# Enriching Your Models with OCL

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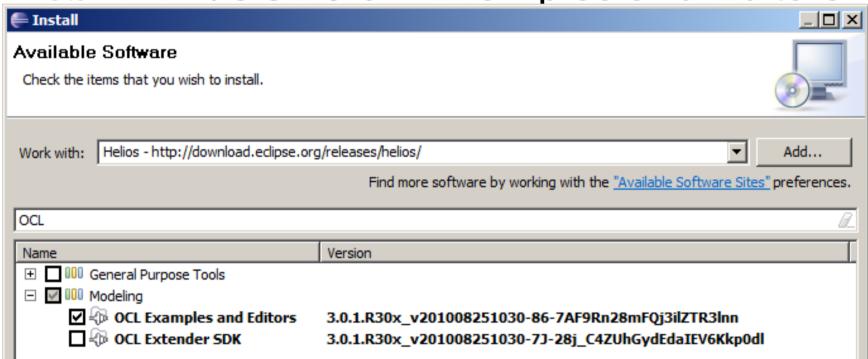
### Overview

- Why and When OCL
- Introduction to OCL
- OCL within Eclipse
- OCL Use Cases, coming soon
- OCL application at SAP

### Follow Along

http://www.eclipsecon.org/summiteurope2010/sessions/?page=sessions&id=1710 links to slides and to zip file comprising, model,edit,editor,diagram projects

Install MDT/OCL 3.0.1 Examples and Editors



- Import ... Existing Projects from Archive
  - ESEExampleTree/model/People1.ecore
- Run nested Eclipse, Import ESEExampleTree
  - ESEExampleTree/model/default.people\_diagram

#### How Much OCL?

#### None

- Very simple modeling
- Java augmented modeling

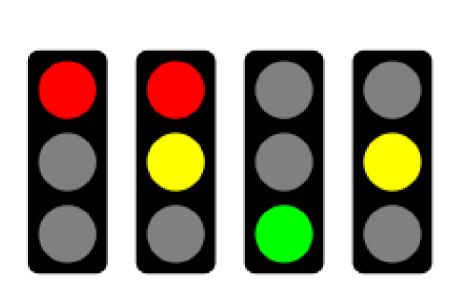
#### A little

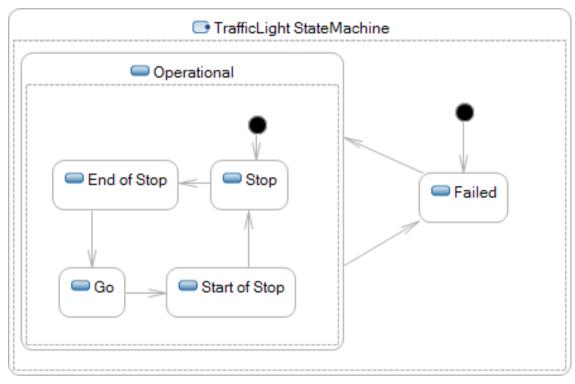
OCL (and Java) augmented modeling

#### A lot

- OCL as a powerful formal specification language
  - OMG's UML, OCL, QVT, ... specifications
- OCL as the foundation of a transformation language
  - MOFM2T (Acceleo), QVT
- OCL as a portable implementation language

### **UML State Machines**





- Need to specify behavior
  - amber when End of Stop or Start of Stop
  - transition when signal received/time elapsed

### **UML Solutions**

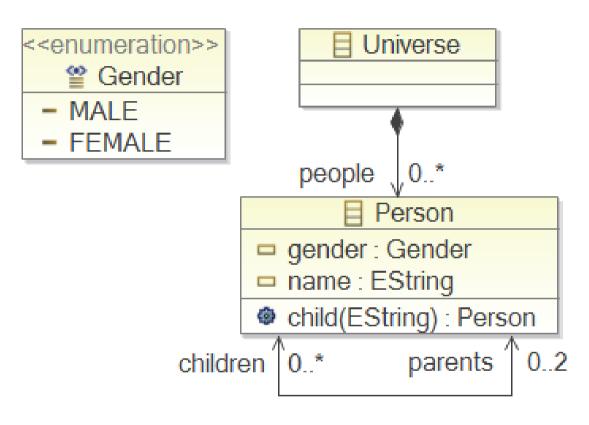
#### UML 1.x Use your favourite programming language

- Ada/C/...
- Magically inserted by proprietary code generator

#### UML 2.x Use a neutral specification language

- The Object Constraint Language
  - State machine guards/actions
  - Class invariants
  - Operation bodies, pre/post conditions
  - Property initial/derived values

# Simple Meta-Modeling



Example Family Tree Meta-Model Ecore Diagram (similar to UML Class Diagram)

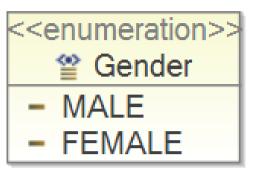
#### **Graphics**

- Box
  - Class, enumeration
- Compartment
  - Property, operation
- Line
  - Association
- Decoration
  - Composition, navigability

