```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

#### □ 选择文件 未选择任何文件

Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the

browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable. Saving arr\_big\_data.csv to arr\_big\_data (2).csv

Saving don his data cay to don his data (1) cay

import pandas as pd
data = pd.read\_csv('arr\_big\_data.csv')
pd.DataFrame.from\_records(data)
del data['Unnamed: 0']
data

₽		presidents_day	easter	memorial_day	independence_day	labor_day	thanksgiving	win
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	•••		•••					
	177521	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	177522	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	177523	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	177524	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	177525	0	1	0	0	0	0	

177526 rows × 383 columns

# Predictions for Arrival Delay

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import xgboost as xgb
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
import numpy as np

data.dropna(axis=0, subset=['total_arr_delay'], inplace=True)

y = data.total_arr_delay
X = data.drop(['total_arr_delay'], axis=1).select_dtypes(exclude=['object'])

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=123)
```

## Mean Absolute Error results

```
data_dmatrix = xgb.DMatrix(data=X,label=y)
```

# Using k-fold Cross Validation for model tuning

cv\_results.head()

₽	train-rmse-mean		train-rmse-std	test-rmse-mean	test-rmse-std	
	0	29.992613	0.076071	29.998277	0.152738	
	1	28.497772	0.962192	28.505542	0.844652	
	2	27.752923	1.504529	27.771170	1.478965	
	3	27.612205	1.511996	27.635091	1.488426	
	4	26.981518	2.143816	27.014449	2.152146	

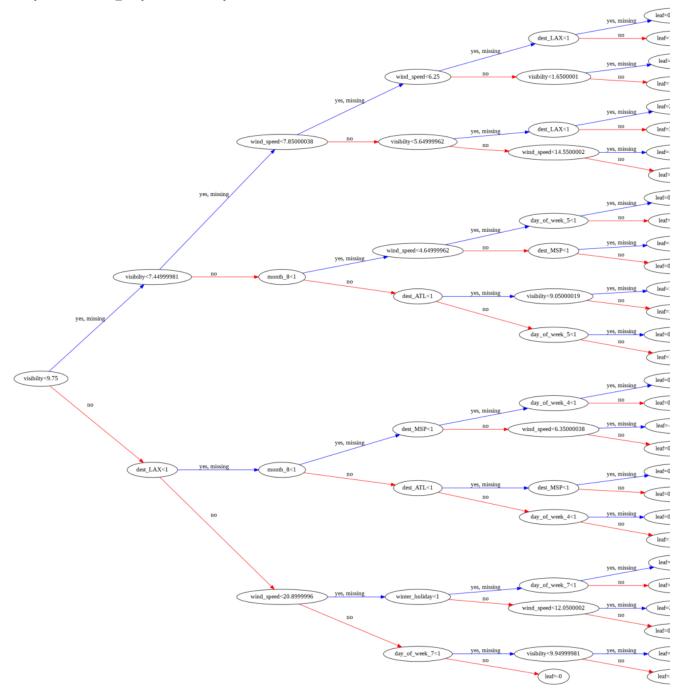
#### ▼ Better RMSE

## Visualize Boosting Trees and Feature Importance

```
from numpy import loadtxt
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from xgboost import plot_tree
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

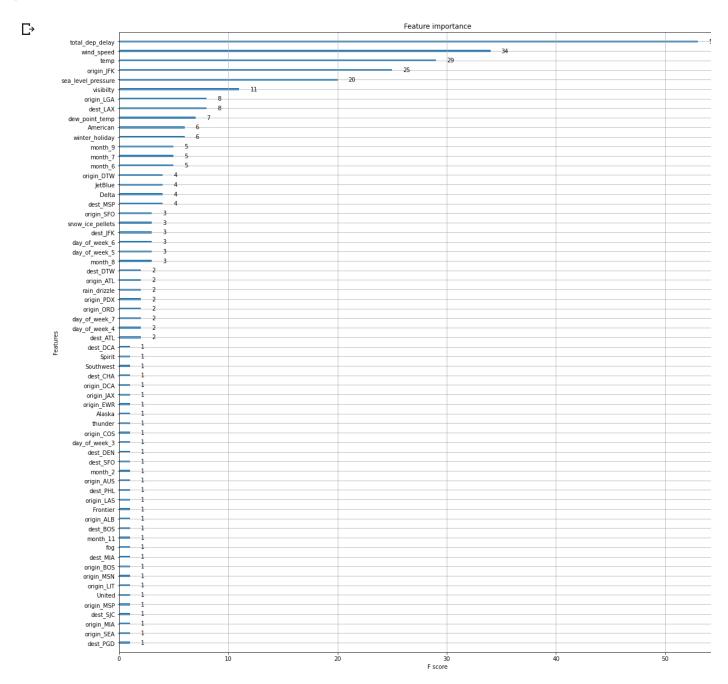
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = 20,20
plot_tree(xg_reg, num_trees=0, rankdir='LR')
# xgb.plot tree(xg reg, num_trees=0)
```

