Identity, Security, etc. API Issues

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Overview of Topics

- DTLS
 - Controlling my own DTLS key
 - Examining remote DTLS parameters
- Identity
 - Examining my own identity
 - Channel between chrome and content

DTLS Key Control Requirements

- Keys are scoped to origin
- Be able to use the same key repeatedly
 - Avoid repeatedly generating keys
 - Enable key continuity/auditing
- Be able to use multiple distinct keys
- Be able to generate a temporary key

Application needs to be able to control this

DtlsKeyName Constraint

```
{
  mandatory : [
    {
      DtlsKeyName : "ekr@example.com"
    }
  ]
}
```

- ullet DTLS Keys are stored under DtlsKeyName value D
- ullet If no key exists with name D it is made and stored
- ullet If key exists with name D that key is reused
- "falsy" (false, null, ...) DtlsKeyName values never match anything
 - this means make a fresh key pair for this call

Alternative Design: use WebCrypto

- JS creates a WebCrypto key
 - pc.setDtlsKey() API call to impose the key
 - JS is responsible for figuring out what keys to use
- Problem: private key needs to be unavailable to JS
 - Otherwise Identity isn't secure
- WebCrypto keys can be marked unexportable
 - But this doesn't mean an unexportable key was never known
- This is going to need a bunch of WebCrypto bookkeeping that doesn't exist yet
 - Has this private key ever been available to the JS

What about the other side's public key

- Would be nice to know the other side's public key
 - For key continuity
- We Justin, Martin, EKR went back and forth on this
 - And decided that less is more
- Proposal: a binary version of the other side's keys

New API

- pc.remoteCertificates contains a list of other side's certificates
 - As base64-encoded (?) blobs
- The raw certificate can just be used as a lookup key
 - ... or parsed with WebCrypto
- No claims about the browser's opinion of the certificates

Recap: remote identity

Remote identity is directly observable

```
dictionary RTCIdentityAssertion {
    DOMString idp;
    DOMString name;
};
```

• Stored as pc.peerIdentity

What about my own identity?

- Would be nice to be able to observe this
- We have pc.onidentityresult to notify when assertion obtained
 - It doesn't have a defined argument ("TODO")

Proposal

- onidentityresult takes a RTCIdentity argument corresponding to the obtained identity
- Rename peerIdentity to remoteIdentity to match remoteDescription
- localIdentity contains my own identity (can be null)

Message Channel between chrome and content

"The context must have a MessageChannel named window. TBD which is "entangled" to the RTCPeerConnection and is unique to that subcontext. This channel is used for messaging between the RTCPeerConnection and the IdP. All messages sent via this channel are strings, specifically the JSONified versions of JavaScript structs."

- This works fine in current Firefox implementation (landing soon)
- What should "TBD" be?
 - Proposal: rtcwebMessageChannel (but I don't care)