

EasyBuild @ CSCS: Current status and roadmap

EasyBuild Workshop Guilherme Peretti-Pezzi, CSCS September 8th, 2015

Outline



- EasyBuild setup @ CSCS
- Proposed workflow
- Jenkins integration
- Final thoughts & questions



Some of the stock EasyBuild toolchains

- ClangGCC: Clang, GCC
- CrayCCE: PrgEnv-cray, fftw
- CrayGNU: PrgEnv-gnu, fftw
- CrayIntel: PrgEnv-intel, fftw
- GCC: GCC
- cgmpich: Clang, GCC, MPICH
- cgmvapich2: Clang, GCC, MVAPICH2
- cgompi: Clang, GCC, OpenMPI
- dummy: (system libs and compilers)
- foss: BLACS, FFTW, GCC, OpenBLAS, OpenMPI, ScaLAPACK
- gcccuda: CUDA, GCC
- gmvapich2: GCC, MVAPICH2
- gmvolf: BLACS, FFTW, GCC, MVAPICH2, OpenBLAS, ScaLAPACK
- gompic: CUDA, GCC, OpenMPI
- gpsolf: BLACS, FFTW, GCC, OpenBLAS, ScaLAPACK, psmpi
- iccifort: icc, ifort
- ictce: icc, ifort, imkl, impi
- intel: icc, ifort, imkl, impi
- iomkl: OpenMPI, icc, ifort, imkl
- iqacml: ACML, BLACS, FFTW, QLogicMPI, ScaLAPACK, icc, ifort

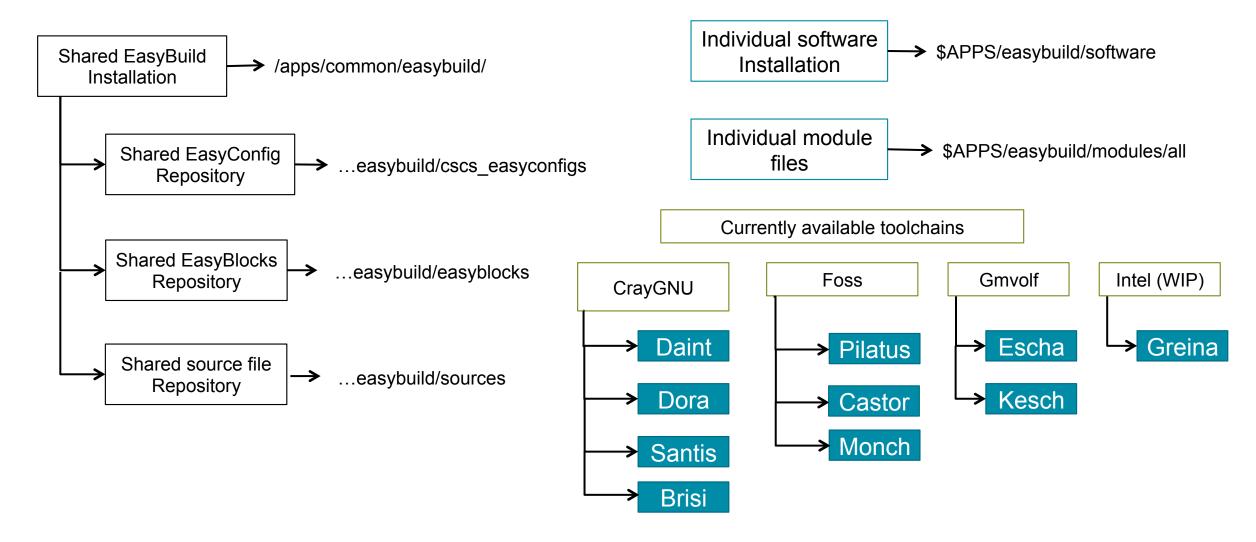
Full list available with:

