```
ln[1]:= r = 1;
                       m = 1;
                        g = 10;
                        x1[t_{-}] = r * Cos[\phi1[t]] * Sin[\theta1[t]];
                                                               cosinus
                                                                                                          sinus
                       y1[t_] = r * Sin[\phi1[t]] * Sin[\theta1[t]];
                                                                                                            sinus
                                                               sinus
                        z1[t_] = r * Cos[\theta 1[t]];
                                                               cosinus
                        x2[t_] = x1[t] + r * Cos[\phi 2[t]] * Sin[\theta 2[t]];
                                                                                          cosinus
                       y2[t_] = y1[t] + r * Sin[\phi2[t]] * Sin[\theta2[t]];
                                                                                          sinus
                        z2[t_] = z1[t] + r * Cos[\theta 2[t]];
                        T = m/2 * (x1'[t]^2 + y1'[t]^2 + z1'[t]^2) + m/2 * (x2'[t]^2 + y2'[t]^2 + z2'[t]^2);
                       V = m * g * (z1[t] + z2[t]);
                        L = T - V;
                        eq\phi1 = D[D[L, \phi1'[t]], t] - D[L, \phi1[t]] // FullSimplify;
                                                                                                          oblicz pochodną uprość pełniej
                                             ... oblicz pochodną
                        eq\phi1 /. {\phi1[t] \rightarrow \phi1, \phi1'[t] \rightarrow \phi1', \phi1''[t] \rightarrow \phi1'', \phi2[t] \rightarrow \phi2,
                                    \phi 2'[t] \rightarrow \phi 2', \ \phi 2''[t] \rightarrow \phi 2'', \ \theta 1[t] \rightarrow \theta 1, \ \theta 1'[t] \rightarrow \theta 1', \ \theta 1''[t] \rightarrow \theta 1'',
                                   \theta 2[t] \rightarrow \theta 2, \theta 2'[t] \rightarrow \theta 2', \theta 2''[t] \rightarrow \theta 2''} // TraditionalForm
                                                                                                                                                                                                          tradycyjna forma
                        eq\theta1 = D[D[L, \theta1'[t]], t] - D[L, \theta1[t]] // FullSimplify;
                                                                                                                  oblicz pochodną uprość pełniej
                                             oblicz pochodną
                        eq\theta1 /. {\phi1[t] \rightarrow \phi1, \phi1'[t] \rightarrow \phi1', \phi1''[t] \rightarrow \phi1'', \phi2[t] \rightarrow \phi2,
                                   \phi2'[t] \rightarrow \phi2', \ \phi2''[t] \rightarrow \phi2'', \ \Theta1[t] \rightarrow \Theta1, \ \Theta1'[t] \rightarrow \Theta1', \ \Theta1''[t] \rightarrow \Theta1'', \ \Theta1''[t] \rightarrow \Theta1'', \ \Theta1'''[t] \rightarrow \Theta1'', \ \Theta1'''[t] \rightarrow \Theta1''', \ \Theta1'''[t] \rightarrow \Theta1'''
                                   \theta 2[t] \rightarrow \theta 2, \; \theta 2'[t] \rightarrow \theta 2', \; \theta 2''[t] \rightarrow \theta 2'' \} \; // \; TraditionalForm
                                                                                                                                                                                                           tradycyjna forma
                        eq\phi2 = D[D[L, \phi2'[t]], t] - D[L, \phi2[t]] // FullSimplify;
                                             .. loblicz pochodną
                                                                                                                    oblicz pochodną uprość pełniej
                        eq\phi2 /. {\phi1[t] \rightarrow \phi1, \phi1'[t] \rightarrow \phi1', \phi1''[t] \rightarrow \phi1'', \phi2[t] \rightarrow \phi2,
                                    \phi2'[t] \rightarrow \phi2', \phi2''[t] \rightarrow \phi2'', \Theta1[t] \rightarrow \Theta1, \Theta1'[t] \rightarrow \Theta1', \Theta1''[t] \rightarrow \Theta1'',
                                   \theta 2[t] \rightarrow \theta 2, \theta 2'[t] \rightarrow \theta 2', \theta 2''[t] \rightarrow \theta 2''} // TraditionalForm
