#### **SPB07N60C3**



# **Cool MOS™ Power Transistor**

#### **Feature**

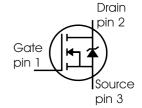
- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Improved transconductance
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>0)</sup> for target applications

$V_{\rm DS}$ @ $T_{\rm jmax}$	650	>
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	0.6	Ω
I <sub>D</sub>	7.3	Α

P-TO263-3-2



Туре	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPB07N60C3	P-TO263-3-2	Q67040-S4394	07N60C3



### **Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit
		SPB		
Continuous drain current	I <sub>D</sub>			А
<i>T</i> <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		7.3		
<i>T</i> <sub>C</sub> = 100 °C		4.6		
Pulsed drain current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	I <sub>D puls</sub>	21.9		А
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E <sub>AS</sub>	230		mJ
I <sub>D</sub> =5.5A, V <sub>DD</sub> =50V				
Avalanche energy, repetitive $t_{AR}$ limited by $T_{jmax}^{2}$	E <sub>AR</sub>	0.5		
I <sub>D</sub> =7.3A, V <sub>DD</sub> =50V				
Avalanche current, repetitive $t_{AR}$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	I <sub>AR</sub>	7.3		А
Gate source voltage static	V <sub>GS</sub>	±20		V
Gate source voltage AC (f >1Hz)	V <sub>GS</sub>	±30		
Power dissipation, $T_{\rm C}$ = 25°C	P <sub>tot</sub>	83		W
Operating and storage temperature	T <sub>i</sub> , T <sub>stq</sub>	-55	.+150	°C



**Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope	d <i>v</i> /d <i>t</i>	50	V/ns
$V_{\rm DS}$ = 480 V, $I_{\rm D}$ = 7.3 A, $T_{\rm j}$ = 125 °C			

#### **Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol		Unit		
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	-	1.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	R <sub>thJC FP</sub>	-	-	3.9	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	R <sub>thJA_FP</sub>	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB:	$R_{\mathrm{thJA}}$				
@ min. footprint		-	-	62	
@ 6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>3)</sup>		-	35	-	
Soldering temperature, reflow soldering, MSL1	$T_{sold}$	-	-	220	°C
1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s					

**Electrical Characteristics**, at  $T_{j}$ =25°C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =0.25mA	600	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche	V <sub>(BR)DS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.3A	-	700	-	
breakdown voltage						
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> =350μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =V <sub>DS</sub>	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V,				μA
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	0.5	1	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	-	100	
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	V <sub>GS</sub> =30V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =4.6A				Ω
	, ,	<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	0.54	0.6	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	1.46	-	
Gate input resistance	$R_{G}$	f=1MHz, open drain	-	8.0	-	

55

6

3.5

60 7 ns

100

15



energy related

time related

Rise time

Fall time

Turn-on delay time

Turn-off delay time

Symbol **Values** Unit **Parameter Conditions** min. typ. max. Characteristics Transconductance 6 S  $V_{\rm DS} \ge 2^* I_{\rm D}^* R_{\rm DS(on)max}$  $g_{\mathsf{fs}}$  $I_{D}$ =4.6A  $C_{iss}$ Input capacitance 790 рF  $V_{GS}$ =0V,  $V_{DS}$ =25V, Output capacitance *f*=1MHz 260  $C_{\rm oss}$ Reverse transfer capacitance 16  $C_{\rm rss}$ \_ Effective output capacitance,4)  $C_{o(er)}$ 30  $V_{GS}=0V$ ,

 $V_{DS}$ =0V to 480V

 $V_{DD}$ =380V,  $V_{GS}$ =0/13V,

 $I_D$ =7.3A,  $R_G$ =12Ω,

**Electrical Characteristics**, at  $T_i$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

 $C_{o(tr)}$ 

 $t_{d(on)}$ 

t<sub>d(off)</sub>

tr

ŧ

Gate	Charge	<b>Characteristics</b>

Effective output capacitance,5)

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	V <sub>DD</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.3A	-	3	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	9.2	-	
Gate charge total	Qg	V <sub>DD</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.3A,	-	21	27	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =0 to 10V				
Gate plateau voltage	V <sub>(plateau)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.3A	-	5.5	-	V

 $T_{i}$ =125°C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>0</sup>J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Limited only by maximum temperature

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Repetitve avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as  $P_{AV} = E_{AR} * f$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Device on 40mm\*40mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

 $<sup>{}^4</sup>C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

 $<sup>^5</sup>C_{\rm o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{\rm oss}$  while  $V_{\rm DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{\rm DSS}$ .

