movie Data							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Run Cabin Intercommunication Service							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Handle Imposed Videos Controls							

How the system will work so as to fulfill the expectations



▼ Transition from System Functions



[Perform an automated transition of System Functions](#)



[Create Traceability Matrix](#)

▼ Define Logical Components and Actors



[Perform an automated transition of System Actors](#)

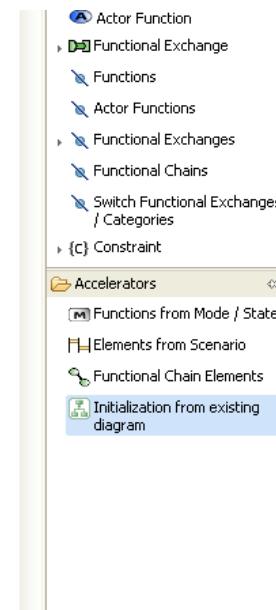
Selection Dialog

Selection Wizard
Select existing diagram for initialization.

Select a name to find
? = any character, * = any string
Type filter text:

- IFE.aird
 - System Analysis
 - [SDFB] [BUILD] All Functions
 - [SDFB] [CAPABILITY] Provide Audio and Video Intercommunication Means
 - [SDFB] [CAPABILITY] Provide Video Entertainment Services
 - [SDFB] [CTX] Manage Passenger Services Lifecycle
 - [SDFB] [CTX] Manage Video and Audio Diffusion
 - [SDFB] [CTX] Run Cabin Intercommunication Service
 - [SDFB] [CTX] Run Services
 - [SDFB] [CTX] Run Video-On-Demand Service
 - [SDFB] Top Level Functional Overview

OK Cancel



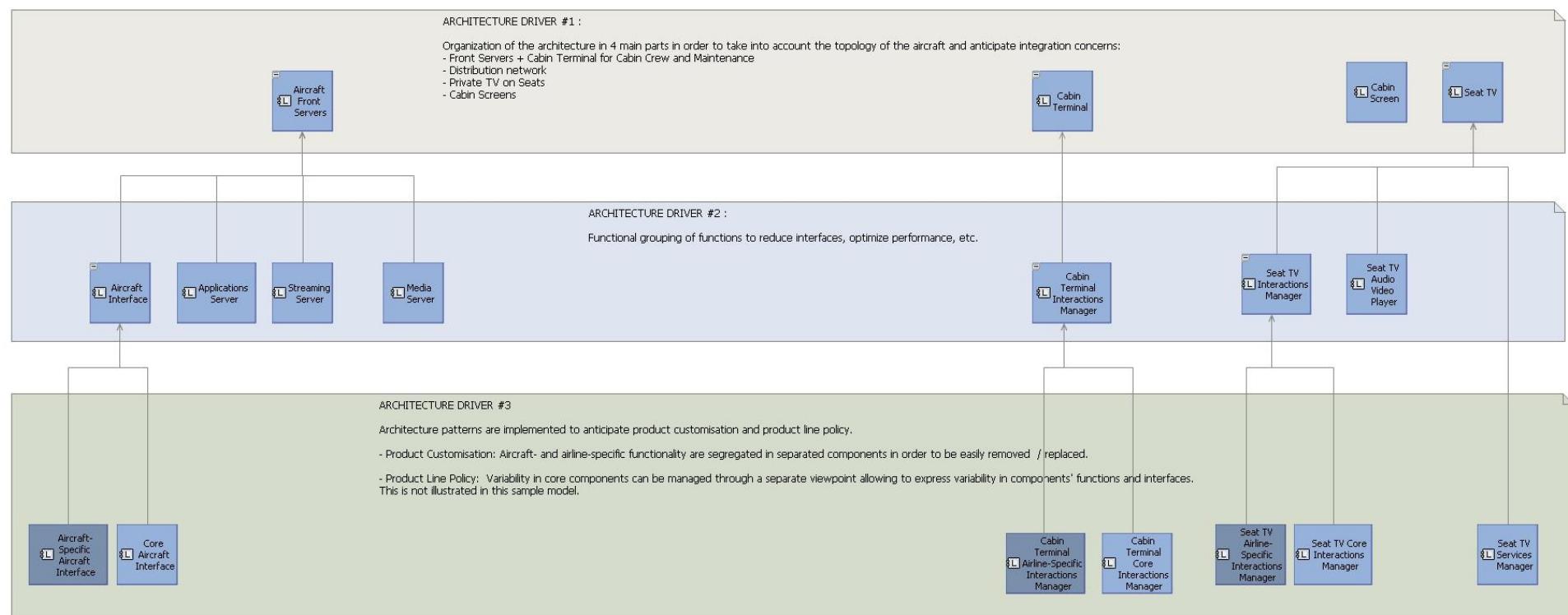
Use transition tools to initialize the design at Logical Architecture level (Functions, Actors, Scenarios, etc.).

Use the Diagram content creation accelerator.

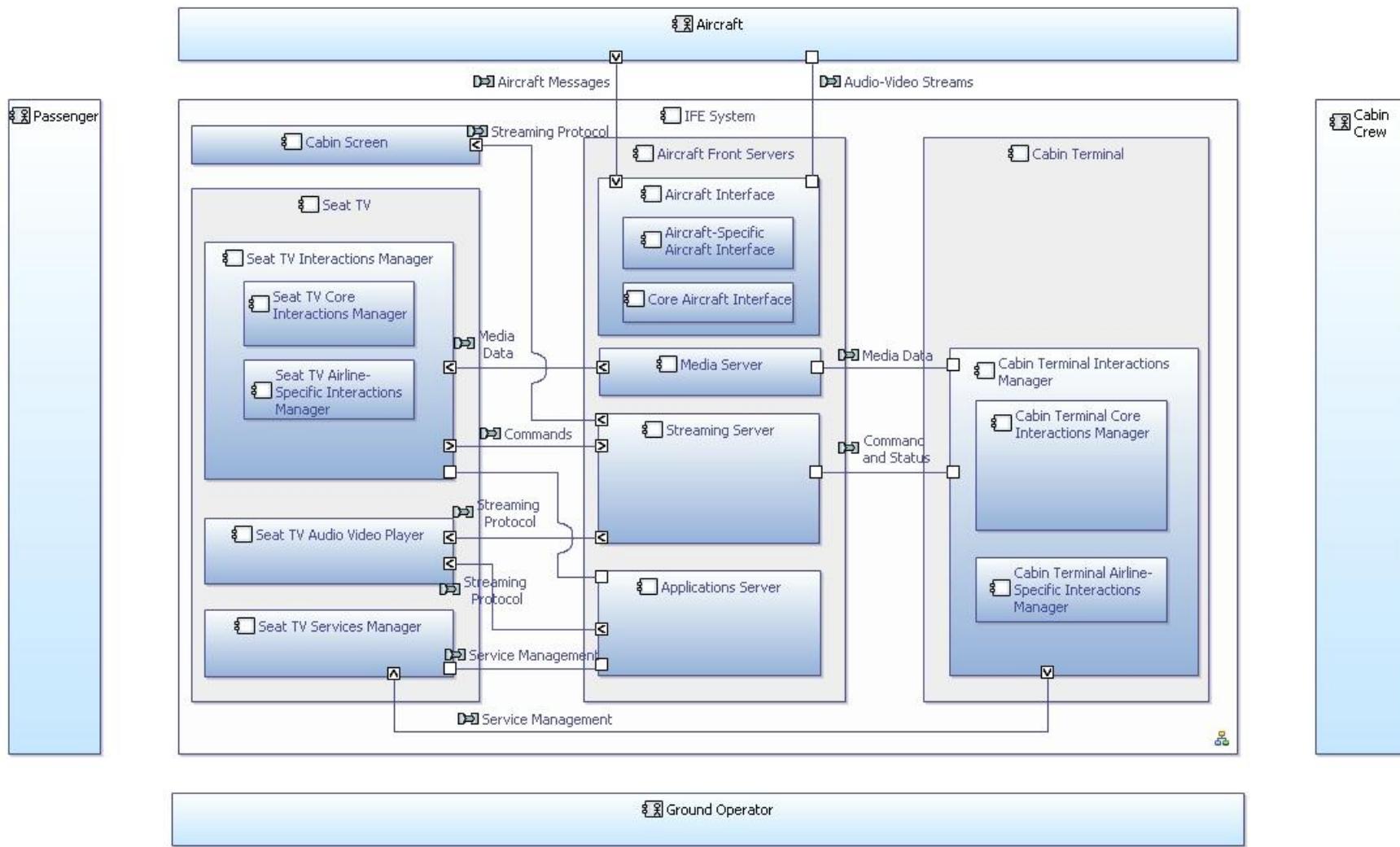


- ◆ **Architecture driver #1**
 - Organization of the architecture in 4 main parts in order to take into account the topology of the aircraft and anticipate integration concerns:
 - Front Servers + Cabin Terminal for Cabin Crew and Maintenance
 - Distribution network
 - Private TV on Seats
 - Cabin Screens
- ◆ **Architecture driver #2**
 - Functional grouping in order to reduce interfaces, optimize performance, etc.
- ◆ **Architecture driver #3**
 - Architecture patterns are implemented to anticipate product customisation and product line policy.
 - Product Customisation: Aircraft- and airline-specific functionality are segregated in separated components in order to be easily removed / replaced.
 - Product Line Policy : Currently not illustrated in this sample model (requires a Variability viewpoint).
- ◆ **Modeling choice: No network modelling**
 - While it is obvious all communications will ultimately go through a network, this is ignored at this stage.

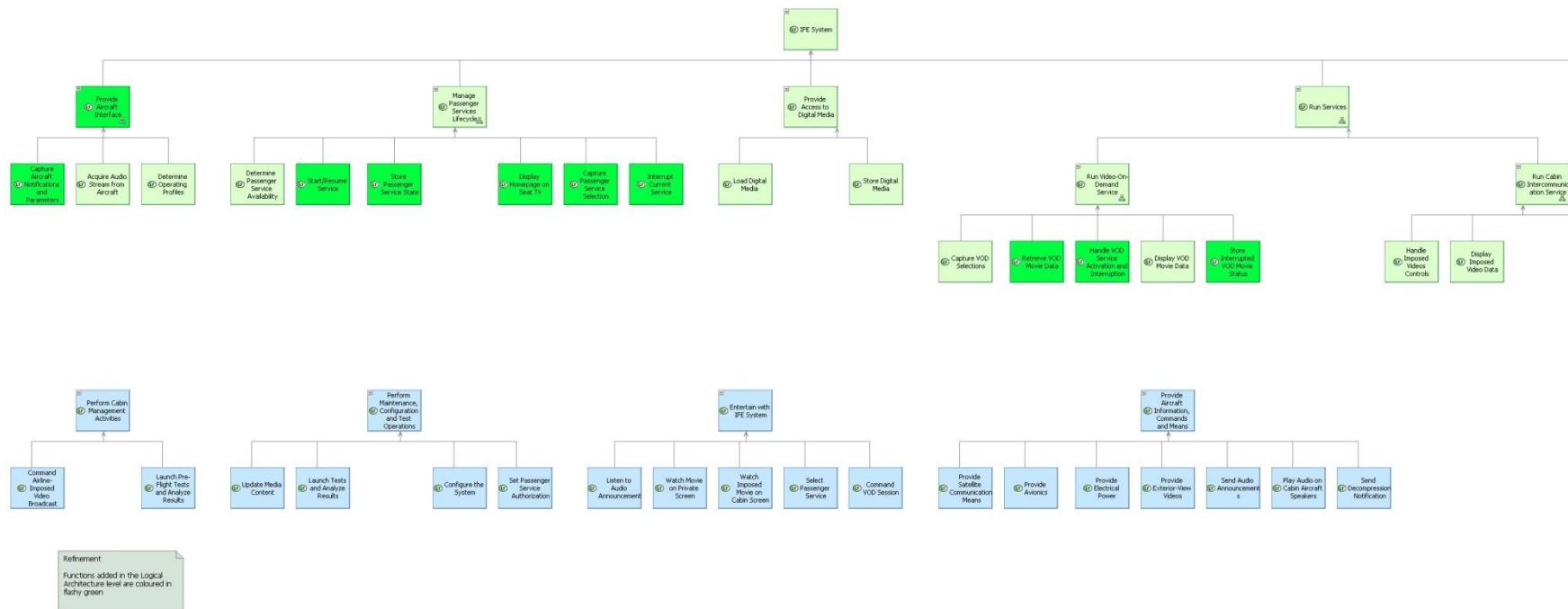
[LCBD] Architecture Drivers



[LAB] IFE System - All Components, CEs



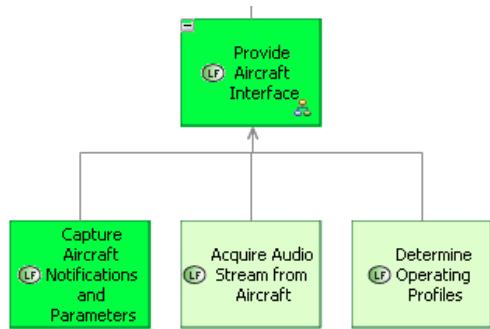
[LFBD] All Functions



The new Functions can either be created directly from the breakdown diagram or be created while refining dataflow diagrams. Here, the Functions added at Logical level have been marked in green.

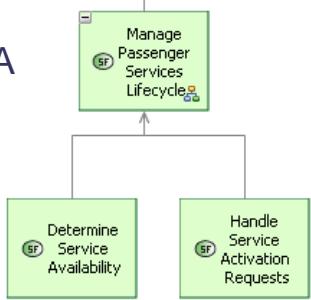


Functional Analysis Refinement - Examples (2/3)



