Enriching Your Models with OCL

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Eclipse Summit Europe



canarias

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Overview

MDT/OCL team

- Why and When OCL
- Introduction to OCL
- OCL within Eclipse
- OCL Use Cases, coming soon

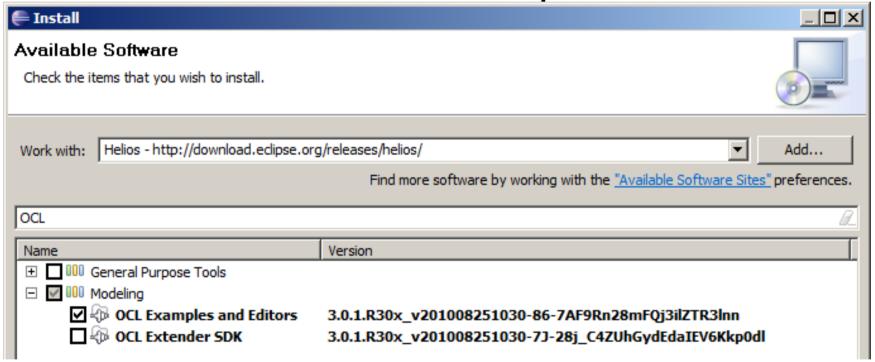
SAP

OCL application

Follow Along

http://www.eclipsecon.org/summiteurope2010/sessions/?page=sessions&id=1710 links to slides and to zip file comprising, model,edit,editor,diagram projects

Install MDT/OCL 3.0.1 Examples and Editors



- Import ... Existing Projects from Archive
 - ESEExampleTree/model/People1.ecore
- Run nested Eclipse, Import ESEExampleTree
 - ESEExampleTree/model/default.people_diagram

How Much OCL?

None

- Very simple modeling
- Java augmented modeling

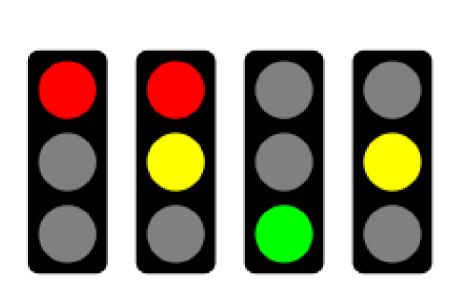
A little

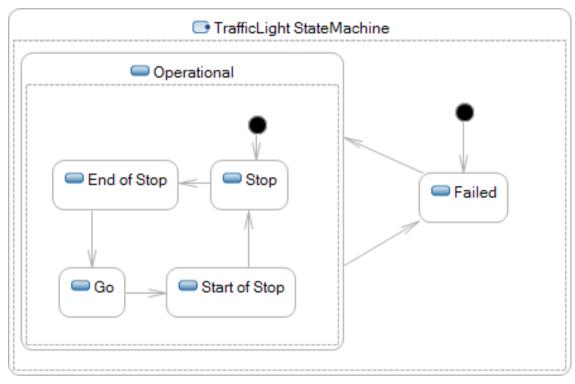
OCL (and Java) augmented modeling

A lot

- OCL as a powerful formal specification language
 - OMG's UML, OCL, QVT, ... specifications
- OCL as the foundation of a transformation language
 - MOFM2T (Acceleo), QVT
- OCL as a portable implementation language

UML State Machines





- Need to specify behavior
 - amber when End of Stop or Start of Stop
 - transition when signal received/time elapsed

UML Solutions

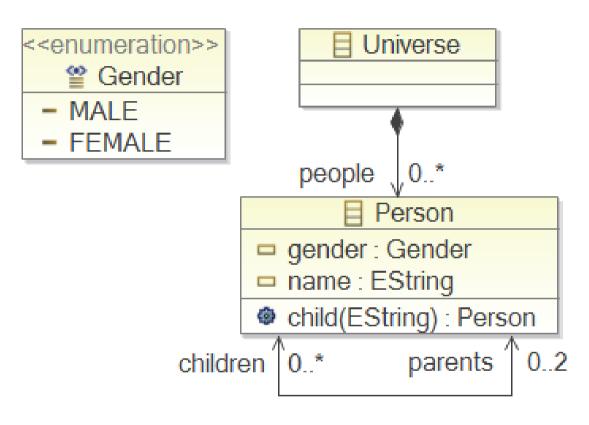
UML 1.x Use your favourite programming language

- Ada/C/...
- Magically inserted by proprietary code generator

UML 2.x Use a neutral specification language

- The Object Constraint Language
 - State machine guards/actions
 - Class invariants
 - Operation bodies, pre/post conditions
 - Property initial/derived values

Simple Meta-Modeling



Example Family Tree Meta-Model Ecore Diagram (similar to UML Class Diagram)

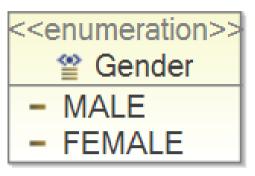
Graphics

- Box
 - Class, enumeration
- Compartment
 - Property, operation
- Line
 - Association
- Decoration
 - Composition, navigability