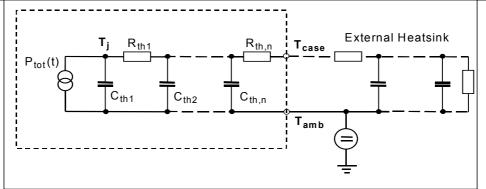


# **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous	IS	<i>T</i> <sub>C</sub> =25°C	-	-	7.3	Α
forward current						
Inverse diode direct current,	I <sub>SM</sub>		-	-	21.9	
pulsed						
Inverse diode forward voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>F</sub> =I <sub>S</sub>	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =480V, I <sub>F</sub> =I <sub>S</sub> ,	-	400	600	ns
Reverse recovery charge	<i>Q</i> <sub>rr</sub>	d <i>i</i> <sub>F</sub> /d <i>t</i> =100A/μs	-	4	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I <sub>rrm</sub>		_	28	-	Α
Peak rate of fall of reverse	di <sub>rr</sub> /dt	<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	800	-	A/µs
recovery current						

# **Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics**

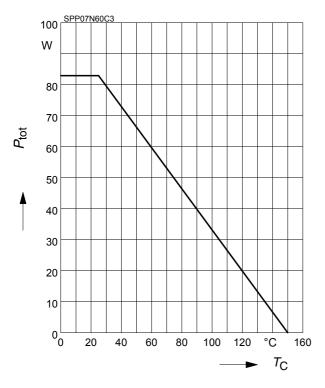
Symbol	Va	Value		Symbol	ool Value	Value	
	SPB				SPB		
R <sub>th1</sub>	0.024		K/W	C <sub>th1</sub>	0.00012		Ws/K
R <sub>th2</sub>	0.046			C <sub>th2</sub>	0.0004578		
R <sub>th3</sub>	0.085			C <sub>th3</sub>	0.000645		
R <sub>th4</sub>	0.308			C <sub>th4</sub>	0.001867		
R <sub>th5</sub>	0.317			C <sub>th5</sub>	0.004795		
R <sub>th6</sub>	0.112			C <sub>th6</sub>	0.045		





### 1 Power dissipation

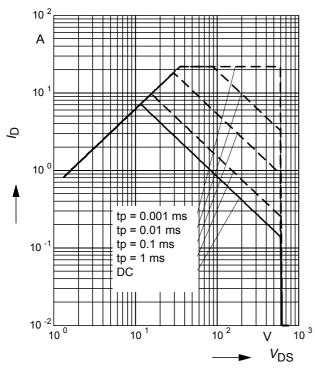
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{C}})$$



# 3 Safe operating area

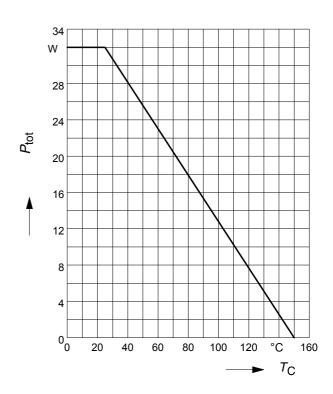
$$I_{D} = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter : D = 0 ,  $T_C = 25$ °C



# 2 Power dissipation FullPAK

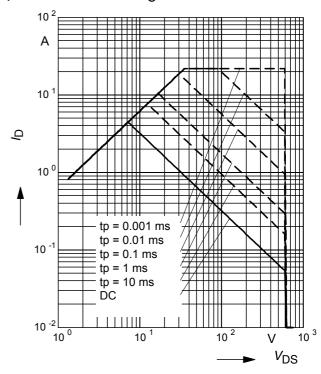
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{C}})$$