                        eq\theta2 = D[D[L, \theta2'[t]], t] - D[L, \theta2[t]] // FullSimplify;
                                                                                                                  oblicz pochodną uprość pełniej
                                             ·· oblicz pochodną
                        eq\theta2 /. {\phi1[t] \rightarrow \phi1, \phi1'[t] \rightarrow \phi1', \phi1''[t] \rightarrow \phi1'', \phi2[t] \rightarrow \phi2,
                                    \phi2'[t] \rightarrow \phi2', \ \phi2''[t] \rightarrow \phi2'', \ \theta1[t] \rightarrow \theta1, \ \theta1'[t] \rightarrow \theta1', \ \theta1''[t] \rightarrow \theta1'',
                                   \theta 2[t] \rightarrow \theta 2, \theta 2'[t] \rightarrow \theta 2', \theta 2''[t] \rightarrow \theta 2''} // TraditionalForm
                                                                                                                                                                                                          tradycyjna forma
Out[14]//TraditionalForm=
                        \sin(\theta 1) \left( 4 \,\theta 1' \cos(\theta 1) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,(\phi 2')^2 - \theta 2'' \cos(\theta 2) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos(\theta 1) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,(\phi 2')^2 - \theta 2'' \cos(\theta 2) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos(\theta 1) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,(\phi 2')^2 - \theta 2'' \cos(\theta 2) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos(\theta 1) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,(\phi 2')^2 - \theta 2'' \cos(\theta 2) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,(\phi 2')^2 - \theta 2'' \cos(\theta 2) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos(\theta 2) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin(\theta 2) \,\phi 1' + 2 \sin(\theta 1) \,\phi 1'' + \cos(\theta 1) 
                                        2 \theta 2' \cos(\theta 2) \phi 2' \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + (\theta 2')^2 \sin(\theta 2) \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + \sin(\theta 2) \phi 2'' \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2)
Out[16]//TraditionalForm=
                        2\theta 1'' + \theta 2'' (\cos(\theta 1)\cos(\theta 2)\cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + \sin(\theta 1)\sin(\theta 2)) +
                             2\cos(\theta 1)\,\theta 2'\cos(\theta 2)\,\phi 2'\sin(\phi 1-\phi 2)+(\theta 2')^2(\sin(\theta 1)\cos(\theta 2)-\cos(\theta 1)\sin(\theta 2)\cos(\phi 1-\phi 2))+
                              \cos(\theta 1)\sin(\theta 2) \phi 2'' \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) - \cos(\theta 1)\sin(\theta 2) (\phi 2')^2 \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) - \sin(2\theta 1) (\phi 1')^2 - 20\sin(\theta 1)
Out[18]//TraditionalForm=
                        \sin(\theta 2) \left( \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \left( \theta 1'' \cos(\theta 1) - \sin(\theta 1) (\phi 1')^2 \right) + 2 \theta 1' \cos(\theta 1) \phi 1' \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + \theta 1' \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) \right) \right)
                                         (\theta 1')^2 (-\sin(\theta 1)) \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + \sin(\theta 1) \phi 1'' \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + 2 \theta 2' \cos(\theta 2) \phi 2' + \sin(\theta 2) \phi 2''
```

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Out[20]//TraditionalForm=

```
\theta 1'' \cos(\theta 1) \cos(\theta 2) \cos(\phi 1) \cos(\phi 2) + \theta 1'' \cos(\theta 1) \cos(\theta 2) \sin(\phi 1) \sin(\phi 2) + \theta 1'' \sin(\theta 1) \sin(\theta 2) - 2 \theta 1' \cos(\theta 1) \cos(\theta 2) \phi 1' \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + (\theta 1')^2 (\cos(\theta 1) \sin(\theta 2) - \sin(\theta 1) \cos(\theta 2) \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2)) - \sin(\theta 1) \cos(\theta 2) \phi 1'' \sin(\phi 1 - \phi 2) - \sin(\theta 1) \cos(\theta 2) (\phi 1')^2 \cos(\phi 1 - \phi 2) + \theta 2'' - \sin(\theta 2) \cos(\theta 2) (\phi 2')^2 - 10 \sin(\theta 2)
```