



# STM32Trust security ecosystem





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## **STM32Trust overview**







### STM32Trust overview

• STM32Trust offers a robust multi-level strategy to enhance security in product designs, using our STM32 microcontrollers and STSAFE secure elements.

STM32Trust is our security framework combining our ecosystem and security services.

STM32Trust solution offers a complete toolset for code and execution protection.

 STM32Trust brings 12 security functions to align with customer use cases and security standards.



## **Customer examples**







# Customer example (1/6) Focus on secure manufacturing



Bob is CEO of a company designing toys.

He would like to make sure the firmware developed by his team is protected from theft and will only run on the hardware developed by his team.







### The Security Functions needed by Bob



- No firmware stealing at production
- No over-production by manufacturer
- No mean to program other devices
- No firmware stealing in the field
- Detection of attacks in the field

- Secure Manufacturing
- Software IP Protection
- Secure Install / Update
- Silicon Device Lifecycle
- Abnormal Situations Handling
- Audit/Log



## Customer example (2/6) Focus on isolation and IP protection



Jon is at the head of a company selling firmware and receives royalty payments from customers.

The firmware developed by his team is very valuable to him. It features application options that can be further enabled by the user.



#### What Jon wants to achieve



### The Security Functions needed by Jon



- Isolate his firmware from customer one

- Isolation
- Software IP Protection

Ensure that his firmware can independently be updated

- Secure Install/Update

Set application macro-state in a way which cannot be altered

**Application Lifecycle** 



# Customer example (3/6) Focus on secure boot & secure update



Mark sells costly equipment.

He wants to offer a firmware update service.

He wants his service to only update his equipment and would like to make sure only his firmware runs on his devices.



#### What Mark wants to achieve



### The Security Functions needed by Mark

- Ensure only his equipment is targeted
- Always known product state
- Ensure the update is handled with integrity and that authenticity checks are carried out
- Authenticity of firmware running on devices

- Identification/Authentication/ Attestation
- Secure Install/Update
- Secure Boot



# Customer example (4/6) Focus on secured communication



Oliver is selling devices that report sensitive data to a central server. Oliver needs to make sure the data cannot be exposed to people outside of his company and that it is protected.







### The Security Functions needed by Oliver



- Ensure transmitted data is not exposed
- Ensure secret on data encryption keys
- Ensure data is sent from authenticated devices
- Ensure data is sent to authenticated servers

- Crypto Engine
- Secure storage

 Identification/Authentication/ Attestation



# Customer example (5/6) Focus on brand protection and identification



Rose controls her fleet of devices from a remote server. She wants to be sure no counterfeiting or malicious devices are running with her server and would like to have full control over the devices. Rose needs to be able to check the identity and access rights of network operating devices at any time.







### The Security Functions needed by Rose



- Be able to authenticate the device
- Be able to attest the device access rights
- Secure device communication
- Ensure that identities and access right secrets cannot be leaked even at the manufacturing stage



Crypto Engine

 Secure Storage and Secure Manufacturing (Secure Personalization)



# Customer example (6/6) Focus on data protection



Jack is collecting user data within his devices as part of a larger system.

Jack's devices and system needs to be in line with regulations (such as GDPR) to be able to promote and sell devices.



#### What Jack wants to achieve



### **The Security Functions needed by Jack**



- Ensure user data is not exposed while communicating
- Ensure user data is stored securely

- Abnormal Situations Handling
- Crypto Engine
- Identification/Authentication/Attestation