# 4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$$I_{\rm D} = f(V_{\rm DS})$$

parameter: D = 0,  $T_C = 25$ °C

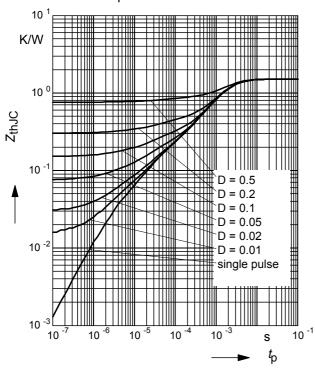




### 5 Transient thermal impedance

 $Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_{p})$ 

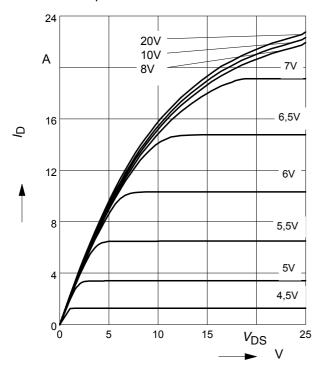
parameter:  $D = t_D/T$ 



# 7 Typ. output characteristic

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j=25$ °C

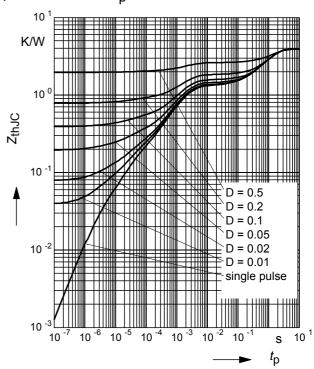
parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu s$ ,  $V_{GS}$ 



### 6 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

 $Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_{\text{p}})$ 

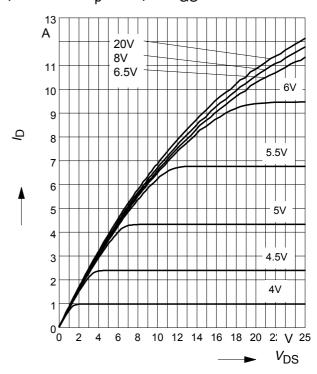
parameter:  $D = t_D/t$ 



# 8 Typ. output characteristic

 $I_{D} = f(V_{DS}); T_{j}=150^{\circ}C$ 

parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu s$ ,  $V_{GS}$ 

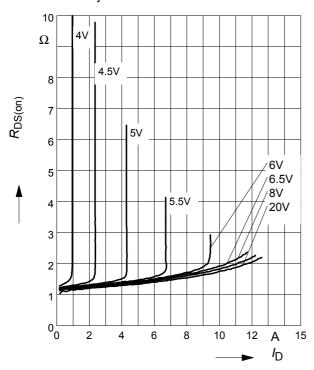




# 9 Typ. drain-source on resistance

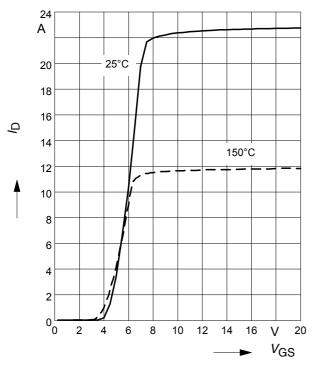
 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$ 

parameter:  $T_i$ =150°C,  $V_{GS}$ 



# 11 Typ. transfer characteristics

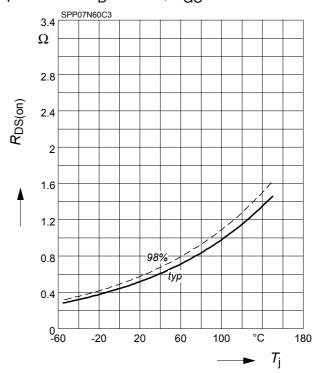
 $I_{\rm D}$ =  $f(V_{\rm GS})$ ;  $V_{\rm DS}$  $\geq 2 \times I_{\rm D} \times R_{\rm DS(on)max}$  parameter:  $t_{\rm p}$  = 10  $\mu \rm s$ 



#### 10 Drain-source on-state resistance

 $R_{\text{DS(on)}} = f(T_{j})$ 

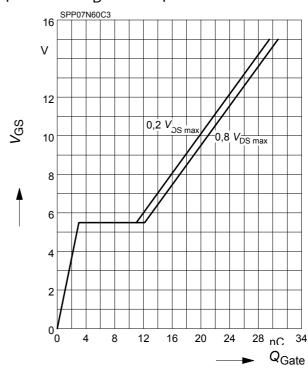
parameter :  $I_D$  = 4.6 A,  $V_{GS}$  = 10 V