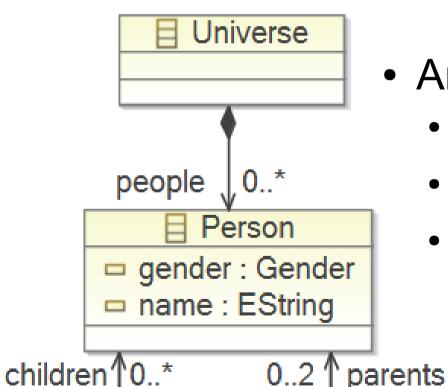
#### **Text**

- Name, type, stereotype
- Multiplicity

### Richer Meta-Modelling

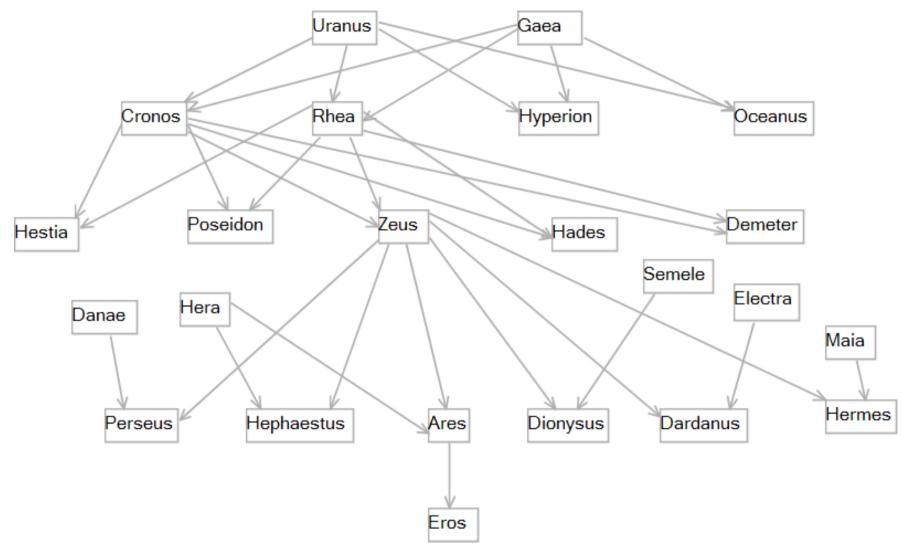


- Implicit constraints
  - Up to 2 parents
  - MALE/FEMALE gender



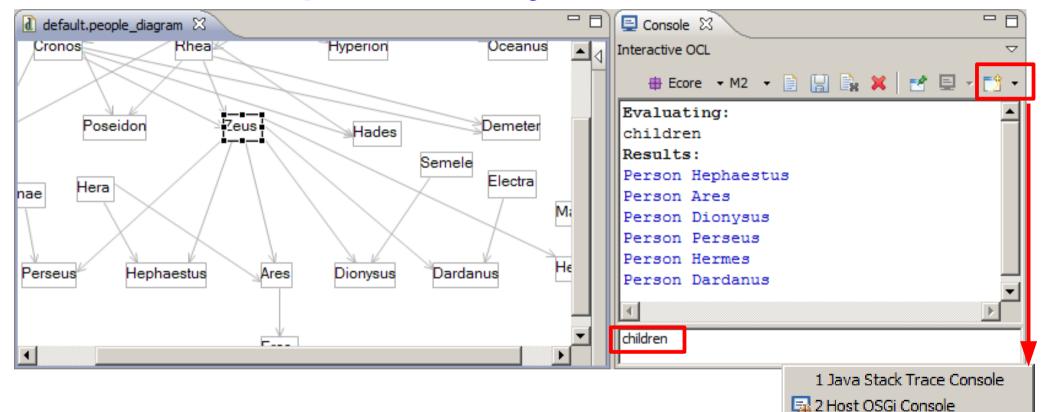
- Arbitrary constraints
  - At least 5 characters in name
  - 1 MALE, 1 FEMALE parent
  - Self is not an ancestor of self

# **Example Family Tree Model**



### Simple GMF Diagram Editor

# Simple Query Evaluation



Window->Show View->Other... Console Console: New: Interactive OCL

Select Zeus as the Model Context (in any model editor)

Type children then carriage return

3 CVS

4 New Console View

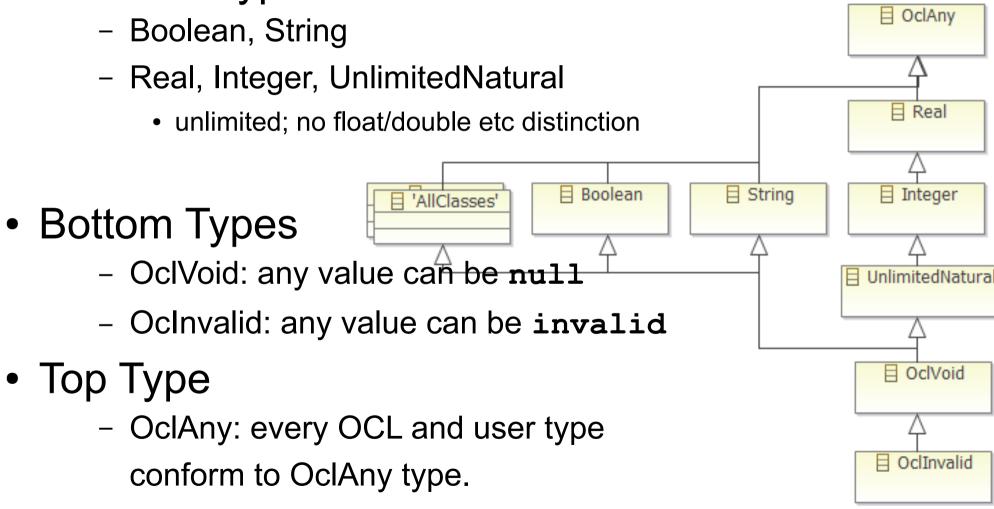
5 Interactive OCL

### **OCL** Principles

- Natural/Formal Language compromise
  - natural language error prone
  - formal language unapproachable to many
- Specification (not Programming) Language
  - declarative, modeling language
  - side effect free, no model changes, atomic execution
  - strongly typed, using UML generalization
  - free from implementation issues

# **OCL Object Types**

Primitive Types



### **Mathematical Operators**

```
Infix:
           +, -, *, /
           and, or, xor, implies
           =, <>, <, >, <=, >=
Prefix: not, -
     4.0 * -5
      'a' + 'b'
Operators: mod, div, max, min, ...
     4.max(5)
```

# **OCL Expressions**

If Expressions

```
if gender = Gender::MALE
then 'he'
else 'she'
endif
```

Person

child(EString) : Person

gender : Gender

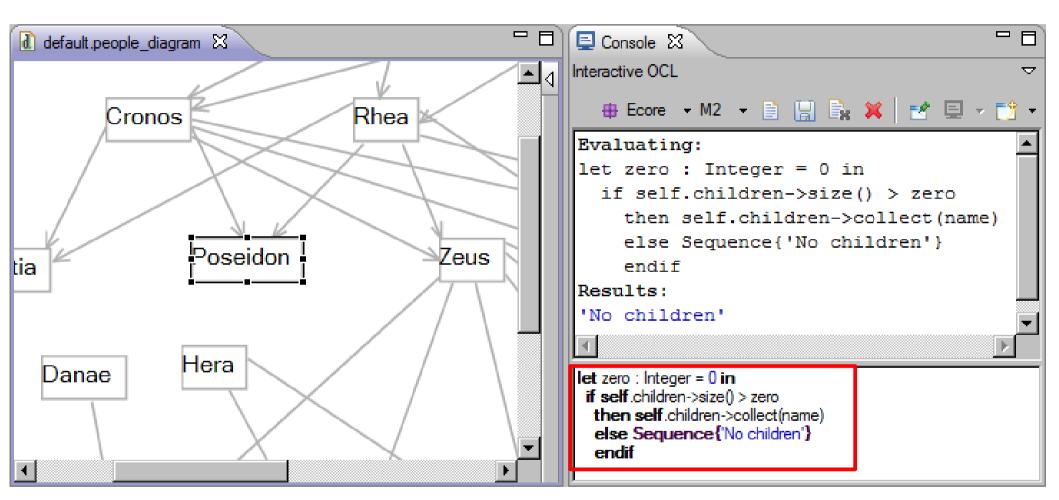
name : EString

Let Expressions

```
let jack : Person
    jill : Person = child('Jill')
in jack <> null and jill <> null
```

children

### More Complex Query



Selecting *Poseidon* defines the implicit context variable

self : Person = Poseidon

# **Object Navigation**

☐ Person
☐ gender : Gender
☐ name : EString
☐ child(EString) : Person

children 0..\* parents 0..2

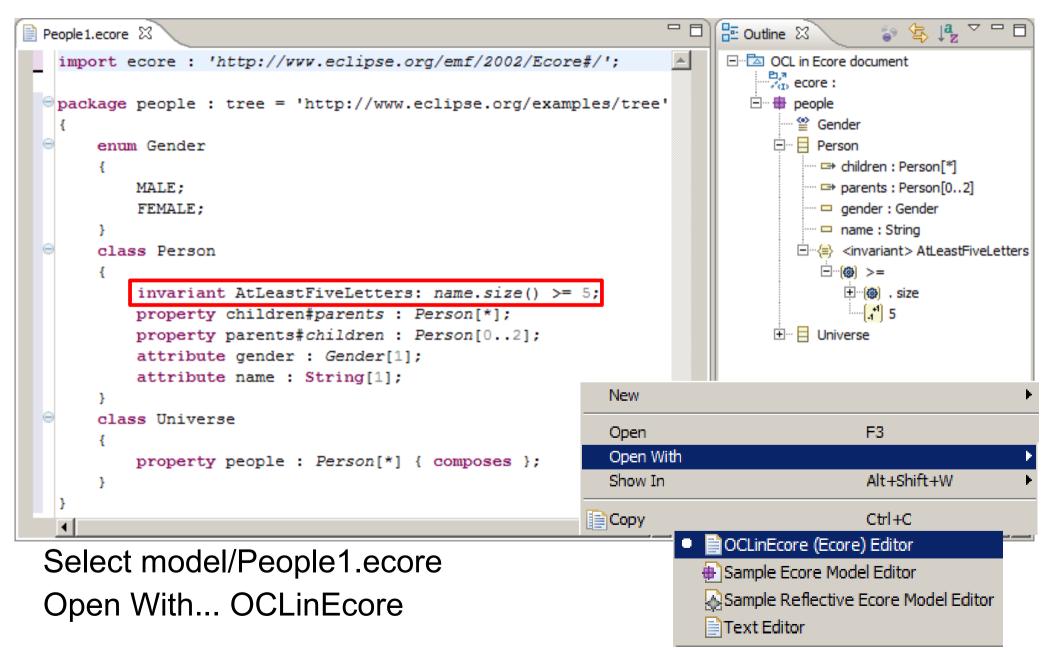
#### **Properties**

self.name or just name
 (cf. this.getName() or getName())