Design decision: Creation of a generic interface with the aircraft

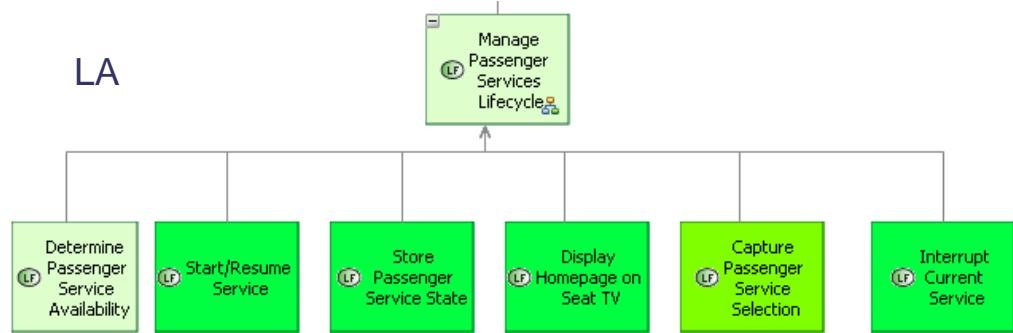
SA



Description of how



LA



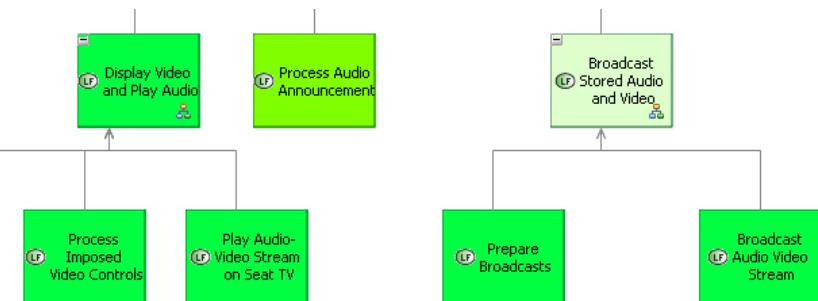
SA



Description of how

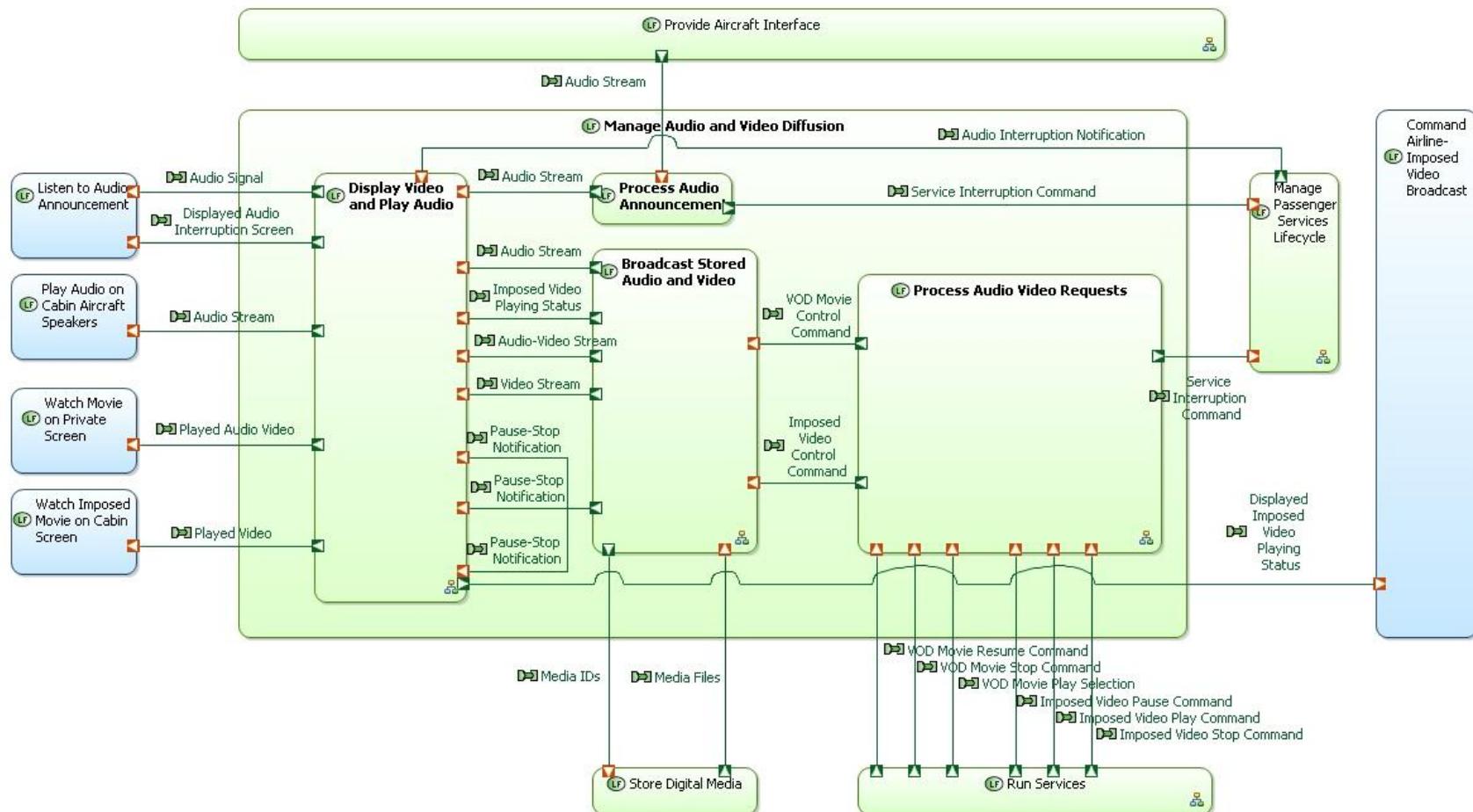


LA



Functional Analysis Refinement – Examples (3/3)

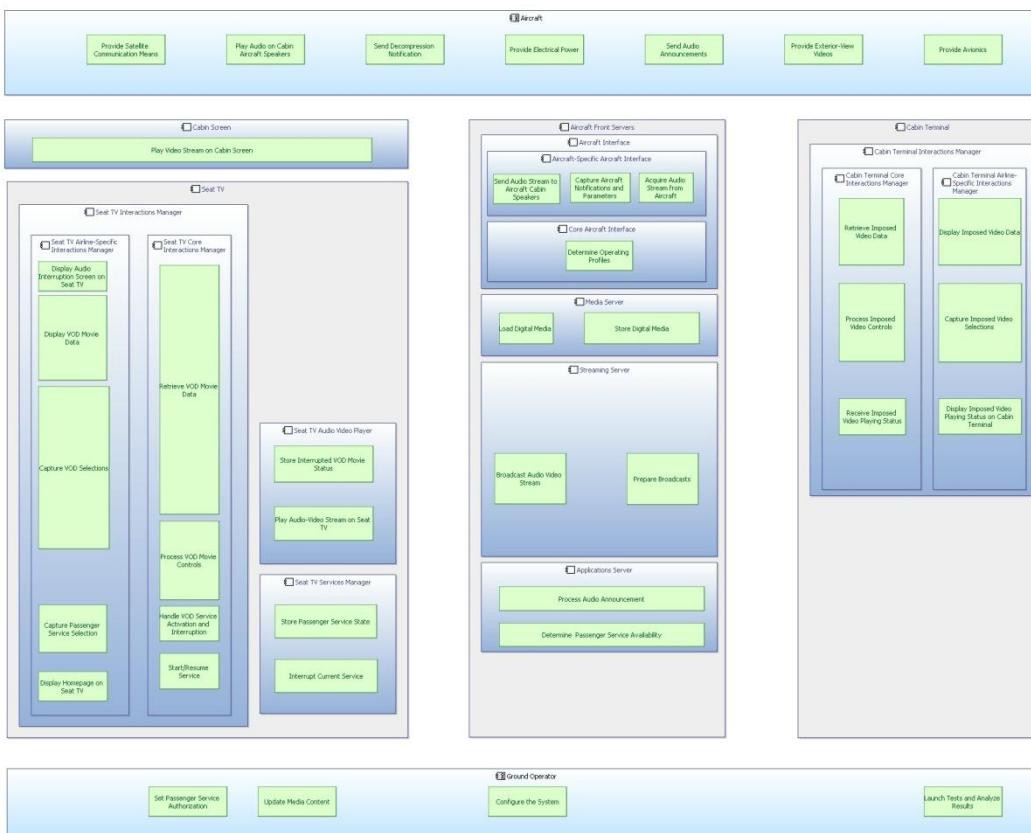
[LDFB] [CTX] Manage Audio and Video Diffusion



Other example: The high level function in charge of managing the audio and video diffusion is split in 4 sub functions: process/analyze the requests, broadcast existing digital media, broadcast live audio (audio announcements) and display/play the video/audio streams. Each of these Functions are further decomposed.

Allocation of Functions to Components

[LAB] [BUILD] Template



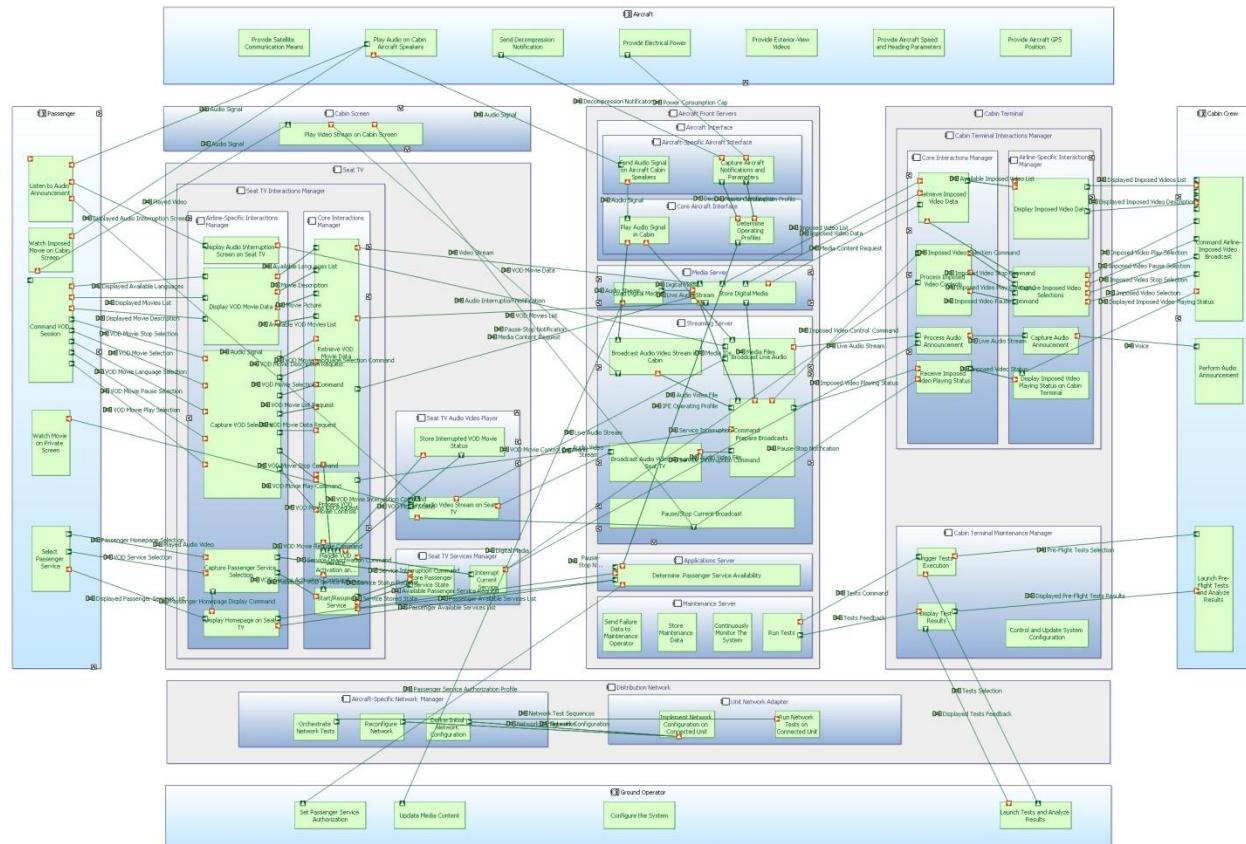
To improve productivity, it is often interesting to brush layout from one diagram to another or to clone diagrams.

Here, a template has been created and is used for a few other architecture diagrams.



Different Purposes for Different Diagrams

[LAB] [BUILD] All Components, Functions, CEs, FEs



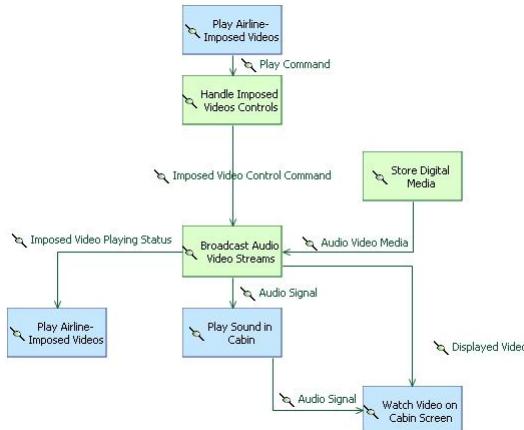
Not all diagrams are intended to be published. Some diagrams only exist temporarily for building or analysing purposes.

Such diagrams have been marked in this model with the tag [BUILD].

Here, the diagrams is a clone of the template where all Functions and all exchanges are displayed. While not adapted to publication, it is useful to check the design, visualize Functional Chains, etc.

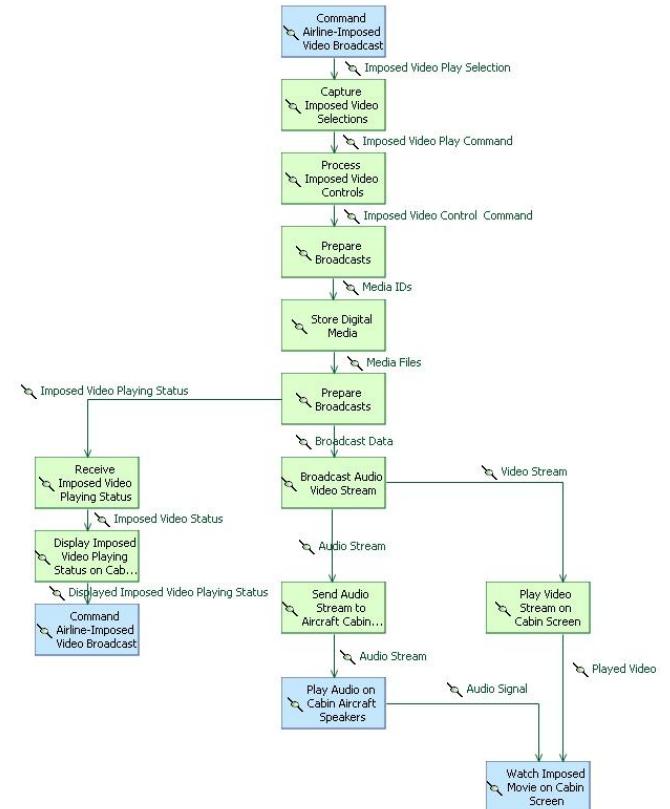


[SFCD] Watch Imposed Movie on Cabin Screen



SA → LA

[LFCD] Watch Imposed Video on Cabin Screen

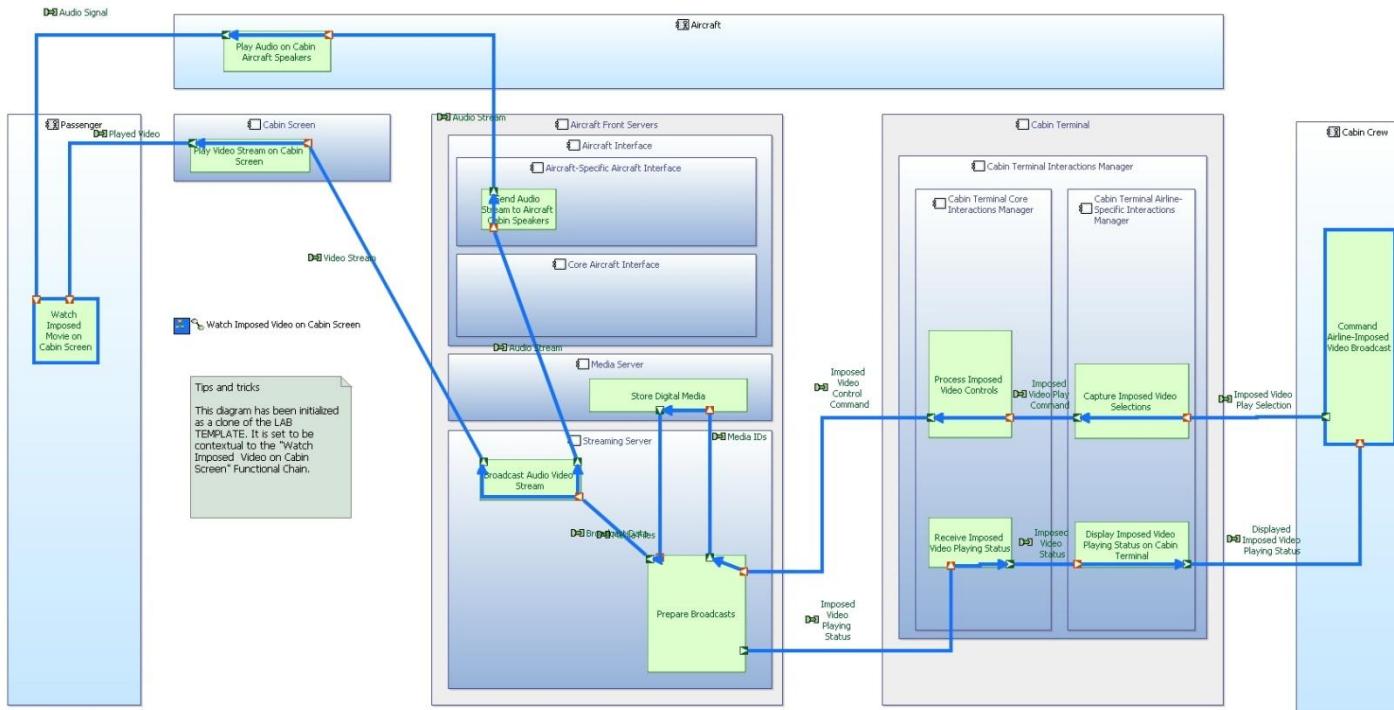


The Functional Chains obtained after the automated transition will most likely be incomplete/invalid after the functional analysis refinement.

