PROJECT: PRESS - SCHECHTER MASS FUNCTION

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Dear Students,

Here are a few comments, instructions and some hints on calculating the Press - Schechter (PS) mass function:

PS mass function.

Here is a reminder of the PS mass function that we have derived at class:

(1)
$$\eta(M,a) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\bar{\rho}}{M^2} \frac{\delta_c^L(a)}{\sigma_M} \exp\left[-\frac{(\delta_c^L(a))^2}{2\sigma_M^2}\right] \left| \frac{\mathrm{d} \ln \sigma_M}{\mathrm{d} \ln M} \right|$$

Calculate here the mass function for the present epoch (a = 1.0) and for the WMAP set of cosmological parameters. The relevant parameters are:

- $\sigma_8 = \sigma(R = 8 \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}\mathrm{Mpc}) = 0.817$
- $\Omega_m = 0.279$
- $\Omega_{\Lambda} = 1 \Omega_m$

See the note on the h^{-1} scaling below.

Analytical fit to the power spectrum.

For the sake of the present calculation we shall use here an analytical fit the power spectrum. The fit is due to Max Tegmark (reference is missing):

(2)
$$P(k) = A \frac{k^n}{\left\{1 + \left[ak/\Gamma + \left(bk/\Gamma\right)^{3/2} + \left(ck/\Gamma\right)^2\right]^{\nu}\right\}^{1/\nu}}$$

Where:

- \bullet n=1
- $\Gamma = 0.21$
- $a = 6.4 \, h^{-1} \rm Mpc$
- $b = 3.0 \,\mathrm{h^{-1}Mpc}$
- $a = 1.7 \, h^{-1} \rm Mpc$
- $\nu = 1.13$

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Use of the h scaling.

Distances in cosmology depend on the value of H_0 (Hubble's constant) - recalling that in an unperturbed Friedmann universe we have $v = H_0 \times$ distance, where the velocity (v) is the observable. It is customary to parametrize the value of H_0 by the following expression: $H_0 = 100 \ h \ \text{km/s/Mpc}$. It follows that one can express masses and distances as if the value of H_0 is $100 \ \text{km/s/Mpc}$ and correct for the actual value by using units of $h^{-1}M_{\odot}$ (for masses) and $h^{-1}Mpc$ (for distances). In your calculations use the h^{-1} scaling.

Top-Hat Model: δ_c^L (for a=1.0).

You are supposed to calculate the value of δ_c^L from the top hat model, assuming the standard Λ CDM model whose WMAP parameters are given above. To enable you to work in parallel on the two assignments the following is provided here: $\delta_c^L = 1.67484$

Presentation of $\eta(M)$.

Recall that we have derived the mass function by the following expression:

$$\eta(M) = \frac{\bar{\rho}}{M} \frac{\partial F(>M)}{\partial M}$$

If we multiply the two sides of the equation by M we get:

$$M\eta(M) = \frac{\bar{\rho}}{M} \frac{\partial F(>M)}{\partial \ln M}$$

Namely, it is the mass function defined per $\ln M$. It is customary to present the mass function by $M\eta(M)$. Please do the same, in particular when you plot it.

If you have any problems with the calculations of the two projects, top hat model and the mass function, please do not hesitate to contact me by mail (hoffman@huji.ac.il). You can do it also after I'll be leaving the school.

Enjoy it,

Yehuda