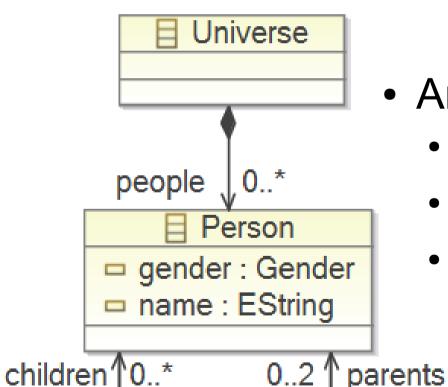
Text

- Name, type, stereotype
- Multiplicity

Richer Meta-Modelling

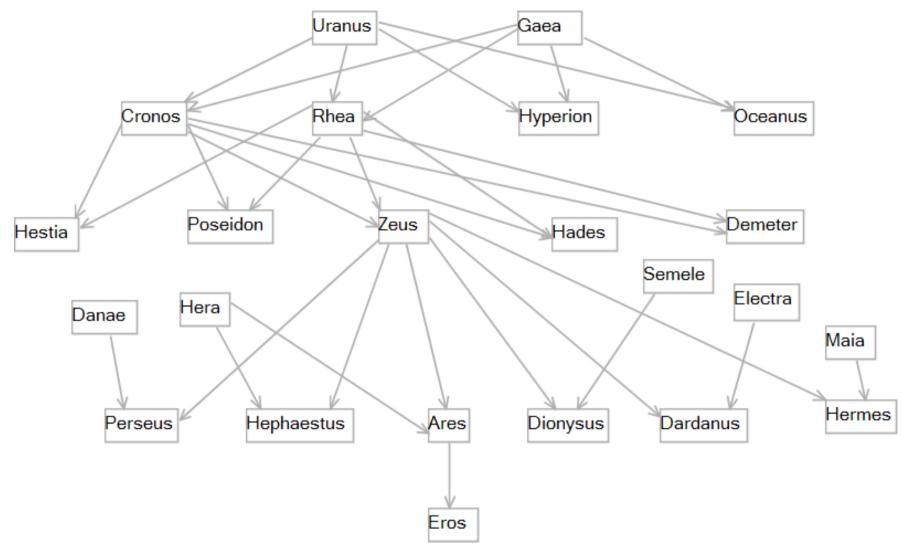


- Implicit constraints
 - Up to 2 parents
 - MALE/FEMALE gender



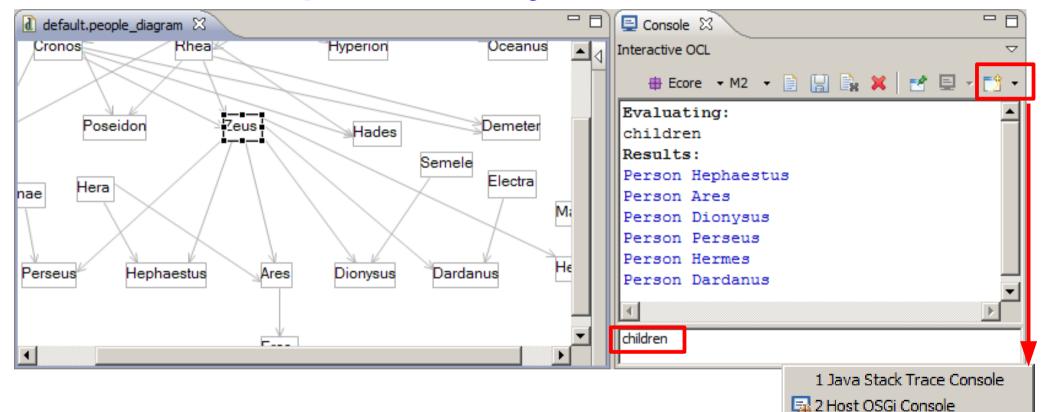
- Arbitrary constraints
 - At least 5 characters in name
 - 1 MALE, 1 FEMALE parent
 - Self is not an ancestor of self

Example Family Tree Model



Simple GMF Diagram Editor

Simple Query Evaluation



Window->Show View->Other... Console Console: New: Interactive OCL

Select Zeus as the Model Context (in any model editor)

Type children then carriage return

3 CVS

4 New Console View

5 Interactive OCL

OCL Principles

- Natural/Formal Language compromise
 - natural language error prone
 - formal language unapproachable to many
- Specification (not Programming) Language
 - declarative, modeling language
 - side effect free, no model changes, atomic execution
 - strongly typed, using UML generalization
 - portable

OCL Object Types

Primitive Types ☐ OclAny - Boolean, String Real, Integer, UnlimitedNatural ☐ Real unlimited; no float/double etc distinction ☐ Boolean ☐ String Integer 'AllClasses' Bottom Types ☐ UnlimitedNatura - OclVoid: any value can be null Ocllnvalid: any value can be invalid ☐ OclVoid Top Type - OclAny: every OCL and user type □ OclInvalid

conform to OclAny type.

Mathematical Operators

```
Infix:
           +, -, *, /
           and, or, xor, implies
           =, <>, <, >, <=, >=
Prefix: not, -
     4.0 * -5
      'a' + 'b'
Operators: mod, div, max, min, ...
     4.max(5)
```

OCL Expressions

If Expressions

```
if gender = Gender::MALE
then 'he'
else 'she'
endif
```

```
    □ gender : Gender
    □ name : EString
    ○ child(EString) : Person

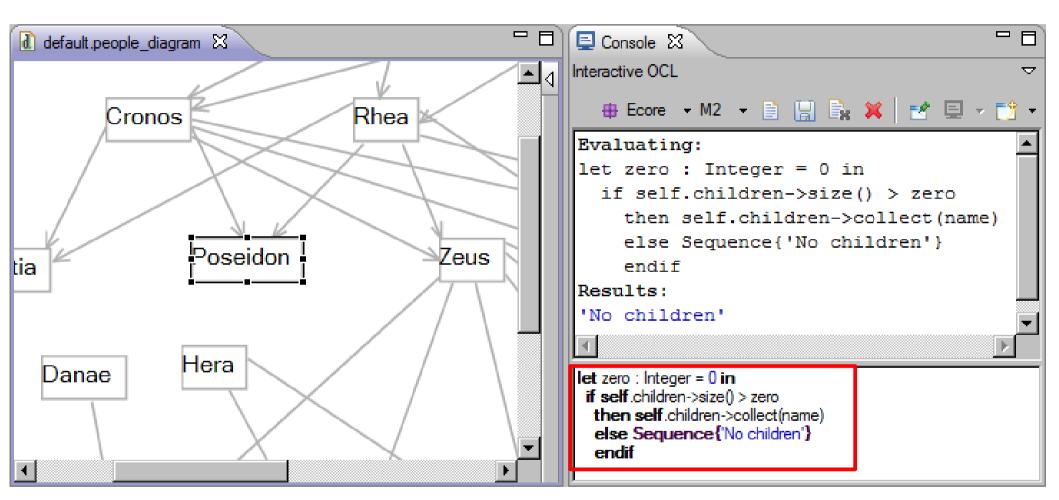
children 0..* parents 0...*
```

Person

Let Expressions

```
let jack : Person = child('Jack'),
    jill : Person = child('Jill')
in jack <> null and jill <> null
```

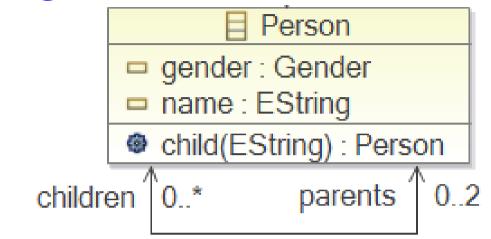
More Complex Query



Selecting *Poseidon* defines the implicit context variable

self : Person = Poseidon

Object Navigation



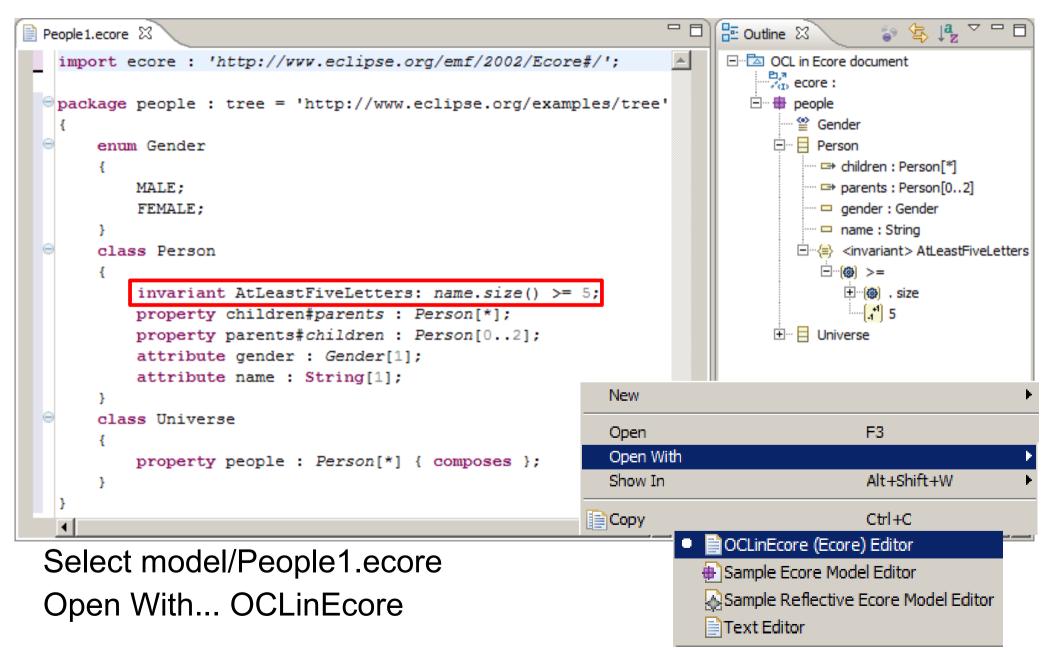
Properties

• self.name or just name (cf. this.getName() or getName())

