

Get a relation for  $\theta_T$ .

$\theta_T$  is the angle between the tangent and the x-axis,  
hence  $\tan \theta_T = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$ . (from that can get the curve  $f(x)$ )

Use (4), (5), (6):

$$\begin{cases} n_a \sin \theta_1 = n_p \sin \theta_2 \\ \theta_1 = -\frac{\pi}{2} + \theta_T + \theta_0 \\ \theta_2 = \theta_T + \theta_c - \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} \text{let } n_1 &= n_{air} = n_a \\ n_2 &= n_{pump} = n_p \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\frac{n_a}{n_p} \left[ \sin \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} + \theta_T + \theta_0 \right) \right] = \sin \left( \theta_T + \theta_c - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

Trigonometry

$$\Rightarrow \frac{n_a}{n_p} \left[ \underbrace{\sin \left( \theta_0 - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}_{-\cos(\theta_0)} \cos \theta_T + \sin \theta_T \underbrace{\cos \left( \theta_0 - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}_{\sin \theta_0} \right] =$$

$$\left[ \sin \theta_T \underbrace{\cos \left( \theta_c - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}_{\sin \theta_c} + \sin \left( \theta_c - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \underbrace{\cos \theta_T}_{-\cos(\theta_c)} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{n_a}{n_p} \left[ -\cos \theta_0 \cos \theta_T + \sin \theta_T \sin \theta_0 \right] = \sin \theta_T \sin \theta_c - \cos \theta_c \cos \theta_T$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta_T \left[ -\frac{n_a}{n_p} \cos \theta_0 + \cos \theta_c \right] = \sin \theta_T \left[ \sin \theta_c - \frac{n_a}{n_p} \sin \theta_0 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\tan \theta_T = \frac{\cos \theta_c - \frac{n_a}{n_p} \cos \theta_0}{\sin \theta_c - \frac{n_a}{n_p} \sin \theta_0}} \quad (7)$$