Fixing the Functional Chains at Logical Level is a mandatory task, which often leads to fixing inconsistencies in the functional refinement.

Functional Chains are a powerful way to ensure the design completeness.





[LAB][CTX] Watch
Imposed Video on
Cabin Screen FC

How to quickly obtain this LAB diagram?

1. Clone the LAB template, remove all Functions
2. Set the diagram to be contextual to the Functional Chain, perform a diagram refresh
3. In the original LAB template diagram, copy the layout
4. Paste the layout in current diagram
5. Arrange the Functional Exchanges routing, remove unnecessary Components

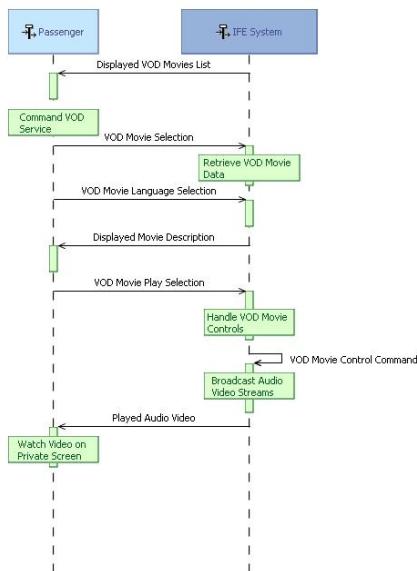


Use automated transitions to initialize the design of Logical Scenarios

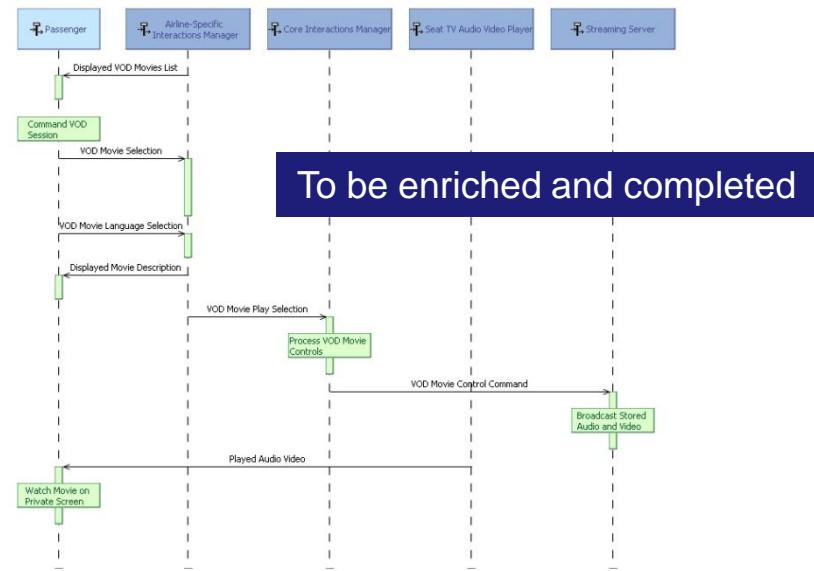


Correct and enrich the result with the existing Functions and Functional Exchanges or create the missing ones.

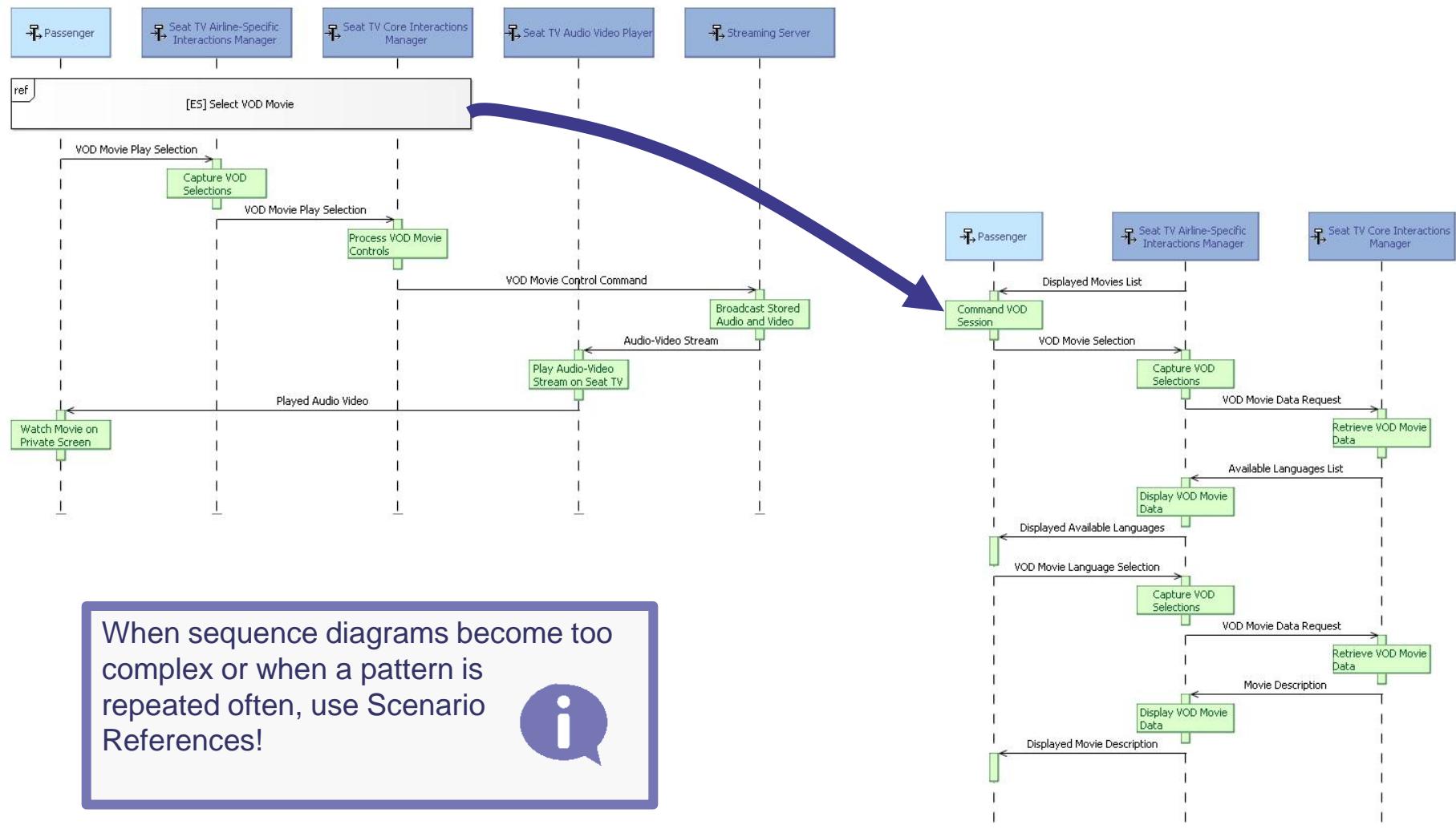
[ES] Start Playing VOD Movie



[ES] Start Playing VOD Movie



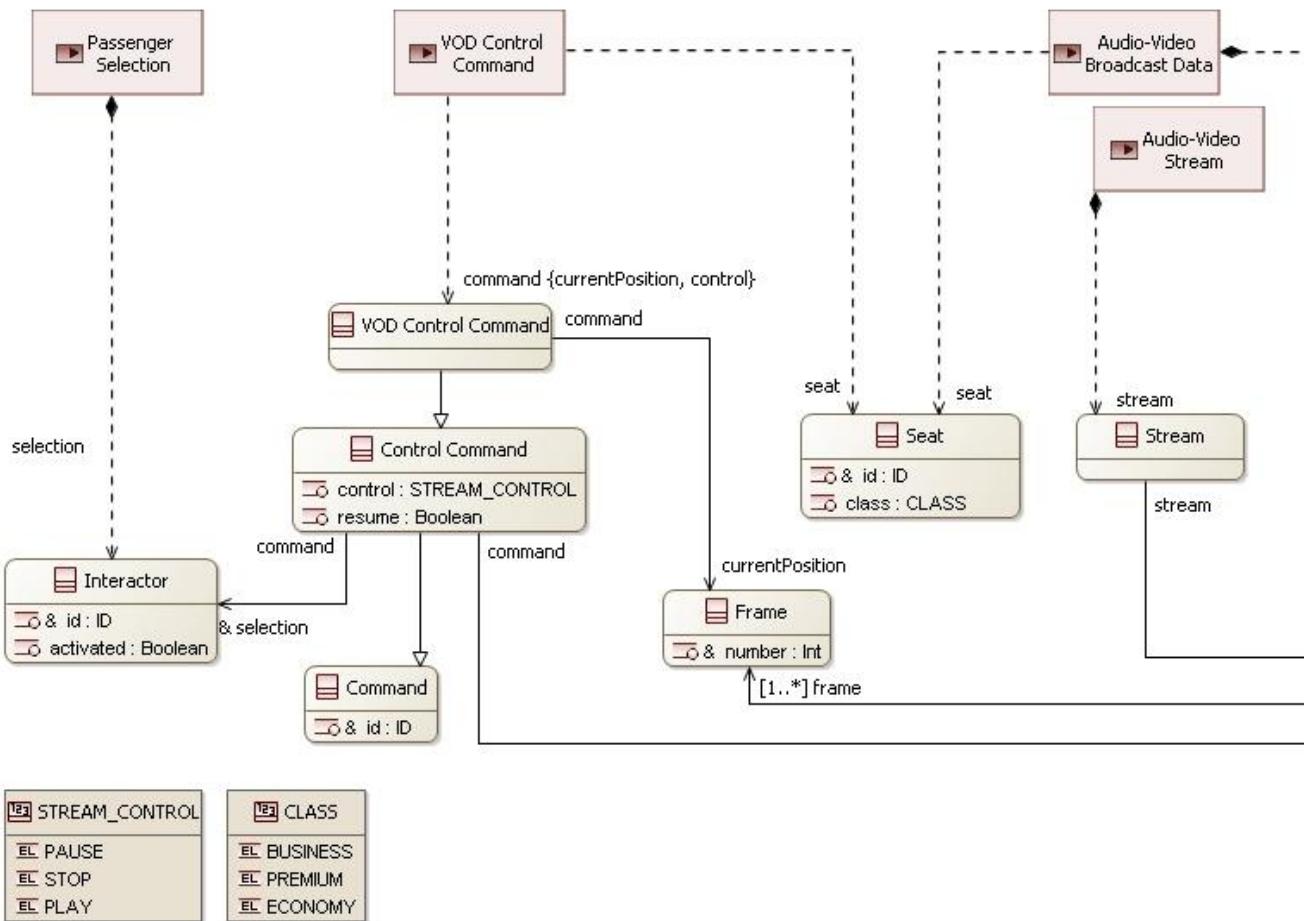
[ES] Start Playing VOD Movie



When sequence diagrams become too complex or when a pattern is repeated often, use Scenario References!



[CDB] Play Video Movie



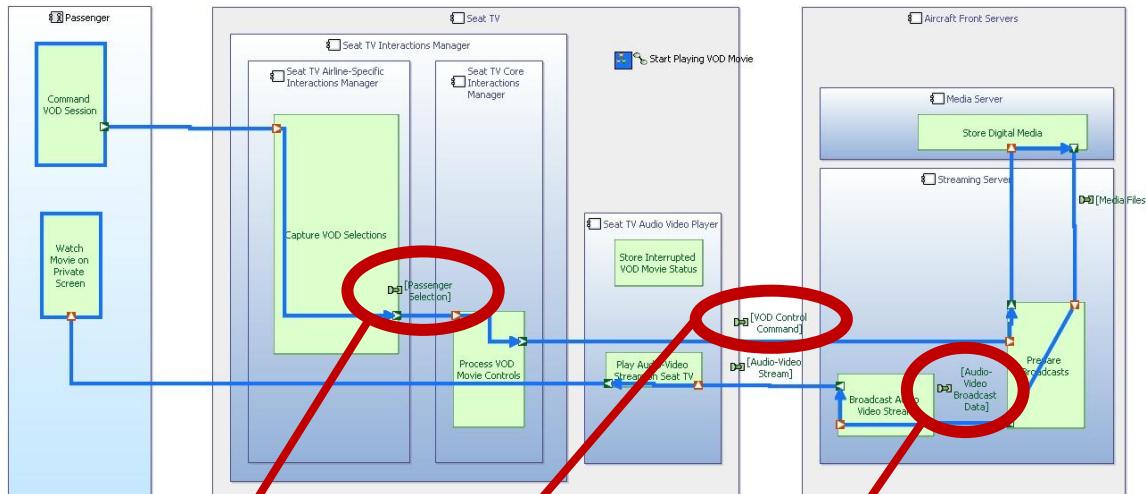
A first level of data modelling is performed in the Logical Architecture of this model.

The goal is to better describe the exchanges between Functions (and thus, Components).

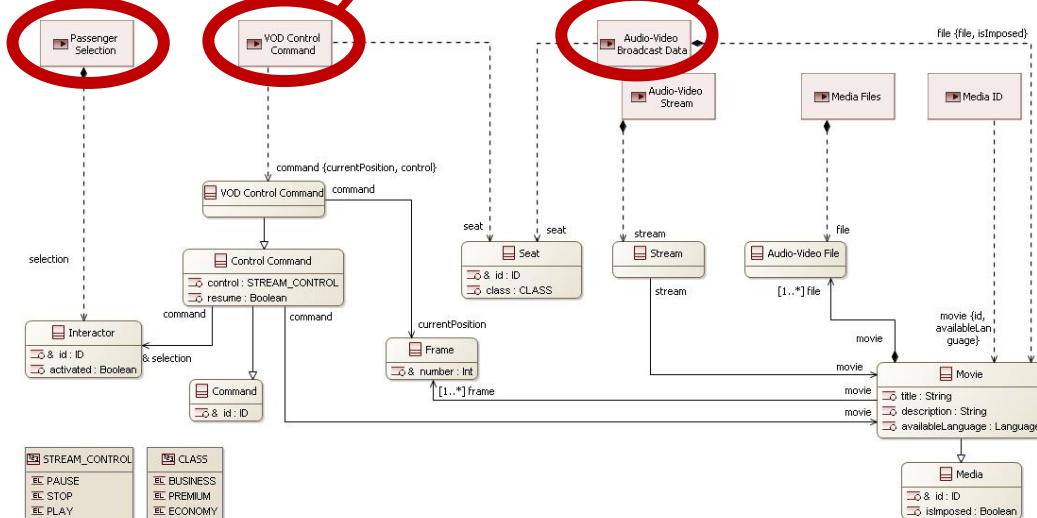
In this example, the data model is designed as a database, and the Exchange Items reference entirely or partly one or several data.



[LAB][CTX] Start Playing VOD Movie FC



[CDB] Play Video Movie



Exchange Items are used to relate Data and Functional Exchanges.

