

WebAuthn

The future of user authentication on the web 🤝

Lucas Garron
CS 253 Guest Talk
2019-11-06



Lucas Garron

@lgarron

Mathematician, cuber, dancer, coder. I want the web to win. @GitHub websec, formerly @GoogleChrome usable security. Immigrant. He/him.

⌚ Mountain View ⚡ garron.net

You may know me from:

Chrome DevTools Security

badssl.com, hstspreload.org

Speedcubing, Dancing

WebAuthn at GitHub

Ben Toews
([@mastahyeti](https://twitter.com/mastahyeti))
implemented U2F.

I wrote most of the
WebAuthn
implementation.

August 21, 2019 — Product, Security

GitHub supports Web Authentication (WebAuthn) for security keys



Lucas Garron

GitHub now supports [Web Authentication \(WebAuthn\)](#) for security keys—the new standard for secure authentication on the web. Starting today, you can use security keys for two-factor authentication on GitHub with even more browsers and devices. And, since many browsers are actively working on WebAuthn features, we're excited about the potential for strong and easy-to-use authentication options for the entire GitHub community in the future.

[Register a new security key in your GitHub settings](#)

More browsers, devices, and biometric options

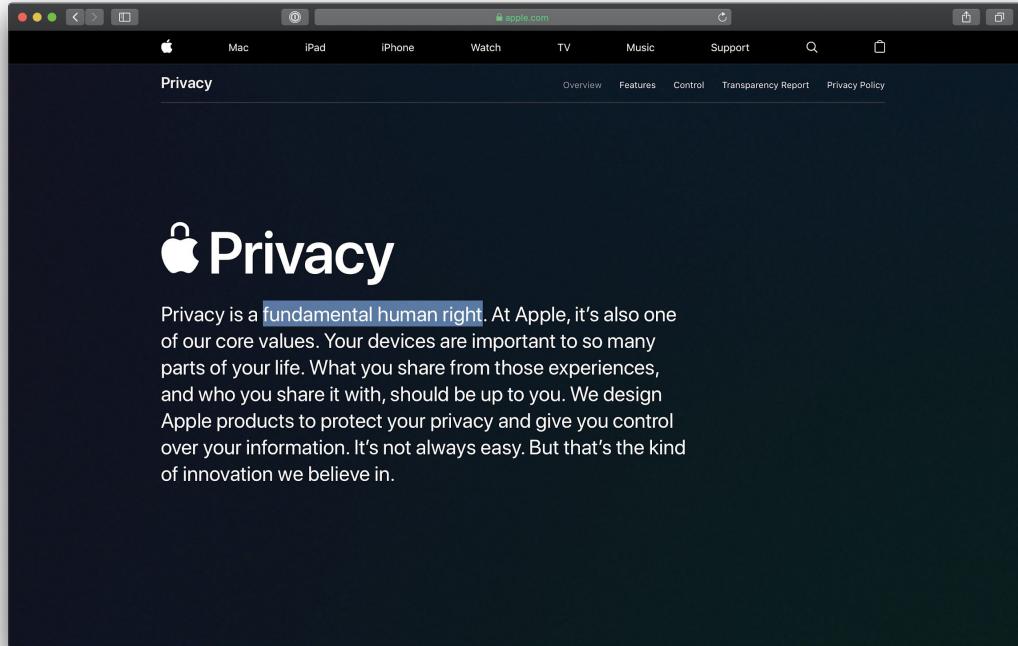
Previously, GitHub supported physical security keys [using the experimental U2F API for Chrome](#). WebAuthn is the standards-based successor. You can now use physical security keys on GitHub with:

- Windows, macOS, Linux, and Android: Firefox and Chrome-based browsers
- Windows: Edge
- macOS: Safari, currently in [Technology Preview](#) but coming soon to everyone
- iOS: [Brave](#), using the new [YubiKey 5Ci](#)

A few words on Responsibility



Security and Privacy are not “add-on features”



Passwords (Redux)

“Use bcrypt”

Terribly phishable

HavelBeenPwned.com

Authentication Factors

Factor

Something
you ____.



Factor

Something
you know.



Example:
Password

Factor

Something
you have.



Example:
Security Key

Factor

Something
you are.



Example:
Fingerprint

Classical “Factors”

.....



