



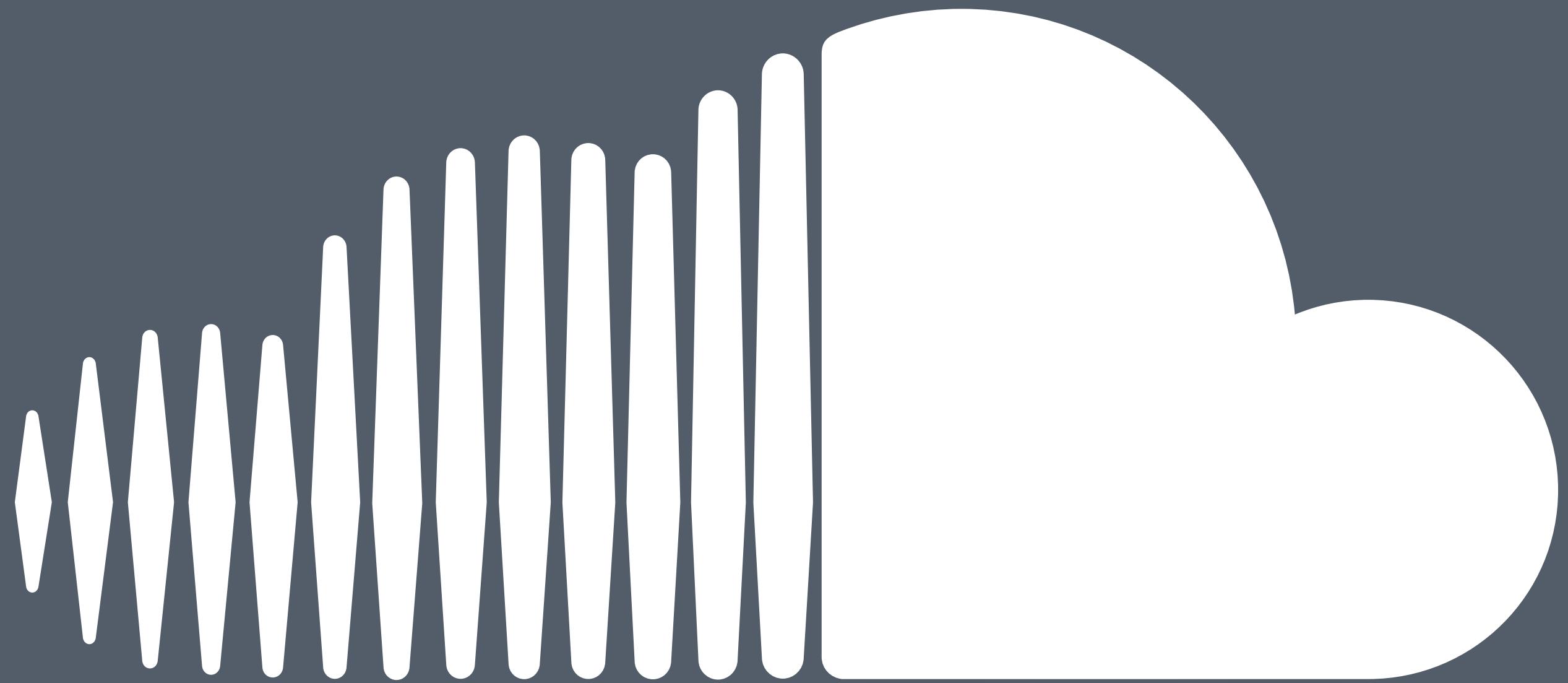
Меня зовут @folone

<http://j.mp/tlc-talk>

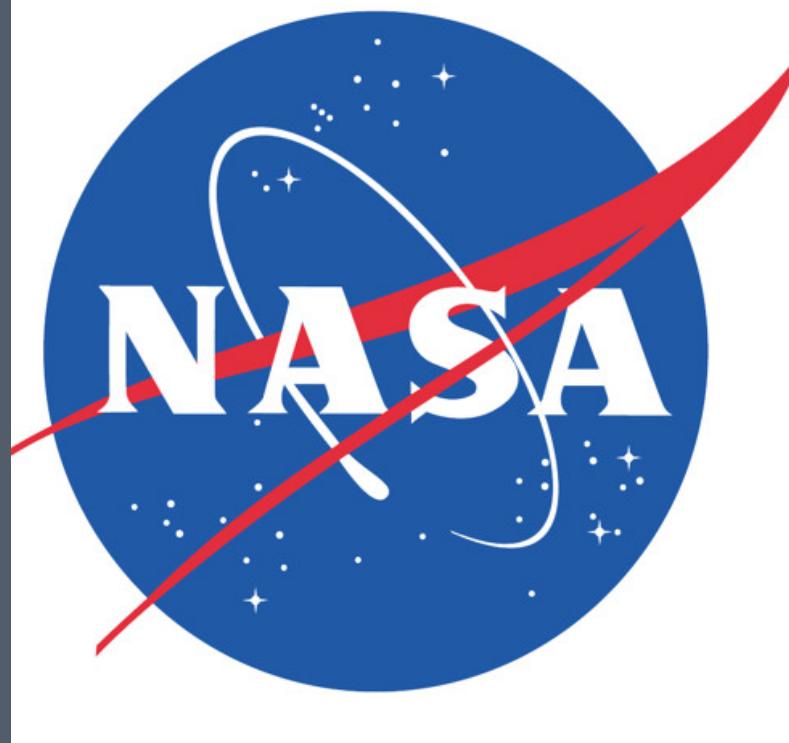
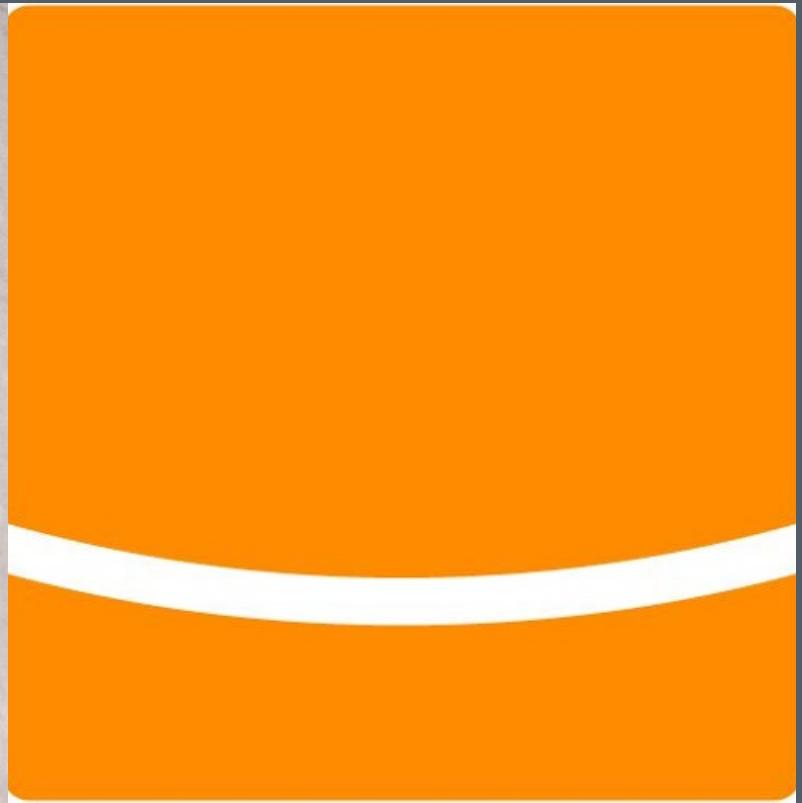
<https://github.com/folone/scalaua>







SOUND CLOUD





- 12 часов звуков ~10 миллионов создателей аплюдят каждую минуту
- ~35k лет прослушивания ежемесячно
- >125M треков (в.т.ч. контент от мейджор лейблов: Sony/Universal/Warner)
- ~170M активных пользователей каждый месяц