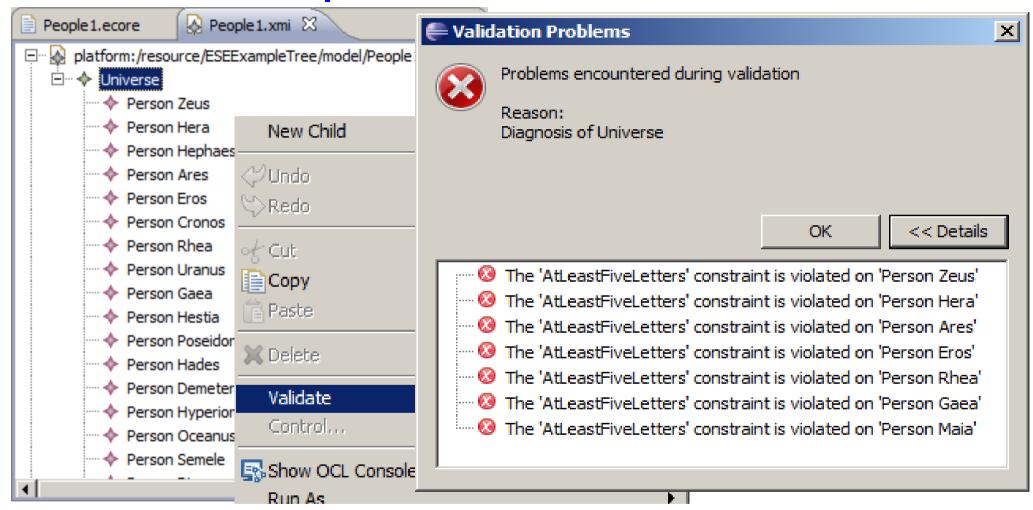
#### **Operations**

self.child('John') or just child('John')
 (cf. this.child('John') or child('John'))

### The OCLinEcore Editor



### **Example Validation Failure**



Open model/People1.xmi with Sample Ecore Editor Select Universe, Right button menu, Validate

### Multiplicities and Collections

#### Meta-models specify multiplicities

- children : Person[\*] {ordered,unique}
- parents : Person[0..2] {unique}

- ☐ Person
  ☐ gender : Gender
  ☐ name : EString
  ② child(EString) : Person
- multiplicities are specification concepts; not objects

#### Implementations (e.g. Ecore) reify multiplicities

- getChildren() returns a UniqueEList<Person>
- 'many' properties have extra implementation objects
  - getName()setName(newName)
  - getChildren().get(2)getChildren().add(newChild)

#### OCL needs more than just UML multiplicities

### OCL 2.0 Collections

#### Typed Collections partially reify multiplicities

| Collection(T) | Unordered | Ordered       |
|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| Non-Unique    | Bag(T)    | Sequence(T)   |
| Unique        | Set(T)    | OrderedSet(T) |

Collections are different to objects

Navigation from a Collection uses ->

- [Navigation from an Object (OclAny) uses .]

Collections have type parameters
Collections have useful operations
Collections have very useful iterations

### **Example Collection Operations**

```
Collection::size()
                            self.children->size()
'get'
   Sequence::at(Integer) self.children->at(1)
      - nb 1 is the first index, size() is the last
'add'
   Collection(T)::including(T): Collection(T)

    returns a new collection with added content

'contains'
   Collection(T)::includes(T): Boolean

    tests existing content
```

### Collection::select iteration

children

```
self.children
```

sons

```
self.children->select(gender = Gender::MALE)
self.children->select(child | child.gender = Gender::MALE)
self.children->select(child : Person | child.gender = Gender::MALE)
```

- select(iterator : type | body)
  - filters to select elements for which the body is true
- reject(iterator : type | body)
  - filters to reject elements for which the body is true
- cf multi-line Java loop

### Collection::collect iteration

Children

```
self.children
```

Grandchildren

```
self.children->collect(children)
self.children->collect(child | child.children)
self.children->collect(child : Person | child.children)
```

- collect(iterator : type | body)
  - creates a new collection comprising all the bodies
- any, exists, forAll, isUnique, iterate, one,

# **OCL Navigation Operators**

anObject. ...
aCollection-> ...

object navigation collection navigation

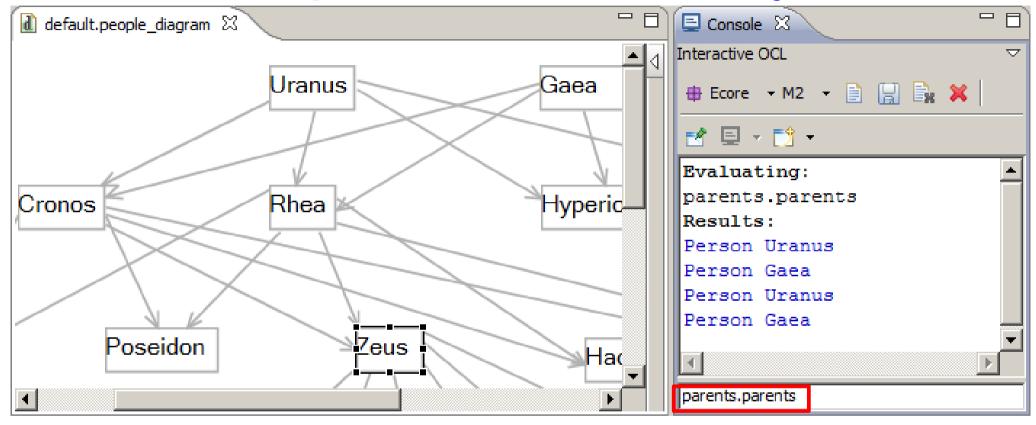
|    | Object     | Collection |
|----|------------|------------|
| •  | Navigation | ?          |
| -> | ?          | Navigation |

### **Shorthands**

aCollection. ... anObject-> ...

implicit collection

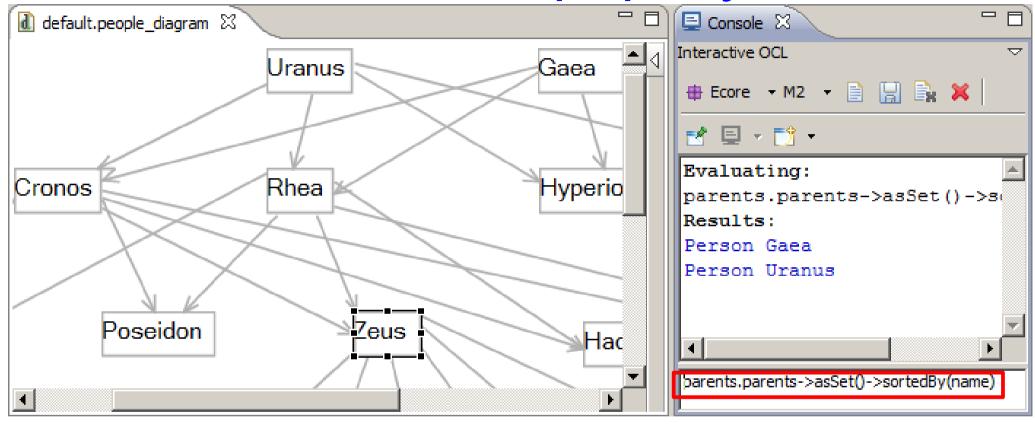
### Implicit Collect Query



parents.parents = parents->collect(parents)

- 3 symbols, compared to 4 lines of Java
- 4 grandparents, but not all different!