Secure Storage

## **Security functions and ST offer**

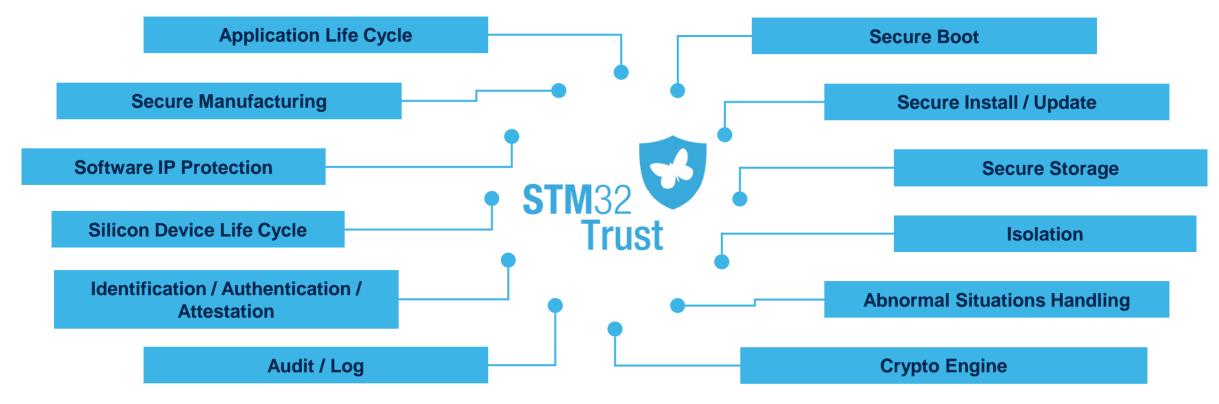






## The 12 security functions

- STM32Trust brings 12 Security Functions to align with Customer Use Cases and Security Standards
- STM32Trust brings assets (Documentation, Software, Tools...) to cover those 12 Security Functions







# The 12 security functions Summary of definitions

#### 1- Secure Boot

Ability to ensure the authenticity and integrity of an application that is inside a device

### 5- Abnormal Situations Handling

Ability to detect abnormal situations (both hardware and software) and to take adapted decisions like secrets removals

#### 9- Silicon Device Lifecycle

Control states to securely protect silicon device assets through a constrained path

#### 2- Secure Install / Update

Installation or update of firmware with initial checks of integrity and authenticity before programming and executing

#### 6- Crypto Engine

Ability to process cryptographic algorithms, as recommended by a security assurance level

#### 10- Software IP Protection

Ability to protect a section or the whole software against external or internal reading. Can be multi-tenant

#### 3- Secure Storage

Ability to securely store secrets like data or keys

#### 7- Audit / Log

Keep trace of security events in an unchangeable way

#### 11- Secure Manufacturing

Initial device provisioning in unsecured environment with overproduction control. Potential secured personalization

#### 4- Isolation

Isolation between trusted and non-trusted parts of an application

### 8- Identification / Authentication / Attestation

Unique identification of a device and/or software, and ability to detect its authenticity, inside the device or externally

#### 12- Application Lifecycle

Define unchangeable incremental states to securely protect application states and assets





# Overview Security functions versus STM32 & STSAFE

Security Function	STM32F4/F7/L1/WB/G0/G4/H7/L0/L4		STM32MP1		STM32L5 with TrustZone		+ STSAFE-A/TPM
	Silicon	Firmware	Silicon	Firmware	Silicon	Firmware	Silicon
Secure Boot	✓	✓	✓	✓ TF-A	✓	4	✓
Secure Install/Update	✓	SBSFU	✓	✓ OPTEE	✓	TFM_SBSFU	✓
Secure Storage	√ (L0/L4/H7/G0/G4)	√ (WB) SBSFU KMS (L4)	✓	√ OPTEE	✓	√ TFM SPE	✓
Isolation	✓		✓	√ OPTEE	✓	√ TFM	✓
Abnormal situations handling	✓		✓		✓		
Crypto Engine	✓	√ Crypto Libraries	✓	√ OPTEE	✓	✓ Crypto Libraries TFM	✓
Audit/Log					✓	√ TFM	
ID/Auth/Attestation	✓		✓		✓	✓ TFM Attestation	✓
Silicon Device LifeCycle	✓		✓		✓		
Software IP Protection	✓		✓	√ OPTEE	✓	√ TFM	
Secure Manufacturing	SFI (H7/L4) with STM32HSM		✓ SSP with STM32HSM		✓ SFI with STM32HSM		✓
Application LifeCycle	✓		✓		✓		✓





### 1. Secure boot

STM32 Firmware / Tool Part Number	Benefit for Security Function	STM32 Series
X-CUBE-SBSFU	Example code implementing both a Secure Boot and a Secure Firmware Update mechanism	F4/F7/WB/G0/G4/H7/L0/L4
TFM_SBSFU Boot (Part of STM32CubeL5)	Example code implementing both a Secure Boot and a Secure Firmware Update mechanism	L5
TF-A (Part of OpenSTLinux)	First stage secure bootloader configuring STM32MP platform	MP1

STM32 Silicon Feature	Benefit for Security Function	STM32 Series
RDP (Read Protection)	Prevents a debugger from reading the secure boot	
WRP (Write Protection)	Prevents an application from altering the secure boot firmware	F4/F7/WB/G0/G4/H7/L0/L4/L5
MPU (Memory Protection Unit)	Ensures privileged access to some portion of application – task isolations	
MMU (Memory Management Unit)	Ensures privileged access to some portion of application – task isolations	MP1
UBE (Unique Boot Entry)	Ensures the silicon always boots at the secure boot location	G0/G4/L5
HDP (Hide Protect)	Temporal isolation ensuring secure boot is not seen after first execution	H7/G0/G4/L5
Secure Boot ROM code	Root of trust for loading first bootloader on STM32MP	MP1

