For Online Publication

The Value of Political Capital: Dictatorship Collaborators as Business Elites

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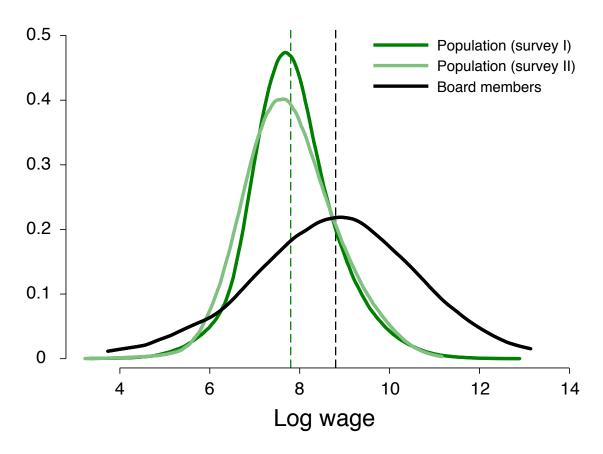
A Procedure to detect collaborators

This section provides details about how we detect if a board member had collaborated with the Pinochet regime. Suppose we want to know if a board member with the name of "AAA BBB CCC" (first name, first last name, second last name) collaborated with the Pinochet regime. Then, we use the following procedure:

- Step 1: Open Chile's version of Google (i.e. www.google.cl) in incognito mode, enabling replication.
- Step 2: Search for the query "AAA BBB CCC."
- Step 3: Check all hits in the first page of results. Three possible paths arise:
 - 3.1 If we detect "AAA BBB CCC" worked for the Pinochet regime and he is not a military, then:
 - ⇒ Board member is classified as *civilian collaborator* and we stop.
 - 3.2 If we detect "AAA BBB CCC" was part of the military between 1973 and 1988, then:
 - ⇒ Board member is classified as *military collaborator* and we stop.
 - 3.3 Otherwise:
 - \Rightarrow Proceed to step 4.
- Step 4: Search for the queries "AAA BBB CCC" and "Pinochet" at the same time.
- Step 5: Check all hits in the first page of results. Three possible paths arise:
 - 5.1 If we detect "AAA BBB CCC" worked for the Pinochet regime and he is not a military, then:
 - ⇒ Board member is classified as *civilian collaborator* and we stop.
 - 5.2 If we detect "AAA BBB CCC" was part of the military between 1973 and 1988, then:
 - ⇒ Board member is classified as *military collaborator* and we stop.
 - 5.3 Otherwise:
 - ⇒ Board member is classified as *non-collaborator* and we stop.

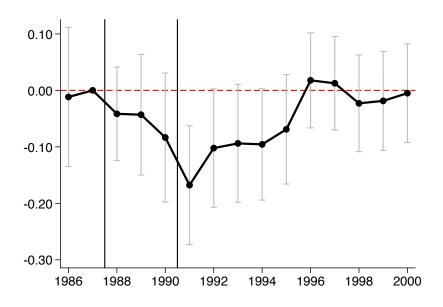
We define a *collaborator* as either a civilian collaborator or a military collaborator. These queries return historical sources that document the identities of individuals who participated in the regime. In particular, we are able to detect all militaries and also civilians working as "high-level" politicians, i.e. secretaries, sub-secretaries, and leaders of important state offices (e.g. Planning Office, Production Development Corporation).

Figure A.1: Wage distributions during the dictatorship

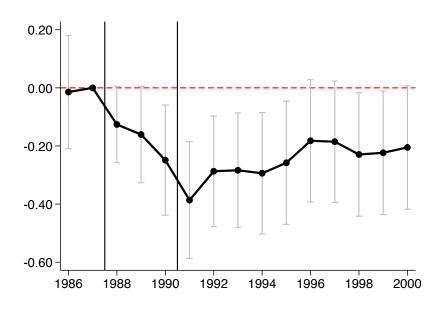


Notes: Distribution of annual (log) wages in 1987 (in 2000 U.S. dollars) using three different data sets. **Survey I**: National representative survey (Encuesta Nacional de Caracterización Socioeconómica) conducted by the Ministry of Social Development. Density calculation uses data on 30,874 individuals with positive income. **Survey II**: Oldest labor survey in Chile, conducted by the University of Chile, containing labor information on random households in Santiago, capital of Chile. **Board members**: Own construction based on financial statements collected by the Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros (Securities and Exchange Commission is the U.S. equivalent). The mean wage of executive directors lies at the 88*th* percentile of the wage distribution in Surveys I and II.

