## Enio Gjerga - R Notebook for the analysis of Hong et al 2020 data.

This is an R Markdown Notebook for the Hong et al 2020 manuscript (submitted in International Journal of Cancer). When you execute code within the notebook, the results appear beneath the code.

## R code for the analysis

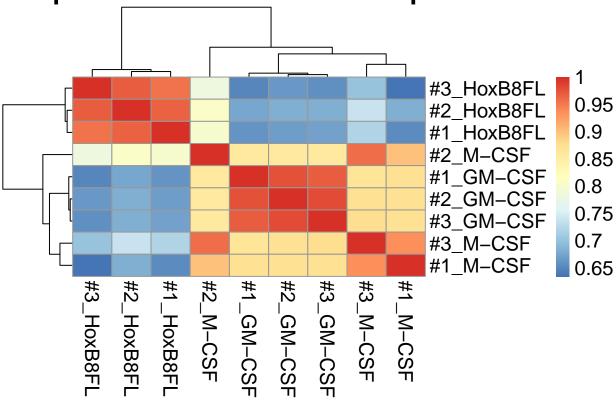
```
options(warn = -1)
## Loading the packages required
library(readr)
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape)
library(pheatmap)
library(gridExtra)
library(grid)
library(ggrepel)
library(cowplot)
##
## Note: As of version 1.0.0, cowplot does not change the
    default ggplot2 theme anymore. To recover the previous
##
    behavior, execute:
##
##
    theme_set(theme_cowplot())
   ******************
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
## The following object is masked from 'package:reshape':
##
##
      stamp
## Loading the data and creating sample groups
load(file = "src/Yinfeng_processed_normalized_gene_counts_wt.RData")
groups <- c("GM-CSF", "M-CSF", "Hox", "GM-CSF", "M-CSF", "Hox", "GM-CSF", "M-CSF", "Hox")
names(groups) <- colnames(data)</pre>
## PCA analysis of samples
data.pca <- t(data)</pre>
data.pca <- cbind(data.pca, as.matrix(groups))</pre>
colnames(data.pca)[ncol(data.pca)] <- "Group"</pre>
data.pca <- as.data.frame(data.pca)</pre>
data.pca[, 1:(ncol(data.pca)-1)] <- lapply(data.pca[, 1:(ncol(data.pca)-1)],</pre>
                                         function(x) as.numeric(as.character(x)))
res.pca <- prcomp(data.pca[, -ncol(data.pca)], scale. = TRUE)
res.plot <- as.data.frame(cbind(res.pca$x[, 1], res.pca$x[, 2],
                                as.character(data.pca$Group), rownames(data.pca)))
```

```
res.plot[, 1:2] <- lapply(res.plot[, 1:2], function(x) as.numeric(as.character(x)))</pre>
res.plot[, 3:4] <- lapply(res.plot[, 3:4], function(x) as.character(x))</pre>
colnames(res.plot) <- c("pc1", "pc2", "Group", "sample")</pre>
percentages <- ((res.pca$sdev)^2 / sum(res.pca$sdev^2)*100)[1:2]</pre>
pp <- ggplot(res.plot, aes(x=pc1, y=pc2, color=Group)) +</pre>
  geom_point(size=7, alpha = 0.5) +
  scale alpha discrete(range=c(0.3, 1.0)) +
  #geom path(arrow=arrow()) +
  theme minimal() +
  xlab(paste0("PC1 (", round(x = percentages[1], digits = 2), "%)")) +
  ylab(paste0("PC2 (", round(x = percentages[2], digits = 2), "%)")) +
  xlim(c(-max(abs(res.pca$x[, 1])), max(abs(res.pca$x[, 1])))) +
  ylim(c(-max(abs(res.pca\$x[, 2])), max(abs(res.pca\$x[, 2])))) +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  geom_text_repel(data = res.plot, aes(label=sample))
plot(pp)
    80
               #1 GM_CSF
                     #2 GM-CSF
    40
                  #3_GM-CSF
                                                                          #3_HoxB8FL
PC2 (20.61%)
                                                                         #2_HoxB8FL
     0
                                                                             #1 HoxB8FL
                                        #2 M-CSF
   -40
                                  #3 M-CSF
                        #1_M-CSF
   -80
     -100
                                                                     50
                           -50
                                                                                         100
                                          PC1 (48.34%)
## Correlation heatmap of samples
```

pheatmap(mat = cor(x = data, method = "spearman"),

main = "Spearman Correlation of Samples",
fontsize\_number = 5, fontsize = 15)

## **Spearman Correlation of Samples**



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