

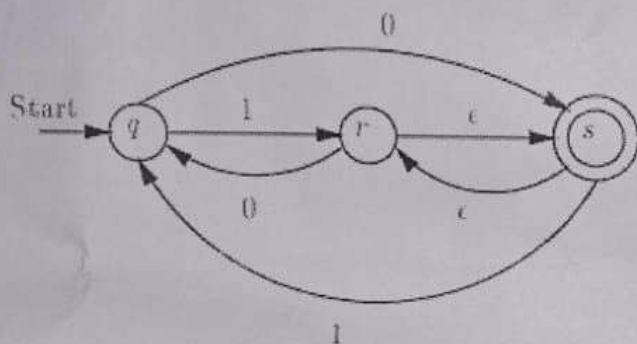
Note:

- (i) All the questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Answer any two sub questions from a, b and c in each main question.
- (iii) Total marks for each question is 20 (twenty).
- (iv) Each sub-question carries 10 marks.

Q1.

(2X10=20 Marks)

- a. Design a TM to recognize all strings consisting of even no. of 1's.
- b. Find the regular expression for the following FA



- c. (i) Construct DFA accepting odd number of 0s and odd number of 1s
- (ii) Design a Moore Machine for residue of mod 4. And also show the remainder of 19.

Q2.

(2X10=20 Marks)

- a. Construct PDA for the following CFG $G = (\{S, T\}, \{a, b, \epsilon\}, P, S)$ where P consists of following productions:

$$S \rightarrow aTb|b,$$

$$T \rightarrow Ta|\epsilon. \quad \text{CO6}$$

Check for the acceptance of $w=aaaab$

- b. Design DFA for the following R.E. CO2

$$010^*+0(01+10)^*11 \text{ over } \{0,1\}$$

Design Transition Table, Transition Graph and also check that the given string (010110100) belongs to above DFA

- c. Convert CFG to GNF

CO3

$$S \rightarrow XA|BB$$

$$B \rightarrow b|SB$$

$$X \rightarrow b$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

Q3.

(2X10=20 Marks)

- a. Convert the following CFG into CNF $S \rightarrow XY | Xn | p; X \rightarrow mX | m; Y \rightarrow Xn | o$ CO3
- b. $C = \{ w \in \Sigma^* | n_a(w) \bmod 4 = 1 \}$, where $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ and $n_a(w)$ is the number of a's in string w. For example, $n_a(babaabb) = 3$. Also, recall $j \bmod k$ returns the remainder after dividing j



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by k, e.g., $3 \bmod 4 = 3$, and $9 \bmod 4 = 1$.

Recognize the type of language and design the required machine with language. **CO2**

c. Let L_1 , L_2 , and L_3 be languages defined over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, where

- L_1 consists of all possible strings over Σ except the strings w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{100} ; i.e., start with all possible strings over the alphabet, take out 100 particular strings, and the remaining strings form the language L_1 ;
- L_2 is recognized by an NFA; and ^
- L_3 is recognized by a PDA.

Prove that $(L_1 \cap L_2)L_3$ is a context-free language or not. **CO4**

Q4.

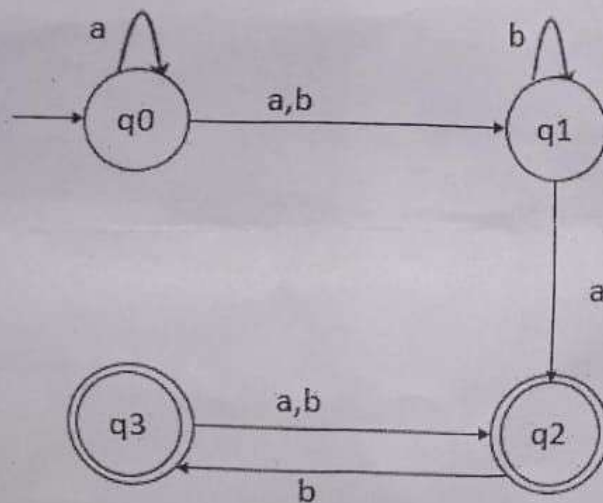
(2X10=20 Marks)

a. Construct a PDA from the following CFG. $G = (\{S, A\}, \{a, b\}, P, S)$ where the productions are: $S \rightarrow AS \mid \epsilon$.

$A \rightarrow aAb \mid Ab \mid ab$ **CO4**

b. Does the Turing machine finish computing of the string w in a finite number of steps? **CO6**

c. Convert the following Non-Deterministic Finite Automata (NFA) to Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA). **CO2**



Q5.

(2X10=20 Marks)

a. Design a Turing machine which accepts the language which contains equal number of a's followed by equal number of b's followed by equal number of c's over input alphabet $\{a,b,c\}$. Also check the decidability of that Turing machine. **CO5**

b. Give the transition functions δ (i.e., specify the domains and ranges) of a DFA, NFA, PDA, Turing machine and nondeterministic Turing machine. Show the evolution of machines and differences. **CO1**

c. $D = \{b^n a^n b^k c^k \mid n \geq 0, k \geq 0\}$. Design PDA for given CFL. **CO4**