Preparation of the TFG manuscript using LATEX

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Abstract: Some examples of the use of LaTeX are given. Hope this will prove helpful in preparing the manuscripts for the *Treball Fi de Grau* (TFG).

I. INTRODUCTION

In this document you will find the structure as well as the length of what the *Treball Fi de Grau* (TFG) report is required to have. It uses IATEX in a two-column format and provides an example of what the essay ought to look like, including lists, tables and figures.

The text has to be written in (good) English (compulsory). The length of the report should by no means exceed **five** pages in the present format, all figures, tables, etc..., included. It is important that the two requirements are precisely met. Otherwise the essay will not be considered for evaluation, and will automatically fail with a mark of *Suspès*.

The report must consist of the following parts:

- 1. Abstract.
- 2. Introduction.
- 3. Development sections.
- 4. Conclusions.
- 5. Appendix (Optional)
- 6. Bibliography.

The final score will combine both the advisor and the jury marks. The defense will consist of a 15 minute public presentation before a jury composed by two members. The deadlines as well as the dates for the presentations will be announced in due time. The students are encouraged to stick to the allowed allotted time (15 minutes), since no extra time will, in general, be conceded by the jury members. At any rate, it should be clear that a list of conclusions needs to be read before the presentation is over.

The evaluation will follow the R'ubriques (or Taules d'avaluaci'o) provided by the TFG Advisory Commitee, which will be available to the students prior to the presentation date, well ahead of time. It is highly advisable for the students to read them thorough and carefully, in order to become aware of all the competences that need be assessed to comply with the guidelines of Bologna.

Make sure that the presentation will include:

- 1. Introduction.
- 2. Development sections.
- 3. Conclusions.

You can find all the information concerning the TFG process in,

http://www.ub.edu/fisica/
guia_grau_fisica/fidegrau.html

II. EQUATIONS: A FEW EXAMPLES

Let us write a few equations,

$$\Delta = \sum_{i=1}^{N} w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2,$$
 (1)

with a label so that we can refer to it later. For instance you can refer to it as Eq. (1). All equations must be numbered. If needed, you can also produce unnumbered equations.

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}.$$

You can insert equations in the text, like $e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$; $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$ or you may prefer $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$. You can also write aligned equations.

$$\frac{du(x)}{dx} + Vu(x) + Wv(x) = (\lambda + \alpha) u(x)$$

$$\frac{dv(x)}{dx} + Vv(x) + Wu(x) = (\lambda - \alpha) v(x).$$
 (2)

Further examples are,

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = 4\pi \rho$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} = \frac{4\pi}{c} \vec{J}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{E} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = 0,$$
(3)

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as can be found in [3], pag. 14. Also,

$$E = -J \sum_{i=1}^{N} s_i s_{i+1}. \tag{4}$$

You can define your own macros to save typing [6]. For example, suppose that you introduce a macro as follows:

$\label{eq:local_energy} $$\operatorname{E}(\operatorname{E}(\operatorname{E},t))$$$

Then, by simply typing,

\$\E1\$

you get the electric field $\vec{E}(\vec{x},t)$ printed out (in math mode, of course).

You can write \tilde{x} , \overline{A} ; %, accents: Schrödinger and \acute{e} , \grave{a} , \grave{A} , Martí; calçotada, $A \equiv B$, $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$, $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$, \vec{v} , \hat{n} , $c \sim d$, $z \approx w$, $\langle x \rangle$, $\langle \psi | X | \psi \rangle$, \hbar , g_{ij} , δ^i_i , $R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta;\xi}$.

You can also quote references easily, i.e., [4], [5].

A matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 1 & 0 \\
1 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & 0
\end{pmatrix},$$
(5)

a vector (column)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\\sqrt{3}\\\pi \end{pmatrix},\tag{6}$$

a row,

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} p & q & r \end{array}\right), \tag{7}$$

and a determinant,

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} . \tag{8}$$

Further examples:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi},\tag{9}$$

also.

$$\int_{-b}^{b} f'(x) \, dx = f(b) - f(a), \tag{10}$$

and so on.