Stop thinking about factors

WebAuthn is supposed to help you...
Stop thinking about factors

WebAuthn

WebAuthn

A browser API
for many authentication factors.

WebAuthn

`navigator.credentials.create(...)`

`navigator.credentials.get(...)`

WebAuthn

§ IDL Index

```
(SecureContext, Exposed=>idc)
interface PublicKeyCredential : Credential {
    [SameObject] readonly attribute ArrayBuffer     rawId;
    [SameObject] readonly attribute AuthenticatorResponse  response;
    AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs getClientExtensionResults();
};

partial dictionary CredentialCreationOptions {
    PublicKeyCredentialCreationOptions  publicKey;
};

partial dictionary CredentialRequestOptions {
    PublicKeyCredentialRequestOptions  publicKey;
};

partial interface PublicKeyCredential {
    static Promise<boolean> isUserVerifyingPlatformAuthenticatorAvailable();
};

(SecureContext, Exposed=>idc)
interface AuthenticatorAttestationResponse : AuthenticatorResponse {
    [SameObject] readonly attribute ArrayBuffer   attestationObject;
};

(SecureContext, Exposed=>idc)
interface AuthenticatorAssertionResponse : AuthenticatorResponse {
    [SameObject] readonly attribute ArrayBuffer   authenticatorData;
    [SameObject] readonly attribute ArrayBuffer   signature;
    [SameObject] readonly attribute ArrayBuffer   userHandle;
};

dictionary PublicKeyCredentialParameters {
    required PublicKeyCredentialType  type;
    required COSEAlgorithmIdentifier  alg;
};

dictionary PublicKeyCredentialCreationOptions {
    required PublicKeyCredentialRpEntity  rp;
    required PublicKeyCredentialUserEntity  user;
    required BufferSource                challenge;
    required sequence<PublicKeyCredentialParameter>  pubKeyCredParams;
    optional boolean                     tSmartCard;
    optional sequence<PublicKeyCredentialDescriptor>  excludeCredentials = [];
    optional AuthenticatorSelectionCriteria  authenticatorSelection;
    optional AttestationConveyancePreference  attestation = "none";
    optional AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs  extensions;
};


```

```
dictionary PublicKeyCredentialEntity {
    required DOMString  name;
    USVString          icon;
};

dictionary PublicKeyCredentialRpEntity : PublicKeyCredentialEntity {
    DOMString  id;
};

dictionary PublicKeyCredentialUserEntity : PublicKeyCredentialEntity {
    required BufferSource  id;
    required DOMString  displayName;
};

dictionary AuthenticatorSelectionCriteria {
    AuthenticatorAttachment  authenticatorAttachment;
    boolean                  requireResidentKey = false;
    UserVerificationRequirement  userVerification = "preferred";
};

enum AuthenticatorAttachment {
    "platform",
    "cross-platform"
};

enum AttestationConveyancePreference {
    "none",
    "indirect",
    "direct"
};

dictionary PublicKeyCredentialRequestOptions {
    required BufferSource  challenge;
    unsigned long           timeout;
    USVString              rpid;
    sequence<PublicKeyCredentialDescriptor>  allowCredentials = [];
    UserVerificationRequirement  userVerification = "preferred";
    AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs  extensions;
};

dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
};

dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
};

typedef record<DOMString, DOMString> AuthenticationExtensionsAuthenticatorInputs;

dictionary CollectedClientData {
    required DOMString  type;
    required DOMString  challenge;
    required DOMString  origin;
    TokenBinding        tokenBinding;
};


```

```
dictionary TokenBinding {
    required TokenBindingStatus  status;
    DOMString  id;
};

enum TokenBindingStatus { "present", "supported" };

enum PublicKeyCredentialType {
    "public-key"
};

dictionary PublicKeyCredentialDescriptor {
    required PublicKeyCredentialType  type;
    required BufferSource  id;
    sequence<AuthenticatorTransport>  transports;
};

enum AuthenticatorTransport {
    "usb",
    "nfc",
    "bluetooth",
    "internal"
};

typedef long COSEAlgorithmIdentifier;

enum UserVerificationRequirement {
    "required",
    "preferred",
    "discouraged"
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    USVString  appid;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    boolean  appid;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    USVString  txAuthSimple;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    USVString  txAuthSimple;
};

dictionary txAuthGenericArg {
    required USVString  contentType; // MIME-type of the content, e.g., "image/png"
    required ArrayBuffer  content;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    txAuthGenericArg  txAuthGeneric;
};


