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Mid Semester Examination 2024

Name of the Program:B. Tech.

Semester: I

Name of the Course: CSE

Course Code: TCS 101

Paper Name: FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTERS & INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING

Time: 1 Hour and 30 minutes

Max. Marks: 50

Note:

- (i) Answer all five questions by selecting any one of the sub-sections.
- (ii) Each questioncarries 10 marks.

Q.1	. (10 Marks)			
	"This generation of computers useshigh level languages, much sophisticated hardwa	re			
	& have an ability to perform intelligent computing". Which generation is being referred to				
	& also compare this generation with its previous generation in terms of its performance, chip				
	integration, advantages & disadvantages.	CO-1			
	OR				
b)	Discuss the terms: Data, Information, Instruction and Program.Describe the store	d			
	programming concept in a computer system with a neat diagram.				
Q.2	(10 Marks	≟			
a)	Discuss the significance of memory hierarchy with a neat sketch highlighting the differen memories with respect to their capacity, performance, access time & cost per bit.	t			
	OR	1			
	i) Explain the importance of operating system & it's most significant functions for a computer system.	CO-1			
b)	ii) Manish is a programmer and stores approximately 1020 MB of data per day to a cloud storage. Calculate the amount of data stored by him in a period of 6 dayson the cloud, when expressed in GB's. (Assume 1MB= 1000000 bytes for calculation)				
Q.3	(10Marks)				
	i) Draw a neat flowchart to read a distance in centimeters from the keyboard and then display by converting it into kilometers, meters and centimeters.				
a)	(Ex. 157250 cms = 1 km, 572 metres and 50 cms)				
	ii) List the characteristics of a good algorithm. Write an algorithm to determine the year given as input is a leap year or not.	CO-2,3			
	OR	CO-2,3			
-	Bhogilal is a fruit seller, he gives discount to his customers on buying of mangoes as follows: If the customer is known to him for more than 5 years, then 9.5% on the bill amount. If the customer is known to him for more than 7 years, then 12.5% on the bill amount. If the customer is known to him for more than 10 years, then 15% on the bill amount.				
b)	No discount if the customer is known to him for less than 5 years. However, if the bill amount exceeds Rs.1000 then customer gets additional 5% discount onthe final bill amount.				
	Model the above situation using a flowchart by reading the number of Kgs of mangoes, the rate per Kg and N number of years known as input. Display the discounted amountand the final bill amount.				
Q.4	(10Marks)				
a)	i) In an experiment performed, three reading R1,R2, and R3 are recorded. Write a C program to compute the average of least two readings and display it to the console. (Ex. Say R1=10.9, R2=15.6 and R3=9.4, then average is $(R1+R3)/2=10.15$)	CO-2,4			

	ii) Assume an 8-bit computer with size of int datatype as one byte. Show the range of numbers (from minimum to maximum range) that can be stored if a variable is declared as signed and unsignedint type.	
	OR	
b)	List and explain the working of logical operators with a fragment of C code. Implement a C program to find the biggest of three numbers using a ternary operator. Read the numbers as input from the keyboard.	
Q.5	(10Marks)	
а)	i)Draw a neat diagram with brief explanation of various stages in the life cycle of a C program. Outline the tasks performed during the pre-processing phase of compilation. ii)Draw a flowchart to compute the following series up to N terms. $1^2 - 3^2 + 5^2 - 7^2 + 9^2 - \dots N^2$	
	OR	
	i) Explain the type of conversion performed by the compiler and the value of R in the following fragment of C code. Also, demonstrate how to retain the fractional part after division by performing an appropriate type conversion. void main(){ int Num=110, R; R=Num/3;}	CO-2,3 & CO-4
	ii) Predict the output of the following C programs. Assume all the programs are free of	
	Comton arrang Tuetification and and Al	
	A. #include <stdio.h></stdio.h>	
	A. #include <stdio.h> void main() { int a, b=10; printf("%d",a%b); }</stdio.h>	
	B. #include <stdio.h> void main() { int yy=15, b=2; printf("%d",(yy<<bb 2);<="" td=""><td></td></bb></stdio.h>	
b)	C. #include <stdio.h></stdio.h>	
	void main() { int p=13,q=-14,r; r=p+++ (++q); printf("%d %d",r,p);	
	}	
	D. #include <stdio.h> void main() { float a=0, b=10; if((a+b)/2 < (a-b) && !a); printf("Always True");</stdio.h>	
	}	
	E. #include <stdio.h> int main() {</stdio.h>	
	if(100>(70 && 50) && 50 != !(40 30)) kdc='H'; printf("%d",kdc);	
	return 0;	
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