# **SCAVENGE-vignette**

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## Overview

This vignette covers the workflow and main functions of SCAVENGE. The standard processed input data including fine-mapped variants and single-cell epigenomic profiles. For fine-mapped variants of the trait of interest, we typically need the information of genomic locations of variants and their corresponding posterior probability of causality. A peak-by-cell matrix of scATAC-seq profiles is needed. To walk through the workflow of SCAVENGE, we provided a blood cell trait of monocyte count and a 10X PBMC dataset as an example.

## Load required packages

```
library(SCAVENGE)
library(chromVAR)
library(gchromVAR)
library(BuenColors)
library(SummarizedExperiment)
library(data.table)
library(BiocParallel)
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
library(dplyr)
library(igraph)
set.seed(9527)
```

## Load example data

The PBMC dataset was processed using <u>ArchR</u> package. The peak-by-cell count matrix and corresponding meta data were extracted and stored in a <u>RangedSummarizedExperiment</u> object (please follow our paper for more details).

```
trait_file <- paste0(system.file('extdata', package='SCAVENGE'), "/mono.PP001.bed")
pbmc5krda <- paste0(system.file('rda', package='SCAVENGE'), "/pbmc5k_SE.rda")
load(pbmc5krda)</pre>
```

## gchromVAR analysis

```
SE_pbmc5k <- addGCBias(SE_pbmc5k, genome = BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
SE_pbmc5k_bg <- getBackgroundPeaks(SE_pbmc5k, niterations=200)</pre>
```

```
trait_import <- importBedScore(rowRanges(SE_pbmc5k), trait_file, colidx=5)
SE_pbmc5k_DEV <- computeWeightedDeviations(SE_pbmc5k, trait_import, background_peaks = SE_pbmc5k_bg)</pre>
```

#### Reformat results

```
z_score_mat <- data.frame(colData(SE_pbmc5k), z_score=t(assays(SE_pbmc5k_DEV)[["z"]]) %>% c)
head(z_score_mat)
##
                                                                        y color
                                                 names
## input1#GTCACGGAGCTCGGCT-1 input1#GTCACGGAGCTCGGCT-1 11.71388 1.903179 Mono-2
## input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1 input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1 -13.86186 -4.616170
## input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1 input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1 10.90323 1.913244 Mono-2
## input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1 input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1 -13.64482 -4.757390
## input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1 input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1 10.77266 1.872978 Mono-2
## input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1 input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1 -13.88653 -4.610587
##
                             color2 sample cell_cluster
                                                           z_score
## input1#GTCACGGAGCTCGGCT-1
                                 C5 input1
                                                    C5 0.3950389
## input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1
                                C1 input1
                                                    C1 0.0984394
## input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1
                                C5 input1
                                                    C5 0.3504030
## input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1
                                C1 input1
                                                    C1 -2.7724179
## input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1
                                C5 input1
                                                    C5 -0.4360599
                                C1 input1
## input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1
                                                    C1 -2.1425049
```

## Generate the seed cell index (using the top 5% if too many cells are eligible)

```
seed_idx <- seedindex(z_score_mat$z_score, 0.05)

## Cells with enriched P < 0.05: 612

## Percent: 13.42%

## The top 5% of cells (N=228) were selected as seed cells</pre>
```

#### Calculate scale factor

```
scale_factor <- cal_scalefactor(z_score=z_score_mat$z_score, 0.01)
## Scale factor is calculating from most enriched 1% of cells</pre>
```

## Construct M-kNN graph

#### Calculate TF-IDF matrix

```
peak_by_cell_mat <- assay(SE_pbmc5k)
tfidf_mat <- tfidf(bmat=peak_by_cell_mat, mat_binary=TRUE, TF=TRUE, log_TF=TRUE)

## [info] binarize matrix

## [info] calculate tf

## [info] calculate idf

## [info] fast log tf-idf</pre>
```