```

```
partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    ArrayBuffer  txAuthGeneric;
};

typedef sequence<AAGUID>  AuthenticatorSelectionList;
partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    AuthenticatorSelectionList  authnSel;
};

typedef BufferSource  AAGUID;

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    boolean  authnSel;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    boolean  exts;
};

typedef sequence<USVString>  AuthenticationExtensionsSupported;
partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    AuthenticationExtensionsSupported  exts;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    boolean  uv;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    ArrayBuffer  uv;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    boolean  loc;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    Coordinates  loc;
};

partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientInputs {
    boolean  vvm;
};

typedef sequence<unsigned long>  UvEntries;
typedef sequence<UvEntry>  UvEntries;
partial dictionary AuthenticationExtensionsClientOutputs {
    UvEntries  vvm;
};

dictionary authenticatorBiometricPerfBounds{
    float FAR;
    float FRR;
};


```

Demo Time!

webauthn.io

webauthntest.azurewebsites.net

Try it yourself!

Windows Hello

Fingerprint (Android)

Touch ID (Chrome macOS)

Stop thinking about factors

A tour of factors

Email

“We’ve emailed
You a login link”.

Security Images

Not a user auth factor.

Useless against
“Meddler in
the Middle”
attacks

usbank

[Return](#)

ID Shield Image / Sound and Phrase

[ID Shield FAQ](#)

Choose an image or sound category to identify your account.

Wild Animals

Enter a phrase for your account.
You will see this each time your ID Shield image or sound is displayed.

[Continue](#) [Cancel](#)

SMS

TECH \ CYBERSECURITY \ CRYPTOCURRENCY \

This is why you shouldn't use texts for two-factor authentication

Researchers show how to hijack a text message

By Russell Brandom | Sep 18, 2017, 1:17pm EDT

LILY HAY NEWMAN SECURITY 08.01.2018 04:38 PM

Reddit Got Hacked Thanks to a Woefully Insecure Two-Factor Setup

The tech community has known about the risk of using SMS in two-factor authentication for years. Reddit appears to have missed the memo.

Why you are at risk if you use SMS for two-step verification

Do two-step verification the right way to keep hackers at bay.