STSAFE Feature	Benefit for Security Function
X509 certificate	Allow attest of executed firmware
One-way counter (decrement)	Supporting version control management using STSAFE-A



## 11. 11. Secure manufacturing

STM32 Firmware / Tool Part Number	Benefit for Security Function	STM32 Series
STM32HSM-V1 and V2	Hardware security module (HSM) used to secure the programming of STM32 products, and to avoid product counterfeiting at contract manufacturers' premises	STM32 series with SFI or SSP
STM32CubeProgrammer	Software tool able to program an HSM with encryption key and counter of permitted programming occurrences	NA
FastROM Programming Services	Pre-loading of customer software in STM32 done by ST manufacturing	All, except MP1

STSAFE Service	Benefit for Security Function
STSAFE-A pre-personalization (MoQ 5K)	Pre-loading of customer secret in STSAFE-A at ST secure manufacturing site

STM32 Silicon Feature	Benefit for Security Function	STM32 Series
RSS with SFI (Root Security Services with Secure Firmware Install)	Built-in service callable at reset, ensuring installation of an OEM firmware and option bytes, with authenticity, integrity, confidentiality, insurance to program a genuine STM32, and possibly limited overall quantity of programmed STM32	H7/L4/L5
Secure Boot with SSP (secure secret provisioning)	Built-in service callable at reset, ensuring secure provisioning of OEM credentials. Controllability of overall quantity of STM32MP1 provisioned	MP1



## Focus on SFI and SBSFU







## Embedded secure firmware install - SFI

#### Manage STM32 authentication, firmware decryption and installation **Customer premises** Untrusted environment SFI **Encrypted** ΕW **Encrypted FW** FW Transfer Store encryption | kev in HSM **HSM** Physical transfer Authenticate target STM32 **Trusted Package Creator** Generate installation license ST Hardware Secure Module (HSM) HSM STM32 3<sup>rd</sup> Party premises Authenticate target STM32 Generate installation license **Encrypted Encrypted Module** Module Module transfer Store encryption **HSM** kev in HSM Physical transfer **Trusted Package Creator** ST Hardware Secure Module (HSM) HSM

Secure Loader
embedded services
provisioned by ST

→ Mass Market
approach

ST ecosystem
with
Encryption, HSM and
programming tools

Focus

Firmware cloning
protection on the first
installation
via
UART / SPI / USB

Protect 3<sup>rd</sup> party Software IP (SMI)





## Focus Secure boot secure FW update - SBSFU

#### **Secure Firmware Update**

Secure Boot Root of trust Secure Engine Crypto + key Firmware update Multi image

HAL Librairies

Security Guidance





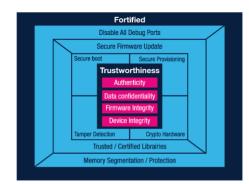












Reference library source code for In-application Programming

Demonstrate SW modules for:

- Secure Boot
- Secure Engine for Crypto and key
- Firmware Update image management

Ensure authentication and secure programing of in the field products

Reference implementation of STM32 hardware memory protections

## **Evaluations and certifications**







## First solution certified SESIP level 3: STM32L476 with X-CUBE-SBSFU

SESIP = Security Evaluation Standard for IoT
 Platforms, by Global Platform.

 SESIP describes the security functional and assurance requirements.

• STM32L476 with X-CUBE-SBSFU package is the 1st GP MCU platform to pass SESIP level 3.







# First solution certified PSA level 2: STM32L5 with TF-M

 PSA certification is the ARM-based security assurance scheme for IoT devices and services.

• PSA provides 3 levels of assurance and robustness and a set of easy-to-use built-in security functions.

• The STM32L5 with TF-M is the 1st GP MCU platform to pass PSA levels 1 and 2 and PSA functional API.

### STM32L5

The STM32L5 MCU series harnesses the security features of the Arm Cortex-M33 with TrustZone combined with ST security implementation and provide a new optimal balance...