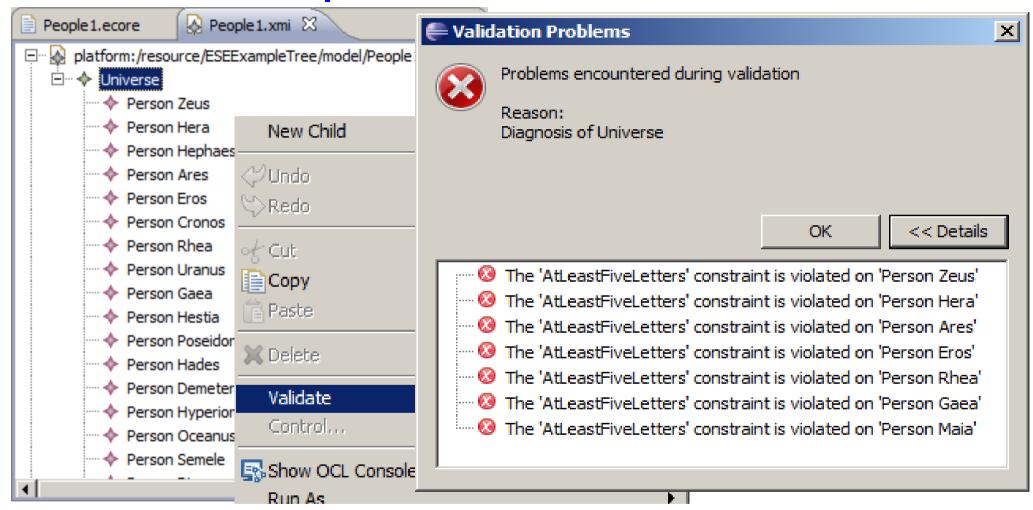
Operations

 self.child('John') or just child('John') (cf. this.child('John') or child('John'))

The OCLinEcore Editor



Example Validation Failure

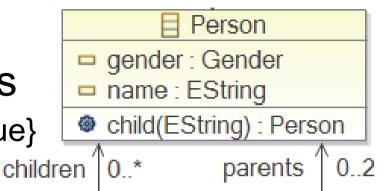


Open model/People1.xmi with Sample Ecore Editor Select Universe, Right button menu, Validate

Multiplicities and Collections

Meta-models specify multiplicities

- children : Person[*] {ordered,unique}
- parents : Person[0..2] {unique}



multiplicities are specification concepts; not objects

Implementations (e.g. Ecore) reify multiplicities

- getChildren() returns a UniqueEList<Person>
- 'many' properties have extra implementation objects
 - getName() setName(newName)
 - getChildren().get(2) getChildren().add(newChild)

OCL needs more than just UML multiplicities

OCL 2.0 Collections

Typed Collections partially reify multiplicities

Collection(T)	Unordered	Ordered
Non-Unique	Bag(T)	Sequence(T)
Unique	Set(T)	OrderedSet(T)

Collections are different to objects
Navigation from a Collection uses ->

- [Navigation from an Object (OclAny) uses .]

Collections have type parameters
Collections have useful operations
Collections have very useful iterations

Example Collection Operations

```
Collection::size()
                            self.children->size()
'get'
   Sequence::at(Integer) self.children->at(1)
      - nb 1 is the first index, size() is the last
'add'
   Collection(T)::including(T): Collection(T)

    returns a new collection with added content

'contains'
   Collection(T)::includes(T): Boolean

    tests existing content
```

Collection::select iteration

children

```
self.children
```

sons

```
self.children->select(gender = Gender::MALE)
self.children->select(child | child.gender = Gender::MALE)
self.children->select(child : Person | child.gender = Gender::MALE)
```

- select(iterator : type | body)
 - filters to select elements for which the body is true
- reject(iterator : type | body)
 - filters to reject elements for which the body is true
- cf multi-line Java loop

Collection::collect iteration

Children

```
self.children
```

Grandchildren

```
self.children->collect(children)
self.children->collect(child | child.children)
self.children->collect(child : Person | child.children)
```

- collect(iterator : type | body)
 - creates a new collection comprising all the bodies
- any, exists, forAll, isUnique, iterate, one,

OCL Navigation Operators

anObject. ...
aCollection-> ...

object navigation collection navigation

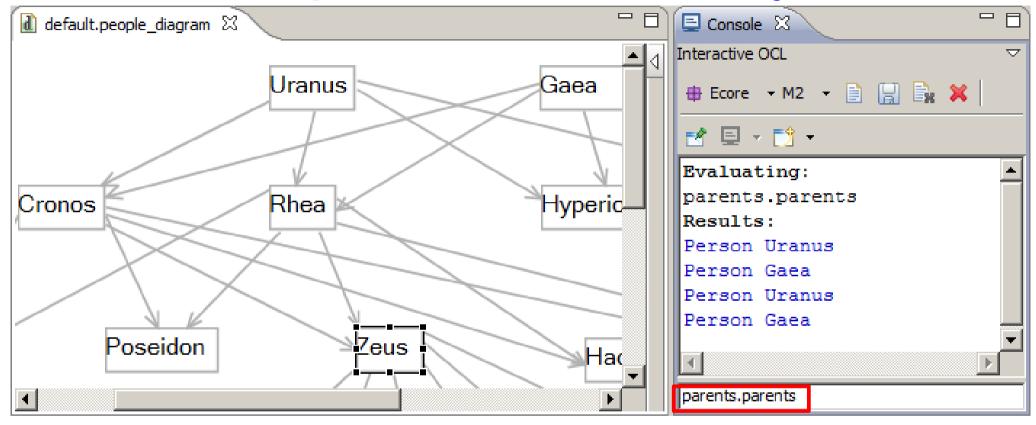
	Object	Collection
•	Navigation	?
->	?	Navigation

Shorthands

aCollection. ... anObject-> ...

implicit collection

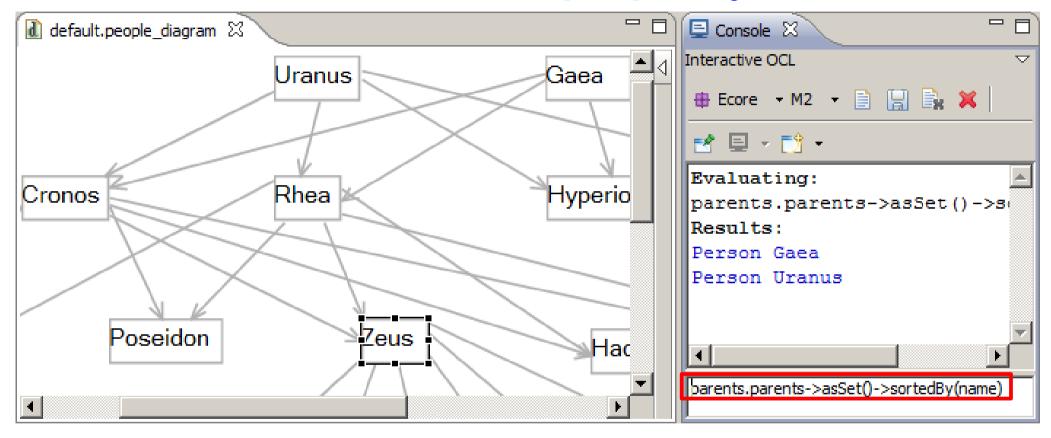
Implicit Collect Query



parents.parents = parents->collect(parents)

- 3 symbols, compared to 4 lines of Java
- 4 grandparents, but not all different!