### Cleaned up query



parents.parents->asSet()->sortedBy(name)

- ->asSet() converts Bag(Person) to Set(Person), removes duplicates
- ->sortedBy (name) alphabeticizes

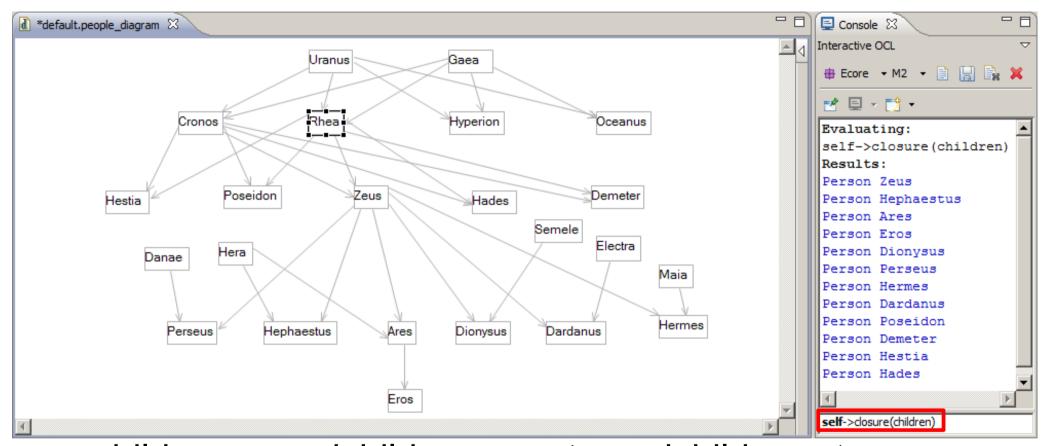
### Implicit Collection Conversion

|    | Object              | Collection         |
|----|---------------------|--------------------|
| •  | Navigation          | Implicit collect() |
| -> | Implicit Collection | Navigation         |

#### self->notEmpty()

- Standard OCL idiom
  - Converts self (if an object) to a Collection of self
  - If self is a defined object
    - Implicit collection is not empty true
  - If self is an undefined object (null)
    - Implicit collection is empty false
  - If self is an error (invalid)
    - Implicit collection is also an error invalid

### Collection::closure iteration



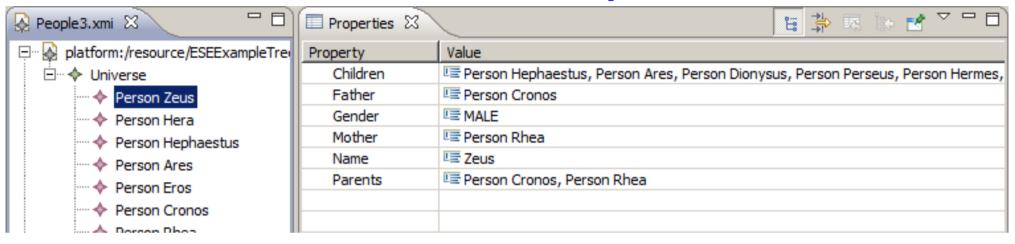
- children, grandchildren, greatgrandchildren etc self->closure(children)
- Implicit collection of self, then closure of all children
   [ closure in MDT/OCL 1.2, probably in OMG OCL 2.3 ]

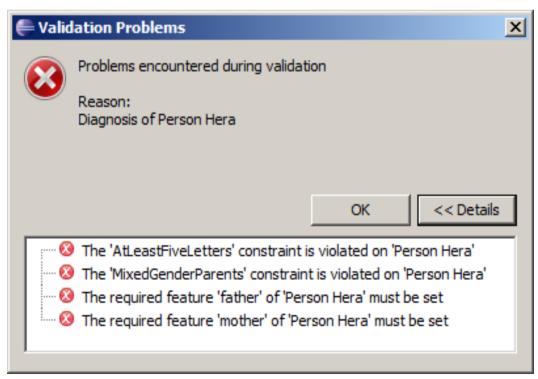
### OCL as Implementation

```
class Person
   invariant AtLeastFiveLetters: name.size() >= 5;
    invariant MixedGenderParents: father <> null and mother <> null:
    invariant SelfIsNotAncestorOfSelf: self->closure(parents)->excludes(self);
   property children#parents : Person[*];
   property parents#children : Person[0..2];
    attribute gender : Gender[1];
    attribute name : String[1];
   property father : Person[1] { derived, transient, volatile }
        derivation: parents->any(c : Person | c.gender = Gender::MALE);
   property mother : Person[1] { derived, transient, volatile }
        derivation: parents->any(c : Person | c.gender = Gender::FEMALE);
    operation child(childName : String) : Person
       body: children->any(c : Person | c.name=childName);
```

any (x) iteration selects an arbitrary element for which x is true.

### **Derived Properties**





#### For Hera

invariant MixedGenderParents:

father.gender <>
mother.gender;

fails because father is null and mother is null

### Other OCL Capabilities

#### No time to mention

- Other iterators, operations
- Tuples
- Association Classes/Qualifiers
- @pre values
- Messages
- States

# **OMG OCL Progress**

#### OCL 2.2 (current) Collections are objects!

- Collection conforms to OclAny
- No need for Collection/Object polymorphic operations
- Collections can mix Object/Collection content

#### ? OCL 2.4 Specification defined by models

- Auto-generated by Acceleo
- Fix too many consistency/typo/realizability issues
- Aligned with UML 2.4, MOF 2.4, XMI 2.4

#### Eclipse committers active on OMG RTF

# Eclipse MDT/OCL

#### Original code contribution by IBM

- Java callable API
  - Parse/evaluate OCL 1.x against Ecore meta-models

#### Eclipse evolution: MDT/OCL 1.x

- Ecore or UML meta-models
- OCL 2.0 (in so far as possible)
- Example Interactive Console

#### Eclipse evolution: MDT/OCL 3.x

Example Xtext editors (Ecore only)

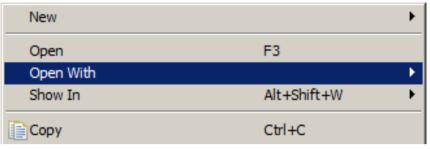
### Validation History

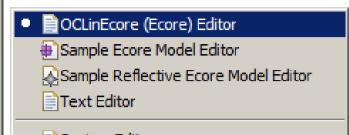
#### Use of OCL to define model validation

- Eclipse 3.2 EMF Validation Framework
  - Embed OCL in XML CDATA
- Eclipse 3.3 EMF, OCL EAnnotations
  - Embed OCL in EAnnotation
  - Genmodel to integrate
- Eclipse 3.6, EMF 2.6, OCL 3.0 Delegates
  - Embed OCL in EAnnotation
  - EObject.eInvoke() for dynamic invocation
  - OCLinEcore editor for semi-validated editing