LEARN MORE AT ST MICROELECTRONICS

REVIEWED BY: BRIGHTSIGHT

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: 0716053549631-10010







SECURITY ASSESSMENT DETAILS





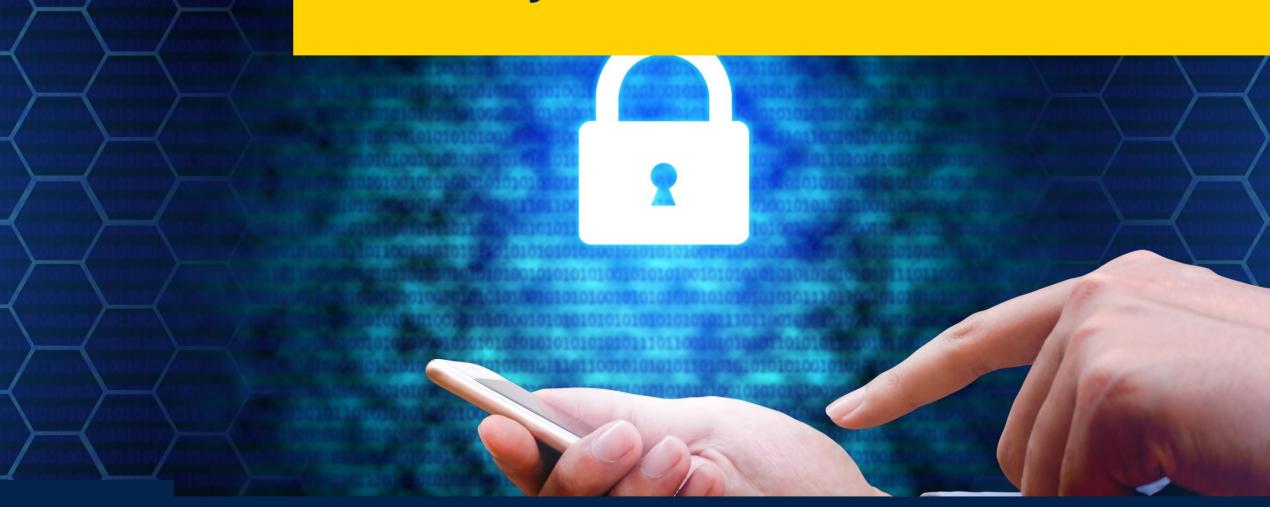
## Certifications summary

Certifications	Available Now		
ARM PSA  Level 1 (Self Assessment)  Level 2 (White box – Time Limited)  Level 3 (Smartcard-like)	ARM PSA Level 1 • STM32L4 • STM32L5	ARM PSA Level 2 • STM32L5 (TFM)  ARM PSA API Compliant • STM32L5 (TFM)	
<ul> <li>Level 1 (Self Assessment)</li> <li>Level 2 (Black box)</li> <li>Level 3 (White box – Time Limited)</li> <li>Level 4 (White box)</li> <li>Level 5 (Smartcard-like EAL4+)</li> </ul>	SESIP Level 1 • STM32L4 (SBSFU)	SESIP Level 3 • STM32L4 (SBSFU)	
COMMON CRITERIA  • EAL5+ Smartcard	CC EAL5+ • STSAFE-A110 • STSAFE-TPM		
Evaluations	Available Now		
PCI POS Point of Sale application	• STM32L4		



- Certification documents and links available at www.st.com/stm32trust
  - Evaluations material is not public

## **Takeaways**

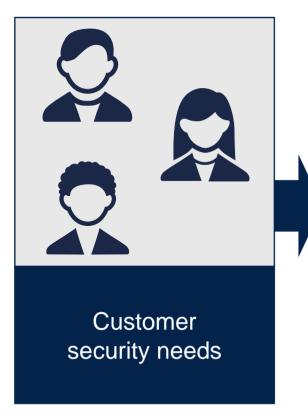


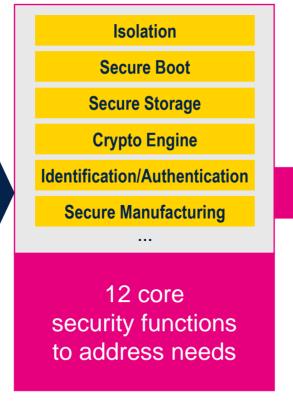




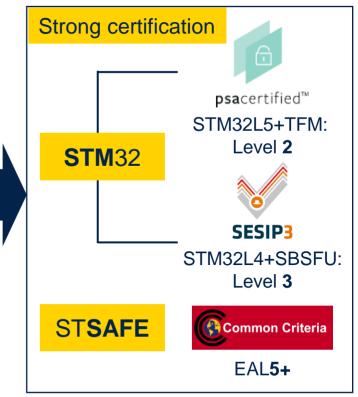
# STM32Trust security ecosystem the one stop shop solution to implement security

First solution on the market certified PSA Level 2
First solution on the market certified SESIP Level 3











PSA = Platform Security Architecture, by ARM
SESIP = Security Evaluation Standard for IoT Platforms, by Global Platform

## Thank you

Up-to-date information available at www.st.com/stm32trust



group of companies. All other names are the property of their respective owners.