Cleaned up query



parents.parents->asSet()->sortedBy(name)

- ->asSet() converts to Set(Person), removes duplicates
- ->sortedBy (name) alphabeticizes

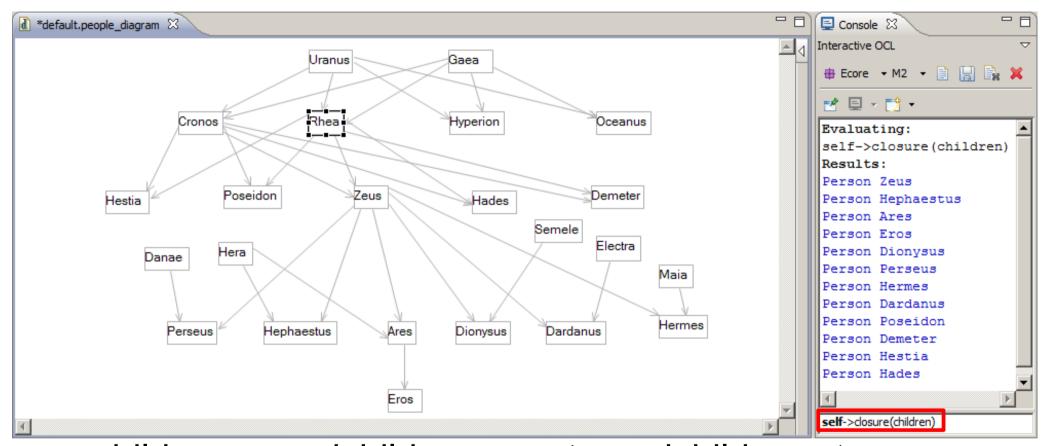
Implicit Collection Conversion

	Object	Collection
•	Navigation	Implicit collect()
->	Implicit Collection	Navigation

self->notEmpty()

- Standard OCL idiom
 - Converts self (if an object) to a Collection of self
 - If self is a defined object
 - Implicit collection is not empty true
 - If self is an undefined object (null)
 - Implicit collection is empty false
 - If self is an error (invalid)
 - Implicit collection is also an error invalid

Collection::closure iteration



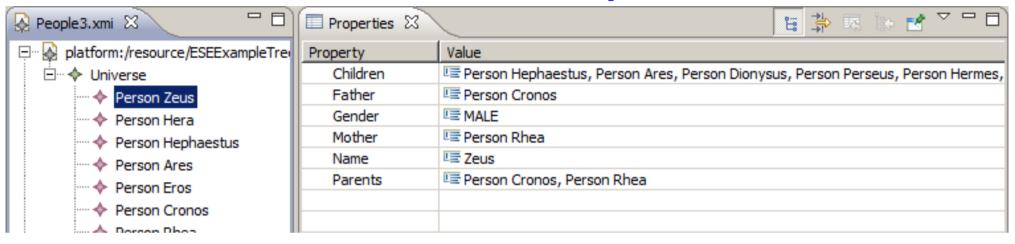
- children, grandchildren, greatgrandchildren etc self->closure(children)
- Implicit collection of self, then closure of all children
 [closure in MDT/OCL 1.2, probably in OMG OCL 2.3]

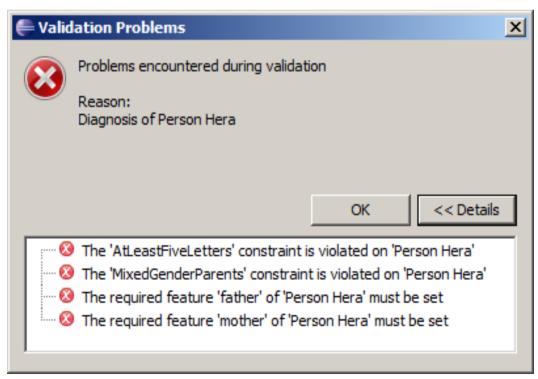
OCL as Implementation

```
class Person
   invariant AtLeastFiveLetters: name.size() >= 5;
    invariant MixedGenderParents: father <> null and mother <> null:
    invariant SelfIsNotAncestorOfSelf: self->closure(parents)->excludes(self);
   property children#parents : Person[*];
   property parents#children : Person[0..2];
    attribute gender : Gender[1];
    attribute name : String[1];
   property father : Person[1] { derived, transient, volatile }
        derivation: parents->any(c : Person | c.gender = Gender::MALE);
   property mother : Person[1] { derived, transient, volatile }
        derivation: parents->any(c : Person | c.gender = Gender::FEMALE);
    operation child(childName : String) : Person
       body: children->any(c : Person | c.name=childName);
```

any (x) iteration selects an arbitrary element for which x is true.

Derived Properties





For Hera

invariant MixedGenderParents:

father.gender <>
mother.gender;

fails because father is null and mother is null

Other OCL Capabilities

No time to mention

- Other iterators, operations
- Tuples
- Association Classes/Qualifiers
- @pre values
- Messages
- States

OMG OCL Progress

OCL 2.2 (current) Collections are objects!

- Collection conforms to OclAny
- No need for Collection/Object polymorphic operations
- Collections can mix Object/Collection content

? OCL 2.4 Specification defined by models

- Auto-generated by Acceleo
- Fix too many consistency/typo/realizability issues
- Aligned with UML 2.4, MOF 2.4, XMI 2.4

Eclipse committers active on OMG RTF

Eclipse MDT/OCL

- OMG OCL 1.x EMFT/OCL 1.0
- Original code contribution by IBM
- Java callable API
 - Parse/evaluate OCL 1.x against Ecore meta-models

OMG OCL 2.0 MDT/OCL 1.2

- Ecore or UML meta-models
- OCL 2.0 (in so far as possible)
- Example Interactive Console

- OMG OCL 2.2 MDT/OCL 3.0
- towards OCL 2.2
- Example Xtext editors (Ecore only)

Validation History

Use of OCL to define model validation

Eclipse 3.2

- EMF Validation Framework
 - Embed OCL in XML CDATA

Eclipse 3.3

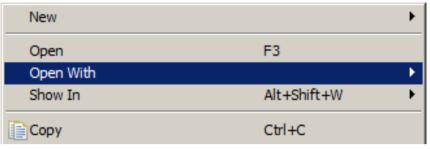
- EMF, OCL EAnnotations
 - Embed OCL in EAnnotation
 - Genmodel to integrate