eb --list-toolchains



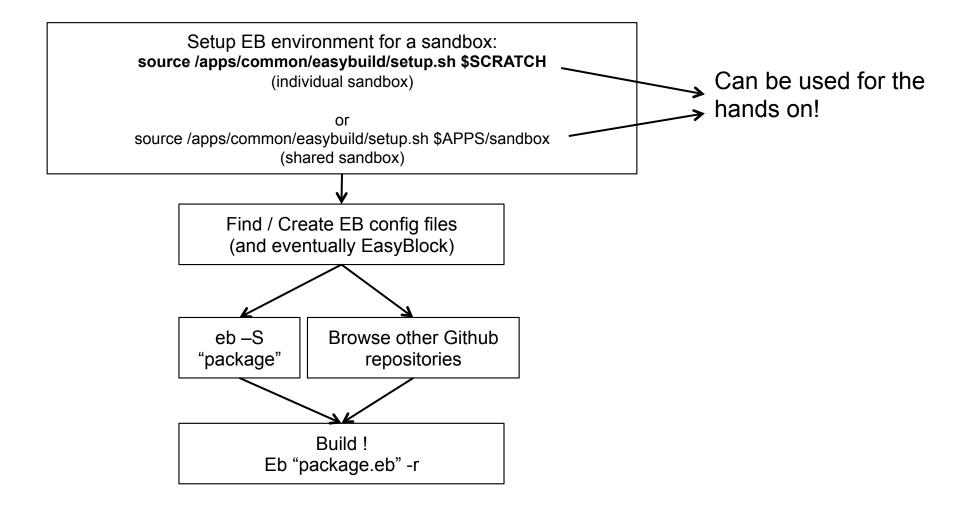


EasyBuild setup @ CSCS





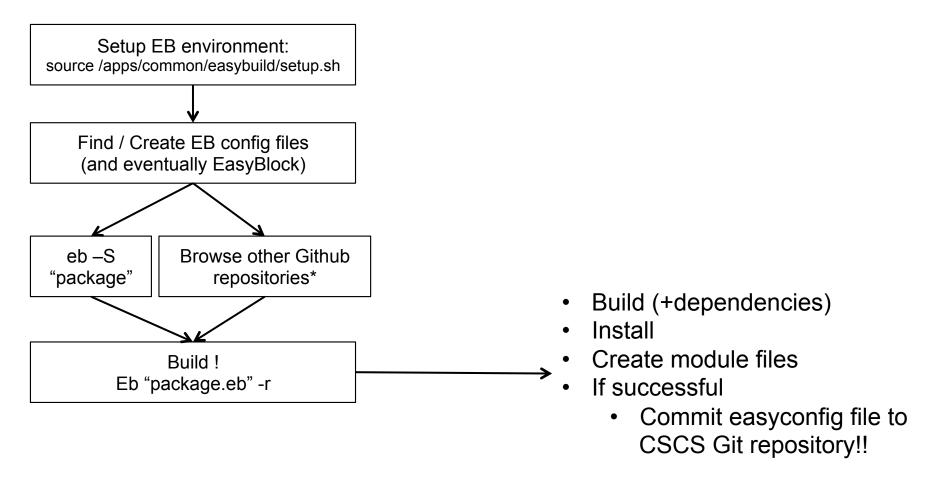
Proposed EasyBuild workflow for development (usable by all CSCS)







Proposed EasyBuild workflow for production builds (SCS):



^{*}Links on the last slide



Python use case

- Suported modules for Python 2 and 3
 - Setuptools 17.1.1, Pip 7.0.3, Nose 1.3.7, Numpy 1.9.2, Scipy 0.15.1, mpi4py 1.3.1, Cython 0.22, Six 1.9.0, Virtualenv 13.0.3, pandas 0.16.2, h5py 2.5.0 (serial/parallel), Matplotlib 1.4.3, pyCuda 2015.1, netcdf4 1.1.8
- Example Easyconfig files (for Python 2.7.10 on Cray)
 - Python-2.7.10-CrayGNU-5.2.40.eb
 - matplotlib-1.4.3-CrayGNU-5.2.40-Python-2.7.10.eb
 - netcdf4-python-1.1.8-CrayGNU-5.2.40-Python-2.7.10.eb
 - h5py-2.5.0-CrayGNU-5.2.40-Python-2.7.10-parallel.eb
 - h5py-2.5.0-CrayGNU-5.2.40-Python-2.7.10-serial.eb
 - pycuda-2015.1-CrayGNU-5.2.40-Python-2.7.10.eb
- Easyblocks
 - h5py.py, netcdf_python.py, pycuda.py

Now available on:

- Daint, Dora, Santis, Brisi (CrayGNU)
- Pilatus, Castor (foss)
- Escha, Kesch (gmvolf) *new*





MCH CS-Storm use case

- Autoconf/2.69
- Automake/1.15
- Autotools/20150215
- binutils/2.25
- Bison/3.0.3
- Boost/1.49.0
- bzip2/1.0.6
- CDO/1.6.9
- CMake/3.2.2
- Cube/4.3.2
- cURL/7.40.0
- ddt/5.0(default)
- Doxygen/1.8.9.1
- FFTW/3.3.4
- flex/2.5.39
- freetype/2.5.5
- GCC/4.8.2
- gettext/0.18.2
- GLib/2.34.3

- gmvapich2/2015a
- gmvolf/2015a
- GSL/1.16
- HDF/4.2.8
- HDF5/1.8.15
- JasPer/1.900.1
- Java/1.7.0_80
- libffi/3.0.13
- libjpeg-turbo/1.4.0
- libpng/1.6.16
- libreadline/6.3
- libtool/2.4.6
- libxml2/2.9.1
- M4/1.4.17
- matplotlib/1.4.3
- MVAPICH2/2.0.1 gnu48
- NASM/2.11.06
- NCO/4.5.1
- ncurses/5.9