#### Calculate LSI matrix

```
lsi_mat <- do_lsi(tfidf_mat, dims=30)
## SVD analysis of TF-IDF matrix</pre>
```

#### Compute M-kNN graph

```
mutualknn30 <- getmutualknn(lsi_mat, 30)</pre>
```

## **Network propagation**

```
np_score <- randomWalk_sparse(intM=mutualknn30, rownames(mutualknn30)[seed_idx], gamma=0.05)
```

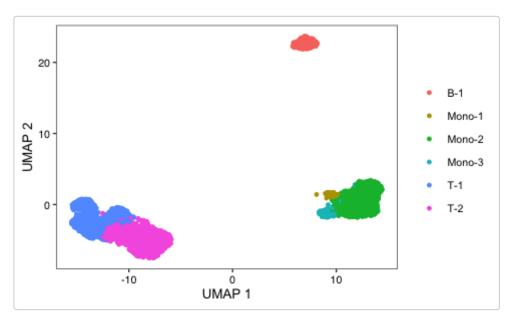
### Trait relevant score (TRS) with scaled and normalized

A few cells are singletons are removed from further analysis

```
## input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1 input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1 -13.86186 -4.616170
                                                                               T-1
## input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1 input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1 10.90323 1.913244 Mono-2
## input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1 input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1 -13.64482 -4.757390
                                                                               T-1
## input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1 input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1 10.77266 1.872978 Mono-2
## input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1 input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1 -13.88653 -4.610587
                                                                               T-1
                             color2 sample cell_cluster
                                                            z_score
## input1#GTCACGGAGCTCGGCT-1
                                 C5 input1
                                                         0.3950389
                                                     C5
## input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1
                                 C1 input1
                                                     C1 0.0984394
## input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1
                                 C5 input1
                                                     C5 0.3504030
                                                     C1 -2.7724179
## input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1
                                 C1 input1
## input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1
                                 C5 input1
                                                     C5 -0.4360599
## input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1
                                 C1 input1
                                                     C1 -2.1425049
##
                             seed_idx..omit_idx.
                                                     np_score
                                                                       TRS
## input1#GTCACGGAGCTCGGCT-1
                                           FALSE 3.804691e-05 0.213939514
## input1#CTGAATGAGCAGAATT-1
                                           FALSE 2.209024e-07 0.001187911
                                           FALSE 6.088393e-05 0.342385858
## input1#CCTGCTACAATGGCAG-1
## input1#TCAGGTAAGAGCAGCT-1
                                           FALSE 2.220132e-07 0.001194159
## input1#GAGTGAGTCGGTCTCT-1
                                           FALSE 4.785297e-05 0.269093513
## input1#AGGCCCAAGTCTGCTA-1
                                           FALSE 2.572135e-07 0.001392142
```

## UMAP plots of cell type annotation and cell-to-cell graph

#### Cell type annotation



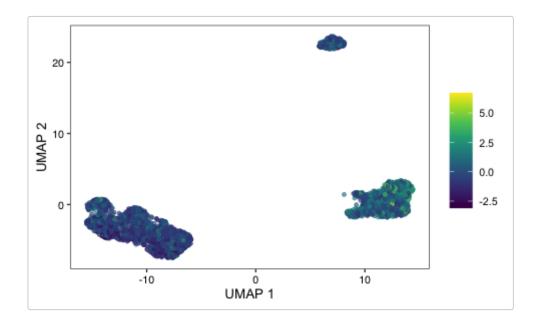
#### Visualize cell-to-cell graph if you have low-dimensional coordinates such as UMAP1 and UMAP2

edge.color=adjustcolor("#443dce", alpha.f = 1), edge.width=0.3, edge.curved=.5,
layout=as.matrix(data.frame(mono\_mat\$x, mono\_mat\$y)))



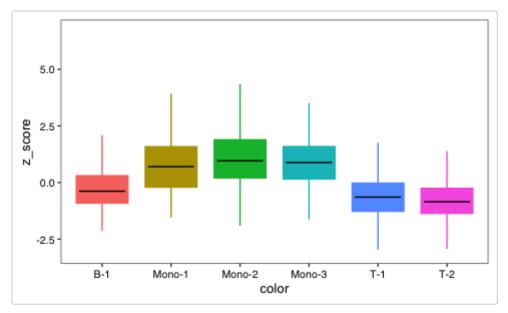
## Comparsion before and after SCAVENGE analysis

