SATURN: PROOF OF CARBON REDUCTION BLOCKCHAIN

- **♦ WHY A CONSENSUS**
- **THE INTRINSIC VALUE OF THE NATIVE TOKEN**

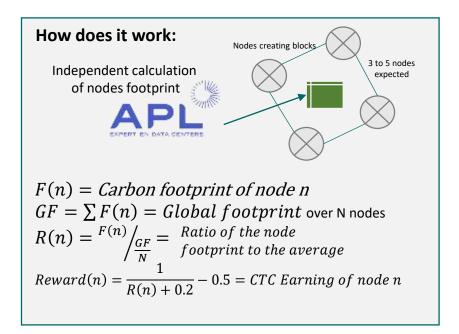
Jan 2022



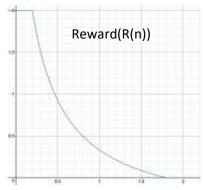
INCENTIVIZE CARBON FOOTPRINT REDUCTION

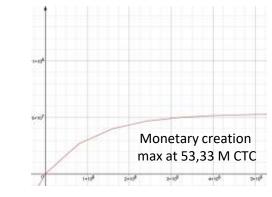
New public blockchain consensus: Proof of Carbon Reduction (PoCR)

- ✓ Definition and publication of a node carbon footprint assessment methodology (following ISO 14040/44 Life cycle assessment)
- \checkmark Carbon footprint assessment is made excluding any compensation scheme. So the outcome is a positive number in g CO₂ / y
- ✓ Node operators must be audited by an independent actor with the methodology;
- ✓ Block reward increase with the lowering of the node footprint versus the average
- ✓ Long term monetary creation reach a cap by progressive halving
- ✓ The scheme creates a virtuous circle for improving green IT infrastructure based on financial incentive
- ✓ It also initiate interest for participants in understanding the parameters that impact the planet
- ✓ Creating a "clean" usage token, native to the blockchain (known source of token)



A node does consume energy and has a carbon footprint to execute the consensus, store the data and communicate, but it will search to improve its ecological impact to increase its earnings

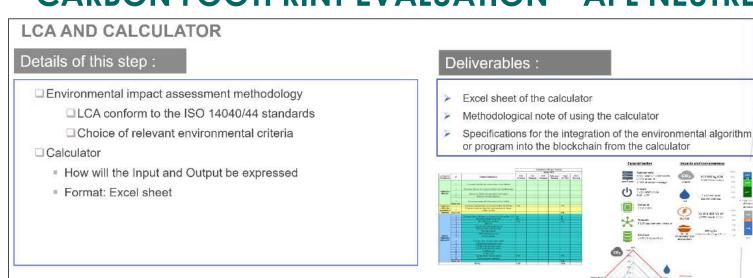




Creation of a new native token: "Carbon Transition Coin" (CTC)

- Native to the new blockchain
- Received by nodes creating blocks
- · Spent by actors of the bond issuance
- Value in fiat defined by supply & demand
- Minimum estimated price 1 CTC = 0,077€ assumptions: 4 nodes, 10k€ / month per node, 4 sec block interval, 1 CTC reward per block

CARBON FOOTPRINT EVALUATION – APL NEUTREO METHODOLOGY



18

Focus: Life-cycle assessment

mpacts of a product ts flows into potential

avoiding pollution

The NegaOctet Database

CA-CIB - SATURN PROJECT - APL PROPOSAL



The standards applicable to this approach are as follows:

- •ISO/TR 14062: 2002 standard Integrating environmental aspects into product design and
- •NF EN ISO 14040: 2006 standard Life cycle assessment: principles and framework
- •NF EN ISO 14044: 2006 Life cycle assessment: requirements and guidelines
- •NF EN ISO 14063: 2010 Environmental communication guidelines and examples

The environmental impact will be assessed using the GHG emission indicator.