# 12 Typ. gate charge

 $V_{GS} = f (Q_{Gate})$ 

parameter:  $I_D$  = 7.3 A pulsed

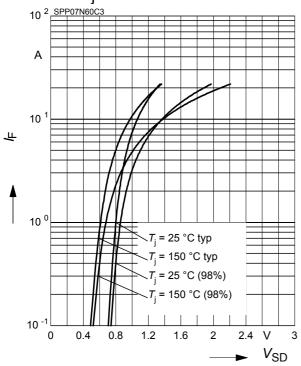




### 13 Forward characteristics of body diode

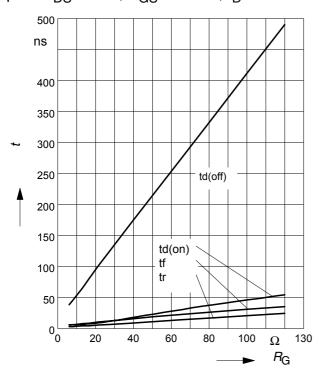
 $I_{\mathsf{F}} = f(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{SD}})$ 

parameter:  $T_i$ ,  $t_p = 10 \mu s$ 



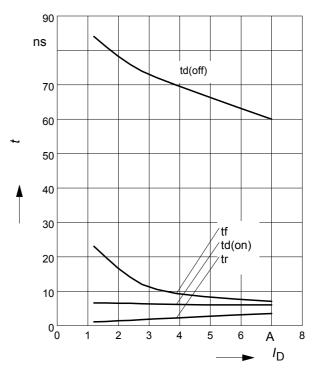
# 15 Typ. switching time

 $t = f(R_{\rm G})$ , inductive load,  $T_{\rm j}$ =125°C par.:  $V_{\rm DS}$ =380V,  $V_{\rm GS}$ =0/+13V,  $I_{\rm D}$ =7.3 A



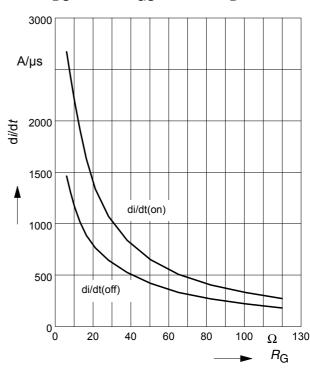
#### 14 Typ. switching time

 $t = f(I_{\rm D})$ , inductive load,  $T_{\rm j}$ =125°C par.:  $V_{\rm DS}$ =380V,  $V_{\rm GS}$ =0/+13V,  $R_{\rm G}$ =12 $\Omega$ 



# 16 Typ. drain current slope

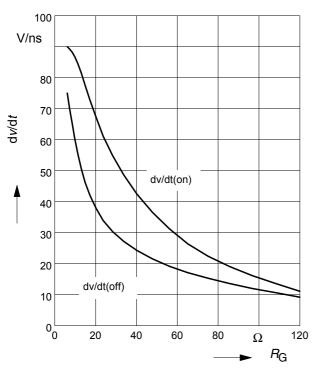
 $di/dt = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125$ °C par.:  $V_{DS}$ =380V,  $V_{GS}$ =0/+13V,  $I_D$ =7.3A





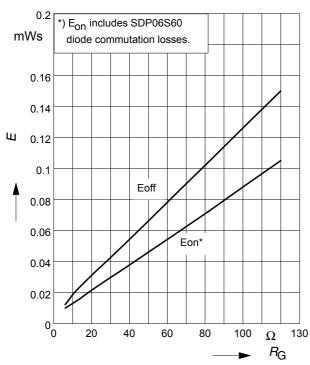
### 17 Typ. drain source voltage slope

 $dv/dt = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125$ °C par.:  $V_{DS}$ =380V,  $V_{GS}$ =0/+13V,  $I_D$ =7.3A



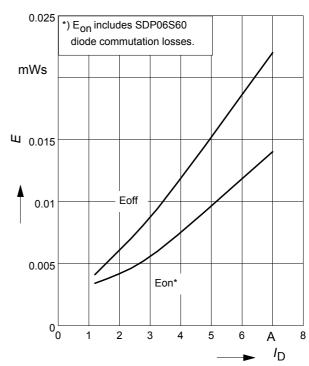
# 19 Typ. switching losses

 $E = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j$ =125°C par.:  $V_{DS}$ =380V,  $V_{GS}$ =0/+13V,  $I_D$ =7.3A



#### 18 Typ. switching losses

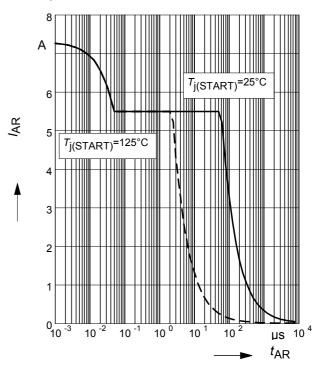
 $E = f(I_D)$ , inductive load,  $T_j$ =125°C par.:  $V_{DS}$ =380V,  $V_{GS}$ =0/+13V,  $R_G$ =12 $\Omega$ 