Z score based visualization
 Scatter plot

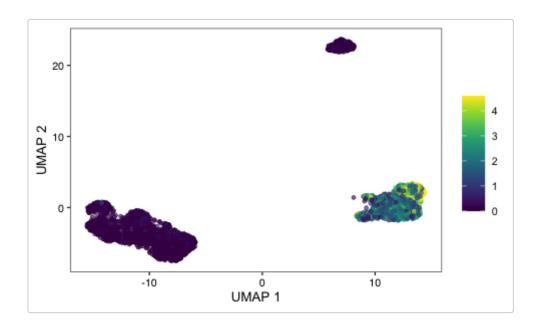


#### **Bar plot**

```
pp1 <- ggplot(data=mono_mat, aes(x=color, y=z_score)) +
    geom_boxplot(aes(fill=color, color=color), outlier.shape=NA) +
    guides(fill=FALSE) + pretty_plot(fontsize = 10) +
    stat_summary(geom = "crossbar", width=0.65, fatten=0, color="black", fun.data =
        function(x){ return(c(y=median(x), ymin=median(x), ymax=median(x))) }) +
        theme(legend.position = "none")
pp1</pre>
```

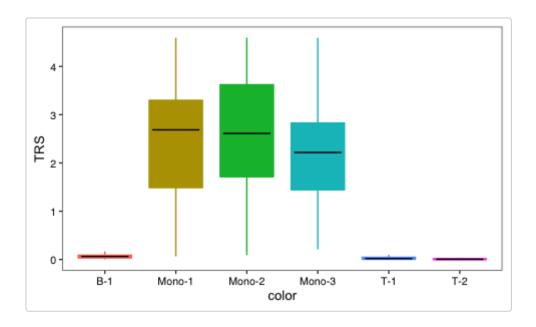


# SCAVENGE TRS based visualization Scatter plot



#### **Bar plot**

```
pp2 <- ggplot(data=mono_mat, aes(x=color, y=TRS)) +
    geom_boxplot(aes(fill=color, color=color), outlier.shape=NA) +
    guides(fill=FALSE) + pretty_plot(fontsize = 10) +
    stat_summary(geom = "crossbar", width=0.65, fatten=0, color="black", fun.data =
        function(x){ return(c(y=median(x), ymin=median(x), ymax=median(x))) }) +
        theme(legend.position = "none")
pp2</pre>
```



## Trait relevant cell determination from permutation test

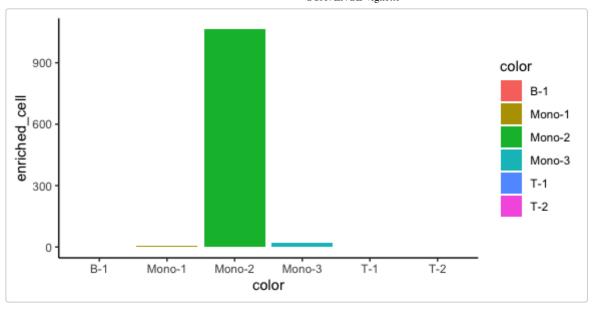
#### **About 2 mins**

```
please set @mycores >= 1 and @permutation times >= 1,000 in the real setting
```

# Look at the distribution of statistically significant phenotypically enriched and depleted cells

#### **Enriched cells**

```
mono_mat2 %>%
    group_by(color) %>%
    summarise(enriched_cell=sum(true_cell_top_idx)) %>%
        ggplot(aes(x=color, y=enriched_cell, fill=color)) + geom_bar(stat="identity") + theme_classic()
```



## **Depleted cells**

```
mono_mat2$rev_true_cell_top_idx <- !mono_mat2$true_cell_top_idx
mono_mat2 %>%
    group_by(color) %>%
    summarise(depleted_cell=sum(rev_true_cell_top_idx)) %>%
        ggplot(aes(x=color, y=depleted_cell, fill=color)) + geom_bar(stat="identity") + theme_classic()
```

