Cosan

Data analytics library using modern C++

Motivation - why Cosan?

Comparison with current off-the-shelf library:

- Eigen
- Shogun
- scikit-learn
- R

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Domain knowledge

- Dataset Transformation
 - preprocessing
 - feature generation
 - pipelines
- Linear Models
 - ordinary least squares
 - ridge regression
- Model Selection and Evaluation
 - hyper-parameter tuning
 - cross-validation
 - metrics

Design Goals

1. User-friendly

2. Extensibility & Reusability

3. Portability

4. Utilization of C++ modern features

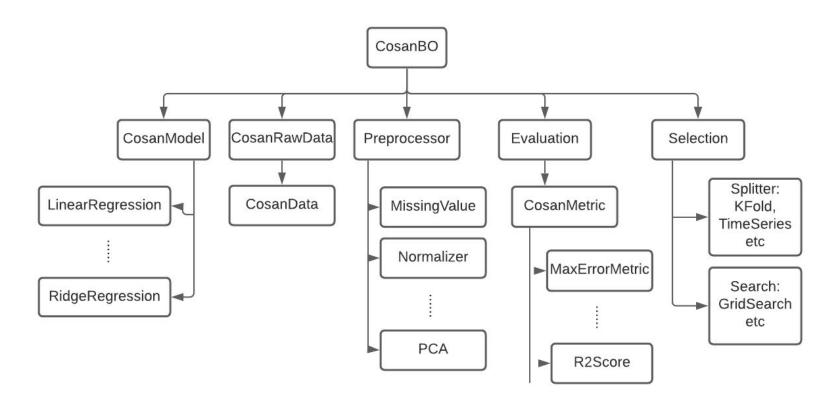
User-friendly: Implementation

- 1. Applicable to input sources: csv, direct initialization or from std::vector
- 2. Customizable data type
 - a. CosanData input data type (combo of numeric types)
- 3. Easy to use + tutorial
 - a. Tutorial
- 4. Well-documented
 - a. Documentation

Other Implementation

- 1. Extensibility & Reusability:
 - a. OOP: class hierarchy
- 2. Portability:
 - a. header-only library
- 3. Utilization of C++ modern features:
 - a. Templates, gsl::index, etc

Module Overview:



Modern C++ Features Overview

- Concepts
- std::variant
- std::chrono
- Static assertions (static_assert)

...

- Concurrency (OpenMP)
- gsl:: index
- fmt (open-source formatting library)

Concurrency: <omp.h>

Indexing: gsl::index

```
if (nthreads == -1){
    omp_set_num_threads(omp_get_max_threads());
}
else{
    omp_set_num_threads(nthreads);
}
#pragma omp parallel for
for (gsl::index i = 0; i < paramGrid.size(); ++i){
    estimator.SetParams(paramGrid[i]);
    allError[i] = crossValidation(CRD, estimator, metric, split);
}
bestParam =paramGrid[std::distance(allError.begin(), std::min_element(allError.begin(), allError.end()))];</pre>
```

Time, duration, benchmarking: <chrono>

Formatting library, C++20 std::format: <fmt>

```
st = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
Cosan::KFoldParallel(nrows, foldnum);
ed = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
tmp = std::chrono::duration_cast < std::chrono::duration < double >> (ed - st);

st = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
Cosan::KFold(nrows, foldnum);
ed = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
tmp1 = std::chrono::duration_cast < std::chrono::duration < double >> (ed - st);
fmt::print("Parallel: {:f}s, without parallel: {:f}s", tmp, tmp1);
```

Templates & Concepts

constexpr

static_assert

To get on board...

Illustration of a simple machine learning task

- Data Collection
- Data Preparation
- Model Training
- Model Evaluation
- Parameter Tuning
- Make Predictions

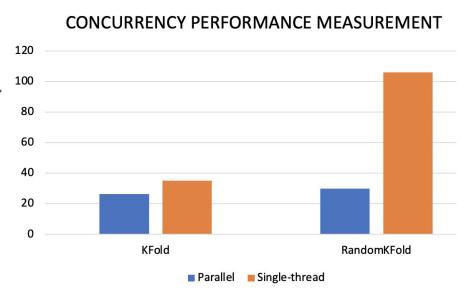
Performance Measurement

100,000 rows

50,000 folds cross-validation

8 cores

measurements in seconds using <chrono>



Future Work & Extensibility

- 1. Domain knowledge
 - Pipeline
 - Visualization
- 2. C++ features
 - Import modules
 - Span (input data source)
 - Chrono: timing
- 3. Codebase maintenance
 - Readability and consistency

Q&A