#### 20 Avalanche SOA

 $I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$ 

par.:  $T_j \le 150 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

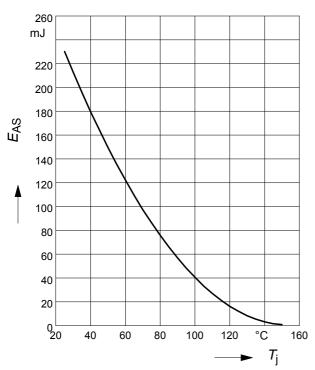




### 21 Avalanche energy

$$E_{AS} = f(T_i)$$

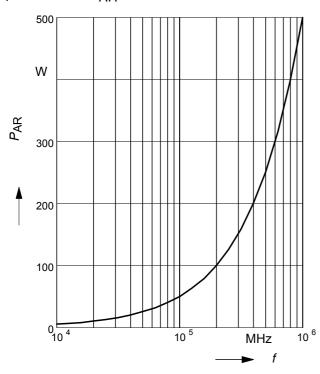
par.:  $I_D = 5.5 \text{ A}, V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$ 



#### 23 Avalanche power losses

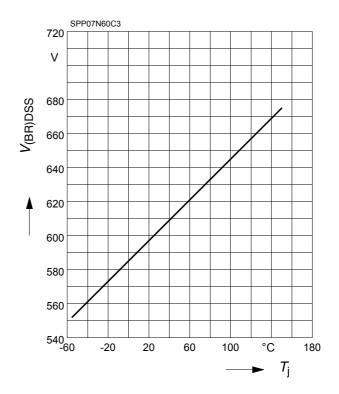
 $P_{AR} = f(f)$ 

parameter: E<sub>AR</sub>=0.5mJ



#### 22 Drain-source breakdown voltage

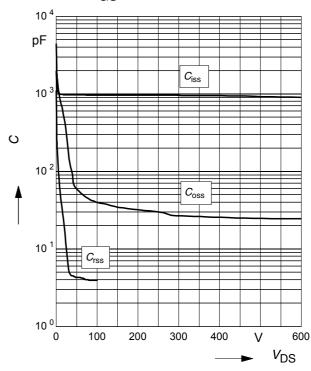
 $V_{(\mathsf{BR})\mathsf{DSS}} = f(T_{\mathsf{j}})$ 



# 24 Typ. capacitances

 $C = f(V_{DS})$ 

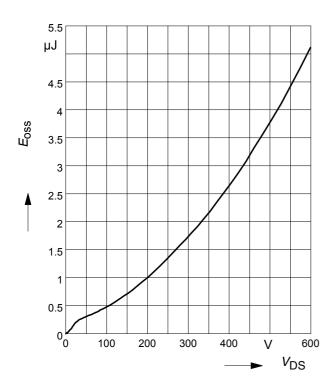
parameter:  $V_{GS}$ =0V, f=1 MHz



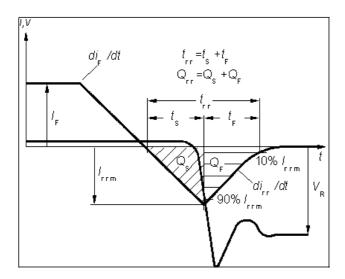


# 25 Typ. $C_{\rm OSS}$ stored energy

$$E_{\rm oss} = f(V_{\rm DS})$$

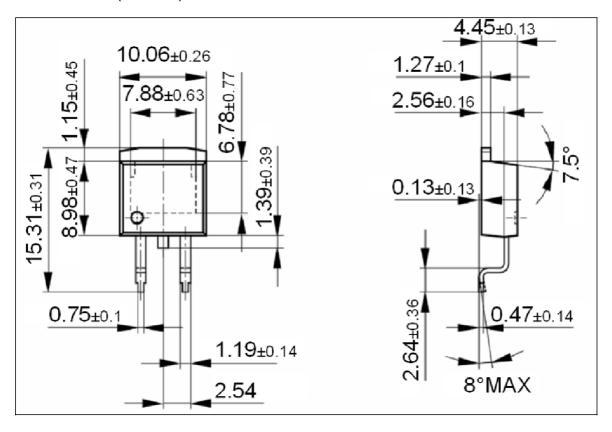


# Definition of diodes switching characteristics





# P-TO-263-3-2 (D<sup>2</sup>-PAK)





Published by Infineon Technologies AG, Bereichs Kommunikation St.-Martin-Strasse 53, D-81541 München © Infineon Technologies AG 1999 All Rights Reserved.

#### Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

#### Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies Reprensatives worldwide (see address list).

#### Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.