Question 7:

Python Code:

Python File 1: Prefix free code.py

```
import string
#Class definition of tree for generating a Prefix Free Code
class Tree:
def __init__(self, cargo, left=None, right=None):
self.cargo = cargo
self.left = left
self.right = right
self.freq = 0
self.code ="
def __str__(self):
return str(self.cargo)
def getLetter(self):
return self.letter
def setLetter(self,value):
self.letter=value
def getFreq(self):
return self.freq
def setFreq(self,value):
self.freq=value
def getCode(self):
return self.code
def setCode(self,value):
self.code=value
#Stack definition to sort and store the created trees/symbols
class Stack:
def __init__(self):
self.items = []
def isEmpty(self):
return self.items == []
def push(self, item):
self.items.append(item)
```

```
def pop(self):
return self.items.pop()
def peek(self):
return self.items[len(self.items)-1]
def size(self):
return len(self.items)
#Sort and Store in Stack:
def sortedInsert(S, element):
if (S.isEmpty() or element.freq < S.peek().freq):</pre>
S.push(element)
else:
temp = S.pop()
sortedInsert(S, element)
S.push(temp)
#To visualise the tree:
def print_tree_indented(tree, level=0):
if tree == None: return
print tree indented(tree.right, level+1)
print ' ' * level + str(tree.cargo) + ' ' + str(tree.code)
print_tree_indented(tree.left, level+1)
#Code Assignment for the generated prefix free tree:
def update_code(tree, appcode):
if tree == None: return
update_code(tree.right, appcode+'1')
tree.code=tree.code+ appcode
update code(tree.left, appcode+'0')
#Codebook Creation for encoding:
def create_codebook(tree):
if tree == None: return
create_codebook(tree.right)
if len(tree.cargo)==1:
wf.write(tree.cargo+', '+tree.code+'\n')
create_codebook(tree.left)
#File Handling: Open and Reading the text in the file:
rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Input
Text.txt','r')
para=rf.read()
rf.close()
#Length of the Paragraph read:
```

```
length_para=float(len(para))
#Creating a dictionary:
dictionary= string.ascii_lowercase + string.ascii_uppercase + string.punctuation + ' '
#Relative Frequency of each symbol:
codebook=[];
for i in range(len(dictionary)):
letter count=string.count(para,dictionary[i])
codebook.append([dictionary[i],letter_count])
sym_tocode=Stack()
#Stack of all alphabets and punctuations with non zero frequency in a sorted manner
for element in codebook:
if element[1]!=0:
newNode=Tree(element[0]);
newNode.freq=element[1]
sortedInsert(sym_tocode, newNode)
#Prefix free code tree generation
while sym_tocode.size()>1:
t1=sym_tocode.pop()
t2=sym_tocode.pop()
mytree=Tree('(N)', t2, t1)
mytree.freq=t1.freq+t2.freq
sortedInsert(sym_tocode, mytree)
print_tree_indented(sym_tocode.peek())
#Code generation for the generated tree
update_code(sym_tocode.peek(), ")
#Generating Prefix Free Code Documentation for the provided text:
wf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Prefix Free
Code.txt','w')
create_codebook(sym_tocode.peek())
wf.close()
```

Python Code 2: encode_huffman.py

import string

#File Handling: Open and Reading the input text in the file:

```
rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Input
Text.txt','r')
para=rf.read()
rf.close()
#File Handling: Refering to the Prefix Free Code Lookup Table for encoding
rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Prefix Free
Code.txt','r'):
codestring = rf.read().split('\n')
rf.close()
codebook = []
for i in range(len(codestring)-1):
codebook.append([codestring[i].split(',')[0], codestring[i].split(',')[1]])
#Generating Encoded Text:
wf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Encoded
Text.txt','w')
for ele in para:
for i in range(len(codebook)):
if ele == codebook[i][0]:
wf.write(codebook[i][1])
wf.close()
Python Code 3: decode huffman.py
#File Handling: Refering to the Prefix Free Code Lookup Table for encoding
rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Prefix Free
Code.txt','r');
codestring = rf.read().split('\n')
rf.close()
#File Handling: Refering to the Prefix Free Code Lookup Table for encoding
```

rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Encoded

text.txt','r');

rf.close()

en text = rf.read()

```
wf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Decoded
Text.txt','w')
while index<len(en_text):
for i in range(len(codebook)):
if en_text[index:index+len(codebook[i][1]):1] == codebook[i][1]:
wf.write(codebook[i][0])
index += len(codebook[i][1])
break
wf.close()
#File Handling: Open and Reading the input text in the file:
rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Input
Text.txt','r')
para=rf.read()
rf.close()
#File Handling: Open and Reading the input text in the file:
rf=open('D:\Documents\UB Course\Subjects\ITC\Homework\Exercise 4\Decoded
Text.txt','r')
de_para=rf.read()
rf.close()
#Error comparison between the input text and decoded text:
if de_para == para:
print 'Good'
else:
print 'Bad'
```

Output:

Input Text.txt:

Romeo and Juliet is a tragedy written by William Shakespeare early in his career about two young star-crossed lovers whose deaths ultimately reconcile their feuding families. It was among Shakespeare's most popular plays during his lifetime and, along with Hamlet, is one of his most frequently performed plays. Today, the title characters are regarded as archetypal young lovers.

Prefix Free Code.txt:

```
1, 1111

1, 11101111

J, 11101110

R, 11101101

T, 11101100

w, 111010

m, 11100

e, 110
```

EE634: Information Theory and Coding

- o, I0II
- i, 1010
- d, 10011
- y, 10010
- s , 1000
- t,0111
- W,01101111
- ',01101110
- ,,0110110
- f,011010
- h,01100
- r,0101
- n,01001
- .,0100011
- -,01000101
- b,01000100
- c,010000
- ,001
- a,0001
- g,000011
- p,000010
- k,00000111
- v,00000110
- S,00000101
- q,000001001
- H,000001000
- u,000000

Encoded Text.txt:

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Decoded Text.txt:

Romeo and Juliet is a tragedy written by William Shakespeare early in his career about two young starcrossed lovers whose deaths ultimately reconcile their feuding families. It was among Shakespeare's most popular plays during his lifetime and, along with Hamlet, is one of his most frequently performed plays. Today, the title characters are regarded as archetypal young lovers.