- ncview/2.1.5
- netCDF/4.3.3.1
- netCDF-Fortran/4.4.2
- netcdf-python/1.1.8
- OPARI2/1.1.4
- OpenBLAS/0.2.13
- OTF2/1.5.1
- Python/2.7.10
- R/3.1.3
- Ruby/2.2.2
- ScaLAPACK/2.0.2
- Scalasca/2.2.2
- Score-P/1.4.2
- SQLite/3.8.8.1
- Szip/2.1
- Tcl/8.6.3
- UDUNITS/2.1.24
- zlib/1.2.8





Jenkins

- Jenkins is a tool designed for continuous integration/validation
- But it is much more powerful than that
 - Thousands of plugins are available
 - Can be easily configured to run tasks by ssh anywhere
 - You get logs for all of your executions for free
 - Info for running / past jobs and logs are always accessible through the web interface
- Some usage examples:
 - Development/Integration:
 - Checkout svn/git repositories to automatically build on different platforms
 - Validation
 - Periodically run unit tests
 - Monitoring
 - Periodically run sanity and performance tests (*regression*)
 - Run your favorite script or app
 - Use your creativity (example at CSCS: driving the acceptance of MCH machine)



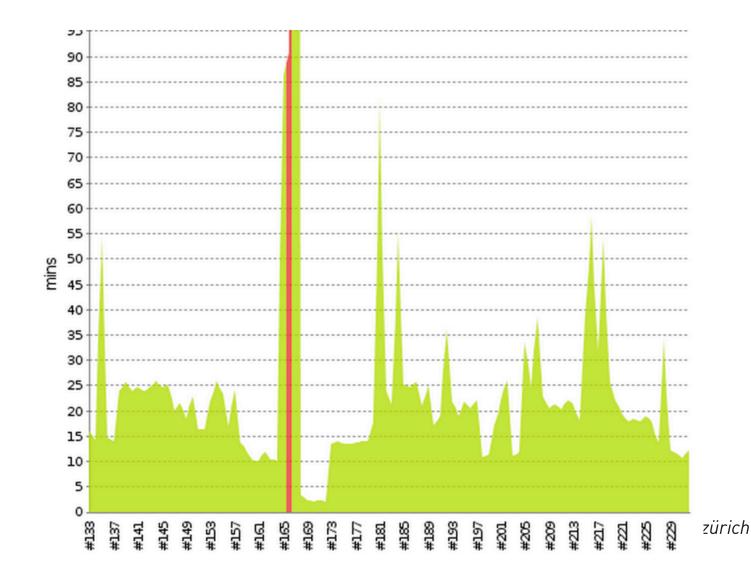


Jenkins example: Monitoring scratch performance for apps (netcdf5)

Build Time Trend

By lucamar™

Build	↑ Duration	Slave
<u> #2</u>	15 min	master
<u> #3</u>	16 min	master
<u> #4</u>	28 min	master
<u> #5</u>	30 min	master
<u> #6</u>	22 min	master
<u> #7</u>	20 min	master
<u> #8</u>	20 min	master
<u> #9</u>	20 min	master
#10	19 min	master
#11	17 min	master
#12	19 min	master
#13	18 min	master
#14	24 min	master
#15	18 min	master
#16	12 min	master
#17	11 min	master
#18	29 min	master
#19	39 min	master
<u> #20</u>	10 min	master



Jenkins example: Rebuilding all software stack for Escha/Kesch

s	w	Name ↓	Last Success	Last Failure	Last Duration
	*	RegressionEBKesch	20 hr - <u>#15</u>	N/A	1 hr 49 min

