

## Chile - Influenza A viruses of high pathogenicity (Inf. with) (non-poultry including wild birds) (2017-) - Immediate notification

### GENERAL INFORMATION

COUNTRY/TERRITORY OR ZONE	ANIMAL TYPE	DISEASE CATEGORY	EVENT ID
ZONE	TERRESTRIAL	Listed disease	4922
DISEASE	CAUSAL AGENT	GENOTYPE / SEROTYPE / SUBTYPE	START DATE
Influenza A viruses of high pathogenicity (Inf. with) (non-poultry including wild birds) (2017-)	Highly pathogenic avian influenza virus	H5 (N untyped)	2023/02/10
REASON FOR NOTIFICATION	DATE OF LAST OCCURRENCE	CONFIRMATION DATE	EVENT STATUS
Unusual host species	-	2023/02/16	On-going
END DATE	SELF-DECLARATION		
-	NO		

### REPORT INFORMATION

REPORT NUMBER	REPORT ID	REPORT REFERENCE	REPORT DATE
Immediate notification	IN_159511	-	2023/02/24
REPORT STATUS	NO EVOLUTION REPORT		
Validated	-		

### EPIDEMIOLOGY

#### SOURCE OF EVENT OR ORIGIN OF INFECTION

- Contact with wild species

#### EPIDEMIOLOGICAL COMMENTS

This is the first detection of avian influenza H5N1 in an unusual host in the national territory (marine mammal); sea lion *Otaria flavescens* is the affected species. Regarding organization, the National Directorate of the National Fisheries and Aquaculture Service (SERNAPESCA) carries out the risk assessment and defines the actions to be implemented in each zone; Regional Directorates are responsible for implementing these measures. To date, the agent has not been detected in other marine mammals. Following the first detection of the pathogen, and based on the location where the affected animal got stranded, a disease control zone was defined along the coastline, where notification of stranded animals is reinforced with sectoral users and clinical and molecular surveillance is implemented in animals with signs and symptoms consistent with highly pathogenic avian influenza, aimed at the early detection and timely control of the spread of the virus. In geographic areas that are not within this zone, passive surveillance will be maintained, focusing on the follow-up of reports.

### QUANTITATIVE DATA SUMMARY

#### MEASURING UNIT

Animal

Species	Susceptible Cases		Deaths	Killed and Disposed of	Slaughtered/ Killed for commercial use	Vaccinated
south-american sea lion (wild)	NEW	-	1	1	0	0
	TOTAL	-	1	1	0	0

DIAGNOSTIC DETAILS

CLINICAL SIGNS	METHOD OF DIAGNOSTIC
YES	Clinical, Diagnostic test

Test name	Laboratory	Species sampled	Number of outbreaks sampled	First result date	Latest result date	Result
Reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR)	Laboratorio Lo Aguirre, Servicio Agrícola y Ganadero (SAG)	South-American sea lion	1	2023/02/15	2023/02/15	Positive

CONTROL MEASURES

CONTROL MEASURES AT EVENT LEVEL	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	WILD ANIMALS
Surveillance outside the restricted zone		Applied
Control of wildlife reservoirs		Applied
Official disposal of carcasses, by-products and waste		Applied
Disinfection		Applied
Surveillance within the restricted zone		Applied

NEW OUTBREAKS

OB\_114649 - HIIAAP\_1 - PLAYA EL HUASCAR

OUTBREAK REFERENCE	START DATE	END DATE	DETAILED CHARACTERISATION
HIIAAP_1	2023/02/10	-	-
FIRST ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION	SECOND ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION	THIRD ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION	EPIDEMIOLOGICAL UNIT
Antofagasta	Antofagasta	Antofagasta	Other
LOCATION	Latitude, Longitude	OUTBREAKS IN CLUSTER	Measuring unit
Playa el Huascar	-23.731944 , -70.439167	-	Animal

AFFECTED POPULATION DESCRIPTION

-

Species (latin name)	Wildlife type	Susceptible Cases	Deaths	Killed and Disposed of	Slaughtered/ Killed for commercial use	Vaccinated
south-american sea lion (wild) wild	NEW	-	1	1	0	0
	TOTAL	-	1	1	0	0

**METHOD OF DIAGNOSTIC**

Clinical,  
Diagnostic test

**CONTROL MEASURES DIFFERENT FROM EVENT LEVEL**

MEASURES NOT IMPLEMENTED	ADDITIONAL MEASURES
-	-