ALGEBRA E MATEMATICA DISCRETA

Cons d' lourea: In formatice

SVOLGMENTO DEGU EXERCÍZ' PER CASA 2 (3º PARTE)

Rishre I some d'engueure

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha_{1}=1 \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{1} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{1} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \equiv 0 \text{ mod } 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times \infty \end{array} \begin{array}{c} m_{2} \\ \times$$

10 PASSAGGIO | Sorihino title le caquerse ca caquerse i cui

le son voi vaus till velle verse done d'enjeune

Colubs:

MCD(Q1, m1) = MCD (1,3) = 1 BYINTEDS 10 ONDOZIE OH WOLL LA 20 CNGRUENZA

FULL 19 CHOOSIS OH NON MCD (ez, mz) = MCD (2, 11) = 1 LA 20 CNGRUENZA

MCO (03, M3) = MCO(2, 10) = 2 = d

d=2 / C3 => LA 30 CONGRUENZA NON LA SOLUZIONE MA (Cz=3)

E QUINDI L'INTERD SISTEMA NON MA SOUVZIONE.

2) 6 Rissbrue il souve d'engreuse

10 PASSAGGIO | Sortituino Inte le cognerse en enquerse ii

cri le ssuroni shaves le velle surse close d'agreine

Cololo

MCD (01, m1) = MCD (3,5) = 1 NON HO BISO 6NO DI SOSTITUIRE LA 14 CONGRUENZA

nco(021m2) = nco(2,8)=2 |0=c2

SOSTITUISCO LA 20 CONGRUENZA CON

 $2x \equiv 4 \mod 8$ Ossia con $x \equiv 2 \mod 4$

FINTTICE 10 OUDCE10 OH NON MCD (03, m3) = MCD (1,3)=1 LA 30 CONGRUENZA

20 PASSAGGIO | hadro ogi en greene d'

 $3x = 4 \mod S$ $(**) \begin{cases} x = 2 \mod 4 \\ x = 2 \mod 3 \end{cases}$

Rishole 2° 3x = a mod 5 ~

MCD(e, m) = d = 1 = 0 $\begin{cases}
\exists d, \beta \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ f.c. } de + \beta m = 1 \\
q = \frac{b}{d} = b
\end{cases}$

Ceno 2,B:

$$5 = 3 \cdot 1 + 2 \Rightarrow 2 = 5 - 3$$
 $3 = 2 \cdot 1 + 1 \Rightarrow 1 = 3 - 2 = 3 - (5 - 3) = 3 - 5 + 3 = 3 - 5 + 3 = 3 - 2 = 3 \cdot 2 - 5$

= 1 = 3.2 + 5.(-1) 1 T T T

UNA SOLUZIONE DELLA 1º GNGINEUZA E' dig = 2.4=8 e : come [8] = [8-5] = [3]

Sostituisco 3x = 4 mod 5 con X = 3 mod S ("LA" SOWZONE bella congruenza)

LA 2º E LA 3º GNGRUENZA SONO GIA' RIGITE

30 PASSAGGW | RISWO (***)

 $\begin{cases} x = 3 \pmod{5} & N_1 \\ X = 2 \pmod{4} & N_2 \\ X = 2 \pmod{3} & N_3 \end{cases}$

Eneudo MCD (N1, N2) = MCD (S, 4)=1 $\pi(D(n_1, n_3) = \pi(D(S, 3) = 1)$ TCD (12, 13) = TCD (4,3)=1

pe il tereme enere de rest, (XXX) he infrite shuveri, Inte nelle Mose dosse d'corpeine undulo $M = M_1 \cdot M_2 \cdot M_3 = 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 60$

CERCO UNTA SOLUZIONE DI (AAR) impous khovere tz $x_2 = x_1 + t_2 m_1 = 2 \text{ und } 4$ 3+t2.5 = 2 mad 4 $St_2 = -1 \bmod 4$ [5]4=[1]4 [-1]4=[3]4 t2 = 3 wood 4 QUESTA CONGRUENZA, NELL'INCOGNITA tz, E' MISUALTIENTE GA' MIS LTA, E POSSO PRENDERE t= 3 X2 = 3+3.5 = 3+15=18 impougo k horare t3 $x_3 = x_2 + t_3 \cdot n_1 \cdot n_2 = 2 \bmod 3$ 18 + t2 · S · 4 = 2 mod 3 20 t = 2-18 mod 3 (l'inserve dei nunei utaide) 200 saysoni d'2t3=2mod 3 2t3 = 2 mad 3 | 200 khronia 253 = 2maga 3 e [1]3 = {1+3k/kEZ} RISOWO LA CONGROSSA MELL'INCOCNITA t3. "LA" SO WZOME E t3=1 mod3 E POSS PRENDENT t3=2 Ause X3 = X2+ &3. N1N2 = 18+1.5.4 = 18+20 = 38 e' une Surone del somme QUINDI LE SOUZOM BEL SUSTEMA SOND NITT I NUTION INTERI NEVA CLASSE DI GNOWENTA $[x_3]_m = [38]_{60} = \frac{1}{2}38 + 60 \text{ k } [\text{k} \in \mathbb{Z}]$