Search for topics

Groups



POST REPLY

[Data Center & Network Engineering](#) ›

Maintenance postponed by rapper diss war. :-/

3 posts by 1 author 

8+1



ryan



Other recipients: tkau...@batblue.com, bpa...@batblue.co

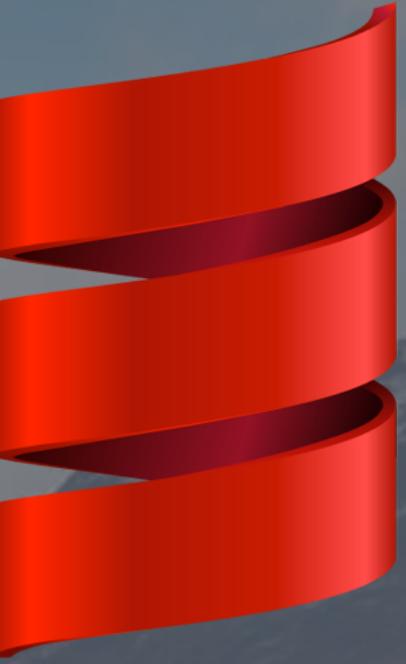




T-L-wuma?°

° <http://typelevel.org/blog/2014/09/02/typelevel-scala.html>

MbI



Roll your own Scala

A scenic view of a mountain range with two hikers walking along a rocky path. The mountains are covered in sparse vegetation and rocky terrain. The sky is overcast. The text is overlaid on the image.

**Мне кажется что это довольно прикольно.
Но я также могу понять почему
многим это кажется
удручающим.**

-- Travis Brown



```
scalaVersion := "2.11.7"  
scalaOrganization := "org.typelevel"
```

A photograph showing a person's lower legs and feet walking on a wet, paved surface made of small, irregular stones. The person is wearing dark blue jeans and blue athletic shoes with white laces. The ground is shiny and reflects the surrounding environment.

[some] Features

- Type lambdas
- `@implicitAmbiguous` (coming to 2.12 #4673)
- Прямая поддержка синглтон-типов
- -Zirrefutable-generator-patterns
- Прочие няшки

Type lambdas

```
trait Functor[F[_]] {  
    def map[A, B](fa: F[A])(fn: A => B): F[B]  
}
```

```
trait LeftFunctor[R] extends  
    Functor[({type U[x] = Either[x, R]})#U]
```

```
trait RightFunctor[L] extends  
    Functor[[y] => Either[L, y]]
```

Type lambdas

```
[x]  => (x, x)
[x, y] => (x, Int) => y
[x[_]] => x[Double]
[+x, -y] => Function1[y, x]
```

**Тайп-лямбы
классные, и все дела,
но в компиляторе нет ни единой
строчки кода написанного
для их поддержки**

-- Paul Phillips (SI-6895)

@implicitAmbiguous¹

```
// Encoding for "A is not a subtype of B"
trait <:!<[A, B]

// Uses ambiguity to rule out the cases we're trying to exclude
implicit def nsub[A, B] : A <:!< B = null
@typelevel.annotation.implicitAmbiguous("Returning ${B} is forbidden.")
implicit def nsubAmbig1[A, B >: A] : A <:!< B = null
implicit def nsubAmbig2[A, B >: A] : A <:!< B = null

// Type alias for context bound
type |-|[T] = {
  type λ[U] = U <:!< T
}
```

¹ <https://gist.github.com/milessabin/c9f8befa932d98dcc7a4>

@implicitAmbiguous

```
def foo[T, R : |~| [Unit]#λ](t: T)(f: T => R) = f(t)
```

```
foo(23)(_ + 1) // OK
```

```
foo(23)(println) // Doesn't compile: "Returning Unit is forbidden."
```

Singleton types²

```
trait Assoc[K] { type V ; val v: V }

def mkAssoc[K, V0](k: K, v0: V0): Assoc[k.type] { type V = V0 } =
  new Assoc[k.type] {type V = V0 ; val v = v0}
def lookup[K](k: K)(implicit a: Assoc[k.type]): a.V = a.v
```