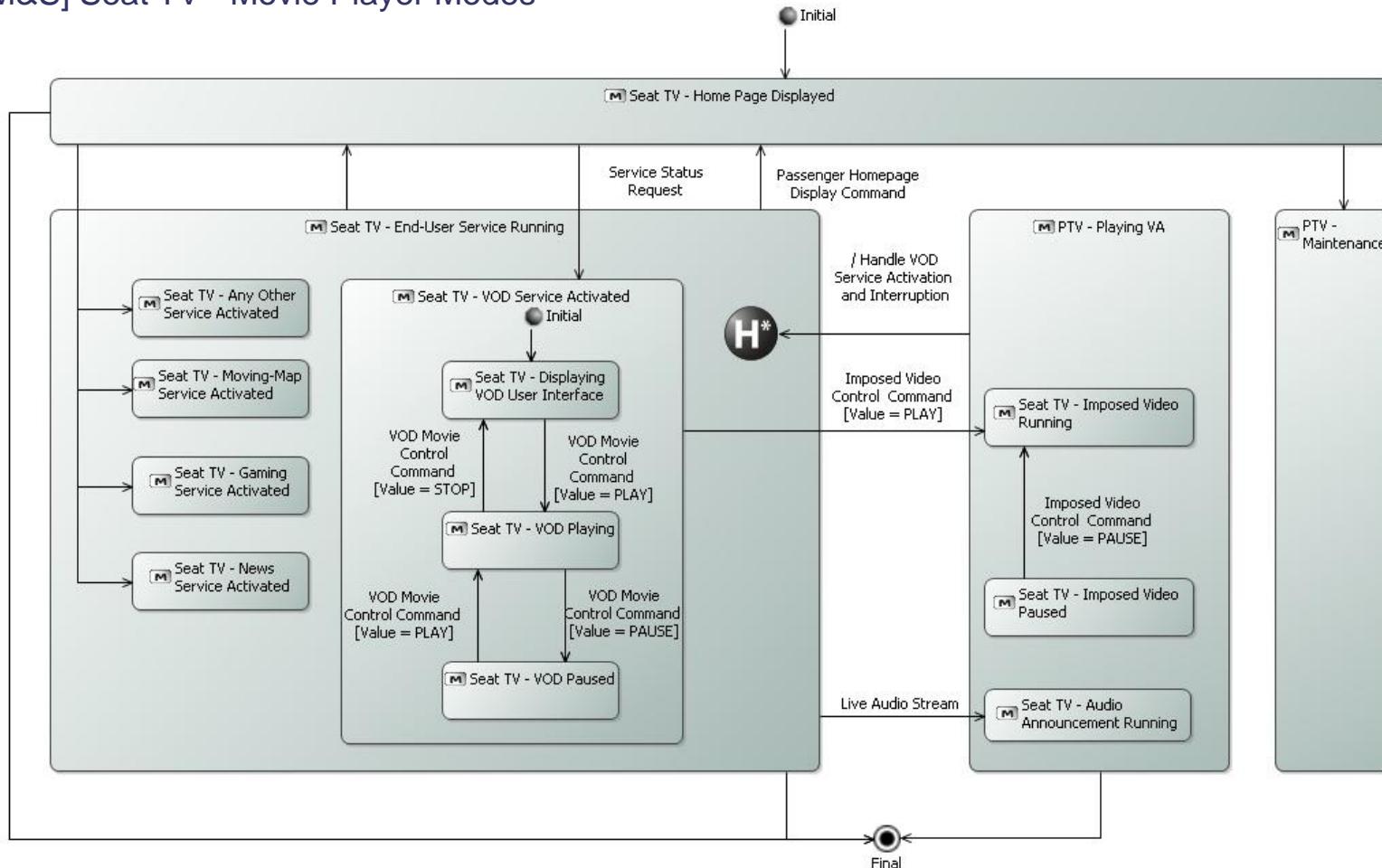
For example, it is the only mean to express that two distinct Functional Exchange actually carry the same of common data

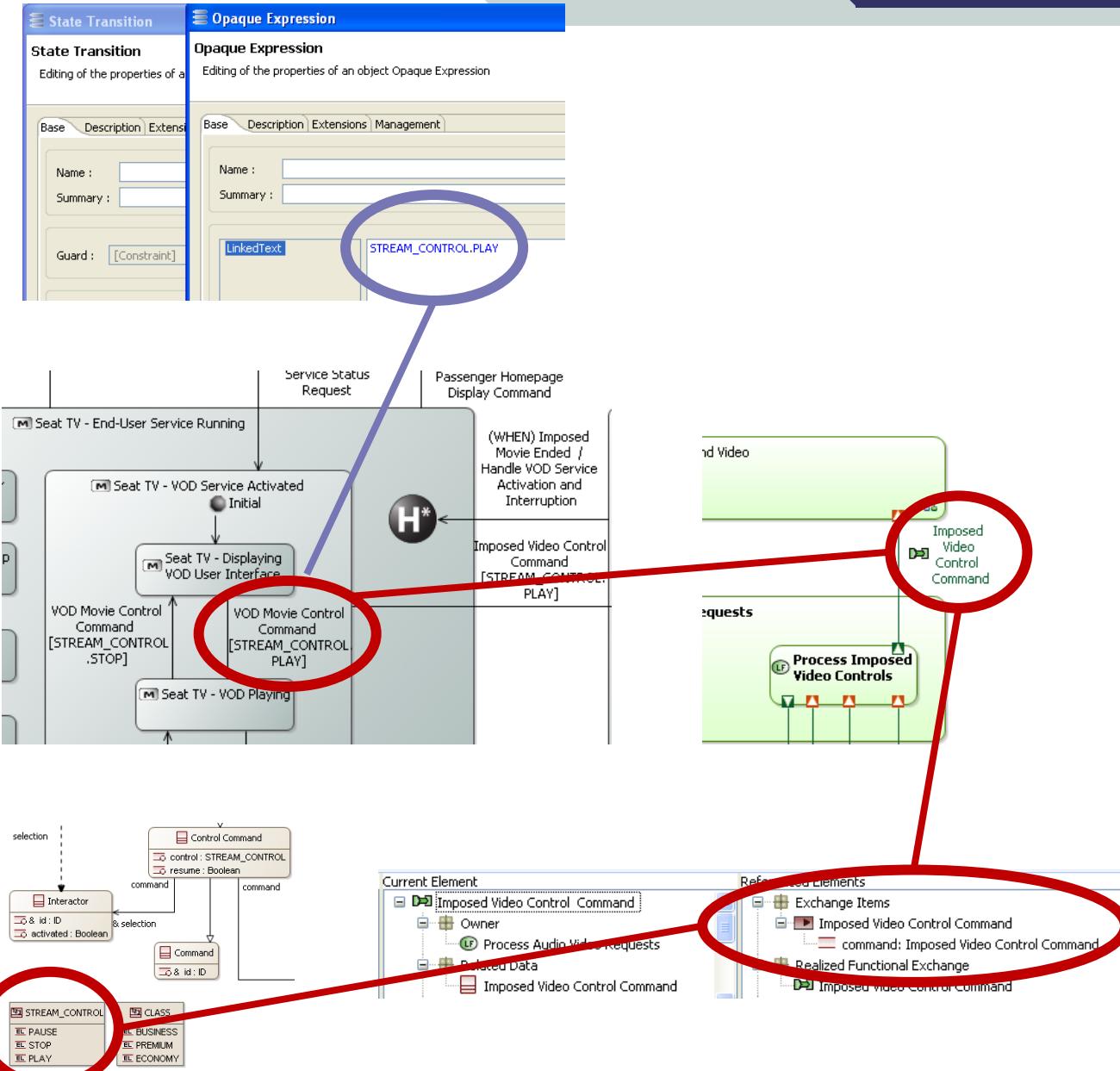


In dataflow and architecture diagrams, filters allow to display the names of the carried Exchange Items instead of the Functional Exchanges labels



[M&S] Seat TV - Movie Player Modes



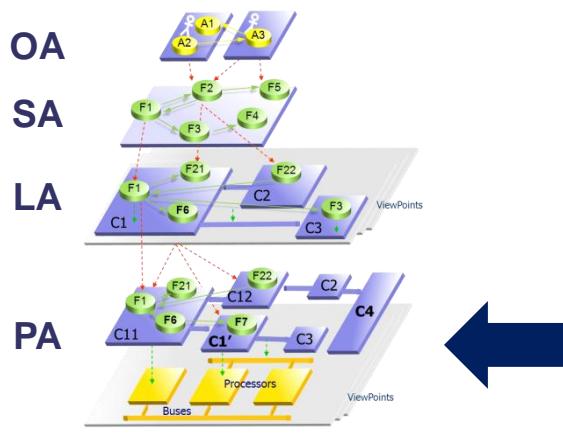


Capella does not provide means (yet) to really formalize the guards in Transitions.

However, it provides a constraint-based mechanism allowing to keep references between model elements (use CTRL-SPACE when editing constraints). If the name of the Enumeration Literal changes, the Guard will be kept synchronized.

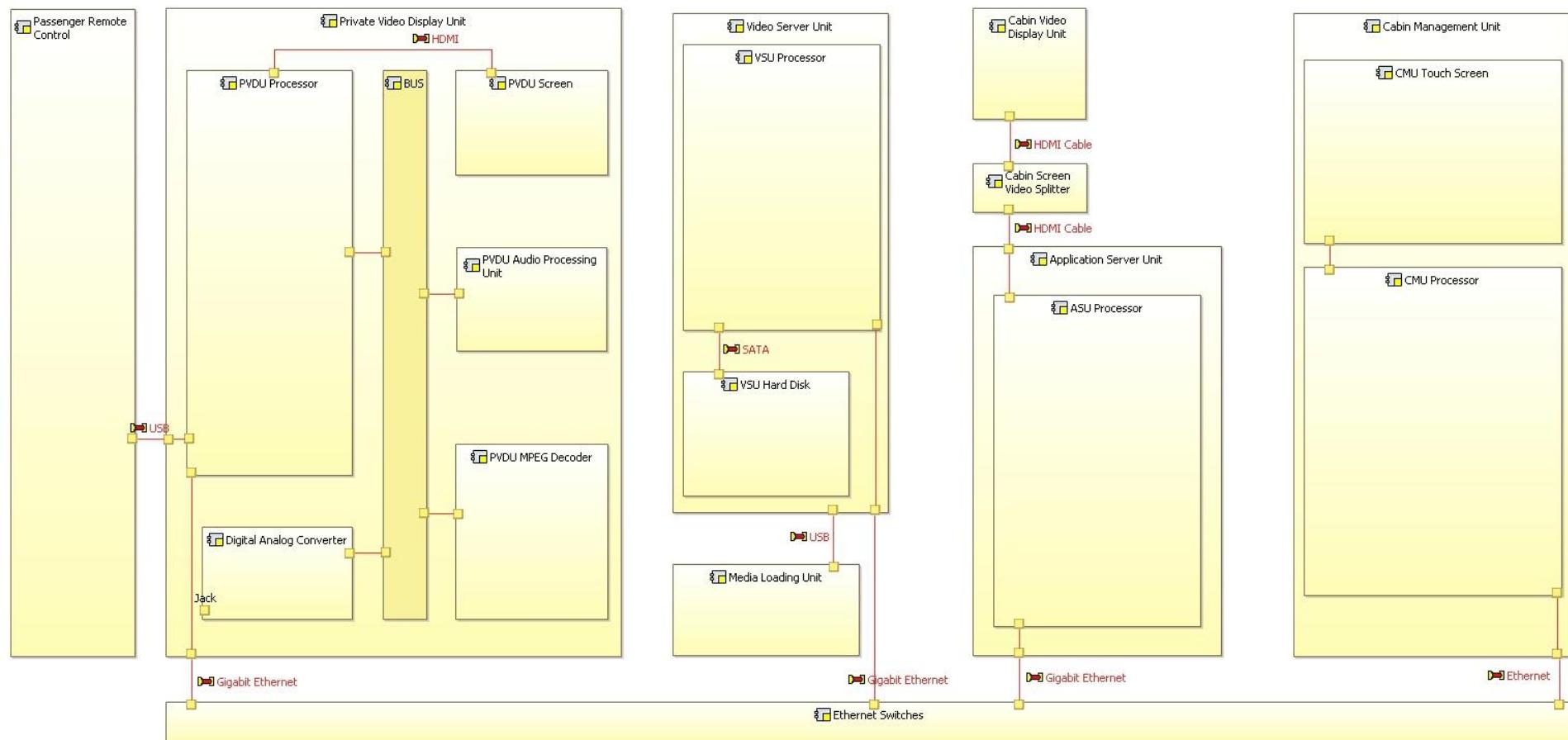


How the system will be developed and built

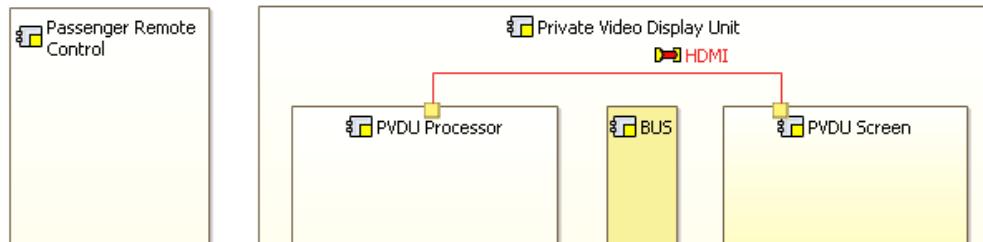


- ◆ The interactions of the Passenger with the Seat TV are performed through a remote control
- ◆ The interactions of the cabin crew with the Central Management Unit are based on a Touch Screen
- ◆ The modelling of the network is kept minimal:
 - In an IFE, the network distribution is an essential aspect (one of the goals is to reduce the length – and mass – of the network cables). This is not covered in this model where all switches are represented by one single component
 - No network routing functions. The only the setup and configuration basic Functions are created
- ◆ Streaming is a bit more detailed, without encompassing what would be the responsibility of the SW subsystems. The chosen stopping criterion is to be able to perform basic latency non-functional analysis.
- ◆ The replication of streaming servers is not (yet) modelled. Scenarios and Mode machines have not been propagated (they should be).

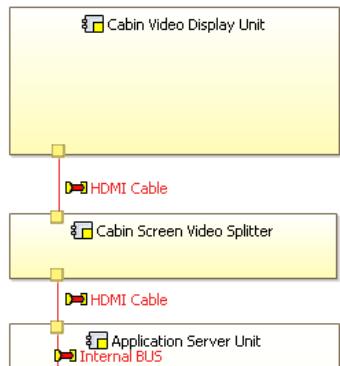
[PAB] Implementation and Behaviour Components



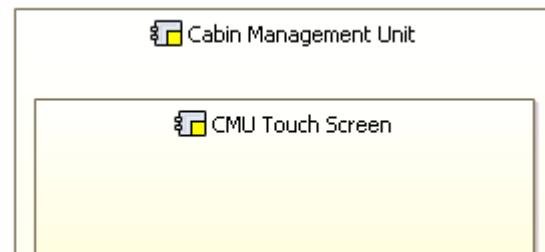
Interactions based on a remote control on passenger side



