

Solution for Problem DN

Source Filename: /solution.py

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```
"""Solution to Chapter 3 problem DN"""
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

%matplotlib inline
import sys

sys.path.append("../")
import engcom
```

Introduction

This program defines several mathematical functions as vectorized functions that can handle NumPy array inputs and plots them over the given domain using Matplotlib.

Define Mathematical Functions

Define $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 9$:

```
def f(x: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
    return np.tanh(4 * np.sin(x))
```

Define $g(x) = 1 + \sin^2 x$:

```
def g(x: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
    return np.sin(np.sqrt(x))
```

Define $h(x, y) = e^{-3x} + \ln y$:

```
def h(x: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
    return np.where(x >= 0, np.exp(-x) * np.sin(2 * np.pi * x), 0)
```

Plotting

Define a plotting function:

```
def plotter(fig, fun, limits, labels):  
    x = np.linspace(limits[0], limits[1], 201)  
    fig.gca().plot(x, fun(x))  
    fig.gca().set_xlabel(labels[0])  
    fig.gca().set_ylabel(labels[1])  
    return fig
```

Plot $f(x)$:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()  
plotter(fig, fun=f, limits=(-5, 8), labels=("$x$", "$f(x)$"))  
engcom.show(fig)
```

<IPython.core.display.Markdown object>

Plot $g(x)$:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()  
plotter(fig, fun=g, limits=(0, 100), labels=("$x$", "$g(x)$"))  
engcom.show(fig)
```

<IPython.core.display.Markdown object>

Plot $h(x)$:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()  
plotter(fig, fun=h, limits=(-2, 6), labels=("$x$", "$h(x)$"))  
engcom.show(fig)
```

<IPython.core.display.Markdown object>

plt.show()