² Требует флаг -Xexperimental

Singleton types

```
implicit def firstAssoc = mkAssoc(1, "Panda!")
//> firstAssoc : Assoc[Int(1)]{type V = String}
implicit def secondAssoc = mkAssoc(2, 2.0)
//> secondAssoc : Assoc[Int(2)]{type V = Double}
```

```
implicit def ageAssoc = mkAssoc("Age", 3)
//> ageAssoc : Assoc[String("Age")]{type V = Int}
implicit def nmAssoc = mkAssoc("Name", "Jane")
//> nmAssoc : Assoc[String("Name")]{type V = String}
```

Singleton types

```
lookup(1)
// > res1: String = Panda!
lookup(2)
// > res2: Double = 2.0
lookup("Age")
// > res3: Int = 3
lookup("Name")
// > res4: String = Jane
```

Irrefutable generator patterns

```
for {  
  (x, _) <- Option((1, 2))  
} yield x
```

Desugars to

```
Some(scala.Tuple2(1, 2))
  .withFilter(((check$ifrefutable$1) =>
    check$ifrefutable$1: @scala.unchecked match {
      case scala.Tuple2((x @_), _) => true
      case _ => false
    })).map(((x$1) => x$1: @scala.unchecked match {
      case scala.Tuple2((x @_), _) => x
    }))
```

With irrefutable patterns

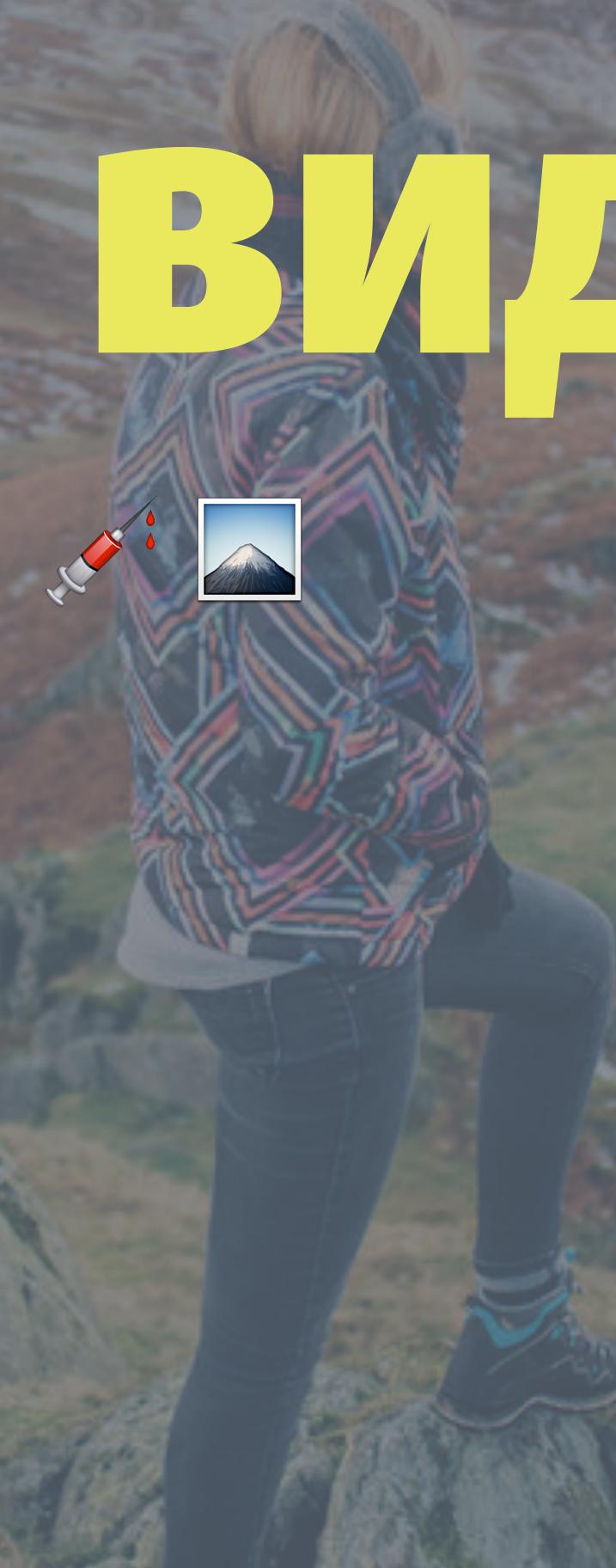
```
Some(scala.Tuple2(1, 2)).map(((x$1) => x$1 match {  
  case scala.Tuple2((x @_), _) => x  
}))
```