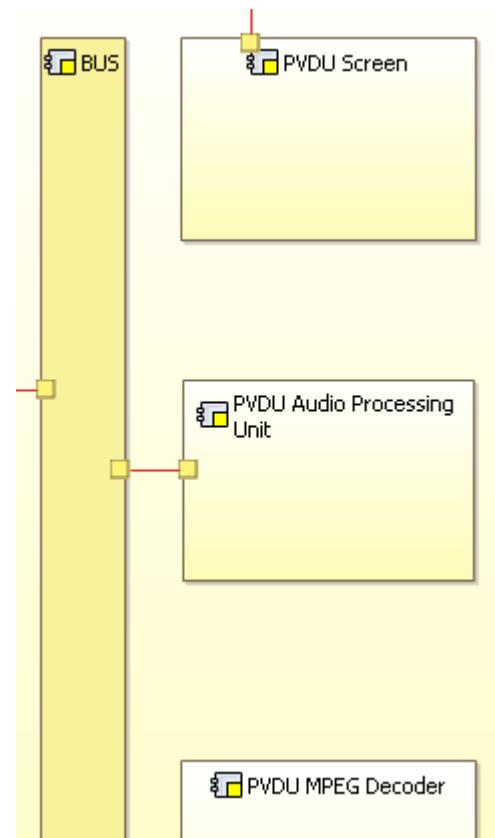
No intelligence in cabin displays



Touch Screen for Cabin Crew

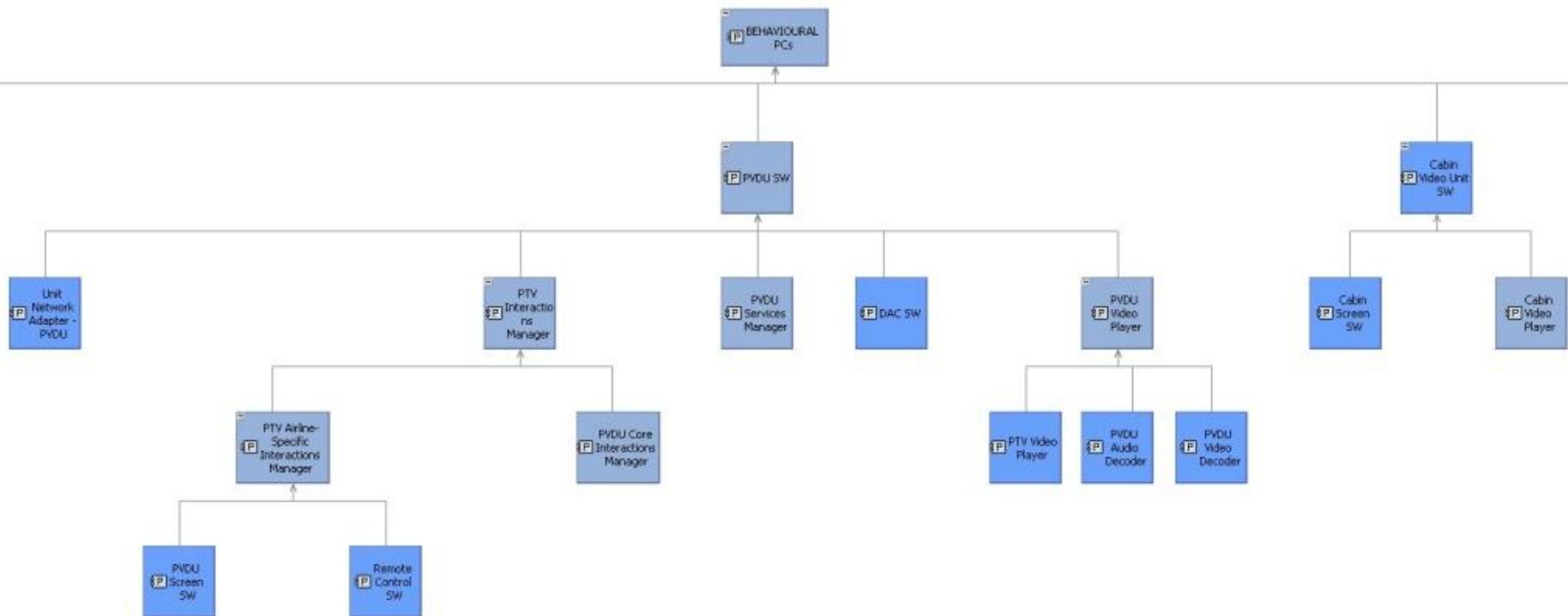


Dedicated audio and video processors



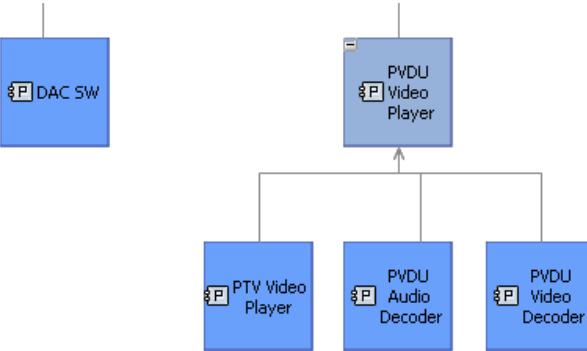
Physical Architecture – Behaviour Components (1/2)

[PCBD] Behavioral Components

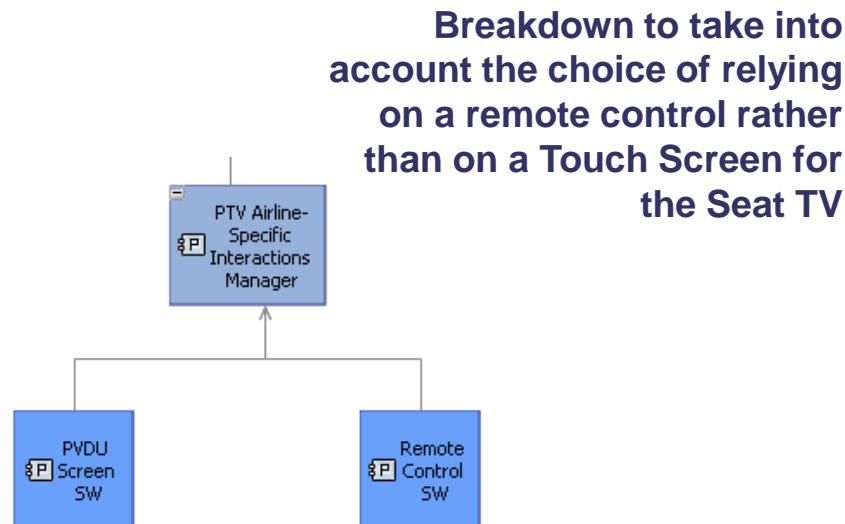


Physical Architecture – Behaviour Components (2/2)

[PCBD] Behavioral Components

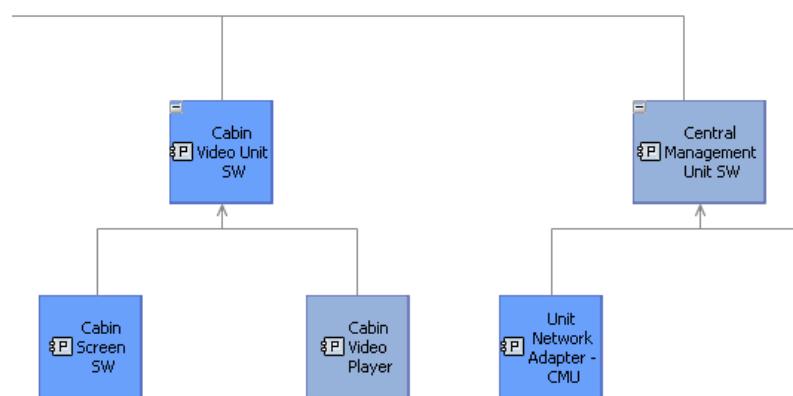


**Breakdown to take into account the HW components:
DAC and audio/video dedicated processors**



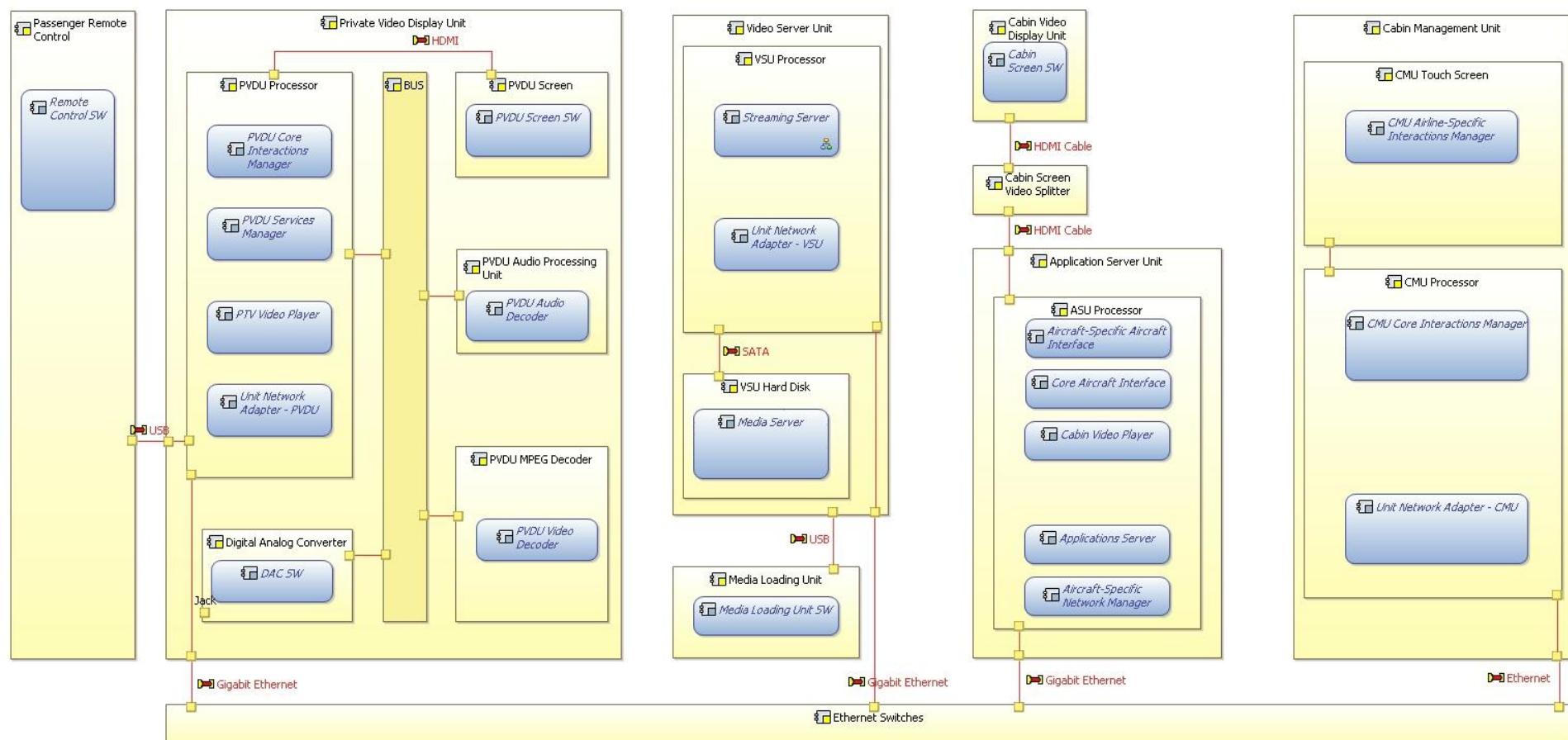
Breakdown to take into account the choice of relying on a remote control rather than on a Touch Screen for the Seat TV

Breakdown to take into account concerns which were ignored in Logical Architecture: Network, Screens

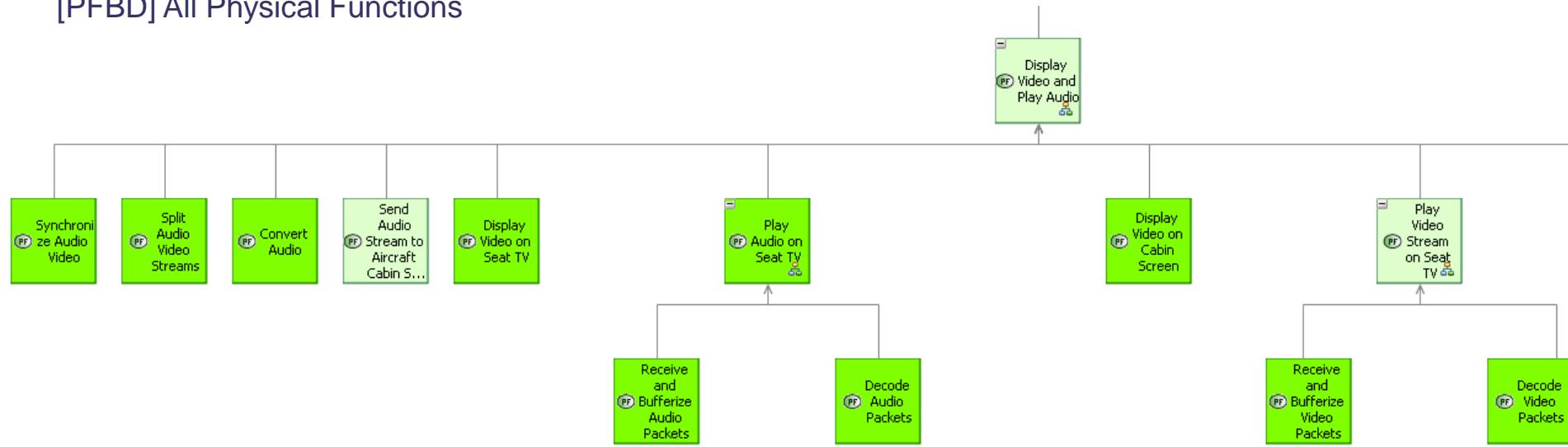


Implementation and Behaviour Components

[PAB] Implementation and Behaviour Components



[PFBD] All Physical Functions

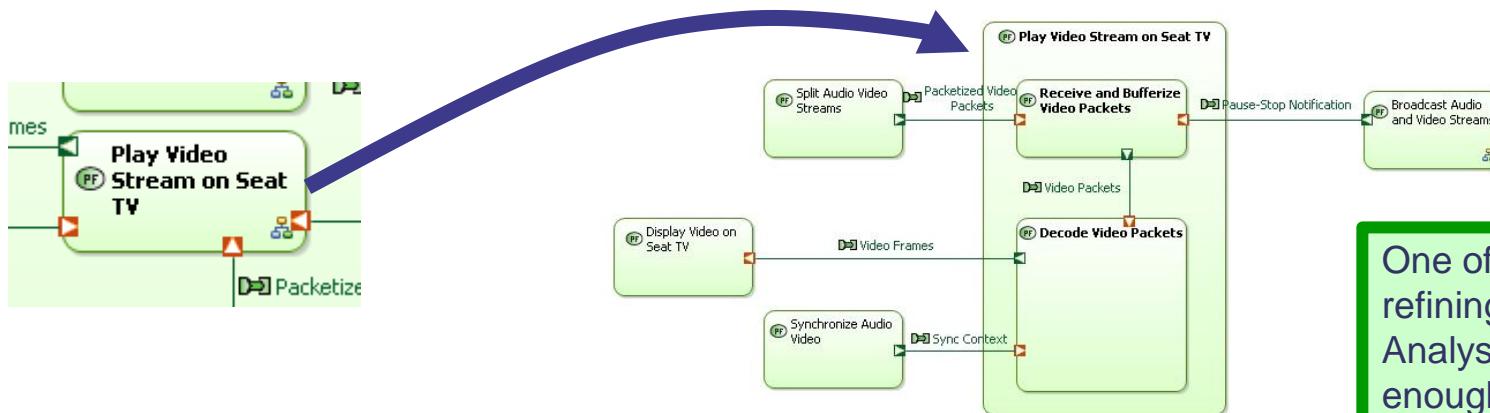


Several drivers for Functional Analysis refinement.

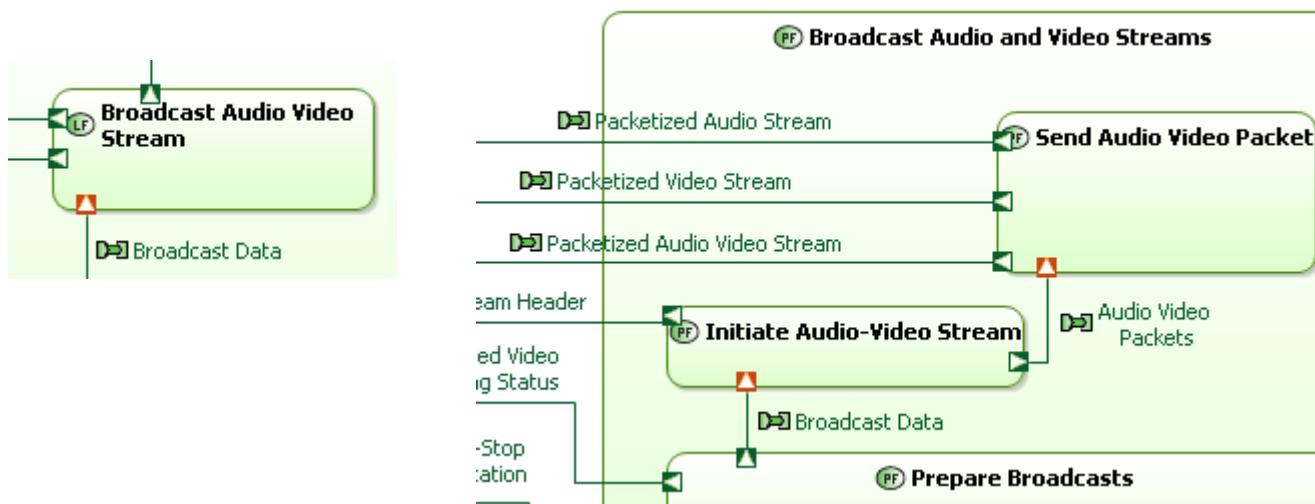
Topics not covered in Logical Architecture (Network, Screens, etc.) and further description of specific topics (management of audio and video streams)



[PDFB] [CTX] Broadcast Audio Video Stream to Seat TV



[PDFB] [CTX] Broadcast Audio and Video Streams



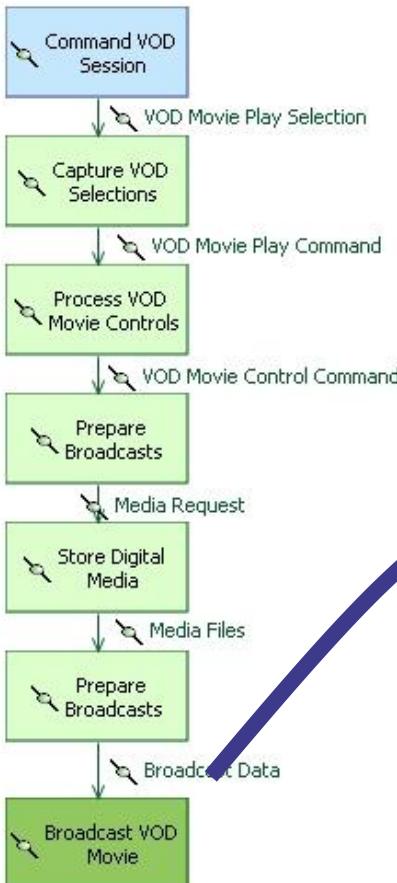
One of the drivers for refining the Functional Analysis here is to add enough detail about the streaming mechanisms, in order to be able to perform non-functional analysis later on (for example, latency analyses).

