End Term (Even) Semester Examination May-June 2025

Roll no. 2492113

Name of the Program and semester: BCA - II Sem Name of the Course: Introduction to Operating Systems

Course Code: TBC-203

Time: 3 hour Maximum Marks: 100

Note:

(i) All the questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Answer any two sub questions from a, b and c in each main question.
- (iii) Total marks for each question is 20 (twenty).
- (iv) Each sub-question carries 10 marks.

Q1. (2X10=20 Marks)

- **a.** What is process scheduling? Why it is needed? Define any two types of preemptive scheduling algorithms in short.
- b. Discuss the Bakery Algorithm for the critical section with its working for critical section.
- **c.** What is the situation of Deadlock? Define the necessary conditions of deadlock with the help of an example.

Q2. (2X10=20 Marks)

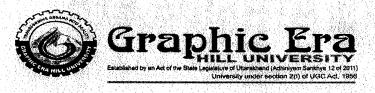
- a. Consider the following page reference string: 2,3,1,2,5,6,7,7,1,0,5,4,6,2,3,0,1.

 Assuming demand paging with three frames, how many page faults would occur for the FCFS page replacement algorithm.
- b. What is the need of "Multi-Level Feedback Queue Algorithm". Define in detail.
- c. What is Page Fault? Explain the process with the help of a diagram. Also, define swapping. define with the help of a diagram.

Q3. (2X10=20 Marks)

- a. Define the following in short:
 - I. Multi level queue scheduling algorithm
 - * II. Critical Section
 - III. Hypervisor
 - IV. Paging
 - V. Thrashing
- b. What is the need of disk scheduling algorithm? Define C-SCAN disk scheduling algorithm with example.
- c. Differentiate "kernel" and Shell" in at least 10 points.

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Q4. (2X10=20 Marks)

a. What is the average waiting time and average turn around time of all processes for FCFS, SJF algorithm?

Burst Time	Arrival 5
10 .	3,•
2	0,
1. 1	4
5	2
	Burst Time 10

- b. Define How 'UNIX" operating system works. Define in detail.
- c. Define Starvation. Which algorithm works with minimum starvation in OS Process Scheduling Algorithms.

Q5. (2X10=20 Marks)

- a. What are threads? Discuss different types of threads. What resources are used when a thread is created? How do they differ from those used when a process is created?
- b. Define the following:
 - I. Process Control Block
 - II. Dual Mode Operating
 - III. System Call
 - IV. Semaphore
 - v. UNIX
 - c. Define how memory management works in an operating system.