# **DTLS 1.3**

draft-rescorla-tls-dtls13-01

Eric Rescorla Hannes Tschofenig Nagendra Modadugu Mozilla ARM Google

#### **Overview**

- DTLS version of TLS 1.3
- Still presented as a delta from TLS 1.3
- Some improvements/cleanup
- Partly informed by early implementation experience

#### **Document Status**

- Individual submission
- Currently in call for acceptance
- Here to talk about the draft...

#### Issue#2: ACKs

- DTLS historically used an implicit ACK
  - Receiving the start of the next flight means the flight was received
- Simple (but also simpleminded)
  - Slightly tricky to implement
  - Gives limited congestion feedback
  - Handles single-packet loss badly
- Interacts badly with some TLS 1.3 features (like NST)
- Solution: introduce an explicit ACK

#### Where should we ACK?

- Every flight
- Just at the end of things that aren't explicitly acknowledged
  - Client Finished
  - NewSessionTicket
- Proposal: allow ACKs at any time
  - This allows partial retransmit of flights (if we SACK)
  - Also just means one trigger for state machine evolution

## Strawman ACK format (not what's in the draft)

```
struct AcknowledgedMessage {
    uint16 message_seq;
    uint32 timestamp;
};

struct {
    AcknowledgedMessage messages<2..2^16-2>;
} DtlsAck;
```

- This is a compromise between "lots of data" and "convenient"
- We could also include the DTLS records for more path feedback

# **Connection ID**

[TODO: Hannes]

## Handshake Message Transcript

- The TLS and DTLS transcripts are different
- Both include the message header
  - But headers are different.
  - DTLS includes a (synthetic) DTLhandshake message header
- We could just do the TLS message header
  - Cross-version consistency between cross-protocol consistency

#### **Key Update**

- Key Update in TLS 1.3 is unreliable
  - This means new epoch records may appear before KeyUpdate
- Current draft just omits KeyUpdate
  - KeyUpdate from one side triggers another
  - Only one unacknowledged KeyUpdate allowed outstanding
  - Can't unilaterally update
- Potential alternative design
  - Send KeyUpdate (using the ACK for reliability)
  - Still have to process out-of-order records

#### **Shrinking the Packet Header**

DTLS packet header is very large

```
struct {
    ContentType opaque_type = 23; /* application_data */
    ProtocolVersion legacy_record_version = {254,253); // DTLSv1.2
    uint16 epoch; // DTLS-related field
    uint48 sequence_number; // DTLS-related field
    uint16 length;
    ...
```

- Would be nice to make it smaller
  - Give us room for connection ID...

# A shorter header (due to MT)

001eesss sssssss

Where ee = epoch modulo 4 and ss..ss = sequence number modulo 204

- Why two bits for the epoch?
- What about long header/short header as in QUIC draft?