Simplified streaming steps (packetizing, etc.) are therefore described.

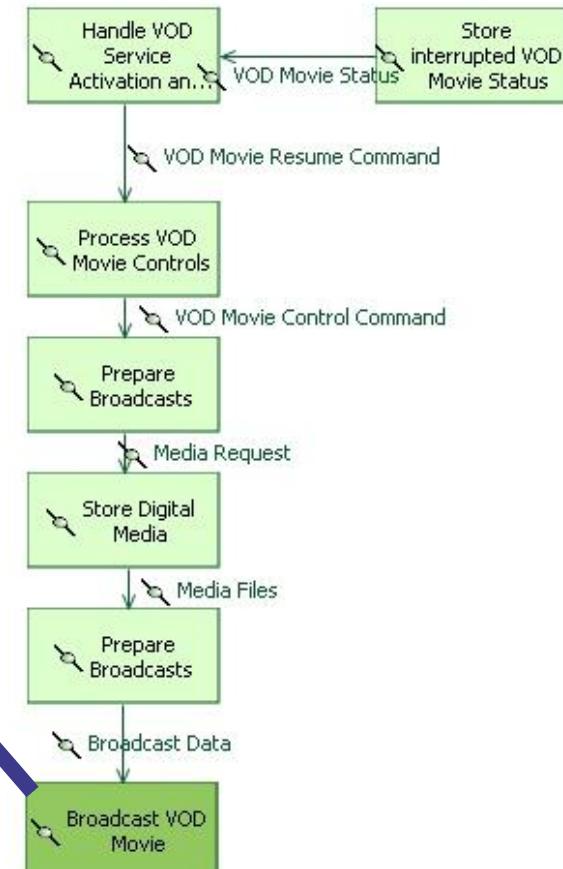


Refinement (and Composition) of Functional Chains

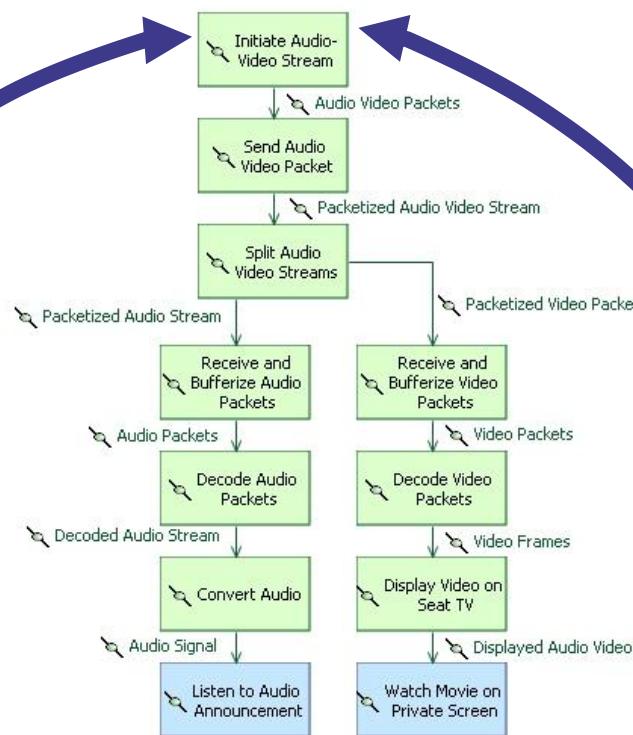
[PFCD] Start Playing VOD Movie



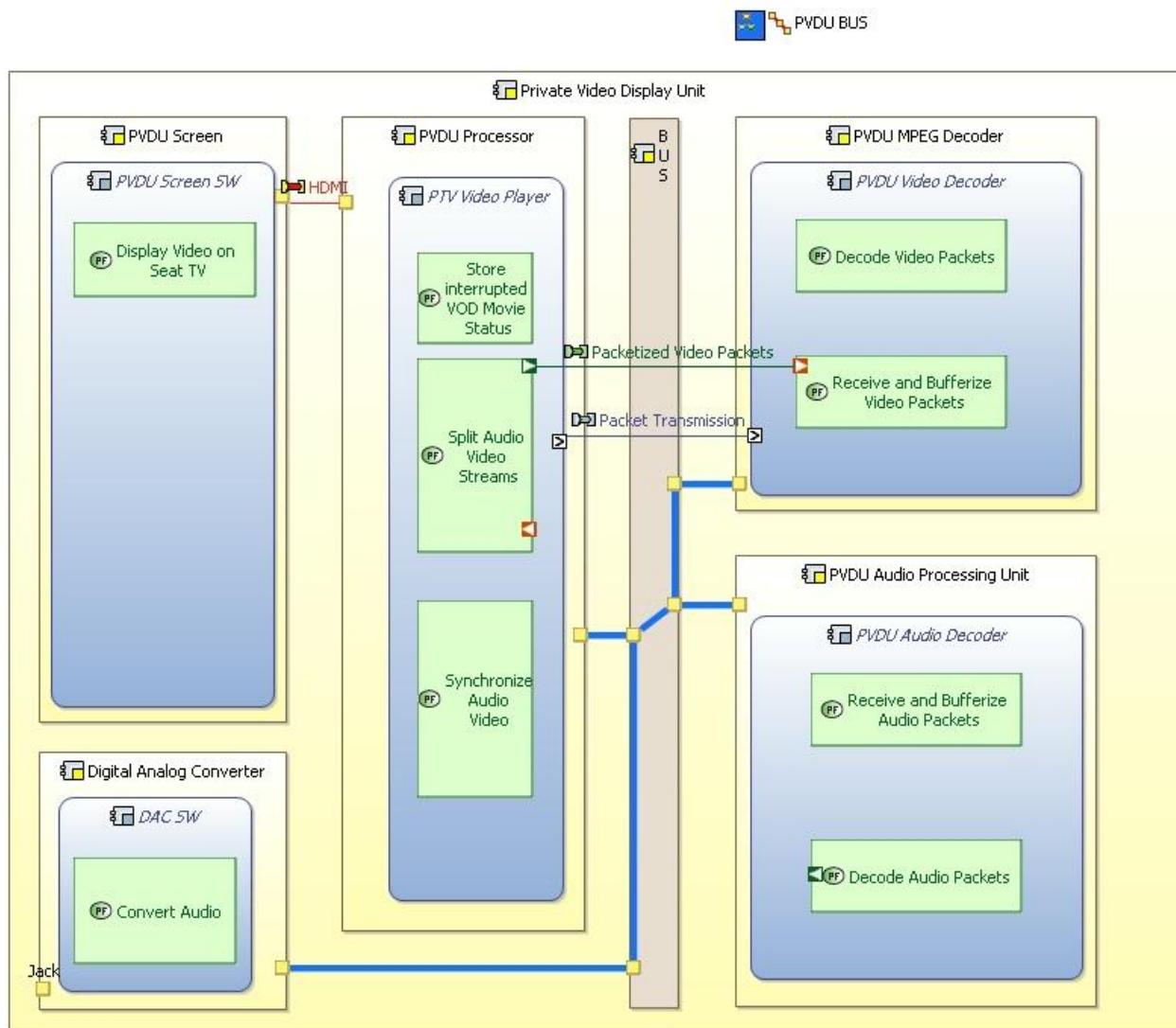
[PFCD] Resume VOD Movie



[PFCD] Broadcast VOD Movie



Mapping Functions / Components, Physical Path



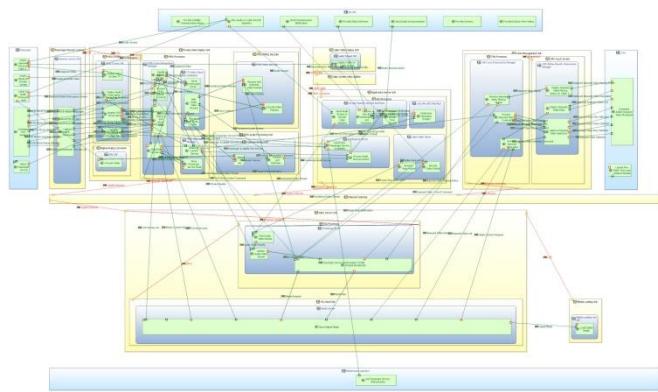
The PVDU architecture is based on an internal bus connecting the processor, the media decoders and the DAC.

The BUS is modeled with a specific Implementation Component and a Physical Path linking all the elements connected to the BUS.

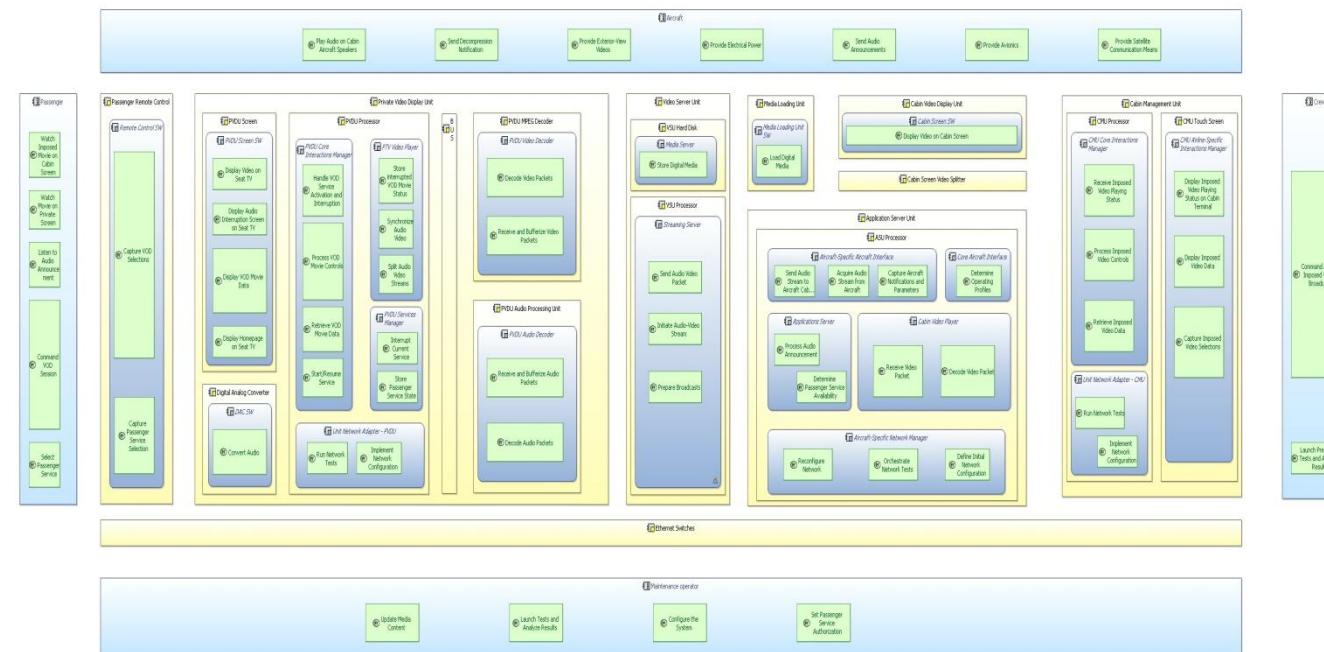
Here, the packets exchanged between the player and the decoder go through the "Packet Transmission" Component Exchange. The Component Exchange is transported by the "PVDU BUS" Physical Path.



[PAB] [BUILD] All PCs, PFs, FEs



[PAB] [BUILD] Template



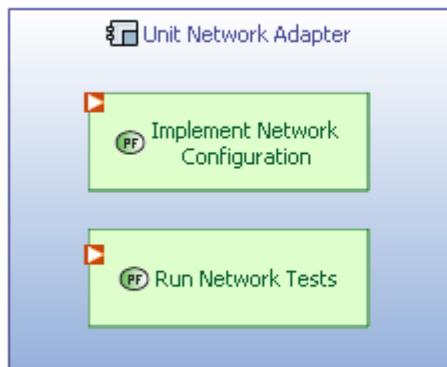
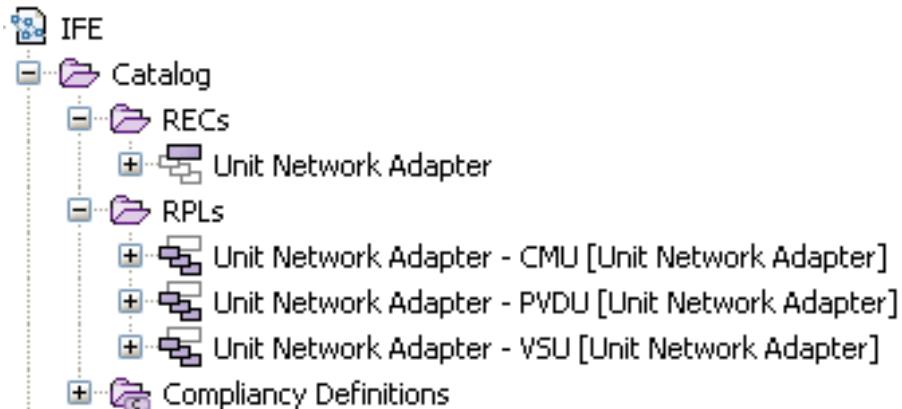
Building diagrams

Template. To gain in productivity, it is often interesting to brush layout from one diagram to another or to clone diagrams. Here, a template has been created and is used for a few other architecture diagrams.

All PCs, PFs, FEs. The diagram is a clone of the template where all Functions and all exchanges are displayed. While not adapted to publication, it is useful to check the design, visualize Functional Chains, etc.



