POETRY OF PROGRAMMING

CLOJURE PROJECTS

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The project work is for a sustained effort for half a semester.

Solving these problems requires thinking and planning. This is exactly the challenge: decomposing the problem into simpler tasks.

Multiple projects possible

The projects cannot be the same for two students, but these types of projects allow multiple ones.

- (1) Creating interactive drawings and animations. Using the Quil library available at http://quil.info/, which is the Clojure version of the Processing library. More than one student can do a Quil project, assuming that they develop a different sketch. Look at the examples to get some inspiration and check the source code for ideas.
- (2) Live coding music project. The Overtone library is a programming interface to a synthesizer, see https://overtone.github.io/. The library itself can be found at https://github.com/overtone/overtone/. The main difficulty could be to get it working on a given computer, see the wiki for installation https://github.com/overtone/overtone/wiki/Installing-Overtone. A very early demo: https://vimeo.com/22798433.
- (3) Solving a logic puzzle with the core.logic library. This requires learning a new programming paradigm. See: https://github.com/clojure/core.logic/wiki/A-Core.logic-Primer
- (4) Create your own programming language! Parsing can be done by https://github.com/Engelberg/instaparse.

INDIVIDUAL-ONLY PROJECTS

(5) Australian Voting (Adapted from [1]) Australian ballots require that voters rank all the candidates in order of choice. Initially only the first choices are counted, and if one candidate receives more than 50% of the vote then that candidate is elected. However, if no candidate receives more than 50%, all candidates tied for the lowest number of votes are eliminated. Ballots ranking these candidates first are recounted in favor of their highest-ranked non-eliminated candidate. This process of eliminating the weakest candidates and counting their ballots in favor of the preferred non-eliminated candidate continues until one candidate receives more than 50% of the vote, or until all remaining candidates are tied.

Input: ballots for a given list of candidates. Output: the winner of the election.

(6) Check the check (Adapted from [1]) Input: a chess board position Output: yes if the king is in check, no if not in check.

```
"..k....
ppp.pppp
.....
.R...B..
.....
PPPPPPPP
K......"
```

The black king is in check.

(7) Wordfinder Input: a $m \times n$ grid of letters and a word. Output: find the location(s) of the word in the grid (in columns, rows and diagonals), give the sequence of coordinates for the letters of the word.

```
(wordfinder ["ahk" "pet" "klk" "ili" "pot"] "hello")
([1 2] [2 2] [3 2] [4 2] [5 2])
```

(8) The Caesar shift cipher

The Caeser cipher is the simplest form of encryption, where each letter is substituted by another letter from the alphabet shifted by n letters. For example, "hello" can be encrypted as "ifmmp" when using the n=1 shift cipher. Write functions that produce encrypter and decrypter functions for a given n. Write another function that performs a brute-force attack on the cipher by trying all possible shifts.

(9) Password Generator

(10) The halving method for finding roots

The root of function is a value for x such that f(x)=0. Write a CLJ function find-root that takes a continuous real function $f:\mathbb{R}\to\mathbb{R}$ and two real numbers a,b such that f(a)<0 and f(b)>0. This way f is bound to cross the x-axis at least once, and find-root can find a root by systematically halving the [a,b] interval and calling itself recursively. It should work up to some predefined level of precision.

(11) Efficient Collatz

Calculate the return time of integers in the Collatz conjecture as efficiently as possible. This involves storing the return time for each intermediate number.

(12) Maze solver A maze is described by a string. Character # represents wall, . path, S the start point, and D the destination.

```
S...
###.
....
#.#
...D
```

Write a program that outputs a path from start to destination. For instance, using o for the actual path taken.

```
Sooo
###0
..oo
.#o#
..oD
```

- (13) **Text search** Implement the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Knuth-Morris-Pratt_algorithm
- (14) **Pseudo random number generator** Implement an RNG to generate sequences of pseudo random numbers, repeatably starting from a seed. You can use the classic https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Middle-square_method. See for instance https://youtu.be/u0t-61UvXHo.
- (15) Map generation Using Perlin-noise (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perlin-noise), create believable 2D (not necessarily 3D) maps of terrains. See for instance, the Minetest game https://www.minetest.net/, see a gallery here https://wiki.minetest.net/Map_generator#Gallery.
- (16) **Biome generation** Same context as for generating terrains, but for this project the task is to generate boundaries of biomes by using Voronoi diagrams https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Voronoi_diagram.
- (17) Map editor for OpenTTD https://www.openttd.org/. The task is to create a simple drawing program for grayscale images (see https://wiki.openttd.org/en/Manual/Heightmap)
- (18) Conway's Game of Life implement this famous cellular automaton (or any other). https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Conway%27s_Game_of_Life
- (19) Functional Geometry The original paper: https://eprints.soton.ac.uk/257577/ 1/funcgeo2.pdf, and the textbook example https://mitp-content-server.mit. edu/books/content/sectbyfn/books_pres_0/6515/sicp.zip/full-text/book/book-Z-H-15. html#%_sec_2.2.4
- (20) **Turtle Graphics** Implement basic turtle graphics commands. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Turtle_graphics
- (21) Write a Go playing AI The general framework is done in LambdaGo https: //github.com/egri-nagy/lambdago. 'Only' the move selection needs to be implemented.
- (22) CAD design for 3D printing Clojure interface for the OpenSCAD system. See for example: https://www.juxt.pro/blog/designing-3d-printable-objects-with-clojure/

(23) Genetic Algorithm for the 8-queens problem https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eight_queens_puzzle https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Genetic_algorithm

Special Projects

Projects here are listed for the sake of completeness. These are assigned under special circumstances (e.g., independent study).

- (24) Implement classical AI search algorithms
- (25) Build visual tools for demonstrating search algorithms of pathfinding problems.

BYO PROJECTS

You can suggest your own project, but we need to check its feasibility.

- (26) Implement the Wordle game. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wordle
- (27) METAR parser. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/METAR
- (28) Machine Learning Developing tools for machine learning projects.

References

[1] S.S. Skiena and M.A. Revilla. *Programming Challenges: The Programming Contest Training Manual*. Texts in Computer Science. Springer New York, 2006.