Matt Elliott July 31, 2017 4:27 PM PDT

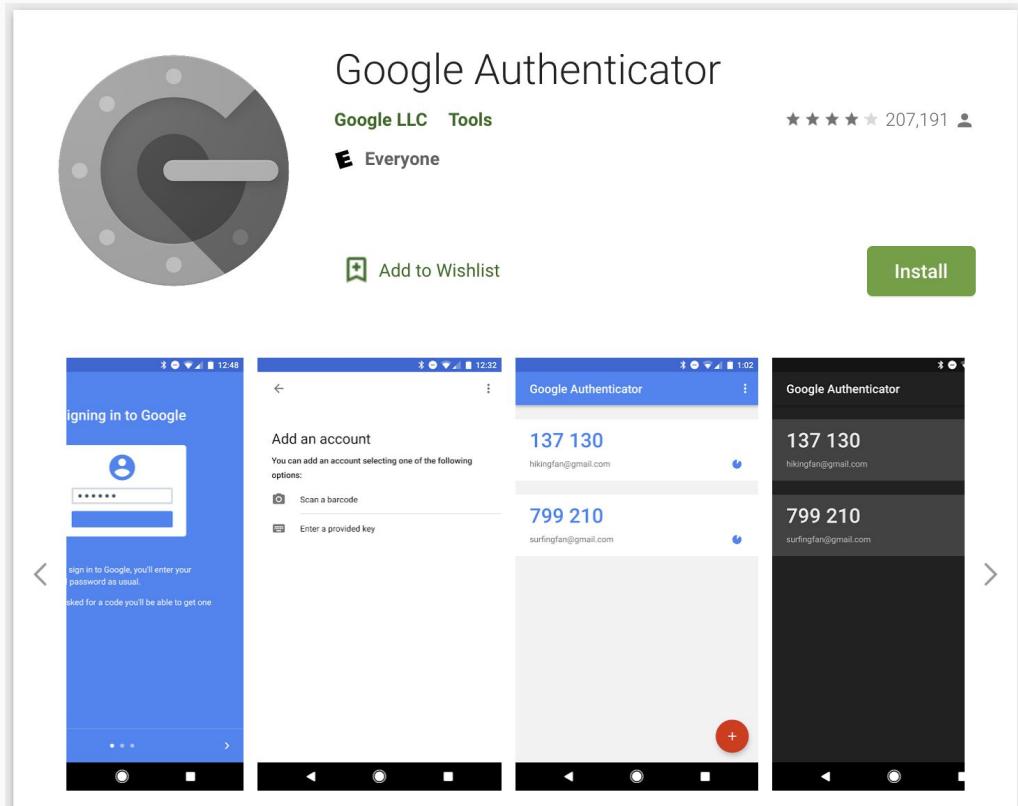
ES



19

TOTP

Time-based One- Time “Password”



HOTP

Hash-based
One-
Time
“Password”

(no one uses this)

PAKE

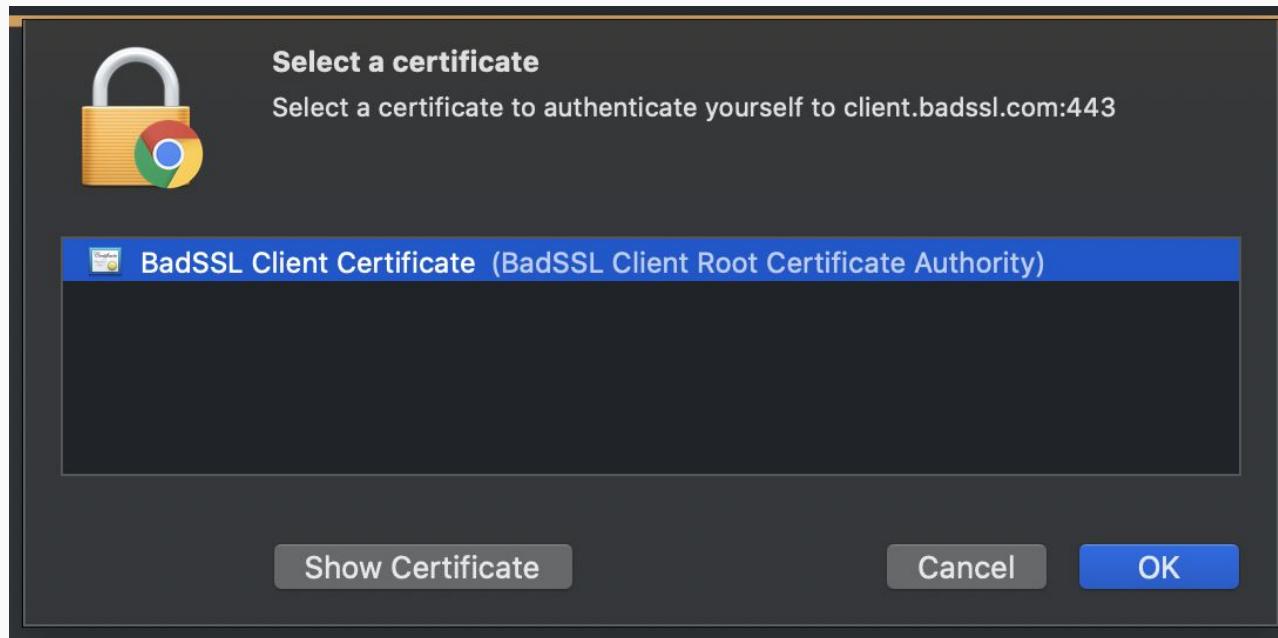
Password
Authenticated
Key
Exchange

(uncommon
on the web)

