

## Member Functions of `basic_string` Class

<b>append</b>	<b>Adds</b> characters to the end of a string.
<b>assign</b>	<b>Assigns</b> new character values to the contents of a string.
<b>at</b>	<b>Returns</b> a reference to the element at a specified location in the string.
<b>back</b>	<b>Returns</b> a reference to the last element in the string
<b>begin</b>	<b>Returns</b> an iterator addressing the first element in the string.
<b>c_str</b>	<b>Converts</b> the contents of a string as a C-style, null-terminated, string.
<b>capacity</b>	<b>Returns</b> the largest number of elements that could be stored in a string without increasing the memory allocation of the string.
<b>cbegin</b>	<b>Returns</b> a const iterator addressing the first element in the string.
<b>cend</b>	<b>Returns</b> a const iterator that addresses the location succeeding the last element in a string.
<b>clear</b>	<b>Erases</b> all elements of a string.
<b>compare</b>	<b>Compares</b> a string with a specified string to determine if the two strings are equal or if one is lexicographically less than the other.
<b>copy</b>	<b>Copies</b> at most a specified number of characters from an indexed position in a source string to a target character array. Deprecated. Use <b><code>basic_string::_Copy_s</code></b> instead.
<b>crbegin</b>	<b>Returns a const iterator</b> that addresses the first element in a reversed string.
<b>crend</b>	<b>Returns a const iterator</b> that addresses the location succeeding the last element in a reversed string.
<b>_Copy_s</b>	<b>Copies</b> at most a specified number of characters from an indexed position in a source string to a target character array.
<b>data</b>	<b>Converts</b> the contents of a string into an array of characters.
<b>empty</b>	<b>Tests</b> whether the string contains characters.
<b>end</b>	<b>Returns an iterator</b> that addresses the location succeeding the last element in a string.
<b>erase</b>	<b>Removes</b> an element or a range of elements in a string from a specified position.
<b>find</b>	<b>Searches</b> a string in a forward direction for the first occurrence of a substring that matches a specified sequence of characters.

<b><code>find_first_not_of</code></b>	<b>Searches</b> through a string for the first character that is not any element of a specified string.
<b><code>find_first_of</code></b>	<b>Searches</b> through a string for the first character that matches any element of a specified string.
<b><code>find_last_not_of</code></b>	<b>Searches</b> through a string for the last character that is not any element of a specified string.
<b><code>find_last_of</code></b>	<b>Searches</b> through a string for the last character that is an element of a specified string.
<b><code>front</code></b>	<b>Returns</b> a reference to the first element in a string.
<b><code>get_allocator</code></b>	<b>Returns</b> a copy of the <b>allocator</b> object used to construct the string.
<b><code>insert</code></b>	<b>Inserts</b> an element or a number of elements or a range of elements into the string at a specified position.
<b><code>length</code></b>	<b>Returns</b> the current number of elements in a string.
<b><code>max_size</code></b>	<b>Returns</b> the maximum number of characters a string could contain.
<b><code>pop_back</code></b>	<b>Erases</b> the last element of the string.
<b><code>push_back</code></b>	<b>Adds</b> an element to the end of the string.
<b><code>rbegin</code></b>	<b>Returns an iterator</b> to the first element in a reversed string.
<b><code>rend</code></b>	<b>Returns an iterator</b> that points just beyond the last element in a reversed string.
<b><code>replace</code></b>	<b>Replaces</b> elements in a string at a specified position with specified characters or characters copied from other ranges or strings or C-strings.
<b><code>reserve</code></b>	<b>Sets</b> the capacity of the string to a number at least as great as a specified number.
<b><code>resize</code></b>	<b>Specifies a new size</b> for a string, appending or erasing elements as required.
<b><code>rfind</code></b>	<b>Searches</b> a string in a backward direction for the first occurrence of a substring that matches a specified sequence of characters.
<b><code>shrink_to_fit</code></b>	<b>Discards</b> the excess capacity of the string.

- size**      **Returns** the current number of elements in a string.
- substr**    **Copies** a substring of at most some number of characters from a string beginning from a specified position.
- swap**      **Exchange** the contents of two strings.

## Operators of basic\_string Class

- operator+=**    **Appends** characters to a string.
- operator=**    **Assigns** new character values to the contents of a string.
- operator[]**    **Provides** a reference to the character with a specified index in a string.