FlightStream Analysis Interface Module (AIM) Manual

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February 28, 2025

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0.1 Introduction

0.1.1 FlightStream AIM Overview

A module in the Computational Aircraft Prototype Syntheses (CAPS) has been developed to interact (primarily through input files) with Research in Flight's FlightStream [1]. FlightStream predicts the aerodynamic performance of a vehicle via a panel methid, which makes it very fast.

An outline of the AIM's inputs and outputs are provided in AIM Inputs and AIM Outputs, respectively.

Geometric attributes recognized by the AIM are provided in Attribution.

The accepted and expected geometric representation are detailed in Geometry Representation The geometric.

0.2 Attribution

The following list of attributes drives the FlightStream geometric definition.

- capsLength This attribute defines the length units that the *.csm file is generated in and is not optional for FligtStream. The FlightStream input grid will be scaled to either the default length of METER or the user specified length unit (see AIM Units).
- capsReferenceChord and capsReferenceSpan [Optional] These attributes may exist on any Body. Their value will be used as the reference moment lengths in FlightStream's input file with their units assumed to be consistent with the attribute "capsLength". These values may be alternatively set through an input value, "ReferenceChord" (see AIM Inputs)
- capsReferenceArea [Optional] This attribute may exist on any *Body*. Its value will be used as the reference area in FlightStream's input file with its units assumed to be consistent with the attribute "capsLength". This value may be alternatively set through an input value, "ReferenceArea" (see AIM Inputs)
- capsReferenceX, capsReferenceY, and capsReferenceZ [Optional] These attribute may exist on any Body. Their value will be used as the reference moment lengths in FlightStream's input file with their units assumed to be consistent with the attribute "capsLength". These values may be alternatively set through an input value, "ReferenceX" (see AIM Inputs)

0.3 FlightStream Fluid Properties

Structure for the load tuple = ("Property", "Value").

- density = "(no default)"
 Reference density
- pressure = "(no default)"
 Reference pressure
- sonic_velocity = "(no default)"
 Reference speed of sound
- temperature = "(no default)" Reference temperature
- viscosity = "(no default)" Reference viscosity

0.4 FlightStream Data Transfer

0.4.1 Data transfer to FlightStream (FieldIn)

· "Displacement"

Retrieves nodal displacements (as from a structural solver) and updates FlightStream surface mesh.

The FlightStream AIM has the ability to transfer surface data (e.g. pressure distributions) to and from the AIM using the conservative and interpolative data transfer schemes in CAPS.

0.4.2 Data transfer from FlightStream (FieldOut)

· "Pressure"

Loads the pressure distribution from FlightStream vtk file. This distribution may be scaled based on Pressure = Pressure_Scale_Factor*Pressure, where "Pressure_Scale_Factor" is an AIM input (AIM Inputs)

0.5 Geometry Representation The geometric

representation for the FlightStream AIM requires that the body be either a solid body (SOLIDBODY) or a manifold sheet body (SHEETBODY).

0.6 AIM Units

FlightStream expects units for all inputs, and by default the AIM uses SI units, i.e.

- · mass: kg
- · length: meter
- · time : seconds
- temperature: K A unit system may be optionally specified during AIM instance initiation to use a different set of base units. A unit system may be specified via a JSON string dictionary for example: unitSys = "{"mass": "lb", "length": "feet", "time": "seconds", "temperature": "R"}"

0.6.1 JSON String Dictionary

The key arguments of the dictionary are described in the following:

```
• mass = "None"
```

```
Mass units - e.g. "kilogram", "k", "slug", ...
```

length = "None"

Length units - FlightStream support: "inch", "millimeter", "feet", "mile", "meter", "kilometer", "mils", "micron", "centimeter", "microinch"

• time = "None"

```
Time units - e.g. "second", "s", "minute", ...
```

temperature = "None"

Temperature units - e.g. "Kelvin", "K", "degC", ...

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0.7 AIM Inputs

The following list outlines the FlightStream inputs along with their default values available through the AIM interface.

ProjName = "flightstream_CAPS"

Name for files generated by fightstream AIM.