Different security strengths



Client Certificates



SSH Key

-----BEGIN OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY-----

```
b3BlbnNzaC1rZXktdjEAAAAABG5vbmUAAAAEbmc9uZQAAAAAAAAABAAACFwAAAAdzc2gtcn  
NhAAAAAwEAAQAAAgnEAyRuISDnGIyVmRVG4x2RdH4A7Z4tfjcRFpUILZBwQjWTWB  
TjXllHiRAW71sPej/9kfgJDzk9SNxU1CjWtsJTc1lYcgdj1Rrvbbm/KtSb0wXazZ3SsI+Mg07jGcv  
rwekfBbo50NiLaY0c30BNbS00agXCNoewtCDzCFHL+SzuzDJqmQ2FT//oIbw  
xR8NCTBiKY/k80l/x0y6tA84LL3r9XEqpLDRDUV+7VYWT7kLmn6Px  
aSy5tHaQyBpEZlqrbIfq+2vyHYEZfdfVm  
qHGfkknqrY9DEFLv9MBhPmNrrFs  
qvU/TemsVbEc  
x9/LtIs0qAwCPJrfir3Ua1SQt  
i7WqbDDpaU7tVQDSzuh30V5h206f0DkT/HIhUsSXEKGd2waStDMuWIDz2i  
VoXtByf8kXFNgswNYYQexKnrxerRckLn  
iGd2f0JKzEcg7I2y9CKk9neTwoMcXLuhMjN9adhtMXi1v04x4M  
57dCiW/SRlfXnaRMh94zpCasMvnQWd9Ekut8yDcRGYhlsQmk0FQ1Zv0kH4DUKkCRn1wiIQ  
7xF2kirfpzTCy18k33o5VW0wJ7zYYYbxhvd1n/i2x2uacb/Lenci7MerX87EcdnAvKxA  
Fx aLbWwLipnT7DGlp9e7zKFe9VG0+JEhY1LcirNhPTQTX6h/xrEKSDPrcevNlq9UwG+Qqmy
```

Push notifications

The image illustrates the Duo Security push notification process. On the left, a smartphone screen shows a "Login Request" from "Powered by Duo Security". The request is for a "YOUR APP" application, which is identified as "Your Web App". The user information shown is "johnuser" and their location is "192.0.2.24 Kalamazoo, MI". The timestamp is "11:07am EST January 29, 2014". At the bottom, there are two buttons: a green "Approve" button with a checkmark icon and a red "Deny" button with a cross icon.

On the right, a web browser window shows the Duo Security login interface. It displays the same "YOUR APP" logo and device information ("Device: iOS (XXX-XXX-3866)"). Below this, it says "Choose an authentication method". There are two main options: "Duo Push RECOMMENDED" (selected) with a green "Send Me a Push" button, and "Bypass Code" with a green "Enter a Bypass Code" button. A checkbox for "Remember me for 8 hours" is also present. At the bottom of the window, a blue bar displays the message "Pushed a login request to your device..." and a "Cancel" button.

Something you... can do?

The Doomsday Rule

Weekday						
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

Doomsday Month					
January	February	March	April	May	June
31/32 [^]	28/29 [^]	7	4	9	6
July	August	September	October	November	December
11	8	5	10	7	12

[^]Leap Year

Doomsday Century			
1500	1600	1700	1800
1900	2000	2100	2200
2300	2400	2500	2600
3 (Wed)	2 (Tue)	0 (Sun)	5 (Fri)