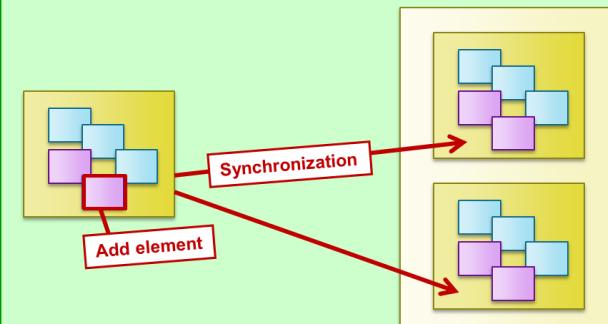
Management of Network Components (1/4)



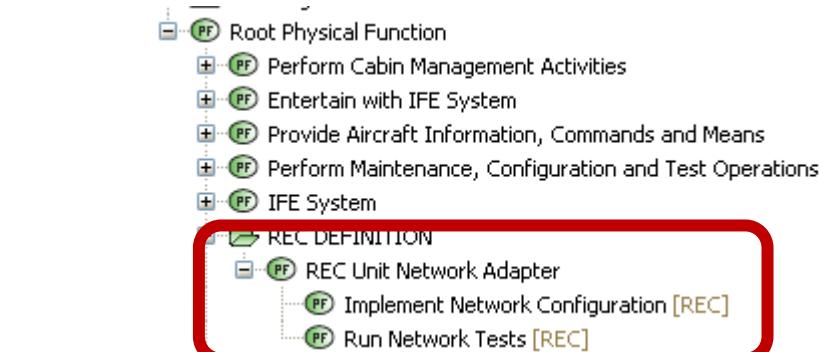
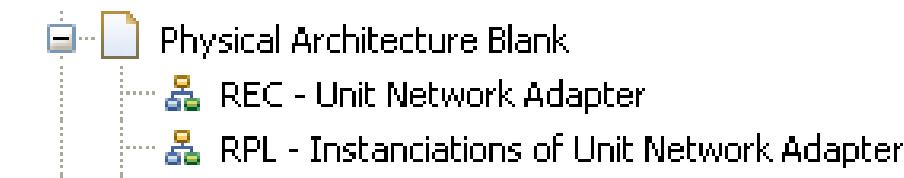
This component contributes to the definition of a REC. It is isolated in a specific location in the model.

The Network adapter is present on several components, with the same functionality.

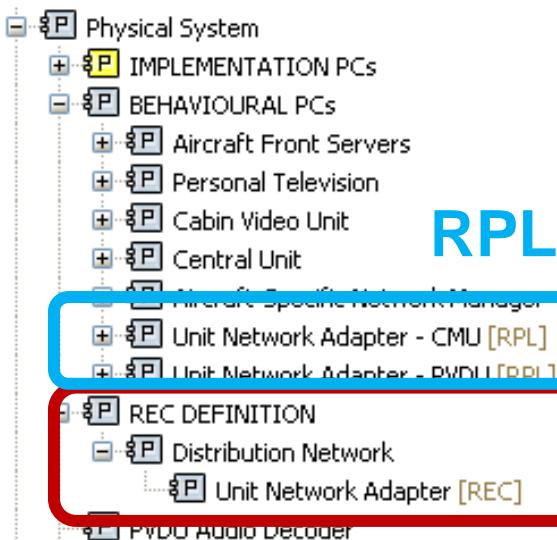
Instead of modelling several time the same thing, the Replicable Elements mechanisms are used. Definition (REC) and instances (RPLs) can be kept synchronized.



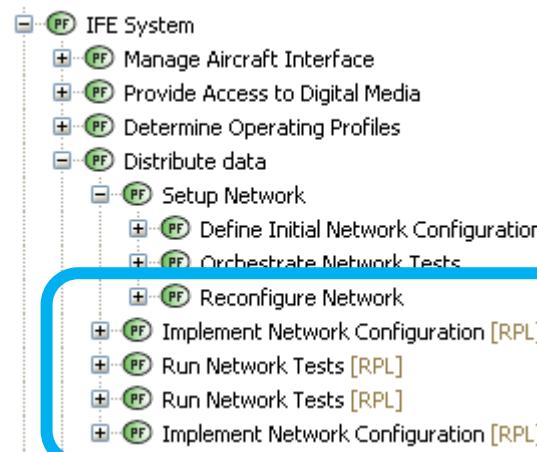
Management of Network Components (2/4)



REC



RPL



Usage of REC-RPL mechanisms.

A REC is created and is instantiated several times. When no dedicated library is used, the organization of the model tree has to be carefully defined, in order to distinguish between “types” and “instances”.

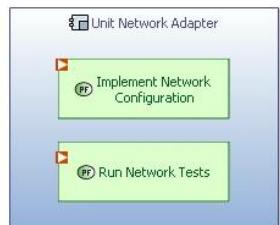
The REC content is in the model, but somehow isolated from the other elements (it could be in a library).

The connection between the RPLs are managed manually (ONGOING work in Capella).



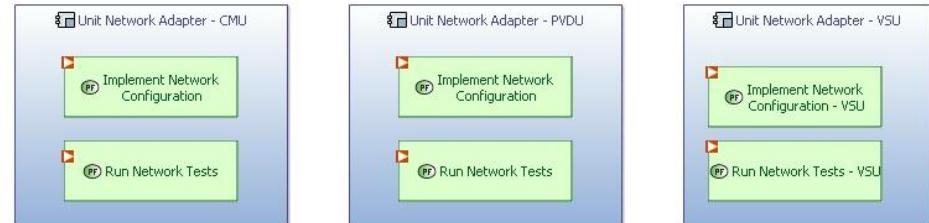
Management of Network Components (3/4)

REC - Unit Network Adapter

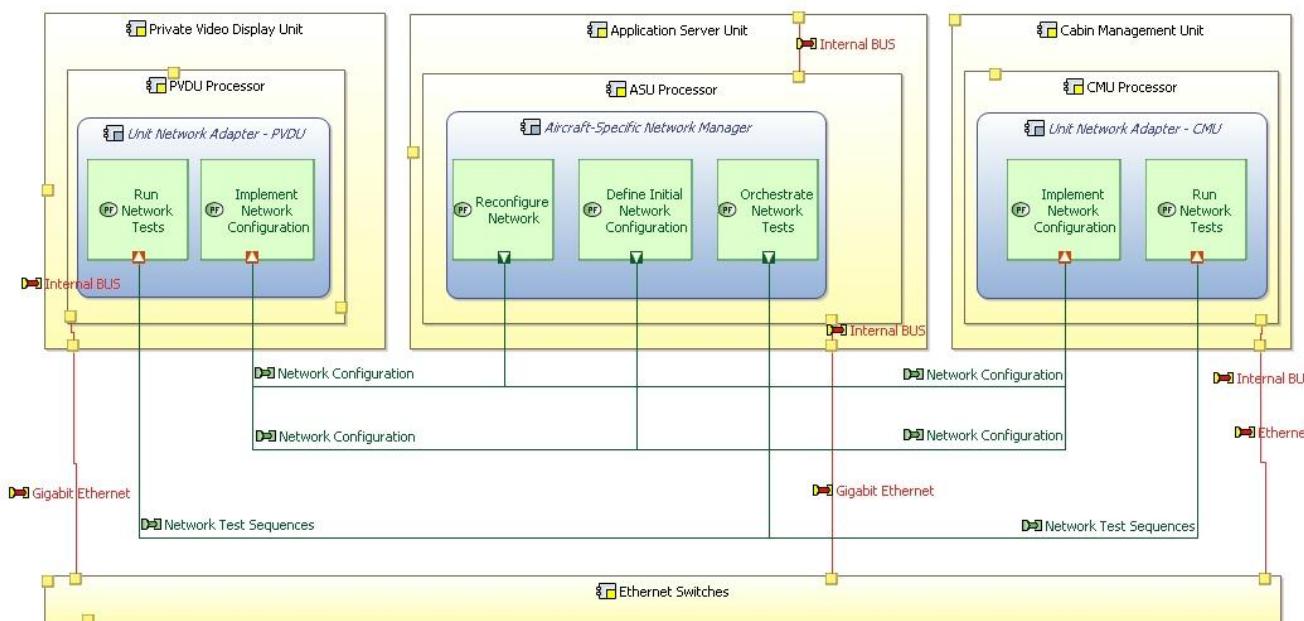


This component contributes to the definition of a REC. It is isolated in a specific location in the model.

RPL - Instantiations of Unit Network Adapter



[PAB] Focus on Network Setup, Configuration and Tests



The connections (Functional Exchanges) between the RPLs (replicas) are performed manually.

Management of Network Components (4/4)

Private Video Display Unit

PWDU Processor

PTV Video Player

Synchronize Audio Video

Split Audio Video Streams

Unit Network Adapter - PVDU

Run Network Tests

Implement Network Configuration

Stream Header

Packetized Audio Video Stream

Streaming Protocol

Video Server Unit

VSU Processor

Streaming Server

Initiate Audio-Video Stream

Send Audio Video Packet

Unit Network Adapter - VSU

Implement Network Configuration - VSU

Run Network Tests - VSU

Gigabit Ethernet

Network Path

Gigabit Ethernet

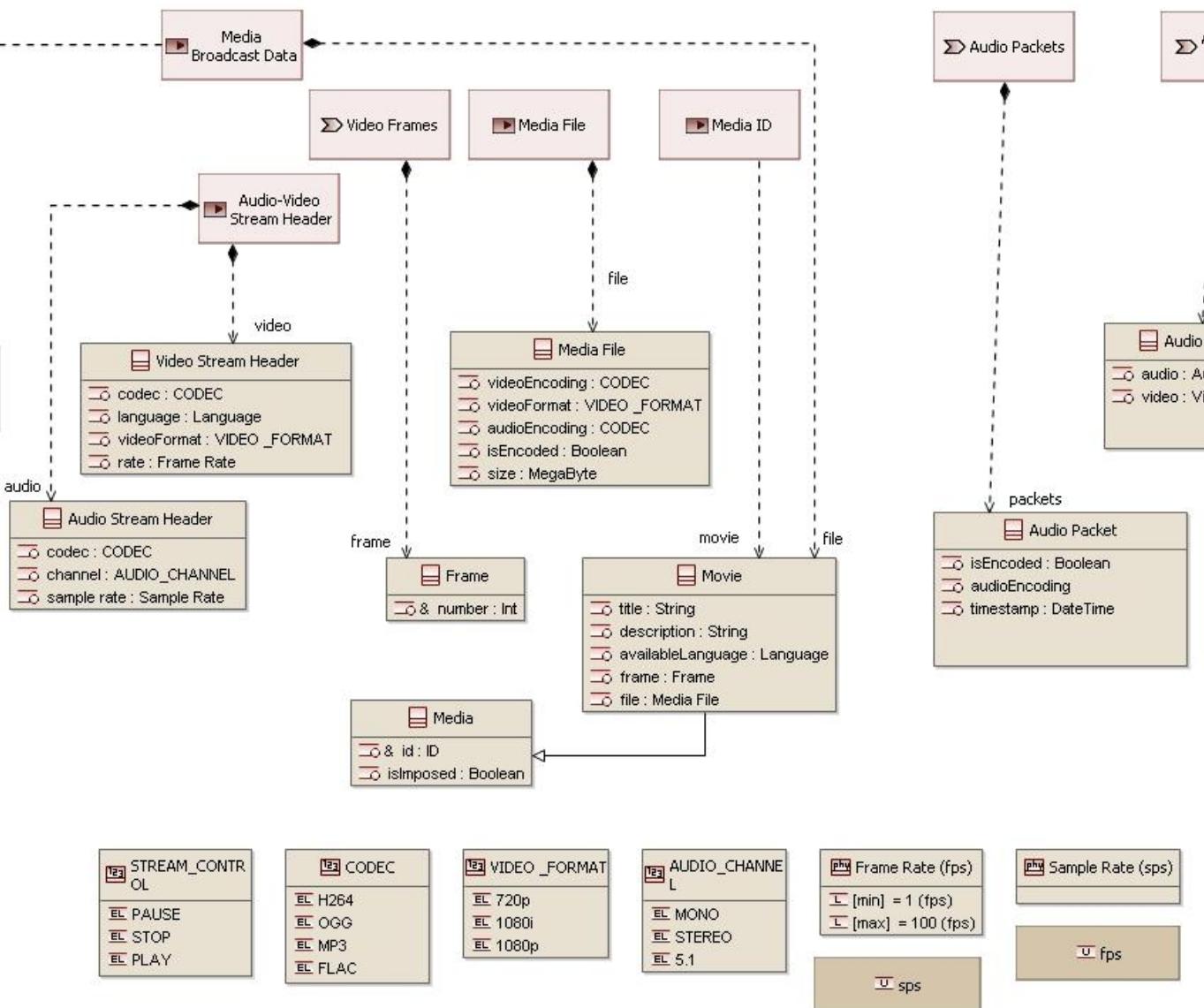
Ethernet Switches

Illustration of the network carrying exchanges.

There is no added-value in this model in modelling the functional part of the transport over the network. Only network setup and configuration is modelled.

The transport between components are modelled with Physical Links. Here, the Physical Path "Network Path" is set to transport the Component Exchange "Streaming Protocol", showing that all packets between "Send" and "Split" Functions as well as the stream Header actually go through the Ethernet network and switches.





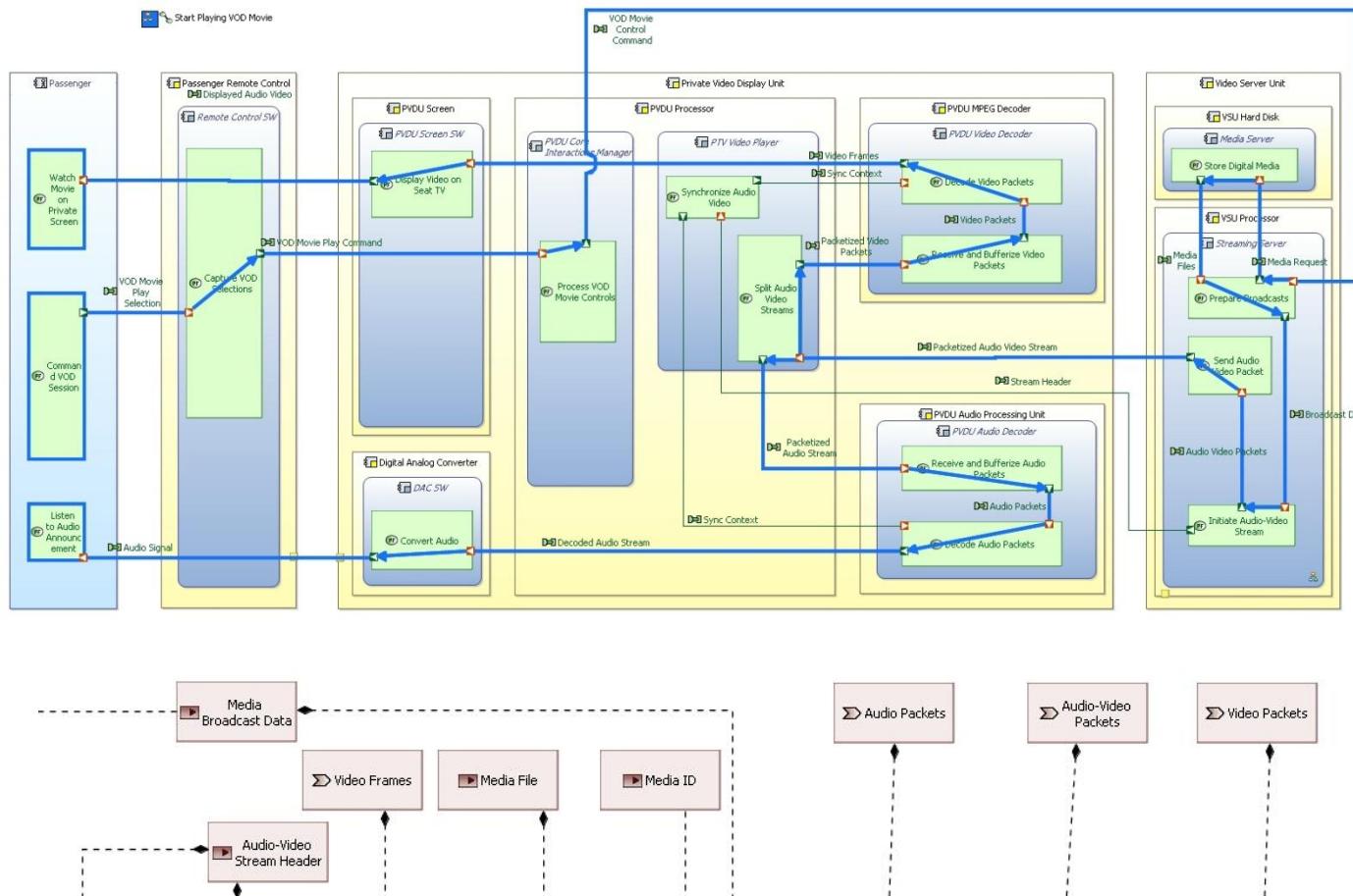
Refinement of the data model:

