ch1: Graph Theory

理解:

$$G = \{V, E\}$$

$$V = \{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$$

$$E = \{e_1, e_2, e_3\}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & & & \\ & 1 & & \\ & & 1 & \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & & \\ 1 & & 0 & \\ 1 & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L = D - A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & & \\ -1 & & & 1 \\ -1 & & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L_{sym}=D^{-1/2}LD^{-1/2}=I-D^{-1/2}AD^{-1/2}$$

$$L_{rw}=D^{-1}L=I-D^{-1}A \qquad \text{random walk Laplacian ?}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\lambda I - L| &= 0 \\ Lu &= \lambda u \\ L &= U\Lambda U^T = \sum_{1}^{N} \lambda_k u_k \cdot u_k^T \end{aligned}$$

ch2: Graph Signal Processing

$$\forall s \in R^{N}$$

$$u_{k}^{T} \cdot s = \frac{u_{k}^{T} \cdot s}{|u_{k}^{T}|} = |s| \cos \theta_{k} = p_{k}$$

$$p = U^{T} s \qquad s = U p$$

$$TV(s) = s^{T} L s = s^{T} U \Lambda U^{T} s = (U^{T} s)^{T} \Lambda (U^{T} s) = p^{T} \Lambda p = \sum_{1}^{N} p_{k}^{2} \lambda_{k} \ge 0$$
$$E(s) = |s|^{2} = (Up)^{T} \cdot (Up) = p^{T} p = \sum_{1}^{N} p_{k}^{2}$$

$$s_{in}\left(\sum_{1}^{N}p_{k}u_{k}\right) \to H(filter) \to s_{out}\left(\sum_{1}^{N}p_{k}'u_{k}\right) = s_{out}\left(\sum_{1}^{N}h(\lambda_{k})p_{k}u_{k}\right)$$

$$s_{out} = Hs_{in} = \sum_{1}^{N}h(\lambda_{k})p_{k}u_{k}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} u_{1} & u_{2} & \dots & u_{n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h(\lambda_{1})p_{1} \\ h(\lambda_{2})p_{2} \\ \dots \\ h(\lambda_{n})p_{n} \end{bmatrix} = U \begin{bmatrix} h(\lambda_{1}) \\ h(\lambda_{2}) \\ \dots \\ h(\lambda_{n}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_{1} \\ p_{2} \\ \dots \\ p_{n} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= U \begin{bmatrix} h(\lambda_{1}) \\ h(\lambda_{2}) \\ \dots \\ h(\lambda_{n}) \end{bmatrix} U^{T}s_{in}$$

$$H = U \begin{bmatrix} h(\lambda_1) & & & \\ & h(\lambda_2) & & \\ & & \dots & \\ & & h(\lambda_n) \end{bmatrix} U^T = U\Lambda_h U^T \qquad \Lambda_h \in N \times N$$

$$\Lambda_h = \lim_{K \to \infty} \sum_0^K h_k \Lambda^k \qquad K \ll N$$

$$H = U(h_0 \Lambda^0 + h_1 \Lambda^1 + \dots + h_K \Lambda^K) U^T$$

$$= U(h_0 \Lambda^0) U^T + U(h_1 \Lambda^1) U^T + \dots + U(h_K \Lambda^K) U^T$$

$$= h_0 L^0 + h_1 L^1 + \dots + h_K L^K = \sum_0^K h_k L^k$$

$$K = 1 \qquad H = h_0 L^0 + h_1 L^1$$

ch3: