

# A Critical Analysis of the Argumentative Theory of Reasoning

Caveats from the Evolution of Human Communication

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#### Introduction



- ► Hugo Mercier and Dan Sperber
- ► Classically: function of reasoning is epistemic
- ► Argumentative theory of reasoning: the function of reasoning is to produce and evaluate arguments

#### Mercier and Sperber (2011, p. 60)

"Reasoning has evolved and persisted mainly because it makes human communication more effective and advantageous."

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- ► 'Function' in evolution (Ayala, 1999)
  - Survival value

#### Outline



- The stability of communication
- The argumentative theory of reasoning
- Human communication and cooperation
- Criticizing the ATR

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sender

receiver

gain through deceiving

(Sperber, 2001; Sperber et al., 2010)

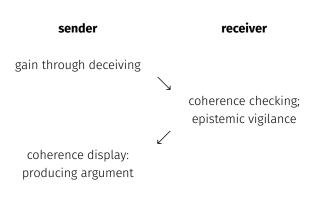
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# sender receiver gain through deceiving coherence checking; epistemic vigilance

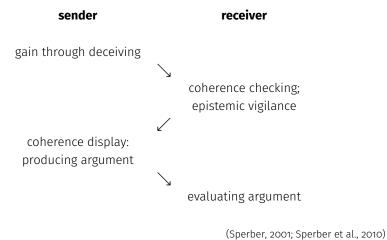
(Sperber, 2001; Sperber et al., 2010)





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#### Mercier and Sperber (2011)

- Humans depend on cooperation; communication is crucial for this
- Communication must be advantageous for both senders and receivers
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reasoning → argumentation



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reasoning  $\rightarrow$  argumentation  $\rightarrow$  communication



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reasoning  $\rightarrow$  argumentation  $\rightarrow$  communication  $\rightarrow$  cooperation



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reasoning o argumentation o communication o cooperation o survival



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reasoning  $\rightarrow$  argumentation  $\rightarrow$  communication  $\rightarrow$  cooperation  $\rightarrow$  survival

- Empirical support
  - Reasoning performs its function well: argumentation
  - Explaining cognitive biases: confirmation bias

### Human communication and cooperation



- Communication facilitates cooperation
- Function of cooperation
  - Protection against predation
  - Food sharing and shared labor
  - Cooperative breeding
- Evolution of human cooperation
  - Obligate collaborators in gathering food
  - ▶ Emergence of tolerance and trust
  - ▶ Sophistication of collaborative skills → communication
  - ▶ Mutual expectations become norms

(Tomasello, 2009)

## Criticizing the ATR



- ► ATR is disconnected from broader context
- Cooperative function of communication
- Function of communication according to M&S:
  - ▶ For sender: causing 'desirable effects' → deception
  - ▶ For receiver: gaining information
- Underspecified from an evolutionary perspective
- Metatheoretical issues: vagueness in terminology and details

# Selected bibliography



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