Figure A.2: Extended sample, years 1986 – 2000



(a) Appointed as board member



(b) Number of appointments

Notes: This figure shows estimates of a dynamic version of equation (2) using and extended sample that includes appointments in years 1995–2000. Panel A shows estimates using an indicator for an appointment as board member as dependent variable and Panel B uses the number of appointments as board member. In grey we present the 95% confidence intervals.

Table A.1: Differences between collaborators and non-collaborators

	Collaborator	Non-collaborator	Difference
	(1)	(2)	(1)-(2)
Indicator for degree in business	0.23 83	0.35 <i>471</i>	-0.12**
Indicator for degree in engineering	0.22 83	0.27 <i>471</i>	-0.05
Indicator for degree in law	0.12 83	0.20 <i>471</i>	-0.08*
Studied in elite university	0.46 83	0.78 <i>139</i>	-0.32***
Age in 1987 [†]	45 83	45 1,014	0

Notes: This table presents differences in observables between collaborators and non-collaborators. We present the number of board-members in *italics*. Columns 1 and 3 present the number of observations per group. Columns 2 and 4 present the average and standard deviation (in parenthesis). Column (5) presents the average difference between groups and the *p*-value from a two-sided test for the difference in square brackets. † Estimated using individual's unique identification number. Significance level: $^{***}p < 0.01$, $^{**}p < 0.05$, $^{*}p < 0.1$.

Table A.2: Differences in education by type of collaboration

	Civilian collaborators	Military collaborators	Difference
	(1)	(2)	(1)-(2)
Indicator degree in business	0.31	0.05	0.26**
Indicator degree in engineering	0.26	0.14	0.12
Indicator degree in law	0.13	0.09	0.04
Studied in elite university	0.61	0.05	0.56***
Age in 1987 [†]	45	47	-2
Board members	61	22	

Notes: We define elite universities as the Catholic University and the University of Chile. † Estimated using individual's unique identification number. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.1.

Table A.3: Sub-sample of board members with high-positions during the dictatorship

		Appointe	d in board	
	Indi	cator	Number	of boards
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Collaborator × Democracy	-0.203***		-0.321***	
	(0.077)		(0.108)	
× Transition	-0.165**		-0.149	
	(0.082)		(0.114)	
Military × Democracy		-0.423***		-0.558***
		(0.091)		(0.194)
× Transition		-0.280*		-0.353
		(0.153)		(0.238)
Civilian × Democracy		-0.146*		-0.226*
·		(0.082)		(0.117)
× Transition		-0.135		-0.068
		(0.083)		(0.121)
Board members	208	208	208	208
Observations	2,421	2,421	1,872	1,872
R-squared	0.611	0.612	0.811	0.811
Fixed effects	X	X	X	X

Notes: These regressions use a restricted sample of individuals appointed in high-positions during the dictatorship period. Fixed effects for each individual and year in the data. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board members and firms. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.1. See paper for details.

 Table A.4: Robustness of appointment results

Dependent variable is an indicator for individuals appointed in a board (any position)

Characteristic Indicator for interacted with by the regime by the regime (1) (2) (1) (2) (0.043) (0.047) (0.047) (0.072) × Transition (0.047) (0.072) × Transition (0.047) (0.066) (0.066) (0.046)	for Number of ized board members in firm (2) (3) (4) (-0.105** (0.044) -0.049 (0.050)	er of embers rm (4) (0.077)	Age of board member (5) (6) -0.110** (0.045) -0.053 (0.050)	e of nember (6)	Indicator for university degree	Indicator for university degree of board member
(1) (2) racy -0.091** (0.043) -0.035 (0.047) -0.211*** (0.072) -0.123* (0.066) -0.054 (0.046)		(4) -0.246*** (0.077)	(5) -0.110** (0.045) -0.053 (0.050)	(9)	or board	
racy -0.091** (0.043) -0.035 (0.047) -0.211*** (0.072) -0.123* (0.066) -0.054 (0.046)	•	-0.246*** (0.077)	-0.110** (0.045) -0.053 (0.050)		(7)	(8)
-0.035 (0.047) -0.211*** (0.072) -0.123* (0.066) -0.054 (0.046)		-0.246*** (0.077)	-0.053		-0.134*** (0.047)	
	211***	-0.246*** (0.077)			-0.054 (0.054)	
	1.072)			-0.255*** (0.077)		-0.256*** (0.082)
	123*).066)	-0.158** (0.072)		-0.166** (0.073)		-0.147* (0.078)
	0.054 0.046)	-0.061 (0.046)		-0.065 (0.047)		-0.099
× Transition -0.008 (0.056)	0.008	-0.015 (0.058)		-0.018 (0.058)		-0.029
ers 1,111 1,111		1,111	1,092	1,092	554	554
Observations 13,698 13,698 12 P_congred 0.606 0.607 0	3,698 13,698	13,698	13,428	13,428	8,235	8,235
ts x x		0.00 ×)) 	× ×	0.010 ×	0.010 ×
Mean of dependent variable 0.847 0.847 0	0.847 0.847	0.847	0.849	0.849	0.840	0.840