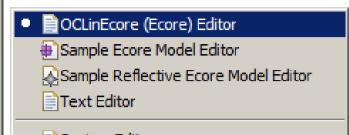
Eclipse 3.6 EMF 2.6 MDT/OCL 3.0

- Delegates
 - Embed OCL in EAnnotation
 - EObject.eInvoke() for dynamic invocation
 - OCLinEcore editor for semi-validated editing

OCLinEcore Editor



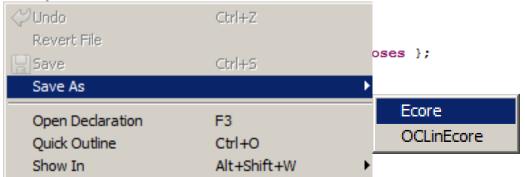




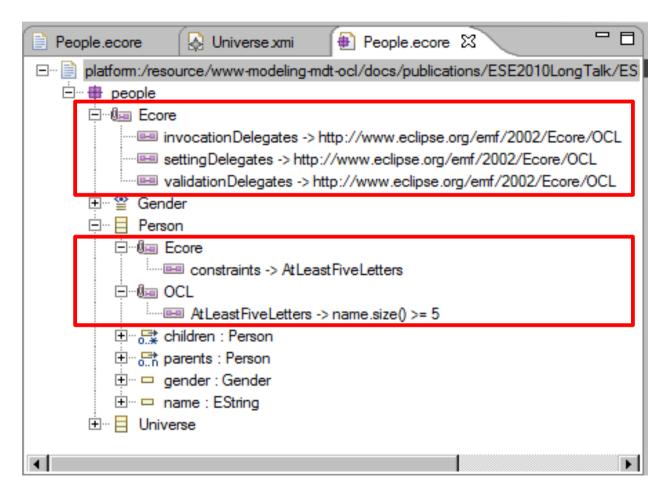
- Open with -> OCLinEcore
- Save As *.ecore
 - Loses formatting and comments
- Save As *.oclinecore
 - Text file preserves comments
- Useful for plain Ecore too:
 - Printable/reviewable text
 - Searchable/replaceable text

package people : tree = 'http://www.eclipse.org/examples/tree'

```
invariant AtLeastFiveLetters: name.size() >= 5;
property children#parents : Person[*];
property parents#children : Person[0..2];
attribute gender : Gender[1];
attribute name : String[1];
```



Validation in Sample Ecore Editor



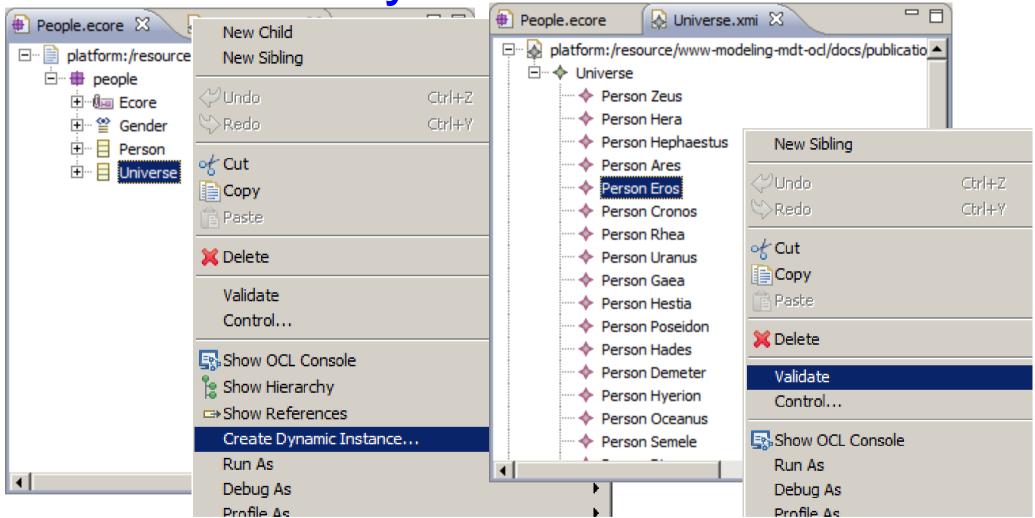
OCLinEcore editor maintains EAnnotations automatically OCLinEcore editor provides OCL syntax checking OCLinEcore editor will provide OCL semantic checking

(Example) Tools and Tips

OCLinEcore editor for Ecore/embedded OCL CompleteOCL editor for OCL documents EssentialOCL editor for OCL Expressions (Papyrus) OCL Interactive Console

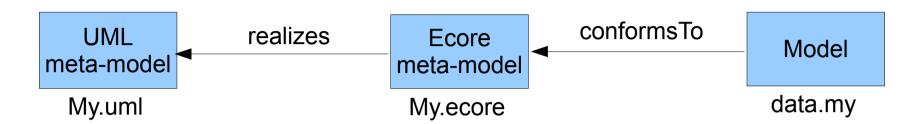
- Invaluable ability to practice non-trivial expressions
- Page Up/Page Down to reuse expressions

Meta-model reload after change Genmodel settings for embedded OCL **EMF Dynamic Instances**



Create/update Ecore meta-model Create XMI instance of EClass in meta-model Update XMI model, validate OCL constraints

Meta-model Update



Edit UML/Ecore meta-model in UML/Ecore editor

- manual export of UML to Ecore in workspace
- manual save of Ecore to workspace

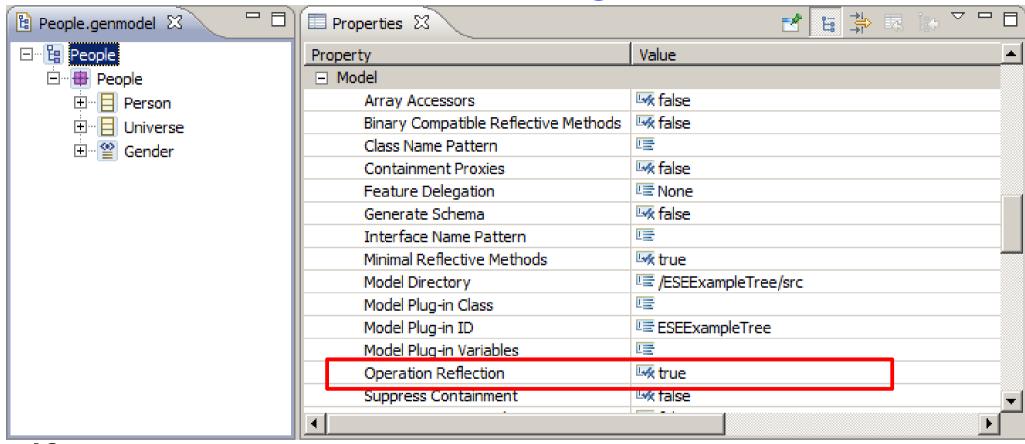
Create Dynamic Instance/Load Model in editor

validate/evaluate OCL constraints

EMF does not support meta-model mutation

- Model.eClass() reverts to an unresolved proxy
- must exit and re-enter model editor

Genmodel settings for OCL



If not set to true

- MDT/OCL 3.0.0 OCL operation bodies not invoked
- MDT/OCL 3.0.1 Error Log as dynamic fallback used