Indicator	Method	Unit
GHG emissions	IPCC 100 years	kg CO2 eq

The results could also be presented through 8 other indicators of the NégaOctet database (in line with PEF)

- Acidification (mol H+ eq)
- Fine particles emission
- (disease occurrence) lonozing radiations (kBq U 235 eg)
- Electronical waste production (ton)
- Primary energy consumption (MJ)
- Resource depletion (kg Sb eg)
- Water resource depletion (m3)



With a view to popularization, these indicators can be reduced to tangible units.



consumption for a French person

Km

A NATIVE TOKEN TO VALUE A FLEXIBLE AND OPEN IT SERVICE

THE SERVICE THE TOKENS (CTC)

Node operators



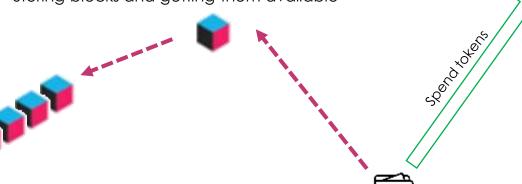








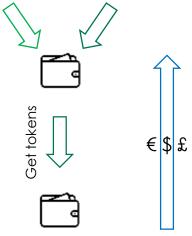
- from the collaborative work of the node operators
- Handling new transactions
- Creating blocks at ones turn
- Verifying blocks from others
- Storing blocks and getting them available





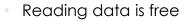
Fees included in new transaction earned by the block maker

New block creates new CTC according to the node footprint







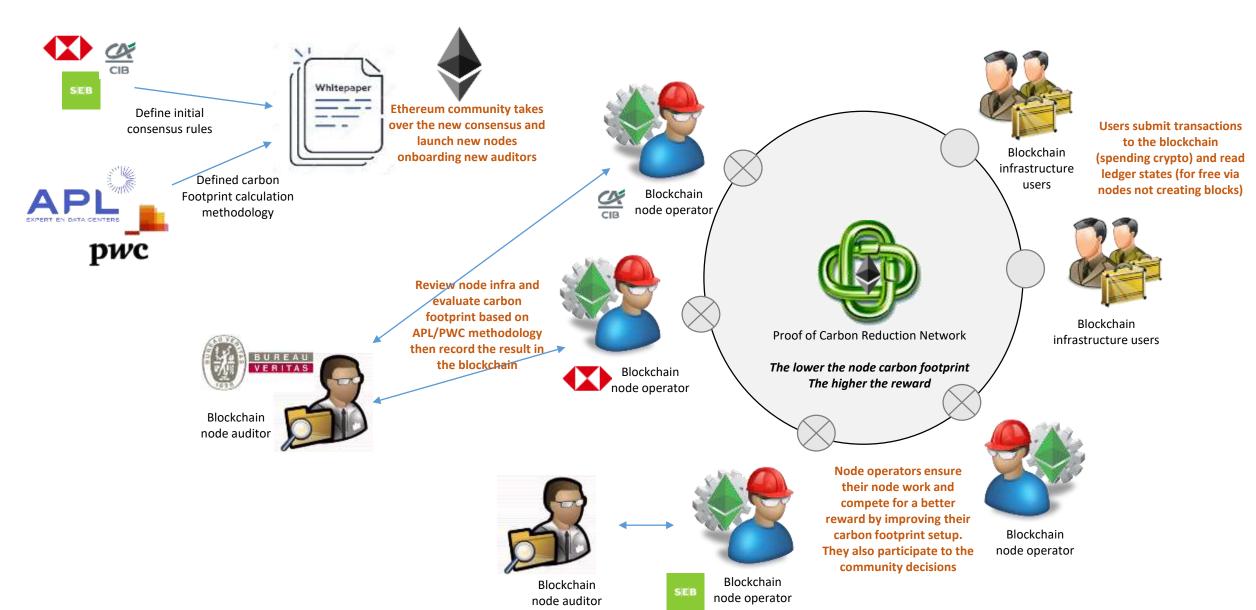


- Wallet is needed to sign actions (tx) and pay the service
- Creating new business logic (smart contract) uses tokens
- Storing data and executing logic uses tokens
- Cannot control who will be the node operator integrating the transaction in a block