Notes: Fixed effects for each individual and year in the data. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board members and firms. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.1. See paper for details

Table A.5: Robustness of appointments in high-positions

Dependent variable is an indicator for individuals appointed in a high-position

		Firm char	Firm characteristics		Bc	oard member	Board member characteristics	cs
Characteristic interacted with period indicators:	Indicator for firms privatized by the regime	licator for s privatized the regime	Num board n	Number of board members in firm	Age of board member	Age of rd member	Indicator for university degree of board member	tor for y degree member
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Collaborator \times Democracy	-0.133*** (0.041)		-0.138*** (0.042)		-0.142*** (0.041)		-0.126*** (0.041)	
× Transition	-0.088** (0.037)		-0.094** (0.038)		-0.097** (0.037)		-0.083** (0.037)	
Military \times Democracy		-0.167** (0.077)		-0.178** (0.076)		-0.180** (0.074)		-0.154** (0.074)
× Transition		-0.104 (0.064)		-0.115* (0.065)		-0.116* (0.064)		-0.092 (0.063)
Civilian × Democracy		-0.122*** (0.044)		-0.126*** (0.045)		-0.130*** (0.044)		-0.117*** (0.045)
× Transition		-0.084** (0.037)		-0.087** (0.038)		-0.091** (0.037)		-0.080** (0.037)
Board members	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,092	1,092	554	554
Observations R-squared	13,698 0.734	13,698 0.734	13,698 0.763	13,698 0.763	13,428 0.732	13,428 0.732	8,235 0.733	8,235 0.733
Fixed effects Mean of dependent variable	x 0.142	x 0.142	x 0.142	x 0.142	x 0.140	x 0.140	x 0.158	x 0.158

Notes: Fixed effects for each individual and year in the data. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board members and firms. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.1. See paper for details.

Table A.6: Robustness of board compensation results

Dependent variable is the logarithm of board compensation

		Firm cha	Firm characteristics		Boa	rd member	Board member characteristics	stics
Characteristic interacted with period indicators:	Indicator for firms privatized by the regime	tor for ivatized regime	Number of board members in firm	Number of ard members in firm	Age of board member	of ember	Indica universit of board	Indicator for university degree of board member
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Collaborator \times Democracy	-0.464 (0.324)		-0.368 (0.352)		-0.403 (0.310)		-0.541* (0.286)	
× Transition	0.507** (0.200)		0.508***		0.497***		0.472**	
Military × Democracy		-0.105 (0.264)		-0.353 (0.345)		-0.095 (0.359)		-0.046 (0.294)
× Transition		0.783** (0.337)		0.787**		0.765** (0.342)		0.768**
Civilian × Democracy		-0.537 (0.347)		-0.414 (0.386)		-0.471 (0.332)		-0.627** (0.308)
× Transition		0.397		0.397		0.390 (0.251)		0.354 (0.247)
Board member-firm	430	430	430	430	421	421	328	328
Observations	1,135	1,135	1,134	1,134	1,107	1,107	298	298
R-squared	0.807	908.0	0.813	0.813	0.812	0.811	0.808	0.808
Fixed effects	×	×	X	X	X	×	×	×

Notes: Fixed effects for each individual and year in the data. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board members and firms. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.1. See paper for details.

 Table A.7: Robustness to collapse years into political periods

		Appointed	Appointed in a board		A	ppointed in	Appointed in a high-position	u
	Indi	Indicator	Number of boards	of boards	Indicator	ator	Number of boards	of boards
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Collaborator \times Democracy	-0.106** (0.044)		-0.921*** (0.306)		-0.138*** (0.042)		-0.478*** (0.146)	
× Transition	-0.050		-0.341 (0.219)		-0.094** (0.038)		-0.240** (0.111)	
Military \times Democracy		-0.246*** (0.077)		-1.409** (0.555)		-0.179** (0.076)		-0.711*** (0.248)
× Transition		-0.158** (0.073)		-0.698** (0.339)		-0.115* (0.065)		-0.337* (0.199)
Civilian × Democracy		-0.063 (0.046)		-0.744** (0.354)		-0.126*** (0.045)		-0.394** (0.175)
× Transition		-0.017 (0.058)		-0.212 (0.264)		-0.087** (0.039)		-0.204 (0.131)
Board members	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,111	1,111
Observations	4,566	4,566	3,312	3,312	4,566	4,566	3,312	3,312
R-squared	0.697	0.698	0.767	0.767	0.824	0.824	0.867	0.867
Fixed effects	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Mean of dependent variable	0.847	0.847	2.244	2.244	0.142	0.142	0.374	0.374

Notes: Fixed effects for each individual and year in the data. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board members and firms. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.01.