Eclipse MDT/OCL Futures

3.1 Core (Indigo)

Minor maintenance

3.1 Examples (Indigo)

- New Ecore/UML blind pivot meta-model
- Extensible modelled Standard Library
- Xtext editors
- Super-compliant anticipating OMG OCL resolutions

4.0 Core + Tools + Examples (Indigo+1)

- 3.1 Examples promoted to Core or Tools
 - preserved external APIs, significant revision of internal APIs
- OCL to Java code generation

Which OCL Use Cases work When

	Validate	Evaluate	Console	Editor
Static Java For Ecore	1.0	1.0	1.0 Examples	3.0 Examples
Static Java For UML	1.2	1.2	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples
Complete OCL For Ecore	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples	3.0 Examples
Complete OCL For UML	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples
Embedded OCL in Ecore	3.0	3.0	3.0 Examples	3.0 Examples
Embedded OCL in UML	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples	3.1 Examples

Released in Helios Example functionality in Helios Example functionality in Indigo, release in Indigo+1

OCL 'Standard' Library

Problems: OMG

- library is not a model
- uses non-UML concepts (Iterator)
- no reflection for OclAny::oclType()

Problems: MDT/OCL

- hard coded, difficult to extend
- UML/Ecore differences, long generic template lists
- Ecore/EMOF discrepancies : EClass/Class

Solution: OMG

library is a model defined by the new OCL meta-model

Benefit: MDT/OCL

- variants, extensible, unified, compliant

OCL Models

Problems: OMG

- OCL is not fully UML-aligned
- OCL modifies UML models (OclAny)
- Complete OCL modifies UML models
- OCL requires a modified sub-UML @ run-time

Problems: MDT/OCL

- UML/Ecore implementation differences, Ecore extension
- Ecore/EMOF discrepancies

Solution: OMG

- Pivot meta-model defines UML @ run-time
- Pivot model realises OCL-defined merges

Benefit: MDT/OCL

unified, compliant, Ecore/EMOF hidden

Evaluation

Problems: MDT/OCL:

- OCL interpreted by Java
- OperationCallExp visit is very inefficient
- Slightly hard to extend for QVTo, Acceleo
- OCL within genmodelled Java is just a String
 - significant first time parsing costs

Solution: MDT/OCL

- OCL to Java code generation
- Library model references a Java class per feature
- Code efficiency

Benefit: MDT/OCL

- extensible, faster (10 to 100 times ... iteration strategies)
- Java in genmodelled Java

Beyond OCL

OMG OCL is a powerful expression language

- Declarative, First Order Predicate Calculus/Logic
- Model-oriented, UML navigation, multiplicities, ...

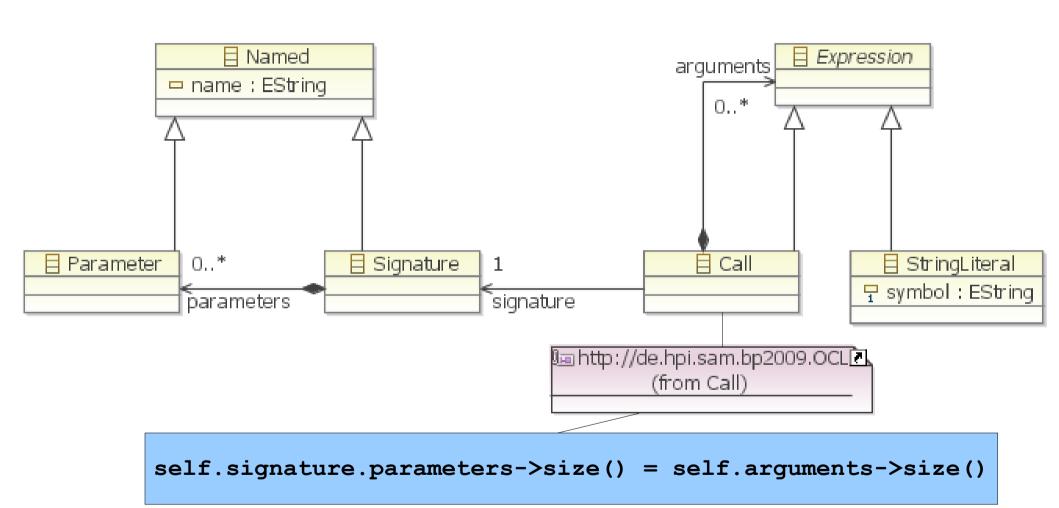
Formal language supports formal analysis analysis supports optimisation

OCL's usefulness calls for scalable implementation

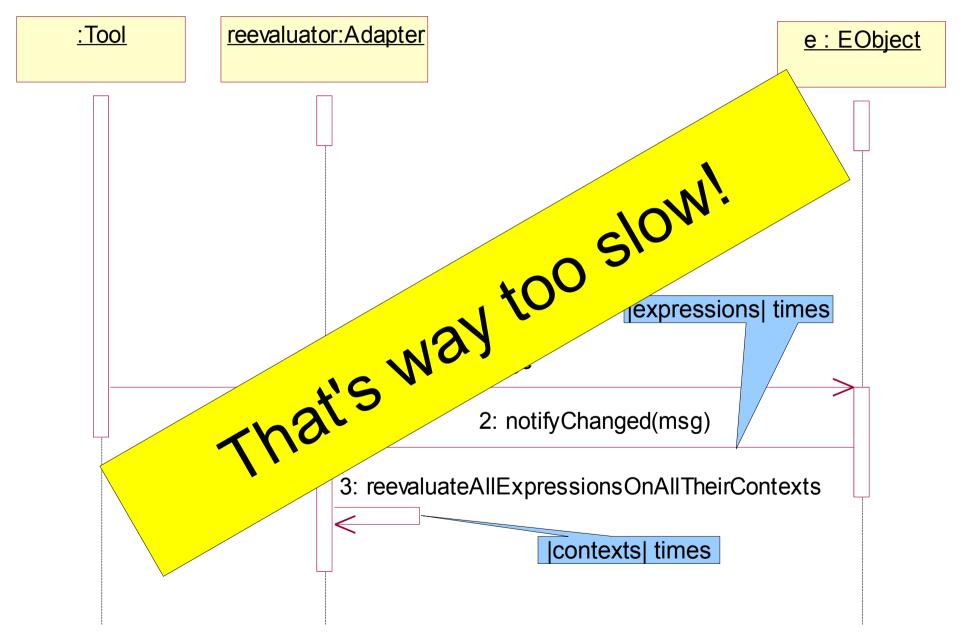
The Re-Evaluation Problem

- A set of OCL expressions
- A set of model elements
- A model change notification
- Which of the OCL expressions may have changed its value on which context elements?
- Naïve approach
 - re-evaluate all expressions for all their contexts
 - takes O(|expressions| * |modelElements|)

