# KTH ROYAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY STOCKHOLM

## SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

SCALABLE MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING - ID2223

### **Project Proposal**

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#### Project Proposal - ID2223

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#### 1 Problem description

In this work, we are going to train a machine learning model to recognize different emotions through spoken sentences. The goal is to recognize at least three basic emotions.

#### 2 Dataset

- . To train the model, we make use of the following datasets:
  - RAVDESS This dataset includes around 1500 audio file input from 24 different individuals. 12 male and 12 female where these individuals record short audio clips in 8 different emotions.<sup>1</sup>
  - SAVEE This dataset contains around 500 audio files input from 4 different male individuals where these individuals record short audio clips in 7 different emotions<sup>2</sup>

#### 3 Tools

The tools utilized for this project include:

- TensorFlow
- $\bullet$  Keras
- Numpy
- Librosa
- Matplotlib
- Spark (if required)

For feature extraction we make use of the LibROSA library in Python which is one of the libraries used for audio analysis.

 $<sup>^1{\</sup>rm RAVDESS}$  - https://www.kaggle.com/uwrfkaggler/ravdess-emotional-speech-audio  $^2{\rm SAVEE}$  - http://kahlan.eps.surrey.ac.uk/savee/Download.html

#### 4 Methodology

The main objective is predicting emotions in sentences from audio samples, one suggestion to the classification problem is to use Convolution Neural Networks (CNNs) for building the model. We are also going to research how models based on multilayer perceptrons and Long Short Term Memory (LSTM) performs in comparison.