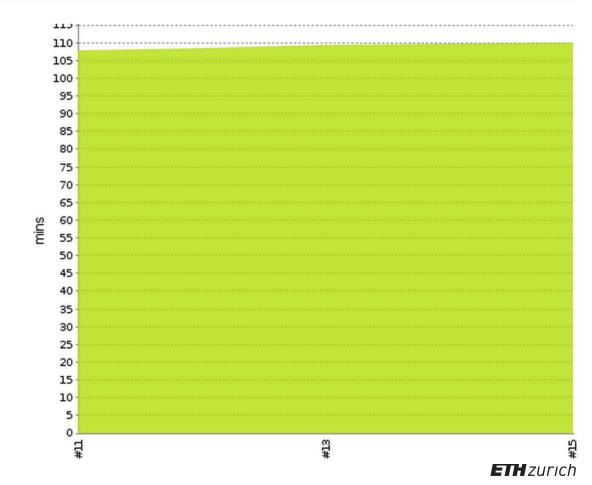
Build Time Trend

Build ↑ Duration Slave

#11 1 hr 47 min master

#13
1 hr 49 min master

#15 1 hr 49 min master





Jenkins + EB integration: example workflow for testing .eb files

- Testing new easyconfig files on all machines where the toolchain is available
- Workflow setup
 - 1. Create a folder accessible by jensess to store the .eb files
 - /path/to/eb-files/
 - 2. Create a jenkins project adding the target test systems
 - CrayGNU/5.2.40 = daint, dora, santis, brisi
 - Foss/2015a = castor, pilatus
 - 3. Add the following commands to the "Execute shell"
 - source /apps/common/easybuild/setup.sh
 - find /path/to/eb-files/ -name '*CrayGNU-5.2.40*.eb' -exec eb {} "-r -f" \;
 - (Foss/2015a: replace "*CrayGNU-5.2.40*" by "*foss-2015a*"
- Usage
 - Copy .eb files to /path/to/eb-files/
 - 2. Go to Jenkins and click on "Build now"





Jenkins: Example for testing .eb files

- /apps/common/tools/easybuild/jenkins/
- CrayGNU/5.2.40
 - CDO-1.6.9-CrayGNU-5.2.40.eb
 - NFFT-3.3.0-CrayGNU-5.2.40.eb









- Foss/2015a
 - Ghostscript-9.10-foss-2015a.eb
 - HDF5-1.8.15-foss-2015a.eb







Jenkins: Example for testing .eb files

- /apps/common/tools/easybuild/jenkins/
- CrayGNU/5.2.40
 - CDO-1.6.9-CrayGNU-5.2.40.eb
 - NFFT-3.3.0-CrayGNU-5.2.40.eb









- Foss/2015a
 - Ghostscript-9.10-foss-2015a.eb
 - HDF5-1.8.15-foss-2015a.eb



Red ball = tomato FAIL

Final thoughts

- Current installation is ready for application level
 - Validation with Python use case (including modules)
 - Daint, Dora, Santis, Brisi, Pilatus, Castor and Escha/Kesch (new)
- Continuous validation techniques can be easily applied
 - Testing builds across all systems with Jenkins
 - Changes/errors on the PrgEnv can be detected early
- In order to get the most out of EasyBuild
 - We need to have consistent PrgEnv on most systems
 - OK on Cray systems
 - Not currently true on non-Cray
 - Achievable with EasyBuild





Next steps (SCS)

- Try out EB for answering tickets requesting new software
 - Testing and feedback are very welcome
 - Can also be used to answer individual user requests
 - Builds that won't be officially supported
 - Such as the famous RT ticket "#19610: nano editor for dora"
- Agree on toolchains for non-Cray systems
 - Stock toolchain (foss + intel for example)
 - Default "foss" toolchain works just fine for Python use case
 - May be not optimal on all archs (for example concerning MPI)
 - Tailored toolchain using existing PrgEnv (supported by HPC Operations team)
 - This approach was used on the new Storm MCH (gmvolf)
 - System GCC+MPI were used
 - We might end up with a different toolchain on each system





Links

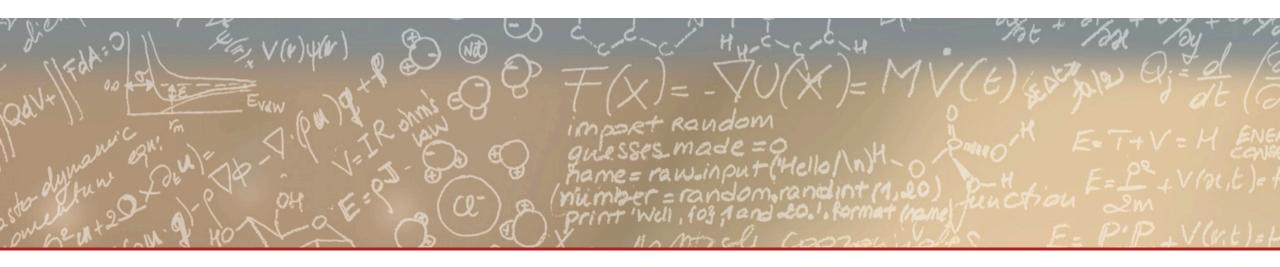
- Easybuild Documentation
 - GitHub
 - https://github.com/hpcugent/easybuild
 - Workflow example (WRF)
 - http://easybuild.readthedocs.org/en/latest/Typical_workflow_example_with_WRF.html
- CSCS Internal doc
 - https://github.com/eth-cscs/tools/wiki/EasyBuild-at-CSCS
- Additional easyconfig files repositories
 - Development EasyBuild branch
 - https://github.com/hpcugent/easybuild-easyconfigs/tree/develop
 - Successful production builds at CSCS
 - https://github.com/eth-cscs/tools/tree/master/easybuild/ebfiles_repo











Thank you for your attention.