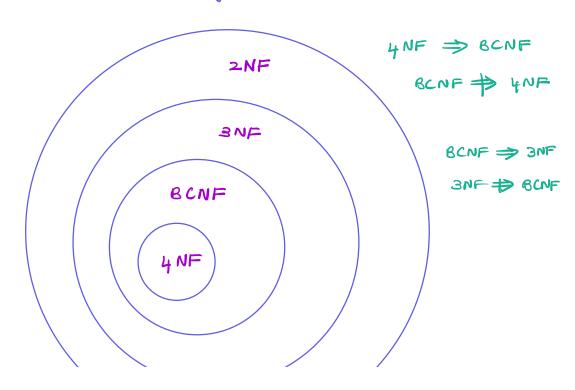
Formal Design Considerations

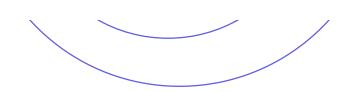
- i) Start with a relation that has all the attributes.
- 2) Specify the functional dependencies (fds) and the multivalued dependencies (mvds)
- a) decompose the table with all the attributes into relations (i.e., tables) that are in normal form (NF)
 - * a set of tables in NF does not suffer from insert, delete, update, join anomalies.

 if RI 2 R2 are in NF, then R = RI 00 R2

INF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, 4NF

Boyce Codd Normal Form





*BCNF is the set of relations that satisfy FDS.

* 4NF satisfy both FDS & MVDS.

dno -> mgr

- a) Can 2 emp en the same dept have different managers?
- b) Con 2 emp in different depts have the same manager?
- c) Con same person manage 2 department? Yes

dro mgr

1 Smith

2 John

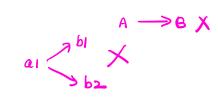
3 Smth

4 Smith

 \forall huples to, to $\in \mathcal{E}_{mp}$, $t_1 [dno] = t_2 [dno] \Rightarrow t_1 [mgr] = t_2 [mgr]$

Example			
	A	В	ل
	ai	اط	C
	au	bl	C2
	a2	bl	сз
	as	Ы	cy

(1)	A ? 8 /
	aı -> bı
	a2 7
	a3 /



c is a key for R(A,B,C)

Does A -> B?

* if there are 3 unique values for $A \Rightarrow \leq 3$ values for B

* if there are 3 unique values for B => > 3 values for A

EMP-Proj Example

SSN -> Ename

RI': (SSN, Ename)

Pro -> Prane, Plocation

R2!: (Pro, Prane, Plocation)

SSN, Pro -> Hrs

R3': (SSN, Pro, Hrs)

R= RI' & R2! & R3'

Example:

A B C

as b1 c1

Find the FDs s the key

as b2 c2

as b3 c3 $A \stackrel{?}{\longrightarrow} B \times X$ as b2 c5 $C \stackrel{?}{\longrightarrow} A \times X$ as b3 c5