### OCLinEcore Editor



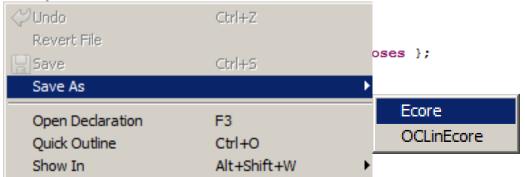




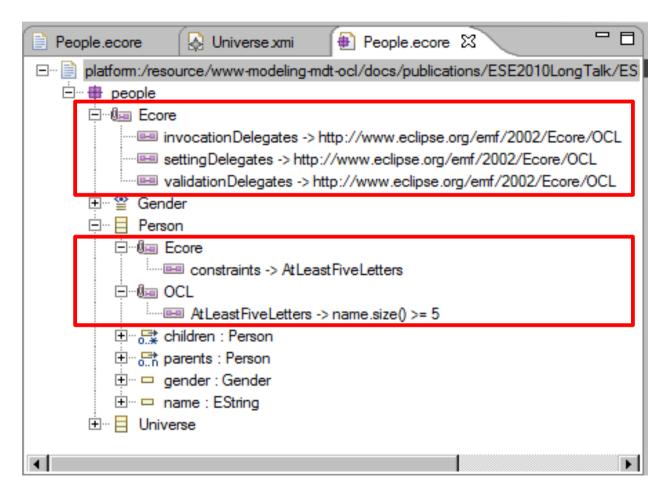
- Open with -> OCLinEcore
- Save As \*.ecore
  - Loses formatting and comments Person
- Save As \*.oclinecore
  - Text file preserves comments
- Useful for plain Ecore too:
  - Printable/reviewable text
  - Searchable/replaceable text

package people : tree = 'http://www.eclipse.org/examples/tree'

```
invariant AtLeastFiveLetters: name.size() >= 5;
property children#parents : Person[*];
property parents#children : Person[0..2];
attribute gender : Gender[1];
attribute name : String[1];
```



### Validation in Sample Ecore Editor



OCLinEcore editor maintains EAnnotations automatically OCLinEcore editor provides OCL syntax checking OCLinEcore editor will provide OCL semantic checking

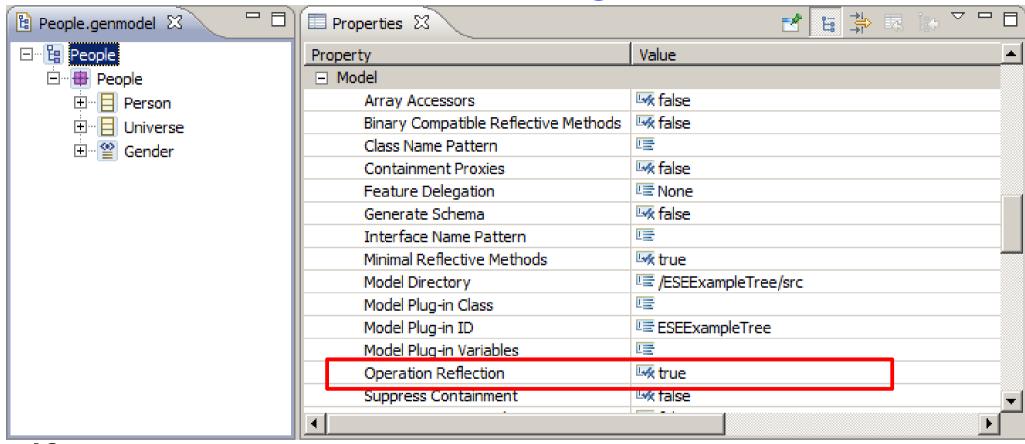
# (Example) Tools and Tips

OCLinEcore editor for Ecore/embedded OCL CompleteOCL editor for OCL documents EssentialOCL editor for OCL Expressions (Papyrus) OCL Interactive Console

- Invaluable ability to practice non-trivial expressions
- Page Up/Page Down to reuse expressions

Genmodel settings for embedded OCL Meta-model reload after change

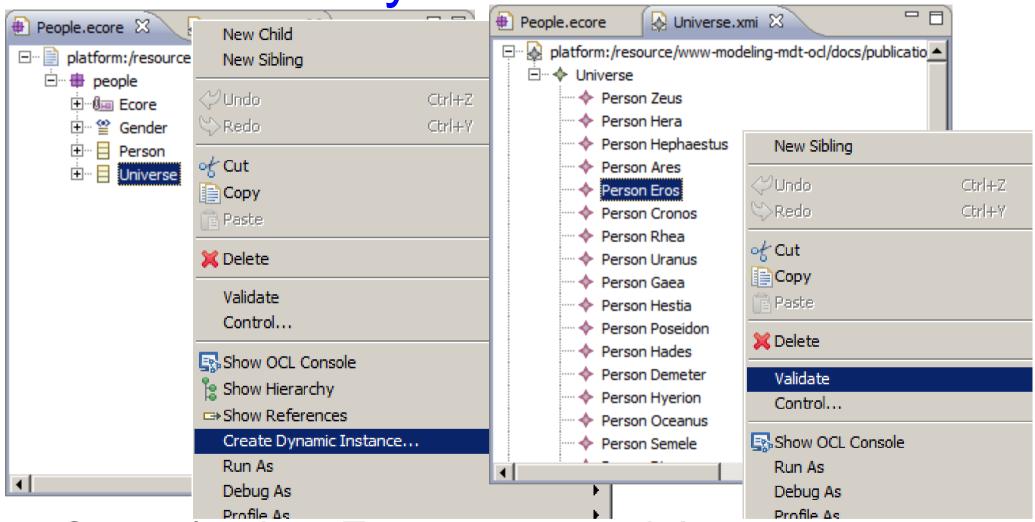
# Genmodel settings for OCL



#### If not set to true

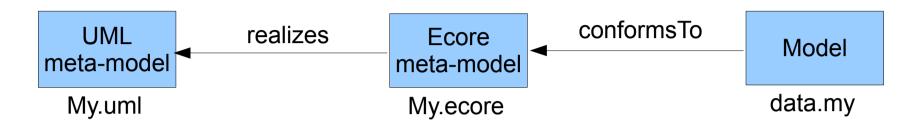
- MDT/OCL 3.0.0 OCL operation bodies not invoked
- MDT/OCL 3.0.1 Error Log as dynamic fallback used

**EMF Dynamic Instances** 



Create/update Ecore meta-model Create XMI instance of EClass in meta-model Update XMI model, validate OCL constraints

# Meta-model Update



#### Edit UML/Ecore meta-model in UML/Ecore editor

manual export/save of Ecore to workspace

#### Create Dynamic Instance/Load Model in editor

validate/evaluate OCL constraints

### EMF does not support meta-model mutation

- Model.eClass() reverts to an unresolved proxy
- must exit and re-enter model editor

# **Eclipse MDT/OCL Futures**

### 3.1 Core (Indigo)

Minor maintenance

#### 3.1 Examples (Indigo)

- New Ecore/UML blind pivot meta-model
- Extensible modelled Standard Library
- Xtext editors
- Super-compliant anticipating OMG OCL resolutions

### 4.0 Core + Tools + Examples (Indigo+1)

- 3.1 Examples promoted to Core or Tools
  - preserved external APIs, significant revision of internal APIs
- OCL to Java code generation

### Which OCL Use Cases work When

|                           | Validate        | Evaluate        | Console         | Editor          |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Static Java<br>For Ecore  | 1.0             | 1.0             | 1.0<br>Examples | 3.0<br>Examples |
| Static Java<br>For UML    | 1.2             | 1.2             | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples |
| Complete OCL<br>For Ecore | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.0<br>Examples |
| Complete OCL<br>For UML   | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples |
| Embedded<br>OCL in Ecore  | 3.0             | 3.0             | 3.0<br>Examples | 3.0<br>Examples |
| Embedded<br>OCL in UML    | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples | 3.1<br>Examples |

Released in Helios Example functionality in Helios Example functionality in Indigo, release in Indigo+1

# **OCL 'Standard' Library**

#### **Problems: OMG**

- library is not a model
- uses non-UML concepts (Iterator)
- no reflection for OclAny::oclType()

#### Problems: MDT/OCL

- hard coded, difficult to extend
- UML/Ecore differences, long generic template lists
- Ecore/EMOF discrepancies : EClass/Class

#### Solution: OMG

library is a model defined by the new OCL meta-model

#### Benefit: MDT/OCL

- variants, extensible, unified, compliant

### **OCL Models**

#### **Problems: OMG**

- OCL is not fully UML-aligned
- OCL modifies UML models (OclAny)
- Complete OCL modifies UML models
- OCL requires a modified sub-UML @ run-time

#### Problems: MDT/OCL

- UML/Ecore implementation differences, Ecore extension
- Ecore/EMOF discrepancies

#### Solution: OMG

- Pivot meta-model defines UML @ run-time
- Pivot model realises OCL-defined merges

#### Benefit: MDT/OCL

unified, compliant, Ecore/EMOF hidden

### **Evaluation**

#### Problems: MDT/OCL:

- OCL interpreted by Java
- OperationCallExp visit is very inefficient
- Slightly hard to extend for QVTo, Acceleo
- OCL within genmodelled Java is just a String
  - significant first time parsing costs

#### Solution: MDT/OCL

- OCL to Java code generation
- Library model references a Java class per feature
- Code efficiency

#### Benefit: MDT/OCL

- extensible, faster (10 to 100 times ... iteration strategies)
- Java in genmodelled Java

# **Beyond OCL**

OMG OCL is a powerful expression language

- Declarative, First Order Predicate Calculus/Logic
- Model-oriented, UML navigation, multiplicities, ...

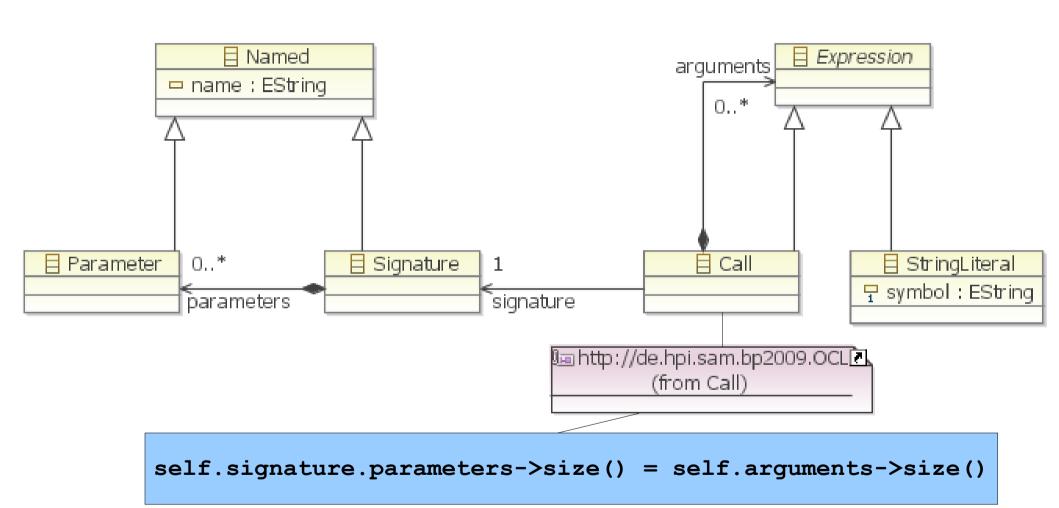
Formal language supports formal analysis analysis supports optimisation

OCL's usefulness calls for scalable implementation

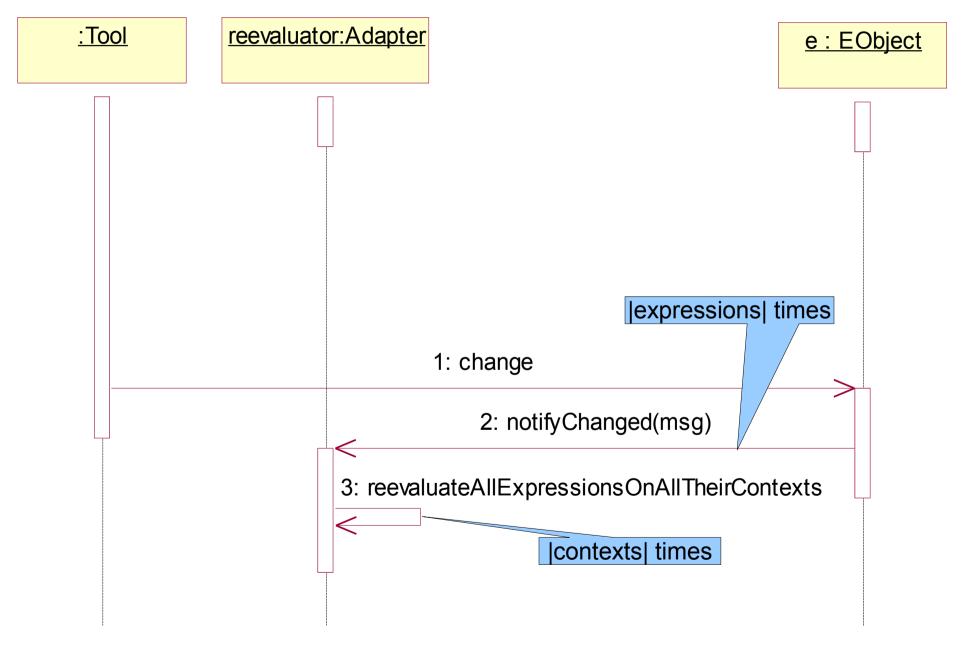
### The Re-Evaluation Problem

- A set of OCL expressions
- A set of model elements
- A model change notification
- Which of the OCL expressions may have changed its value on which context elements?
- Naïve approach
  - re-evaluate all expressions for all their contexts
  - takes O(|expressions| \* |modelElements|)

