



Mid Term (Even) Semester Examination 2025

Roll no.....

Name of the Course and semester: M.Tech(CSE)&IV

Name of the Paper: Soft Computing

Course Code: MCS 401

Time: 1.5 Hour

Maximum Marks: 50

Note

- (i) All Questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Each question carries 10 marks.

Q.1 (10 Marks)

- (a) Artificial Neural Networks (ANNs) are inspired by biological neurons. Explain the differences and similarities between biological neurons and artificial neurons, emphasizing their computational significance. CO1

OR

- (b) What are the key ANN terminologies? Discuss the importance of network architecture, setting of weights, and activation functions in training a neural network. CO1

Q.2 (10 Marks)

- (a) Describe the McCulloch-Pitts neuron model and its significance in ANN development. Implement an example where it is used to solve a binary classification problem. CO1

OR

- (b) Discuss the Hebbian Learning rule in detail. Provide an example of how this rule is applied in neural networks and justify its practical significance. CO1

Q.3 (10 Marks)

- (a) Differentiate between Perceptron learning rule and Delta learning rule. Explain their convergence properties and suitability for solving classification problems. CO1

OR

- (b) Activation functions play a key role in ANN learning. Explain the characteristics of different activation functions (Sigmoid, Tanh, ReLU, Leaky ReLU, Softmax) and their impact on network performance. CO1

Q.4 (10 Marks)

- (a) What are feedback networks? Explain the concept of Hopfield Networks and their application in pattern recognition. CO2

OR

- (b) Explain the working and significance of the Radial Basis Function Network (RBFN). Compare its performance with a Backpropagation Network (BPN). CO2

Q.5 (10 Marks)

- (a) Explain the architecture and training process of the Backpropagation Network (BPN). How does the gradient descent algorithm help optimize weights? CO2

OR

- (b) Compare Self-Organizing Maps (SOM) with Learning Vector Quantization (LVQ). Explain their limitations in the context of unsupervised learning. CO2