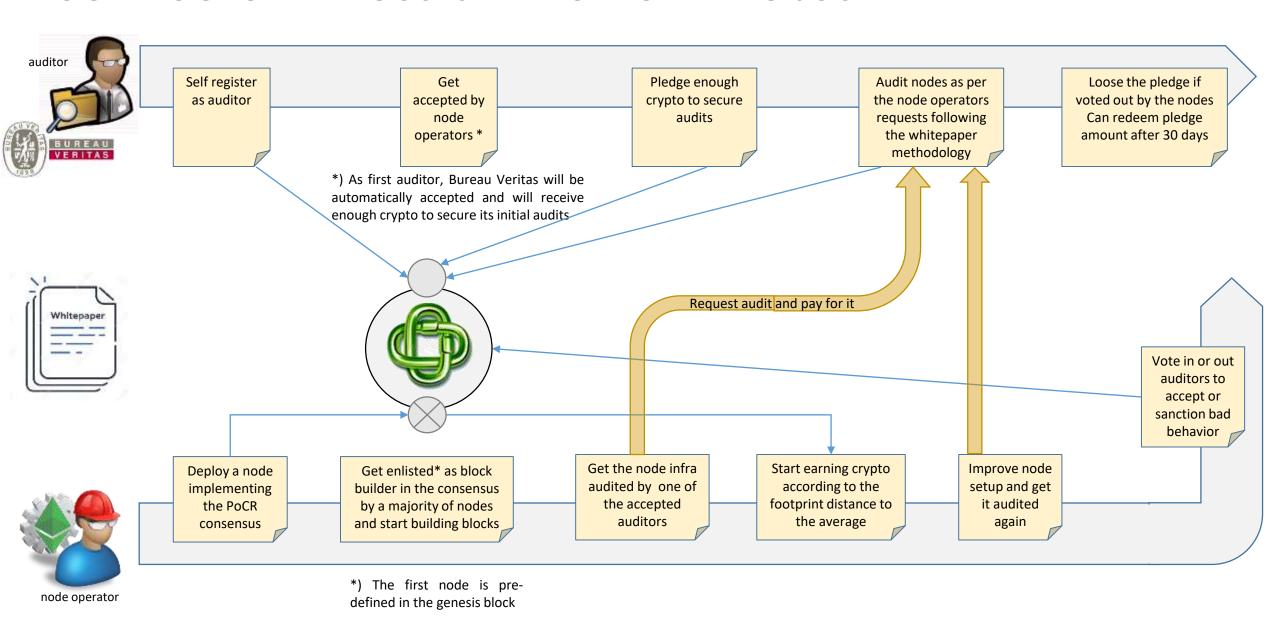
AND PAY PER ACTIONS IN NATIVE TOKENS

- Users needs to purchase (or get for free) tokens before they can perform actions on the infrastructure
- Cost of action = Complexity & Storage units x Unit price
- Wallet must have enough tokens before performing an action
- Eventually, a third party can fill the wallet for users automatically and charge for the service in fiat (see below)

POCR BLOCKCHAIN ECOSYSTEM



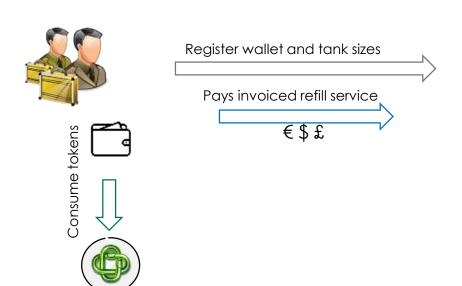
POCR BLOCKCHAIN ECOSYSTEM - ONBOARDING JOURNEY



ALTERNATIVE: USING AN EXTERNAL WALLET REFILL SERVICE

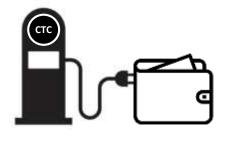
For infrastructure users to receive tokens automatically without having to effectively purchase and hold the tokens

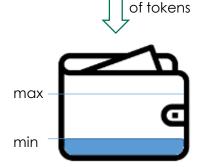
BLOCKCHAIN USERS



- Consider the tokens on the wallet for its usage only
- Cannot sell the tokens
- Account the invoice as service or consumable

REFILL WALLET SUPPLIER





NODE OPERATOR



Monitor the token supply on the registered wallets

Automatic transfer

- Refill the wallets when below to minimum
- Invoice the owner for the service
- May need to be registered as PSAN