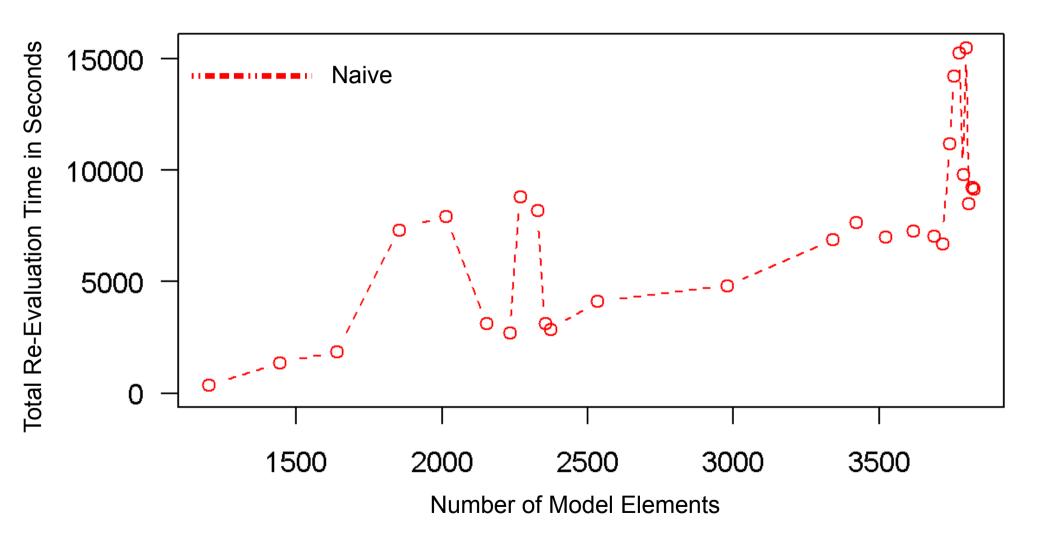
# Example



# Naïve Re-Evaluation Sequence



# Benchmark Naïve Approach



# Idea: Find out from Notification which OCLExpressions may have changed

### **Example: OCLExpression**

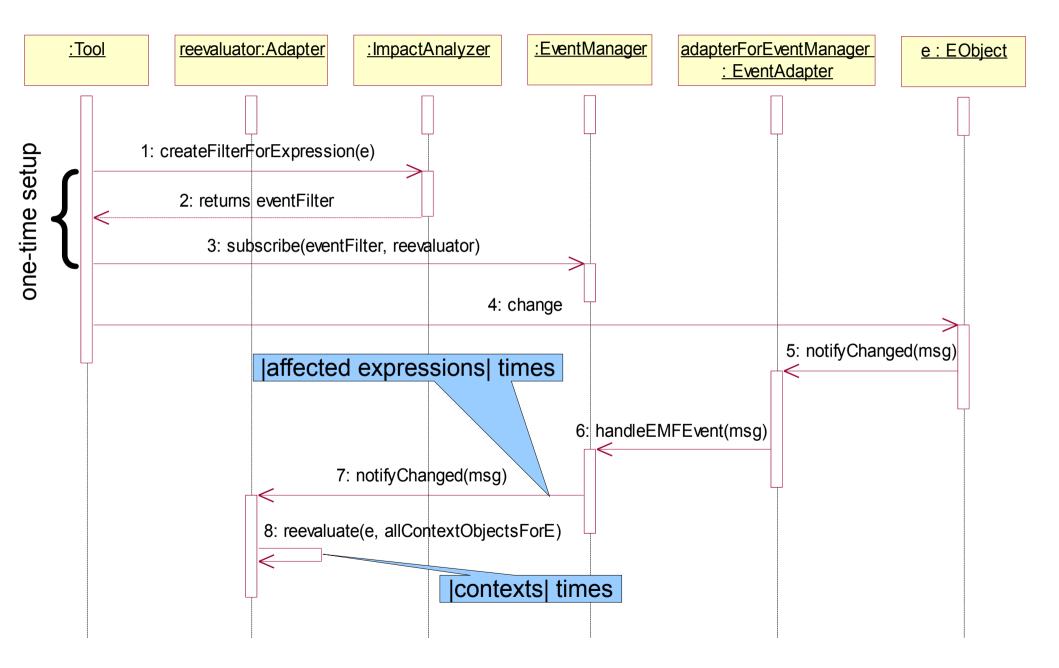
```
self.arguments->size() = self.signature.parameters->size()
```

#### generates Notification filter

#### Many expressions cause

- many adapters
- with one (often non-trivial) event filter each
- which need evaluation for each change Notification

# Filter Events for OCLExpressions



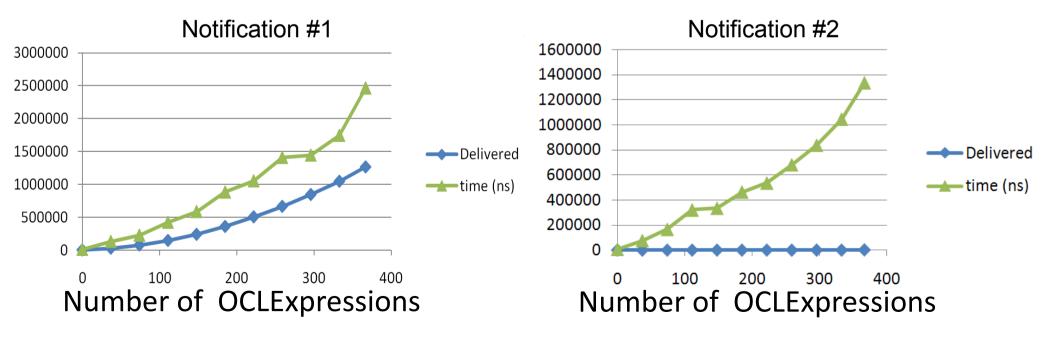
# Scaling up Event Filtering

### Defining many expressions causes

- many adapters with (often non-trivial) event filter each
- which need evaluation for each change Notification

### Effort for event propagation still O(|expressions|)

slowed down even if no Notification delivered



# Idea: Use HashMaps

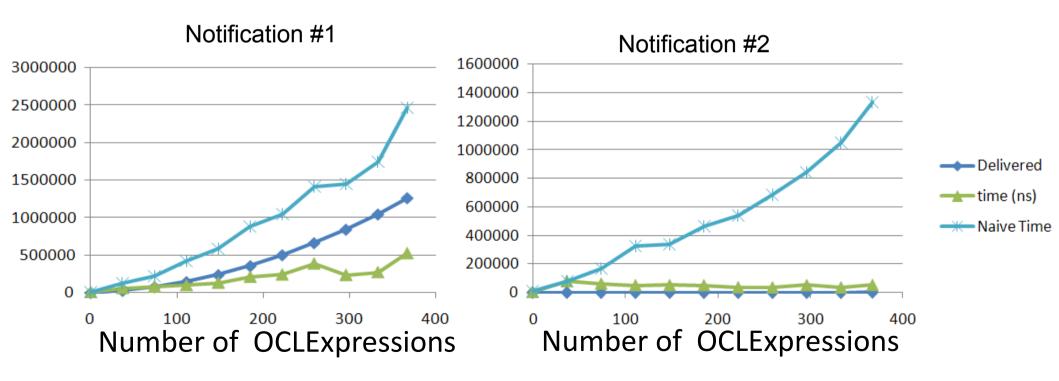
to map Notification to Set<Adapter>



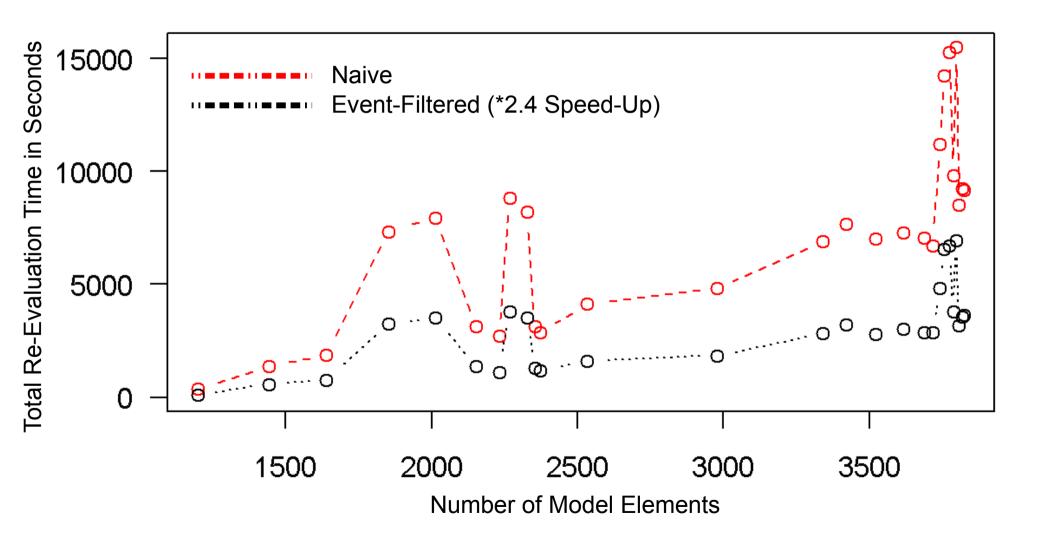
|   | notifier.eClass() conforms to | Set <adapter> interested</adapter> |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|   | Parameter                     | [a1, a7, a15]                      |
| Natification                                | Signature                     | [a1, a3, a9]                       |
| Notification: - notifier                    | •••                           |                                    |
| - oldValue                                  |                               |                                    |
| - newValue                                  |                               |                                    |
| <ul><li>feature</li><li>eventType</li></ul> | feature                       | Set <adapter> interested</adapter> |
|   | NamedElement.name             | [a3, a9, a14]                      |
|   | Call.signature                | [a7, a15]                          |
|   |                               |                                    |