Example



Naïve Re-Evaluation Sequence



Idea: Find out from Notification which OCLExpressions may have changed

Example: OCLExpression

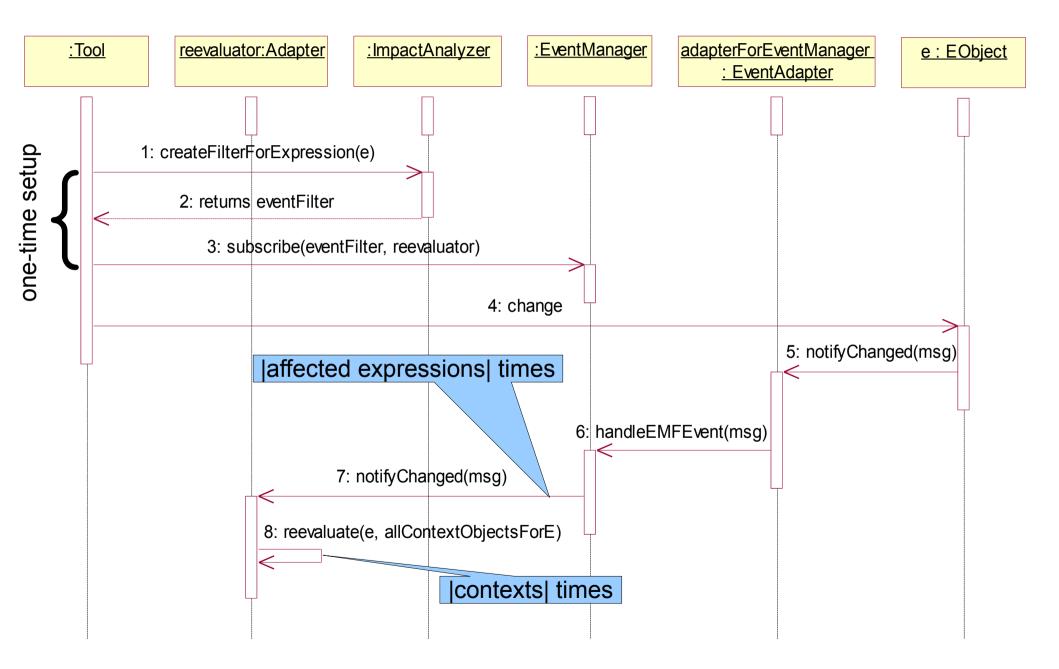
```
self.arguments->size() = self.signature.parameters->size()
```

generates Notification filter

Many expressions cause

- many adapters
- with one (often non-trivial) Notification filter each
- which need evaluation for each change Notification

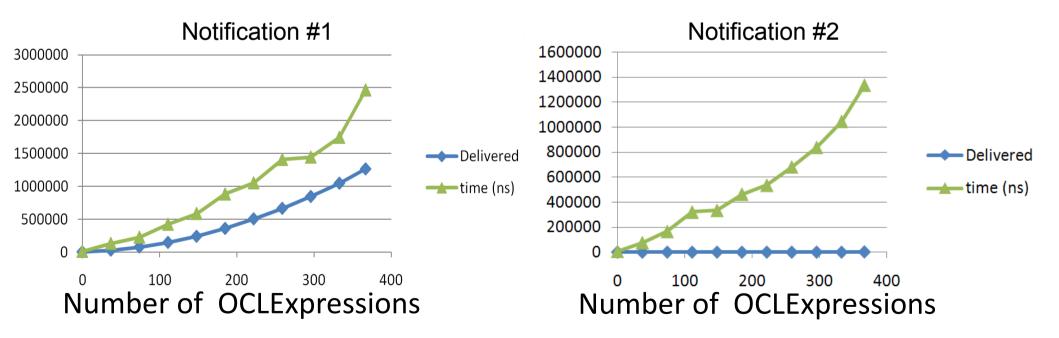
Filter Events for OCLExpressions



Scaling up Event Filtering

Effort for event propagation still O(|expressions|)

slowed down even if no Notification delivered



Idea: Use HashMaps

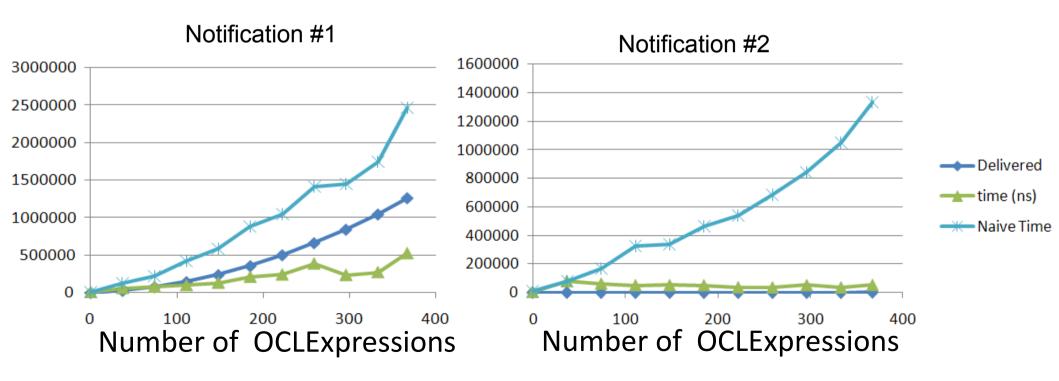
to map Notification to Set<Adapter>



	notifier.eClass() conforms to	Set <adapter> interested</adapter>
	Parameter	[a1, a7, a15]
Natification	Signature	[a1, a3, a9]
Notification: - notifier	•••	
- oldValue		
- newValue	•	
featureeventType	feature	Set <adapter> interested</adapter>
	NamedElement.name	[a3, a9, a14]
	Call.signature	[a7, a15]

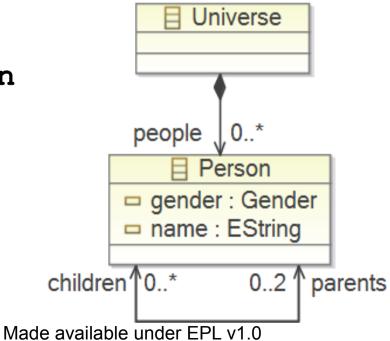
Effects of HashMap-Based Eventing

Faster delivery for Notifications matched by event filters No time increase for expressions whose filters don't match a Notification