- # xgb.plot\_tree(xg\_reg, num\_trees=0, rankdir='LR')
- # plt.show()



#### ▼ Top Features

```
xgb.plot_importance(xg_reg)
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = 20,20
plt.show()
```



# Predictions for Departure Delay

```
import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv('dep_big_data.csv')
pd.DataFrame.from records(data)
```

₽		distance	presidents_day	easter	memorial_day	independence_day	labor_day	thanksg
	0	479	0	0	0	0	0	
	1	1222	0	0	0	0	0	
	2	2381	0	0	0	0	0	
	3	594	0	0	0	0	0	
	4	1080	0	0	0	0	0	
	•••							
	177521	594	0	0	0	0	0	
	177522	695	0	0	0	0	0	
	177523	1182	0	0	0	0	0	
	177524	1846	0	0	0	0	0	
	177525	546	0	1	0	0	0	

177526 rows × 382 columns

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import xgboost as xgb
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
import numpy as np

data.dropna(axis=0, subset=['total_dep_delay'], inplace=True)

y = data.total_dep_delay
X = data.drop(['total_dep_delay'], axis=1).select_dtypes(exclude=['object'])

X train, X test, y train, y test = train test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random state=123)
```

#### → Mean Absolute Error results

```
print(KMSE: %1 % (rmse))
```

**F**→ RMSE: 27.676985

# Using k-fold Cross Validation for model tuning

₽	train-rmse-mean		train-rmse-std	test-rmse-mean	test-rmse-std	
	0	33.676422	0.037741	33.679932	0.078407	
	1	32.415948	0.036744	32.424345	0.083461	
	2	31.340014	0.037809	31.354115	0.087717	
	3	30.443820	0.034755	30.463713	0.093509	
	4	29.686969	0.035026	29.713352	0.096334	

#### ▼ Better RMSE

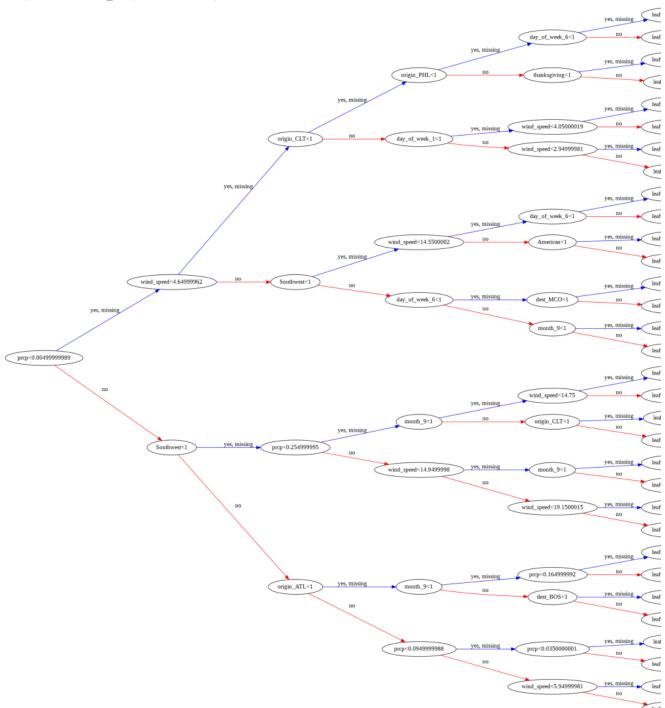
```
print((cv_results["test-rmse-mean"]).tail(1))

$\begin{align*} \delta & 49 & 25.848924 & \text{Name: test-rmse-mean, dtype: float64} \\

xg_reg & = xgb.train(params=params, dtrain=data_dmatrix, num_boost_round=10)
```

### Visualize Boosting Trees and Feature Importance

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f895f832ba8>



## ▼ Top Features

```
xgb.plot_importance(xg_reg)
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [5, 5]
plt.show()
```

₽