# Effects of HashMap-Based Eventing

Faster delivery for Notifications matched by event filters No time increase for expressions whose filters don't match a Notification

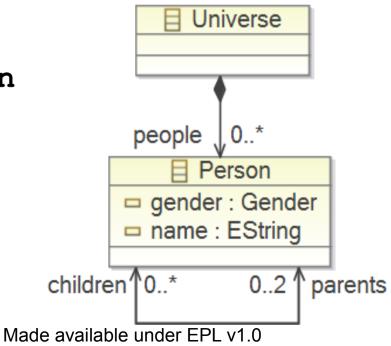


# Benchmark Event-Filtered Approach

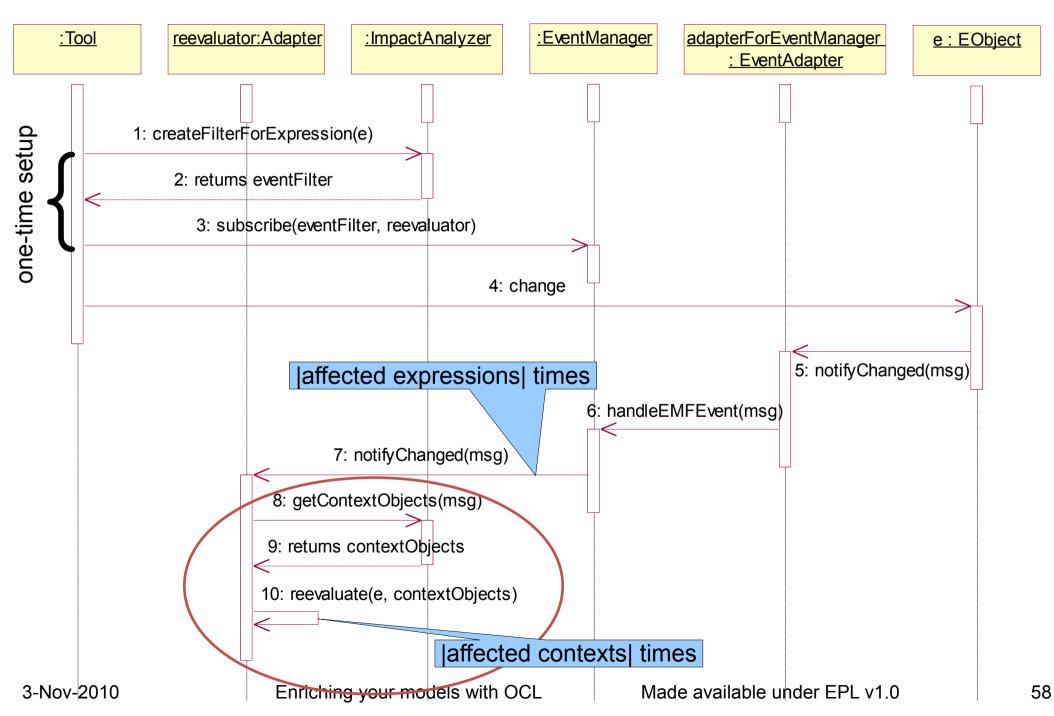


### Reducing Contexts for Re-Evaluation

- Use partial evaluation to prove value unchanged
  - self.name='abc' not affected by name change from 'x' to 'y'
- Use Notification object (notifier, oldValue, newValue) to navigate "backwards" to affected context objects
  - self.children.children.name
  - change attribute name on x:Person
  - contexts for re-evaluation:
    - x.parents.parents
- Tricky for iterators and recursive operations, but doable.



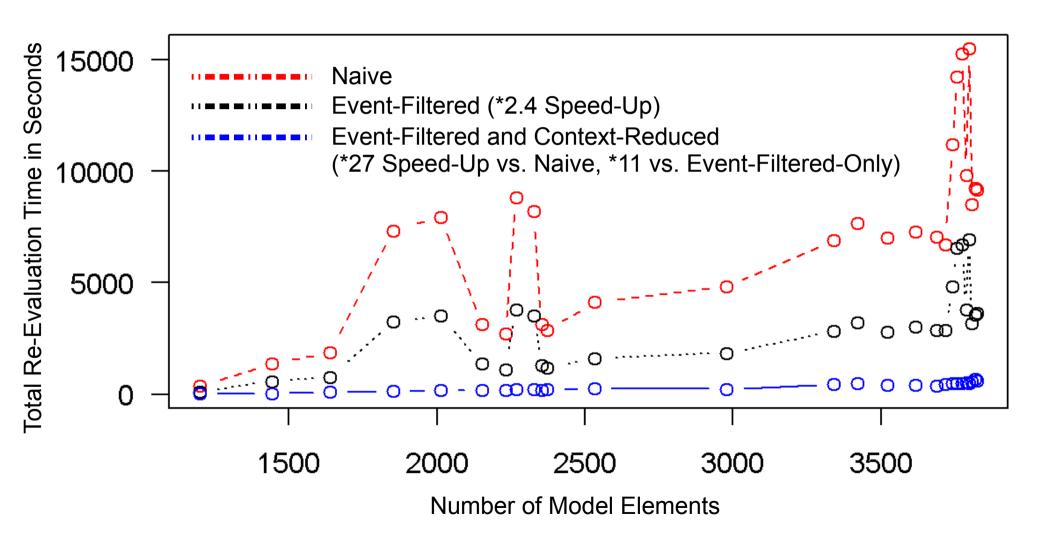
### Reduce Set of Context Elements



## API Usage Example

```
EventManager eventManager =
                EventManagerFactory.eINSTANCE.createEventManagerFor(
                                              editingDomain.getResourceSet());
 final OCLExpression invariant = OCL.newInstance().createOCLHelper().
        createQuery("self.signature.parameters->size() = self.arguments->size()");
 final ImpactAnalyzer impactAnalyzer =
        ImpactAnalyzerFactory. INSTANCE createImpactAnalyzer(invariant,
                /* notifyOnNewContextElements */ true, oppositeEndFinder)
 Adapter adapter = new AdapterImpl() {
    @Override
    public void notifyChanged(Notification msg) {
       // revalidate invariant on context objects delivered by impact analysis:
       Collection < EObject > revalidateOn = impactAnalyzer.getContextObjects(msg):>
       if (revalidateOn != null && !revalidateOn.isEmpty()) {
           revalidate(invariant, revalidateOn);
 };
eventManager.subscribe(impactAnalyzer.createFilterForExpression(), adapter);
```

### **Benchmark Context Reduction**



# Summary

MDT/OCL originally focussed on Java API Interactive Modeling Tools require OCL IDE

• EMF, Xtext, Acceleo, QVTo, OCL support richer OCL development environment

Extensibility required by QVTo, Acceleo Efficiency required for serious use IDE starting to appear

Console, Editors

Expect/Demand much more Contributions welcome

### **OCL** Resources

- OCL 2.2 Specification http://www.omg.org/spec/OCL/2.2
  - Clause 7 is quite readable (many typos)
- The Object Constraint Language: Getting Your Models Ready For MDA Jos B. Warmer, Anneke Kleppe
- Eclipse MDT/OCL project
   http://www.eclipse.org/projects/project\_summary.php?projectid=modeling.mdt.ocl
- Impact analysis

SVN: https://www.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/giese/gforge/svn/bp2009

Accounts: https://www.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/giese/gforge/