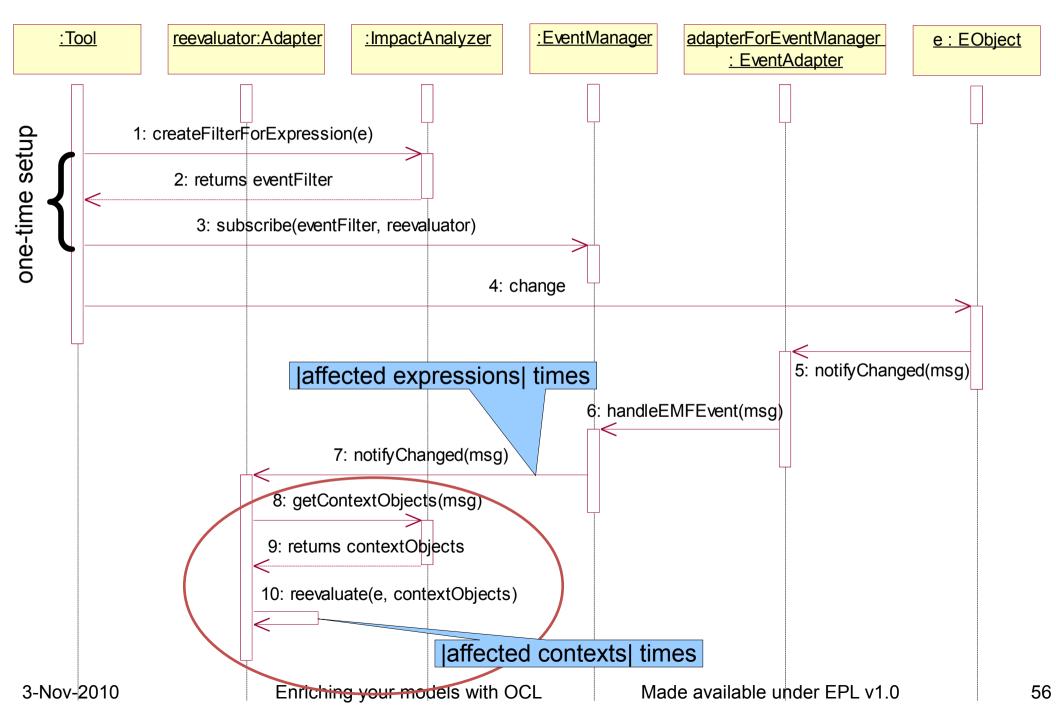


Reducing Contexts for Re-Evaluation

- Use partial evaluation to prove value unchanged
 - self.name='abc' not affected by name change from 'x' to 'y'
- Use Notification object (notifier, oldValue, newValue) to navigate "backwards" to affected context objects
 - self.children.children.name
 - change attribute name on x:Person
 - contexts for re-evaluation:
 - x.parents.parents
- Tricky for iterators and recursive operations, but solved.



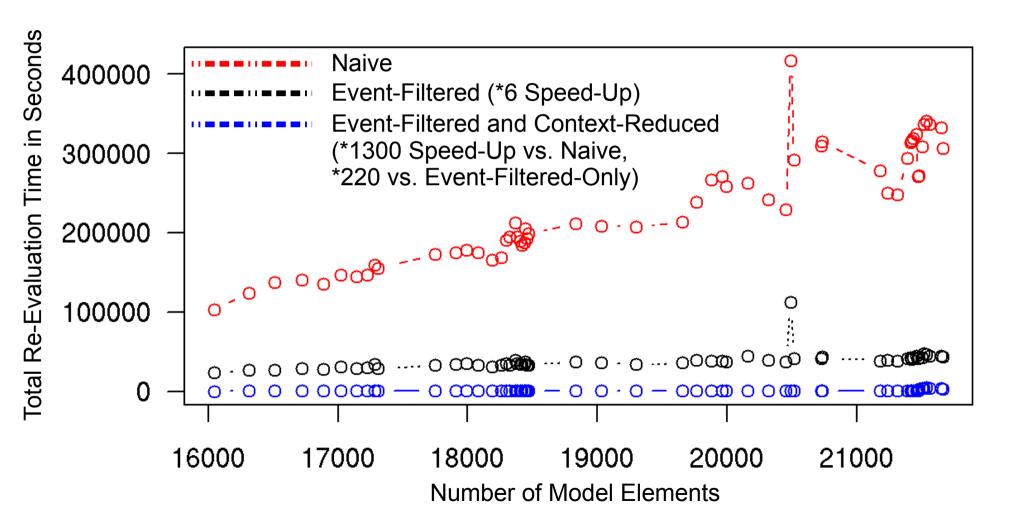
Reduce Set of Context Elements



API Usage Example

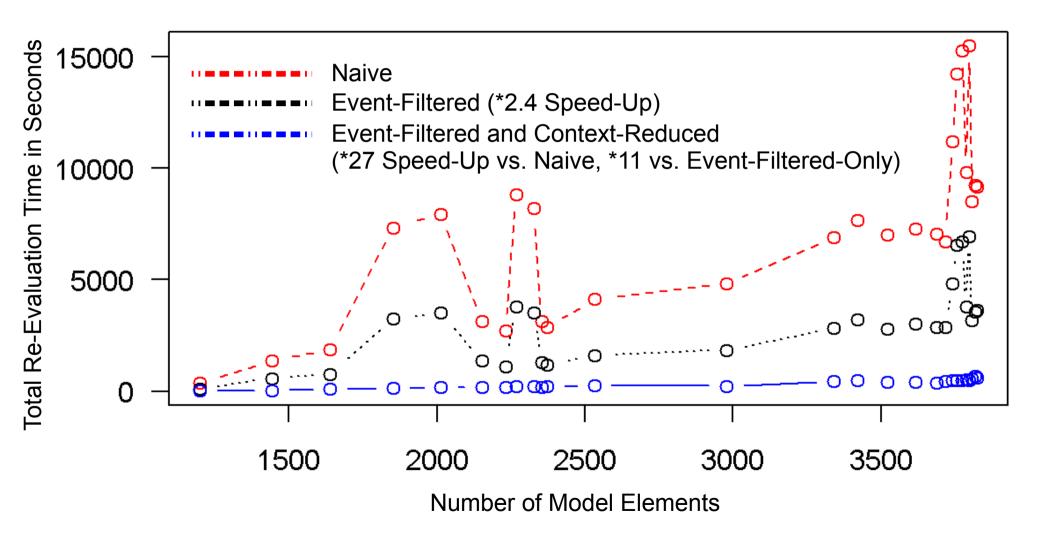
```
EventManager eventManager =
                EventManagerFactory.eINSTANCE.createEventManagerFor(
                                              editingDomain.getResourceSet());
 final OCLExpression invariant = OCL.newInstance().createOCLHelper().
        createQuery("self.signature.parameters->size() = self.arguments->size()");
 final ImpactAnalyzer impactAnalyzer =
        ImpactAnalyzerFactory. INSTANCE createImpactAnalyzer(invariant,
                /* notifyOnNewContextElements */ true, oppositeEndFinder)
 Adapter adapter = new AdapterImpl() {
    @Override
    public void notifyChanged(Notification msg) {
       // revalidate invariant on context objects delivered by impact analysis:
       Collection < EObject > revalidateOn = impactAnalyzer.getContextObjects(msg):>
       if (revalidateOn != null && !revalidateOn.isEmpty()) {
           revalidate(invariant, revalidateOn);
 };
eventManager.subscribe(impactAnalyzer.createFilterForExpression(), adapter);
```

Benchmark Context Reduction (Average Case)



Benchmark Context Reduction (Worst Case)

(apply changes to very central elements, referenced by all other model packages)



Summary

MDT/OCL originally focussed on Java API Interactive Modeling Tools require OCL IDE

• EMF, Xtext, Acceleo, QVTo, OCL support richer OCL development environment

Extensibility required by QVTo, Acceleo Efficiency required for serious use IDE starting to appear

Console, Editors

Expect/Demand much more Contributions welcome

OCL Resources

- OCL 2.2 Specification http://www.omg.org/spec/OCL/2.2
 - Clause 7 is quite readable (many typos)
- The Object Constraint Language: Getting Your Models Ready For MDA Jos B. Warmer, Anneke Kleppe
- Eclipse MDT/OCL project
 http://www.eclipse.org/projects/project_summary.php?projectid=modeling.mdt.ocl
- Impact analysis

SVN: https://www.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/giese/gforge/svn/bp2009

Accounts: https://www.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/giese/gforge/