Няшки

```
def fib(n: Int) = {  
    def fib'(n: Int, next: Int, £: Int): Int =  
        n match {  
            case 0 => £  
            case _ => fib'(n - 1, next + £, next)  
        }  
    fib'(n, 1, 0)  
}  
  
val £': Byte = 127z
```



Общее виденье



Low-hanging fruits

- конвертация тестов из partest
в junit
- документация
- репорт багов
 - багфикс
- бекпорт изменений из
тайпсейф-скалы



Давайте подфантазируем



Редфайнмент типы

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash B : \text{Set}}{\Gamma \vdash \sum x:A, B : \text{Set}}$$

$$\sum_{\{f, g\} : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}} \prod_{x, y : \text{Set}} (x \rightarrow y) \rightarrow (\epsilon_0 x \rightarrow f_0 y)$$

$$\frac{x_0 : A_0, x_1 : A_1, \dots, x_{n-1} : A_{n-1}, \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash t : B}$$

$$\sum_{\{f, g\} : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}} \prod_{x, y : \text{Set}} (x \rightarrow y) \rightarrow (\epsilon_0 x \rightarrow f_0 y)$$

Редфайнмент типы

$$\text{val } x : \exists t. \text{type} = t \quad \Gamma, x:A_0, x_1:A_1, \dots, x_{n-1}:A_{n-1} \vdash t:B$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash B:\text{Set}}{\Gamma \vdash \sum x:A, B:\text{Set}}$$

$$\sum_{\substack{f_0: \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set} \\ f_1: \prod_{x,y:\text{Set}} (X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (\exists X \rightarrow f_0 Y)}} \prod_{x,y:\text{Set}} (X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (\exists X \rightarrow f_0 Y)$$

Редфайнмент типы

val x: (t => 7). type = 7 : B

$x_0:A_0, x_1:A_1, \dots, x_n:A_n, \vdash t:B$

Γ

$\Gamma \vdash t:B$

$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash B:\text{Set}}{\Gamma \vdash \sum x:A, B:\text{Set}}$

$\sum_{\{f_i\} : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}} \prod_{x,y:\text{Set}} (x \rightarrow y) \rightarrow (f_0 x \rightarrow f_0 y)$

$f_0 : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

$\{f_i\}_{i:\text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}} : \prod_{x,y:\text{Set}} (x \rightarrow y) \rightarrow (f_0 x \rightarrow f_0 y)$