Under the hood

Developer Terminology



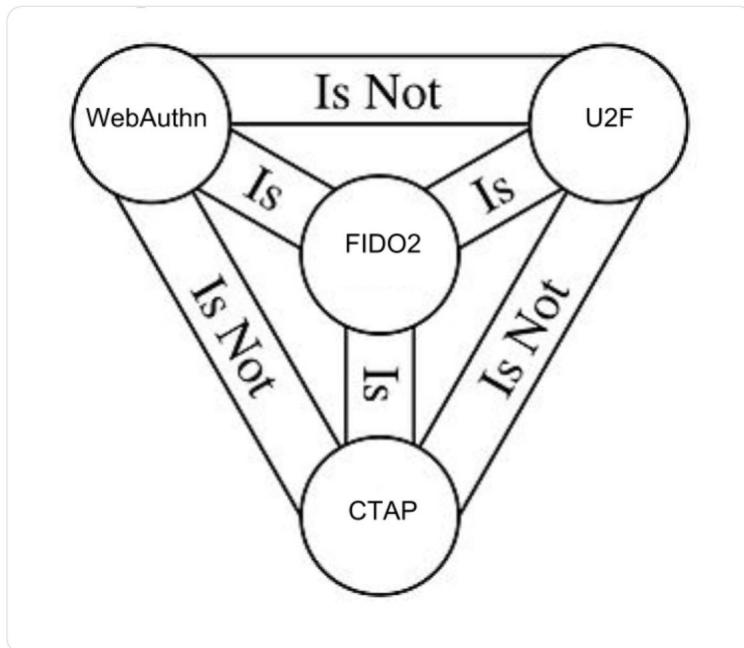
Nick Steele
@codekaiju

Follow



Anybody: So what's the difference between #WebAuthn, CTAP2, FIDO2, and U2F?

Me: Behold the holy #FIDO2 trinity and be blessed 🙏



2:17 PM - 1 Oct 2019

U2F

The experimental
non-standard precursor API
to WebAuthn. Still used.

CTAP2

Used by your browser/OS
to communicate with
security keys

FIDO2

≈ WebAuthn + CTAP2

Implementing WebAuthn

User-Facing Terminology



Two-factor authentication



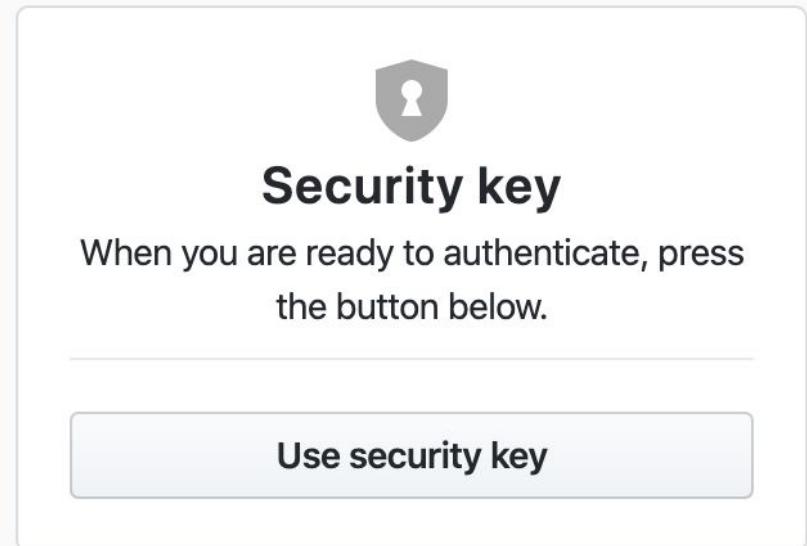
Security key

When you are ready to authenticate, press
the button below.

Use security key

User-Facing Terminology

For now:
“security key”



User-Facing Terminology

In the future:
“using your device”?

The image shows a screenshot of the GitHub sign-in page. At the top right, it says "Sign in to GitHub". Below that is a "Username or email address" input field. To its right is a "Forgot password?" link. Below the input field is a "Password" input field and another "Forgot password?" link. At the bottom of the form is a large green "Sign in" button. Below the button is the text "or" followed by a faint "Sign in with" link. At the very bottom of the page is a "Sign in using your device" button.

Sign in to GitHub

Username or email address

Password [Forgot password?](#)

[Sign in](#)

or

[Sign in using your device](#)

Configuration

User presence vs. user verification

Resident key vs. non-resident key

Platform vs. roaming

@github/webauthn-json

README.md

@github/webauthn-json

`webauthn-json` is a client-side Javascript library that serves as convenience wrapper for the the [WebAuthn API](#) by encoding binary data using [base64url](#) (also known as "websafe" or "urlsafe" base64).

The WebAuthn API itself takes input and output values that look almost like JSON, except that binary data is represented as `ArrayBuffer`s. Using `webauthn-json` allows the data to be sent from/to the server as normal JSON without client-side processing.

Usage

1. Replace calls to `navigator.credentials.create()` with `create()`, and `navigator.credentials.get()` with `get()`.
2. Encode/decode binary values on the server as `base64url`.

Example

Install using:

```
npm install --save @github/webauthn-json
```

User Flows

Registration

New device

Re-authentication

Recovery

Account Recovery

A big **unsolved** problem.

WebAuthn: A Journey

Worth adopting, but
there's a long way to go.