MDF Rose Engine Lathe 2.0 with Stepper Motor Drive

Design Goals

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This document is intended to outline the design goals around which the machine is specified.

If you have any questions, please contact us at ColvinTools@Gmail.com.

Good luck.

Rich Colvin & Jack Zimmel

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Guiding Principles

General – Target User

- 1. The target user for the MDF rose engine lathe is
 - a. An experienced wood turner, with
 - b. The basic woodworking skills that would have been garnered in shop class.
- 2. The design will ensure it can be built by the woodworker:
 - a. Using a kit of parts we will provide,
 - b. Possessing basic woodworking skills, and
 - c. Using tools which can reasonably be expected to be available or easily accessible.

General – Overall Design

- 1. The intent is to stay consistent with the original overall design outlined by Jon Magill, especially the designs built into the rosettes.
- 2. The design will continue to use MDF as the primary building material for the headstock and base.
- 3. The design will include commonly implemented updates to the original design, including:
 - a. Stepper motor for the spindle drive,
 - b. Metal sheet on the lathe's bed,
 - c. Magnetic hold-downs (MagSwitches) for locking the cross slide into position on the lathe bed,
 - d. Front and rear rubbers, and
 - e. Amplitude adjusting (front rubbers only).
- 4. The design will not include previously offered features which would make the overall design cumbersome or expensive. In particular, hand cranking capabilities will not be included,
- 5. The design will provision for known future options / expansions:
 - a. Multiple stepper motors with controls for the multiple stepper motors, and
 - b. Pumping on the spindle.

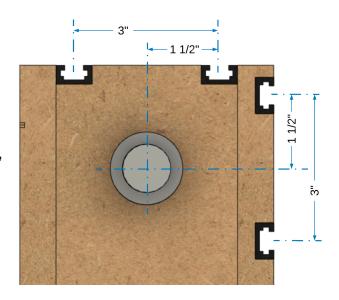
Kit Offered for Sale

- 1. The design should enable a complete rose engine lathe to be built from a kit for less than \$2,000. And the design should be designed to be lower if the user opts to make their own parts.
- 2. The kit offered for sale will provide options which, in total, will supply the hobbyist with all the parts needed (including the MDF).
 - a. Using standard, off-the-shelf parts, with a conscious decision being made when customized parts are to be used,
 - b. Sourcing parts from vendors likely to provide the parts for a reasonable time into the future (i.e., minimizing rework of the designs), and
 - c. Sourcing more expensive parts from vendors who will accommodate drop-shipments. This reduces the investment in inventory for the provider of the kits.
- 3. The kit offered for sale will provide options where it makes reasonable sense. Option selections include:
 - a. Spindle drive option Everything needed to drive the spindle with a stepper motor (stepper motors allow the spindle's speed to be slowed down to multiple minutes per revolution)
 - i. Or allow the builder to build or source their own approach, and
 - ii. Also, provision existing MDF rose engine lathe owners to add this to their system.
 - b. Cutting frame option Enabling the builder to
 - i. Select a universal cutting frame with an integrated motor,
 - ii. Select a universal cutting frame with an overhead drive,
 - iii. Make their own cutting (or drilling frame), or
 - iv. Source one from a different source.
 - c. Tool holder (cross slide and tool post) option Enabling the builder to
 - i. Select a pre-defined set of cross slide, quick-change tool post, and tool holders (AXA), or
 - ii. Source one from a different source.
 - d. Case Option Enabling the builder to
 - i. Select a pre-cut MDF kit with all the pieces for the body and headstock, already cut to size and ready for assembly
 - ii. Source and build the case and headstock on their own.

Design Criteria

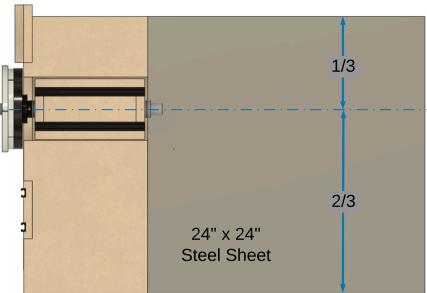
Headstock

- 1. The distance from the center of the rocking pivots to the center of the spindle shall be 12 inches. The rosettes are designed around this.
- 2. The rocking pivot points are to be aligned so that the rotation of the headstock is fully aligned with the rotation of the spindle.
- 3. T-Tracks will be implemented on the headstock for standardized add-ons.
 - a. The T-Tracks will be aligned to be parallel with the spindle,
 - b. The center of each T-Track shall be 1-1/2" from the center of the spindle (as shown to the right),
 - c. There shall be two T-Tracks on the top of the headstock, and
 - d. There shall be two T-Tracks on the rear of the headstock.



Base

- 1. The lathe's bed shall be sized to accommodate the attachment of a 24" x 24" sheet of steel.
- 2. The sheet of steel on the lathe bed shall be minimally 16 gauge, and the design shall be able to accommodate upgrading that sheet to a thickness of 1/8".
- 3. The lathe's bed (B1 / B1A) shall:
 - a. Overhang the base by 2" on the front, back, and right sides (in the
 - picture to the right, those are the right, top, and left sides),
 - b. Be flush against the left side (B3 / the rubber support post), and
 - c. Be positioned front-to-back so that it has approximately 1/3 behind the spindle's axis of rotation, and 2/3 in front of that axis.



Spindle Drive

- 1. The spindle drive shall use a NEMA 23 stepper motor.
- 2. The controls will be implemented the Teensy/Nextion controls.
 - a. The power supply (EDR-120-24) will be expandable as necessary for future options.
 - b. The design will be based on the DM542T motor drivers; however, the user could opt to use other drivers such as the DRV8825.
- 3. The connectors for the stepper motors and aviation plugs with 4-wire connections.

Other

1. Tool holding is designed around the AXA standard.

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