A. Tables and figures

An example of a table is shown in Table I.

Here we try to insert an ilustrating figure, Fig.(1). For that you need to have created the figure before, in this case the fig1.eps file.

	Piston 1	Piston 2
Force (N)	4.40	2.25
$Area (cm^2)$	6.16	3.14
Pressure (N/cm ²)	0.714 ± 0.002	0.716

TABLE I: Force, area, and pressure data for an experiment with glass syringes.

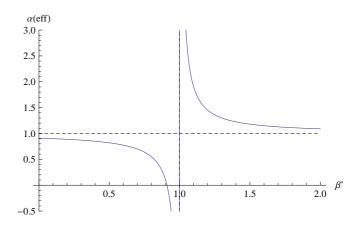


FIG. 1: A sample figure.

III. DEVELOPING SECTIONS

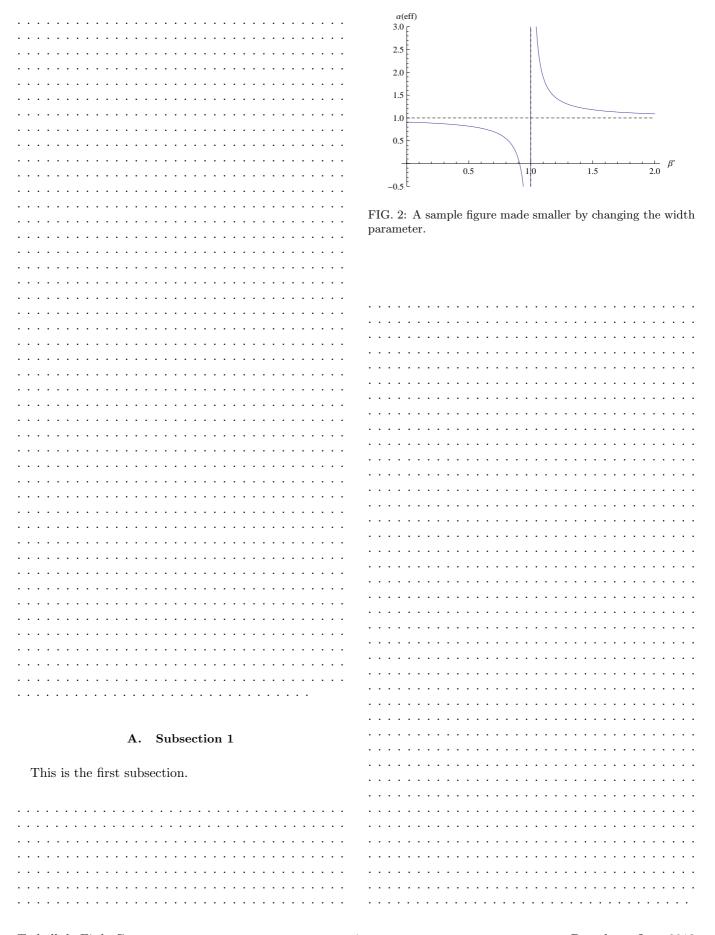
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		V. APPENDIX
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		is important in Physics.
		${f Acknowledgments}$
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		granting agencies (e.g. parents, etc) as well.
	atrick W. Daly, A Guide to LATEX:	Wilkinson Microwave Anisotropy Probe Observations: Data Processing, Sky Maps, and Basic Results". The As-
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- 3rd. ed. (Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1999). [2] It is necessary to process a file twice to get the counters
- correct.[3] J.D Jackson, Classical Electrodynamics, (John-Wiley &
- Sons, New York 1975, 2nd. ed.). [4] Hinshaw, G. et al. (WMAP Collaboration). "Five-Year
- trophysical Journal Supplement 180: 225245 (2009).
- [5] Weinberg, S.. "High-Energy Behavior in Quantum Field Theory". Phys. Rev. 118: 838849 (1960).
- [6] This is a footnote.