

**Algebra Final Exam - Duration: 90 Minutes**

*No materials or electronic devices shall be used or viewed during the examination.*

**Q1.** Let  $f(x) = -x^2 - 2x + 3$ .

Find  $a$  such that  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (-\infty, a]$  is surjective.

**Q2.** Solve the equation  $\overline{z^7} = \frac{1}{z^3}$ , where  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ .

**Q3.** Find the change-of-basis matrix from  $S_2$  to  $S_1$  of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,

where  $\begin{cases} S_1 = \{u_1 = (1, -2), u_2 = (3, -4)\} \\ S_2 = \{v_1 = (1, 3), v_2 = (3, 8)\} \end{cases}$ .

**Q4.** Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 5 \\ 6 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  be the matrix of the linear transformation  $f : P_2[x] \rightarrow P_2[x]$  with respect to the basis

$$v_1 = 3x + 3x^2, v_2 = -1 + 3x + 2x^2, v_3 = 3 + 7x + 2x^2.$$

Find  $f(1 + x^2)$ .

**Q5.** Let  $p \cdot q = \int_0^1 p(x)q(x)dx$  be the inner product in  $P_2[X]$ .

a) Apply the Gram-Schmidt process to  $\{1, x, x^2\}$ .

b) Find the projection of  $1 - x$  on to  $1 + x$ .

**Q6.** Orthogonal diagonalization the quadratic form

$$q(x, y, z) = 4xy + 4yz + 4xz.$$

**Q7.** Solve the system of linear equations

$$\begin{cases} ax_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 1 \\ x_1 + ax_2 + x_3 + x_4 = a \\ x_1 + x_2 + ax_3 + x_4 = a^2. \end{cases}$$

**Q8.** Let  $u, v$  and  $w$  be linearly independent vectors. Show that  $u + v, u - v$  and  $u - 2v + w$  are linearly independent.

**Q9.** Compute the determinant  $\begin{vmatrix} 1+x & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1-x & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1+z & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1-z \end{vmatrix}$

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**Q1.** Let  $f(x) = -x^2 - 2x + 3$ .

Find  $b$  such that  $f : [b, +\infty) \rightarrow (-\infty, 3]$  is injective.

**Q2.** Solve the equation  $\overline{z^3} = \frac{1}{z^7}$ , where  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ .

**Q3.** Find the change-of-basis matrix from  $S_1$  to  $S_2$  of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,

where  $\begin{cases} S_1 = \{u_1 = (1, -2), u_2 = (3, -4)\} \\ S_2 = \{v_1 = (1, 3), v_2 = (3, 8)\} \end{cases}$ .

**Q4.** Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 5 \\ 6 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  be the matrix of the linear transformation  $f : P_2[x] \rightarrow P_2[x]$  with respect to the basis

$$v_1 = 3x + 3x^2, v_2 = -1 + 3x + 2x^2, v_3 = 3 + 7x + 2x^2.$$

Find  $f(4 + 4x)$ .

**Q5.** Let  $p \cdot q = \int_0^1 p(x)q(x)dx$  be the inner product in  $P_2[X]$ .

a) Apply the Gram-Schmidt process to  $\{1, x, x^2\}$ .

b) Find the projection of  $1 + x$  on to  $1 - x$ .

**Q6.** Orthogonal diagonalization the quadratic form

$$q(x, y, z) = 2xy + 2yz + 2xz.$$

**Q7.** Solve the system of linear equations

$$\begin{cases} (2-a)x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 + (2-a)x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 + (2-a)x_3 = 0. \end{cases}$$

**Q8.** Let  $u, v$  and  $w$  be linearly independent vectors. Show that  $u + w, u - w$  and  $u + v - 2w$  are linearly independent.

**Q9.** Compute the determinant  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2-x^2 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 9-x^2 \end{vmatrix}$