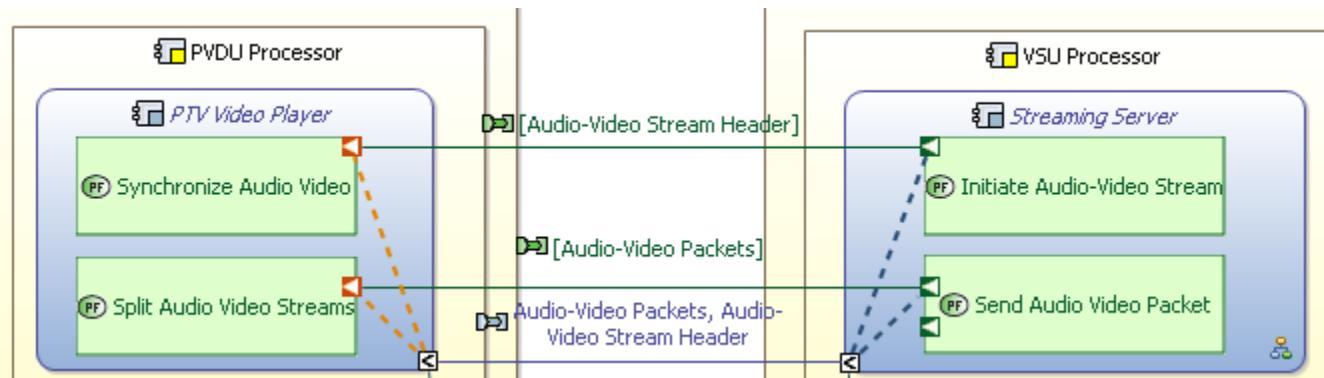
- New streaming concepts taken into account, such as packets, stream headers, codecs, etc.
- Unlike the data model in Logical Architecture, the (arbitrary) choice is made here not to rely on a database-like design but on standalone types (constraint of the targeted SW environment)



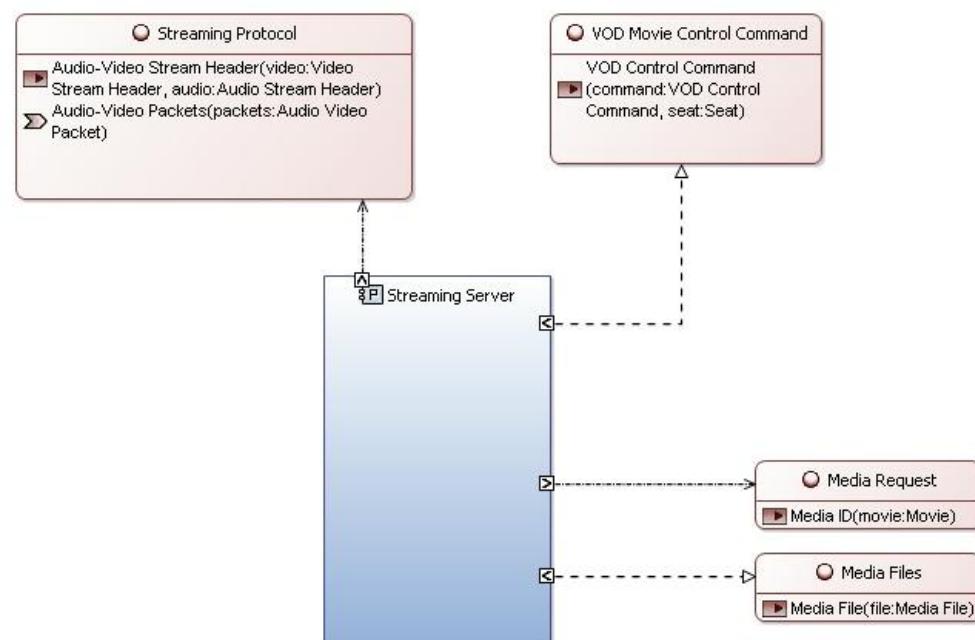
In the current version of the model, the data modelling has only been performed partly, focusing on the “Start Playing Video Movie” Functional Chain

[PAB] [CTX] Start Playing VOD Movie FC

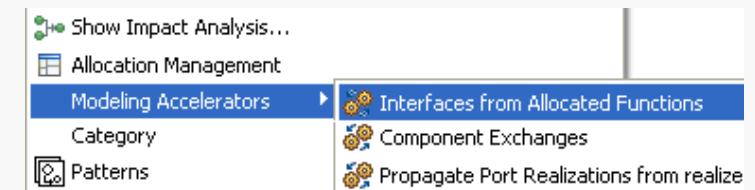




[CDI] Streaming Server

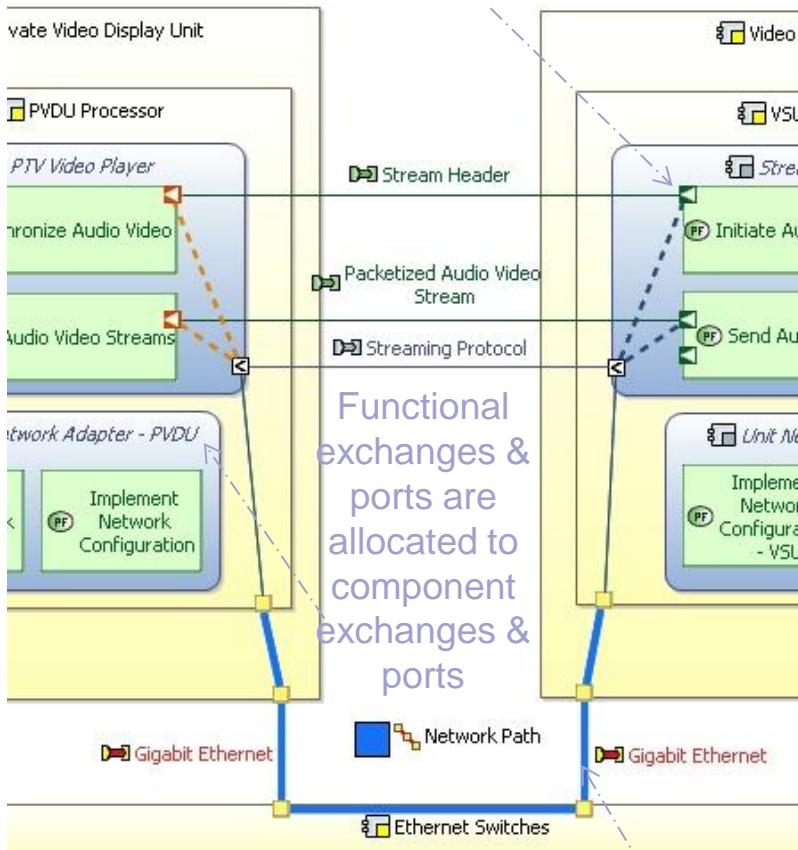


Capella provides means to generate a first version of the interfaces of a component based on the incoming/outgoing Component Exchanges, Functional Exchanges, Exchange Items.



Definition/justification of Interfaces: Summary

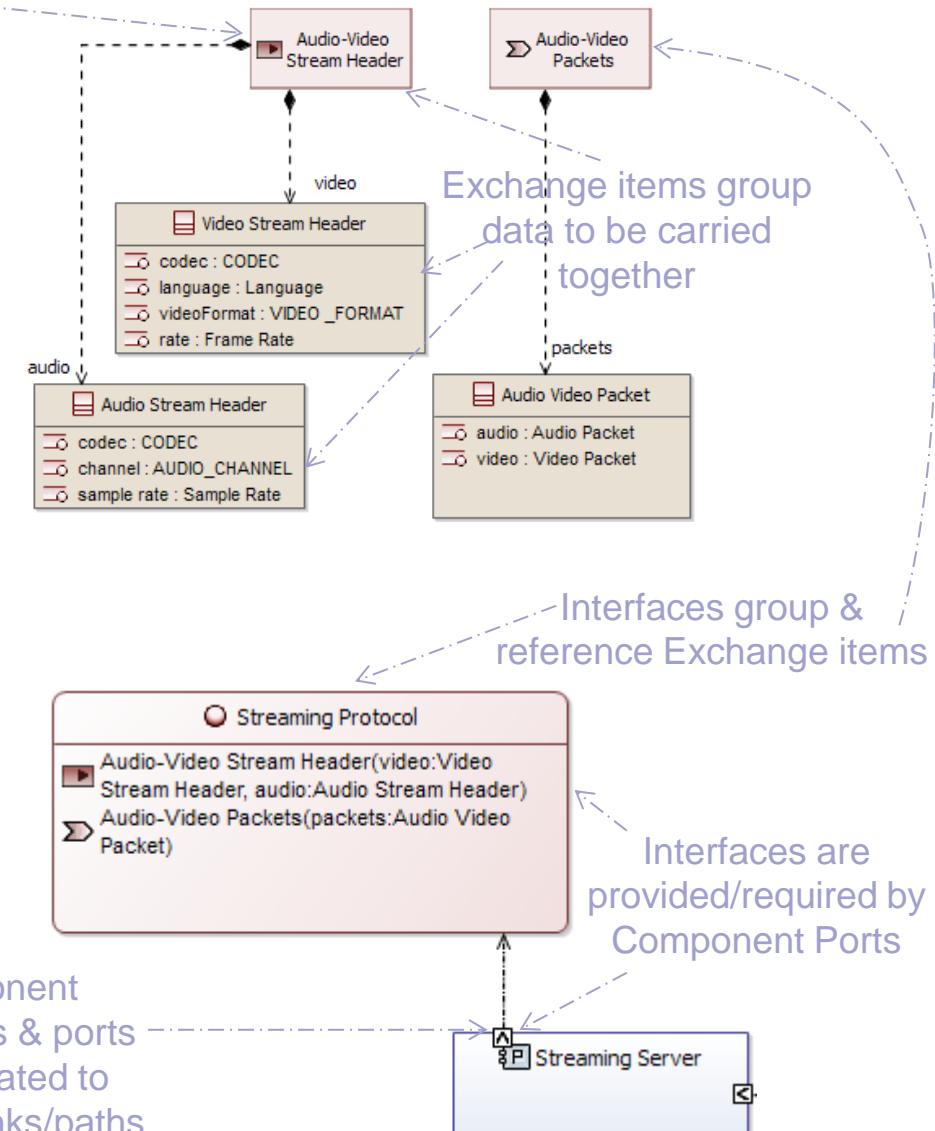
Functional exchanges & ports carry Exchange items



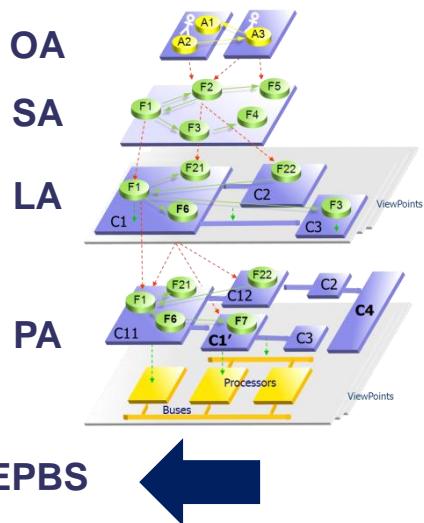
Use semantic Browser to navigate between these concepts & relations



Component exchanges & ports are allocated to Physical links/paths & ports



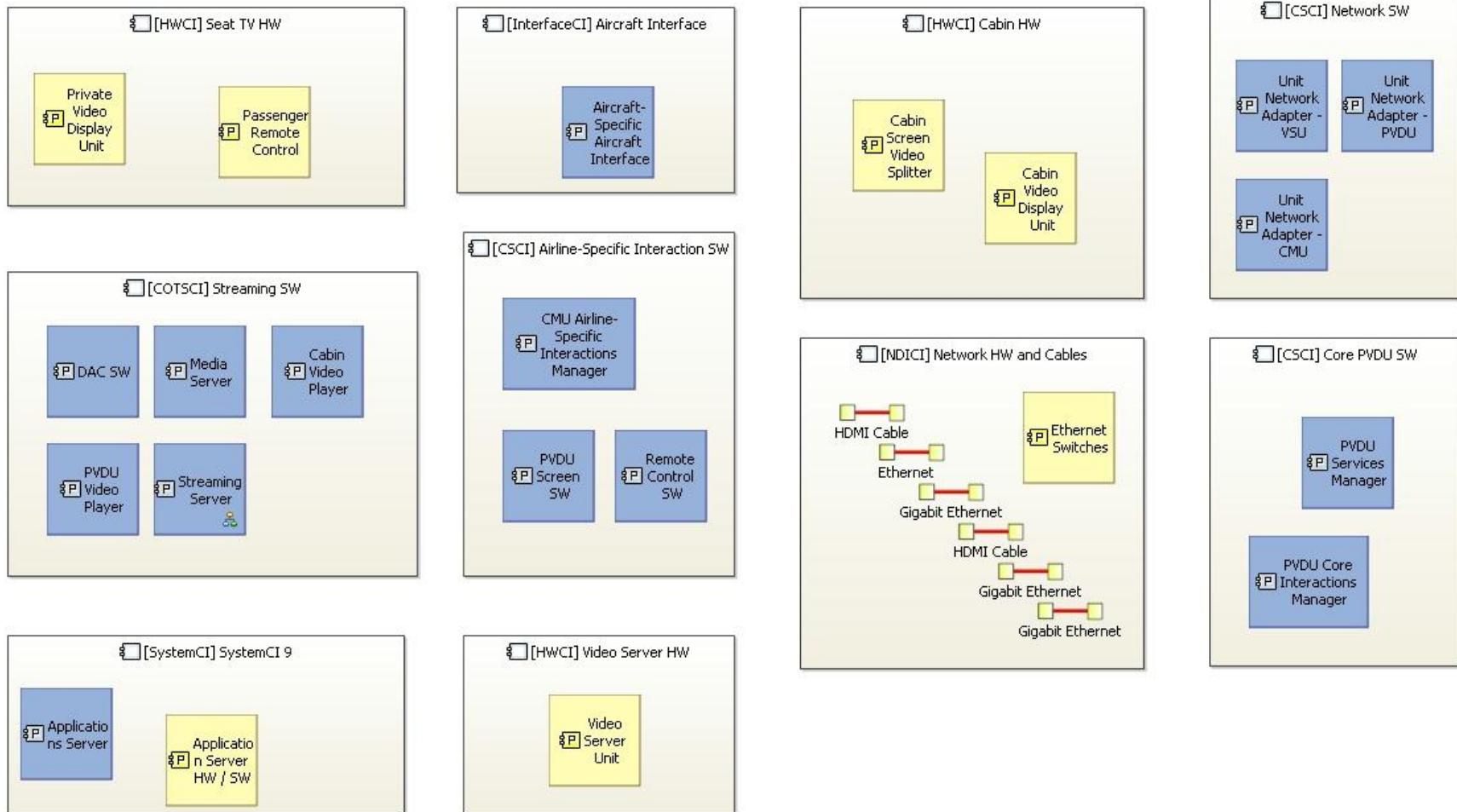
What is **expected** from each designer / sub-contractor



- ◆ Several drivers can orient the choices for Configuration Items. One goal of EPBS is to define an architectural frame to master component development and integration.
- ◆ In this sample model, different rationales:
 - Group all streaming SW components into one single Configuration Item
 - Group all airline-specific SW components into one single Configuration Item
 - Create all Network setup and configuration SW into one single Configuration Item
 - Have a Non Developed Configuration Item all network equipment and cables
 - Etc.

Examples of Configuration Items

[EAB] Configuration Items and Realized Artefacts



Considered future evolutions for this sample model

- ◆ Multi-viewpoint analysis, including
 - Reliability analysis, with replication of video servers
 - Sizing (network)
 - Mass
- ◆ Refinement of Modes/States modelling (enhancement of the relationship with functions and functional exchanges)
- ◆ (Automated) transition towards subsystem
- ◆ Completeness + functional scope enrichment

Questions on this model?

Use the Arcadia Forum:

<https://polarsys.org/forums/index.php/f/12/>

Feel like contributing?

- ◆ Directly submit us your enrichments
- ◆ Contact us to converge on a specific scope