Table A.8: Heterogeneity analysis for collaborators

			$X: V_{\mathfrak{g}}$	ariable in the	X: variable in the triple interaction	tion		
	Political support for Pinochet	support lochet	Firm's headquarters located in Santiago	dquarters Santiago	Firms operates in services	perates vices	Board member is Chicago Boy	ember is o Boy
Dependent variable:	Appointed	Compens.	Appointed	Compens.	Appointed	Compens.	Appointed	Compens.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Collaborator \times Democracy \times X	0.45 (0.49)	-2.13 (3.33)	-0.03 (0.10)	-1.12** (0.51)	-0.11 (0.08)	-0.31 (1.03)	0.08 (0.14)	0.59 (0.38)
\times Transition \times X	0.85**	-1.27 (1.63)	0.04	0.26	0.09 (0.13)	-0.26 (0.31)	0.05 (0.23)	-0.40 (0.31)
Collaborator \times Democracy	-0.11** (0.04)	-0.48 (0.32)	-0.09	0.46 (0.36)	-0.08	-0.45 (0.32)	-0.11** (0.05)	-0.59* (0.34)
× Transition	-0.05 (0.05)	0.51** (0.20)	-0.08	0.32 (0.21)	-0.07	0.55**	-0.05 (0.05)	0.55**
Board members Observations Fixed effects	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x

Notes: All specifications include firm-board member fixed effect, industry-transition, and industry-democracy fixed effects. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board member and firm. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.11.

Table A.9: Heterogeneity analysis by type of collaboration

I			•	A . Variable in the triple interaction	mission and in a			
	Political support for Pinochet	al support Pinochet	Firm's headquarters located in Santiago	dquarters Santiago	Firms operates in services	perates vices	Board member is Chicago Boy	ember is o Boy
Dependent variable:	Appointed	Compens.	Appointed	Compens.	Appointed	Compens.	Appointed	Compens.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Military \times Democracy \times X	0.92 (0.69)	I	-0.24 (0.24)	-0.13 (0.34)	0.07 (0.23)	I	I	I
\times Transition $\times X$	1.22*** (0.44)	-0.62 (1.13)	-0.11 (0.19)	0.03 (0.42)	0.02 (0.15)	-0.26 (0.38)	I	I
Civilian × Democracy × X	0.28 (0.52)	-2.18 (3.43)	0.04 (0.09)	-1.14** (0.53)	-0.17** (0.08)	-0.25 (1.04)	0.04 (0.14)	0.67*
\times Transition $\times X$	0.71 (0.51)	-1.53 (2.24)	0.09 (0.10)	0.29 (0.42)	0.08 (0.14)	-0.19 (0.39)	0.01 (0.23)	-0.29 (0.38)
Military \times Democracy	-0.24*** (0.08)	-0.11 (0.25)	-0.09 (0.22)	I	-0.25*** (0.08)	-0.09 (0.27)	-0.25*** (0.08)	-0.10 (0.26)
× Transition	-0.16** (0.07)	0.78** (0.33)	-0.08 (0.15)	0.76***	-0.16** (0.08)	0.81** (0.37)	-0.16** (0.07)	0.78** (0.34)
Civilian × Democracy	-0.06 (0.05)	-0.54 (0.33)	-0.10 (0.08)	0.39 (0.36)	0.02 (0.05)	-0.53 (0.34)	-0.07 (0.05)	-0.68*
× Transition	-0.16** (0.07)	0.40 (0.25)	-0.08	0.19 (0.20)	-0.04	0.43 (0.31)	-0.02 (0.06)	0.44 (0.29)
Board members Observations Fixed effects	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x	1,111 13,698 x	430 1,135 x

Notes: All specifications include firm-board member fixed effect, industry-transition, and industry-democracy fixed effects. Robust standard errors are doubly clustered by board member and firm. Significance level: *** p < 0.01, ** p < 0.05, * p < 0.11.