Редфайнмент типы

val x: (t => t < 10 && t > 5).type = 7

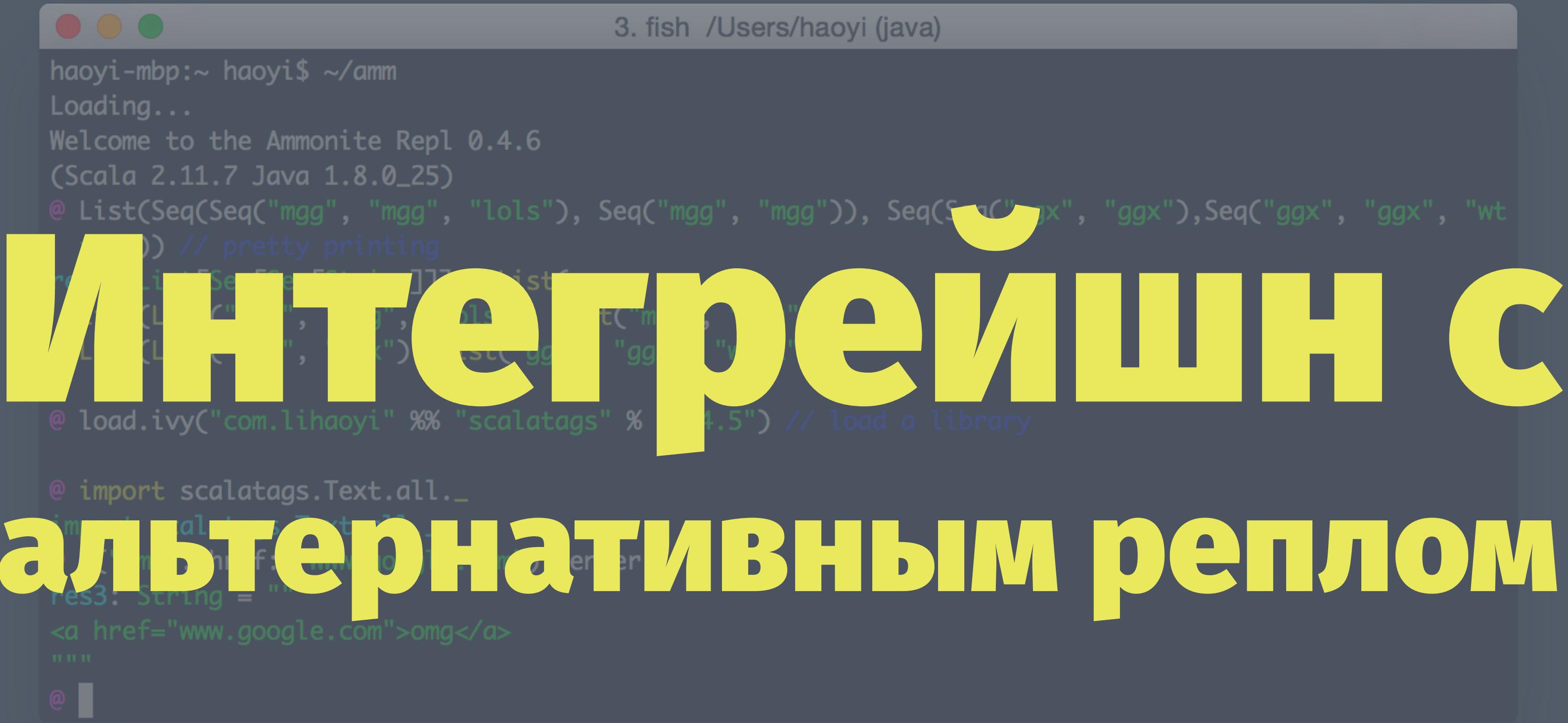
$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash B : \text{Set}}{\Gamma \vdash \sum x:A, B : \text{Set}}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash t : B}$$

