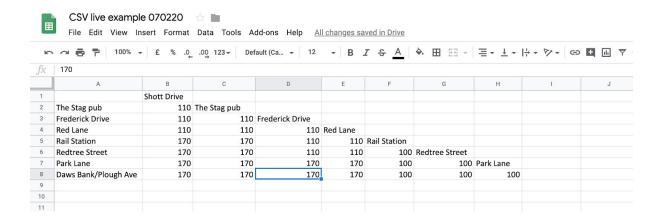
How to Upload a Fares Triangle

In order to create your NeTEx by uploading a csv, we need your Fares data to be in a 'Fares Triangle' format.

The below screenshot shows an example of this.



The place names in the A column, and along the right hand side of the triangle, are called the **Fare Stages**. These are the parts of your service where your **prices** are linked to - they are not necessarily linked to bus stops.

The numbers are the **price** it costs for a passenger to go between the **Fare Stages**. They are in pence, meaning that if you want a £1.65 price, it would be '165'. If you wanted a £10.00 price, it would be '1000'.

Do not include any other characters in your prices, for example commas or full stops; it is important they are whole numbers, with no other symbols.

To read a price from the **Fares Triangle**, find the Fare Stage where the journey starts along the top of the triangle; for example if your journey starts at **The Stag pub**, you would use cell 'C2' to find the price.

Then, read **down** the list of prices until you are on the row where the **Fare Stage** name is the end of your journey. For example, starting at **The Stag pub** and ending at Redtree Street would mean that you are looking for the price on row 6.

This means the price from Fare Stage - The Stag pub to Fare Stage - Redtree Street is 170, which translates in real terms to £1.70. The cell of the price we found 170 in was 'C6'.

Here is a list of useful tips:

The 'A' column can have your Fare Stages in, as shown in the example. They aren't
mandatory, and the file will work without them, but it makes reading the table easier feel free to decide if you want them in or not!

- The **Fare Stage** names matter, as this is how we will be representing your data in the NeTEx format data. Take care to make sure they're correct and spelled correctly.
- The spacing *really* matters. Please make sure that your first **Fare Stage** is in cell B1, and your 2nd **Fare Stage** is in C2, etc. They must adhere to this pattern, or they will not be read in properly.
- There are no rules for the **prices**, apart from that they must be a whole number with no symbols. If it costs less to travel further, that is allowed please make sure your **prices** are correct.

Saving as a CSV

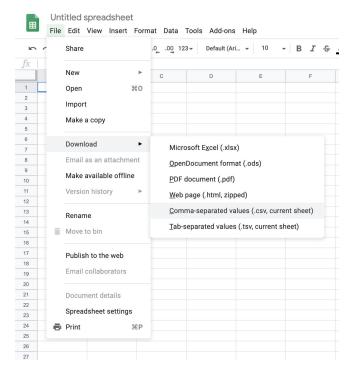
Here is how to save as a CSV from either Google Sheets or Microsoft Excel.

Google Sheets

Once completed, click on File, and move your cursor down to download. Then, select Comma-seperated values (.csv current sheet) as shown in the Screenshot on the right.

Microsoft Excel

In Excel, click file and Save As.
Then choose a name for your file,
and change the file format to
CSV UTF-8 (Comma-delimited)
(.csv). Depending on your version of
Excel, this may differ, but if all else



fails, make sure you name it with ".csv" on the end.