FlightStream = "FlightStream"

The name of the FlightStream executable. May include full path.

Mach = 0.0 (default)

Mach number

• Alpha = 0.0 (default)

Angle of attack [degree]

• Beta = 0.0 (default)

Sideslip angle

Fluid Properties = 0.0 (default)

Reference fluid properties. Altitude must be NULL. See FlightStream Fluid Properties.

Altitude = NULL (default)

Altitude used to compute Fluid Properties. The Fluid Properties input must be NULL.

· ReferenceChord = NULL

This sets the reference chord for used in force and moment calculations. Alternatively, the geometry (body) attribute (see Attribution) "capsReferenceChord" maybe used to specify this variable (note: values set through the AIM input will supersede the attribution value).

ReferenceSpan = NULL

This sets the reference span for used in force and moment calculations. Alternatively, the geometry (body) attribute (see Attribution) "capsReferenceSpan" maybe used to specify this variable (note: values set through the AIM input will supersede the attribution value).

ReferenceArea = NULL

This sets the reference area for used in force and moment calculations. Alternatively, the geometry (body) attribute (see Attribution) "capsReferenceArea" maybe used to specify this variable (note: values set through the AIM input will supersede the attribution value).

• ReferenceX = NULL

This sets the reference X for moment calculations. Alternatively, the geometry (body) attribute (see Attribution) "capsReferenceX" maybe used to specify this variable (note: values set through the AIM input will supersede the attribution value).

· ReferenceX = NULL

This sets the reference Y for moment calculations. Alternatively, the geometry (body) attribute (see Attribution) "capsReferenceY" maybe used to specify this variable (note: values set through the AIM input will supersede the attribution value).

· ReferenceX = NULL

This sets the reference Z for moment calculations. Alternatively, the geometry (body) attribute (see Attribution) "capsReferenceZ" maybe used to specify this variable (note: values set through the AIM input will supersede the attribution value).

· ReferenceVelocity = NULL

This sets the reference velocity

ConvergenceTol = 1.0e-5 (default)

Solver convergence tolerance

MaxIterations = 500

Maximum number of solver iterations

• Export_Solver_Analysis = NULL

List of file types to export. Available options:

- Tecplot
- VTK
- CSV
- BDF
- Force_Distributions

FlightScript = NULL

List of flight script commands to append at the end of script.txt

Mesh_Morph = False

Project previous surface mesh onto new geometry.

• Surface_Mesh = NULL

A Surface_Mesh link.

0.8 aimInputsCART3D

• Pressure_Scale_Factor = 1.0

Value to scale Pressure data when transferring data. Data is scaled based on Pressure = Pressure_Scale ← _Factor*Pressure.

0.9 AIM Outputs

The following list outlines the FlightStream outputs available through the AIM interface. All variables currently correspond to values found in the *.plt file

Aerodynamic coefficients:

- Cx = X-force coefficient
- Cx = X-force coefficient
- Cx = X-force coefficient
- CL = Lift coefficient
- CDi = (?) drag coefficient
- CDo = (?) drag coefficient
- **CMx** = X-moment coefficient
- CMy = Y-moment coefficient
- CMz = Z-moment coefficient

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0.10 AIM Execution

If auto execution is enabled when creating an FlightStream AIM, the AIM will execute FlightStream just-in-time on Linux with the command line:

```
FlightStream script.txt > flightstreamOut.txt
```

```
and on Windows with the command:
```

```
FlightStream -hidden -script script.txt > flightstreamOut.txt
```

In both cases the FlightStream executable is assumed to in the PATH environment variable.

The analysis can be also be explicitly executed with caps_execute in the C-API or via Analysis.runAnalysis in the pyCAPS API.

Calling preAnalysis and postAnalysis is NOT allowed when auto execution is enabled.

Auto execution can also be disabled when creating an FlightStream AIM object. In this mode, caps_execute and Analysis.runAnalysis can be used to run the analysis, or FlightStream can be executed by calling preAnalysis, system, and posAnalysis as demonstrated below with a pyCAPS example:

Bibliography

[1] Altair flightstream. 1