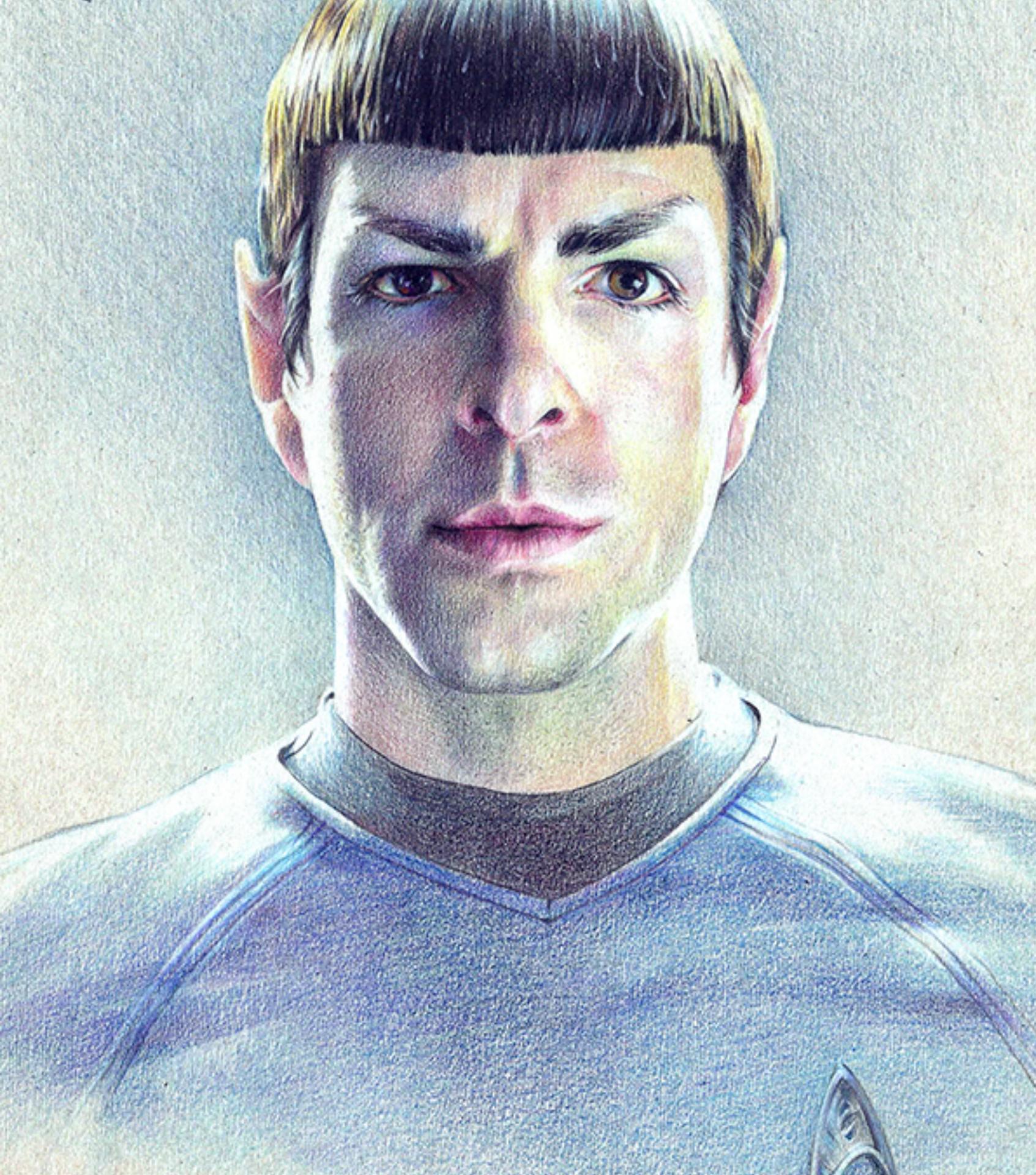
$$\frac{t_0 : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}, \Gamma \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \text{Set}. t_0(x) \rightarrow (\lambda x : B. t_0(x))}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{t_0 : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}} \Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \text{Set}. t_0(x) \rightarrow (\lambda x : B. t_0(x))}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : A. \sum_{t_0 : \text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Set}} t_0(x) \rightarrow (\lambda x : B. t_0(x))}$$

Эксперименты со стандартной библиотекой



Интерейшн с
алтернативным реплом



Продумать заново как работают имплиситы³

There's a Prolog in your Scala:
<http://j.mp/prolog-scala-talk>

³ [@implicitWeight](https://github.com/typelevel/scala/issues/28)

```
scalaVersion      := "2.11.7"
scalaOrganization := "org.typelevel"
```

Как мне законтрибьюти?

sbt compile
sbt test
sbt partest



./tools/
partest-ack

Вибоде



Ciacióbó!

@folone

<https://soundcloud.com/jobs>